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# STORY OF NALA.

MONIER WILLIAMS.

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## NALOPÁKHYÁNAM.

## STORY OF NALA,

### AN EPISODE OF THE MAHÁ-BHÁRATA:

THE SANSKRIT TEXT,

WITH A COPIOUS VOCABULARY

AND

AN IMPROVED VERSION OF DEAN MILMAN'S TRANSLATION,

BY

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### PREFACE.

THE Story of Nala, as told in the following pages, is an episode of the Mahá-bhárata, one of the two great Epic poems of the Hindús, containing no less than 107,389 ślokas or stanzas. It is extracted from the sixth chapter (fifty-third section) of the third Book or Vana-parvan. Like the rest of the Mahá-bhárata, its authorship is attributed to Krishna-Dvaipáyana, who is called Vyása, because he arranged the Vedas 1. It is not to be supposed, however, that the Vedas and Mahá-bhárata are really the work of the same author. The Vedas are many centuries older than the great Epic poem, and each is the composition of several authors. Probably an interval of several centuries separates the more ancient hymns of the Veda from the more modern; and a similar or perhaps greater separation may be observed between the older parts of the Mahá-bhárata and the more modern interpolations.

By ascribing this work to Vyása—who is also the reputed author of the Vedánta philosophy—it is merely implied that, at some time or other, order and sequence were given to what

¹ Vivyása vedán yasmát sa tasmád vyása iti smritaḥ. Mahá-bh. I. 2417. He was called Krishna from his dark complexion, and Dvaipáyana because he was brought forth by Satyavatí on an island in the Jumná, his father being the Rishi Paráśara. Nyasto dvípe sa yad bálas tasmád Dvaipáyanaḥ smritaḥ, line 2416.

was before a mere congeries of distinct compositions by various authors.

Part of the Mahá-bhárata is considered by some 1 to be as old as the fourth century B. C.; but all Hindú chronology is more or less conjectural; and it would be impossible to fix with certainty the date of the composition of any of the principal episodes. The Story of Nala is not part of the main plot of the poem, and probably belongs to a much earlier period of Indian history. The subject of the great Epic is the war between the Kurus or hundred sons of Dhrita-ráshtra and their cousins the five sons of Pándu. But about this leading-thread are collected a vast number of ancient legends and traditions, under the weight of which it is often lost, if not altogether broken. In all Oriental books of fables it is common for the principal narrative to be interrupted by a series of stories within stories, loosely connected with the original theme, and often completely overlaying it. So it is with the Mahá-bhárata. The episodes form by far the greater portion of the poem, and generally intervene to break the chain of the narrative, when the incidents are most stirring and the interest is most at its height. The war between the rival princes is doubtless founded on fact; and much valuable matter has been extracted from the narrative by Professor Lassen and other Sanskritists, in elucidation of the early history of India. According to the Vishnu-Purána, Dhrita-ráshtra and Pándu were the sons of the widow of Vićitra-vírya by his halfbrother Vyása or Krishna-Dvaipáyana<sup>2</sup>. This Vićitra-vírya

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See my 'Indian Wisdom' (W. H. Allen & Co., London), p. 317.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> As Vićitra-vírya (Vyása's half-brother) died without children, the Hindú law, like the Mosaic, permitted Vyása to raise up offspring to his deceased brother. Satyavatí, mother of Vyása, was afterwards wife of Sántanu.

was the son of Sántanu, who was the twenty-third in descent from Kuru, a celebrated prince of the Lunar race, himself the ninth king after Bharata, son of Dushyanta and Sakuntalá, from whom India is to this day called Bhárata-varsha. Vyása is thus reputed to be the actual grandfather of the princes whose quarrels and jealousies are narrated in the poem he is said to have arranged; and, from the genealogy, it is evident that although the sons of Dhrita-ráshṭra are more usually called the descendants of Kuru, the sons of Pándu were really descended from the same race.

The royal races of India are said to have diverged into two great lines, called Solar and Lunar. The hero of the Solar line, which commenced in Ikshváku, was Ráma-ćandra 1, whose contests with the barbarous tribes of the south of India is described in the Rámáyana, the more ancient of the two great Epics. The Kurus and Pándavas, as equally descendants of Kuru, belonged to the Lunar line, and probably represented different branches of one tribe of Sanskrit-speaking immigrants, who arrived in India at different times. According to the Mahá-bhárata, Pándu, the father of the five Pándavas, after yielding the succession to his blind brother Dhrita-ráshtra, retired to the mountains and died. His five boys were then adopted by Dhrita-ráshtra and educated with his own large family of a hundred sons. After escaping many dangers from the malevolence of their cousins, they were ultimately permitted to share with them in the sovereignty. Yudhishthira, the eldest of the Pándavas, and his four brothers ruled at Indra-prastha (the modern Delhi), and Duryodhana with his ninety-nine brothers (usually

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This Ráma, who is the most celebrated incarnation of Vishņu, must not be confounded with the two inferior Rámas, Paraśu-Ráma and Bala-Ráma. See my Sanskrit Dictionary (published at the Clarendon Press) under Ráma.

called the Kurus) were sovereigns at the neighbouring town of Hastiná-pura. The Pándavas, whose disposition was as amiable as that of the Kurus was malevolent, seem to have been very successful in subduing the districts contiguous to their own; and, notwithstanding the animosity of their neighbouring cousins, to have attained considerable prosperity. A great misfortune, however, overtakes them. Tempted to amuse themselves with dice, and yielding to a weakness which has ever been a fashionable failing amongst the Hindús, Yudhishthira loses all his possessions, at a game of hazard, to his cousin Duryodhana: and, retiring with his brethren into exile, lives for twelve years in the forest (vana). It is to console them under their affliction that the sage Vrihadasva relates to king Yudhishthira the Story of Nala, who, himself a virtuous monarch, lost his kingdom also through his passion for dice; but after suffering great hardships again recovered it.

The following short summary of the Story of Nala may be useful as an introduction to the study of the poem.

Nala, who is described as 'gifted with choicest virtues,' and is especially noted for his skill in driving, has only one fault, the inherent love of gambling. He was king of Nishadha, a country in central India, in the S. E. division, whence his other name of Naishadha. In a neighbouring country, called Vidarbha (the modern Berár), reigned Bhíma, whose only daughter, Damayantí, was so beautiful that her fame reached the ears of Nala. His interest in her being excited, was fanned into a flame by the following incident:—

Walking in his garden one day, and seeing some swans

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The epithet aksha-priya, 'fond of dice,' is applied to Nala in enumerating his good qualities (verse 3), and Kali, therefore, only assailed him in his weak point. See, however, the vocabulary under aksha-priya.

disporting themselves near him, the fancy takes him to catch one out of sport. The bird, addressing him in human language, promises, if he will release it, to fly to Damayantí and praise Nala in her presence. This plan being agreed upon and carried into effect, Damayantí becomes duly inspired with a passion for Nala. Bhíma, her father, seeing his daughter pining in secret, determines to celebrate her Svayamvara, that is, to proclaim the public choice of a husband by Damayantí, according to the custom of that age. All the princes of India, including Nala, flock to Vidarbha, as suitors for the hand of Damayantí. The gods also, hearing of her beauty, resolve to be present; and, meeting Nala on their road to the Svayamvara, commission him to plead their cause with Damayantí. He confesses himself enamoured also, and entreats to be excused; but being adjured sternly, promises to deliver their message, and is introduced by them There he has an interview with unseen into the palace. Damayantí, who, slighting the message of the gods, confesses her love to Nala, and her intention to choose him and him only. Accordingly, at the Svayamvara, in spite of the artifice of the deities who assume Nala's shape, she detects her lover by his shadow, (the gods having none,) and selects him. It appears that at the time of the Svayamvara, Kali, an evil genius, the fourth Age of the world or Vice personified, had set out for Vidarbha with the intention of making Damayantí his consort; but, hearing of the completion of the marriageceremony, he resolves out of jealousy to work the ruin of Nala. For twelve years he watches his opportunity, and at last, detecting Nala in some trifling neglect of his ablutions, enters and acquires power over his body. Infatuating his victim, he instigates him to play at dice with his brother Pushkara. The game goes on for many months; and Nala,

after losing his kingdom and all his possessions, is driven with Damayantí into exile. In the forest, Nala, still infatuated by Kali, deserts Damayantí; who, wandering alone, and escaping many perils, at last finds a refuge at the court of the king of Cedi. Meanwhile, Nala, passing through the forest, rescues a serpent from a flaming bush. This serpent turns out to be Karkotaka, one of the principal Nágas (see vocabulary under नाग) or semi-divine beings inhabiting the regions under the earth. In return for the service rendered by Nala, Karkotaka promises to deliver Nala from the power of Kali. He accordingly metamorphoses Nala into a dwarfish charioteer, but gives him a magic garment, by assuming which he can at any time regain his proper form. Nala, now transformed to the short-armed Váhuka, enters the service of Rituparna, king of Ayodhyá, a monarch celebrated for his skill in dice. Meanwhile, king Bhíma, searching the world for his lost daughter, discovers her at length at Cedi, and sends for her thence to his own capital. There, pining for the lost Nala, she devises a plan to recover him. Suspecting that he is living, disguised as Váhuka, with Rituparna, king of Ayodhyá, she causes the latter to be told that king Bhíma would celebrate on the morrow a second Svayamvara for his daughter Damayantí. Rituparna determines to be present, but can only be so by the help of his charioteer Váhuka, whose skill in horsemanship enables him to drive from Ayodhyá to Vidarbha in one day. On the road Nala, disguised as Váhuka, agrees to impart to Rituparna his knowledge of horsemanship in return for that monarch's skill in dice. They make the exchange, and, arriving at Ayodhyá, Nala re-assumes his own form and is restored to his wife. Returning with her to Nishadha, he seeks Pushkara, renews the game, and wins back his kingdom. Then, with noble generosity, he

forgives Pushkara, and enters on a long and happy reign with his consort Damayantí.

That this Story of Nala, however comparatively modern the version in the Mahá-bhárata, is of great antiquity, may be proved by internal evidence. The prominence given to the deities Indra, Agni, Varuṇa, and Yama, and the absence of all allusion to the great Hindú Triad, connect the narrative more with the Vedic than the Epic and Puránic periods¹. If Nala was of the Solar race, as represented by Kálidása, he must have been the fourth from the great Ráma, son of Daśa-ratha, the genealogy, according to the Raghu-vaṇśa, running thus:—Raghu, Aja, Daśa-ratha, Ráma, Kuśa, Atithi, Nishadha, Nala, Nabhas. But if he belonged to the Lunar dynasty, reigning at Nishadha, when Rituparṇa of the Solar race reigned at Ayodhyá, then we must assign him a much earlier date, and place him fourteen reigns before Ráma.

The story, no doubt, rests on a foundation of fact, and, on account of its age, is a favourite subject with Hindú poets. It not only appears as an episode to the Mahá-bhárata, but forms the subject of two other celebrated poems, one called the Nalodaya, attributed to the great Kálidása, the author of Śakuntalá; and the other called the Naishadha, written by Śrí Harsha. It is also introduced by Somadeva Bhaṭṭa into his collection of stories called Kathá-sarit-ságara, and told there with variations. It is, moreover, the subject-matter of a very curious composition, half prose, half verse, called Ćampú,

According to Professor Brockhaus, the personification of Kali as the demon of the fourth Age, and not of the dice, shews that the modern arranger of the story did not understand this old Vedic term, and is another proof of the earlier existence of the Nala. The word Tretá (which denotes the second Age of the world) is also used for a throw of dice. See the second Act of the Mricchakati.

by an author named Tri-vikrama, and of a well-known work in Tamil, called the Nala-Rájá, and again of another in Telugu, by the poet Rághava, written about A.D. 1650; these latter poems being independent compositions, and not mere translations from the Sanskrit.

It is a noteworthy circumstance in the history of Indian literature, that the later Hindú poets, with much exuberance of fancy, displayed little originality in their conceptions. Whether they thought it a sacred duty to follow in the beaten track, or whether their inventive faculties were feeble, it rarely enters into their heads to devise a new story for themselves. They content themselves with the regular stock materials, and exercise their ingenuity either in diluting them or serving them up in a concentrated form, with here and there a few embellishments or additions of their own. two Epic poems are their grand repertories. These gigantic compositions, like vast national banks with inexhaustible resources, are drawn upon freely by every poet. The history of Ráma, which is narrated at full length in the Rámáyana, is condensed into moderate dimensions by Kálidása in his Raghu-vanśa, reduced to a mere table of contents by Bhatti in his grammatical poem, and represented with dramatic richness of detail by Bhava-bhúti in his well-known play, the Uttara-Ráma-ćaritra. Then we have a celebrated poet Mágha, writing his epic on a story taken from the seventh chapter of the second Book or Sabhá-parva of the Mahábhárata (the destruction of Śiśupála, king of Ćedi, by Krishna); and the poet Bháravi, the author of another wellknown Epic called Kirátárjuníya (or the contest of Arjuna with Siva as a mountaineer), selecting his subject from the fourth chapter of the third Book or Vana-parva of the same great poem. One advantage of this is, that if we have not a variety of subjects, we have at least a diversity of styles. The same subject could not be treated by every author in the same way. We have, therefore, specimens of every shade of composition between the most tedious diffuseness and the most laconic curtness,—the most turgid ornament and the most severe simplicity. In no other language but the ductile, flexible, and infinitely copious Sanskrit could such opposite extremes be possible. The very same idea which by one author is expressed with a brevity unapproachable in English, is by another expanded and beaten out till the substance of the original metal almost disappears. In the one case we have every needless word rejected, and the meaning so obscured, that sentences have to be interpreted like oracles, and every line of text to be illustrated by pages of commentary; in the other, huge compounds are introduced, epithets heaped on epithets, metaphors on metaphors, till the mind of the venturesome reader is hopelessly bewildered. This is what has happened to the Story of Nala. Presented to us in the plainest manner in the Mahá-bhárata, it is condensed in the Nalodaya with a compression and concentration absolutely painful; in the Naishadha it is diluted by prolix descriptions or overdone with rich imagery; in Somadeva's Kathá-sarit-ságara it is again exhibited in its simple form; whilst in Tri-vikrama's Campú it is buried under a dead weight of long words, ponderous compounds, and inflated periods.

The main features of the present edition of the Mahábhárata version of the Nala will be patent at once.

In the first place, it presents, as far as possible, a pure and accurate text. Excellent MSS. of the Mahá-bhárata, belonging to the India Office and Bodleian Libraries, have been at my command, and the text of the following pages is the result of a careful collation of these with the various printed editions already before the public.

With regard to the vocabulary appended to this work, I have only to say that I have spared no pains to make it more complete than that of the first edition, and to bring it into harmony with the fourth edition of my Sanskrit Grammar, also published by the Delegates of the Clarendon Press. The amount of labour entailed by a glossary of this kind is only to be appreciated by those who have themselves undergone it. I believe this to be the only vocabulary in which each word, as it stands in the text, whatever be its form, either of case or tense, or whatever the change in that form resulting from the rules of euphony, occupies its proper alphabetical place. Those who have had experience in teaching will understand the value of this aid to students just beginning to read a language abounding in intricate combinations and perplexing euphonic changes. There cannot be a greater mistake than to suppose that the amount of assistance required in a Sanskrit vocabulary is to be measured by that given in Greek or Latin glossaries. We have in Sanskrit two peculiarities. One is the constant use of long compound words; the other is the habit of joining words together by a strict system of euphony, which, though not carried to the same extreme in all printed books, must always be a source of perplexity. The learner has to make repeated references to his vocabulary, and every facility should be accorded to him. I have known pupils, who have worked their way steadily through the grammar, puzzle themselves hopelessly over the following three words in the first story of the Hitopadeśa, visarpan tán tandulakanán, because, in accordance with euphonic laws, these words are printed in the text thus,—visarpanstánstandulakanán (विसप-

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सांसार्डलकणान्), while the original words, in their unchanged form, are exhibited in the glossary. If the words were divided, the difficulty would not be insurmountable: but not finding विसर्पेस, the student concludes that he has mistaken the division. Referring again to the vocabulary, he finds चि and स्पे, and taking these for his first words goes entirely wrong. Now according to my method, as before explained, the words would be separated in the text thus,—visarpans táns taṇḍulakaṇán; and they would moreover be so exhibited in their proper places in the glossary, an explication of the euphonic changes being added. In all cases where separation is undesirable, as when two vowels blend into one, or when a final i or u has been changed to y or v, the whole combination is given, and the division of the words indicated.

I believe the present vocabulary will be found to contain every word in the text. If each separate article is not always as full of details as might be expected, it should be borne in mind that the perfection of a special work of this kind consists in its not being burdened with more words and meanings than are wanted for the one book which it elucidates. Moreover, the grammar is intended to go hand in hand with the vocabulary, and a complete explanation of a difficulty is often to be sought in the rules to which constant reference is made.

With regard to the metrical translation which accompanies this edition of the Nala, the late Dean Milman, shortly before his death, kindly adopted many of my suggestions for the improvement of his original version, so as to adapt it more closely to the text. Its continued use has revealed the need of further slight alterations, which I have been obliged to make on my own responsibility.

The metre of the Sanskrit text never varies from the regular śloka measure called Anushtubh, an account of which, with a table of all the most common varieties of metre, is given at the end of the fourth edition of my Sanskrit Grammar, published at the Clarendon Press. It consists of sixteen syllables to the half-line or thirty-two to each verse of two lines.

The first line of the poem serves as a model for the whole, and with the exception of the six syllables, whose quantities are here marked by the usual prosodial marks  $( \cup -- \parallel \cup - \cup )$ , the poet is allowed the option of either long or short:

ásíd rájá nălō nāma || vírasenasŭtō bălí.

Occasionally the 6th and 7th syllables are short instead of long.

M. W.

OXFORD, June 1879.

## ॥ नलोपाखानम्॥

## STORY OF NALA.

## ॥ नलोपाखानम्॥

### वृहदश्व उवाच।

आसीद् राजा नलो नाम वीरसेनसुतो बली। उपपन्नो गुणैर् इष्टै रूपवान् अश्वकोविदः ॥१॥ अतिष्ठद् मनुजेन्द्राणां मूर्धि देवपतिर् इव। उपर्युपरि सर्वेषाम् आदित्य इव तेजसा ॥२॥ ब्रह्मायो वेदविच् छूरो निषधेषु महीपतिः। अक्षप्रियः सत्यवादी महान् अक्षौहिणीपतिः ॥३॥ ईिपतो वरनारीणाम् उदारः संयतेन्द्रियः। रिक्षता धन्विनां श्रेष्ठः साक्षाद् इव मनुः स्वयं ॥४॥ तथैवासीट् विदर्भेषु भीमो भीमपराक्रमः। शूरः सर्वगुर्णेर् युक्तः प्रजाकामः स चाप्रजः ॥५॥ स प्रजार्थे परं यत्नम् अकरोत् सुसमाहितः। तम् अभ्यगद्धद् ब्रह्मर्षिर् दमनी नाम भारत ॥६॥ तं स भीमः प्रजाकामम् तोषयामास धर्मवित्। महिषा सह राजेन्द्र सत्कारेण सुवर्चसं ॥९॥ तस्मै प्रसन्नो दमनः सभायाय वरं ददौ। कन्यारत्नं कुमारांश्व चीन् उदारान् महायशाः ॥ ७॥ दमयनीं दमं दानां दमनज्व सुवर्चसं। उपपन्नान् गुर्णेः सर्वेर् भीमान् भीमपराक्रमान् ॥ ९॥

### STORY OF NALA.

#### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

LIVED of yore, a Rája, Nala, Vírasena's mighty son,

Gifted he with choicest virtues, beauteous, skilled in taming steeds:

Head of all the kings of mortals, like the monarch of the gods,

Over, over all exalted, in his splendour like the sun:

Holy, deep-read in the Vedas, in Nishadha lord of earth;

Loving dice, of truth unblemished, chieftain of a mighty host;

The admired of noble women, generous, with each sense subdued;

Guardian of the state; of archers best, a present Manu he.

So there dwelt in high Vidarbha, Bhíma, terrible in strength,
With all virtues blest, but childless, long for children had he pined.
Many an holy act, on offspring still intent, had he performed.
To his court there came a Bráhman, Damana the seer was named.
Him the child-desiring Bhíma, in all duties skilled, received,
Feasted with his royal consort, in his hospitable hall.
Pleased on him the grateful Daman, and his queen a boon bestowed,
One sweet girl, the pearl of maidens, and three fair and noble sons.
Damayantí, Dama, Dánta, and illustrious Damana,
Richly gifted with all virtues, mighty, fearful in their might.

दमयन्ती तु रूपेण तेजसा यशसा श्रिया। सौभाग्यन च लोकेषु यशः प्राप सुमध्यमा ॥१०॥ अथ तां वयसि प्राप्ते दासीनां समलंकृतं। शतं शतं सखीनाञ्च पर्युपासच् छचीम् इव ॥ ११॥ तच सम राजते भैमी सर्वाभरणभूषिता। सखीमध्येऽनवद्याङ्गी विद्युत् सौदामिनी यथा ॥ १२॥ अतीव रूपसम्पना श्रीर् इवायतलोचना। न देवेषु न यक्षेषु तादृग् रूपवती क्रचित् ॥१३॥ मानुषेष्वपि चान्येषु दृष्टपूर्वायवा श्रुता। चित्रप्रमाथिनी बाला देवानाम् ऋपि सुन्दरी॥१४॥ नलश्च नरशार्टूली लोकेष्वप्रतिमी भुवि। कन्दर्भ इव रूपेण मूर्तिमान् अभवत् स्वयं ॥ १५॥ तस्याः समीपे तु नलं प्रश्यंसुः कुतूहलात्। नैषधस्य समीपे तु दमयन्तीं पुनः पुनः ॥१६॥ तयोर् अदृष्टकामोऽभूत् शृखतोः सततं गुणान्। अन्योन्यं प्रति कौन्तेय स व्यवर्धत हुन्छ्यः ॥ १९॥ अशक्रुवन् नलः कामं तदा धारियतुं हृदा। अनाःपुरसमीपस्थे वन आस्ते रही गतः ॥१८॥ स ददर्श ततो हंसान् जातरूपपरिष्कृतान्। वने विचरतां तेषाम् एकं जयाह पश्चिणं ॥ १९॥ ततोऽनारीक्षगो वाचं व्याजहार नलं तदा। हन्तव्योऽस्मि न ते राजन् करिष्यामि तव प्रियं ॥२०॥ दमयनीसकाशे नां कथयिषामि नैषध। यथा त्वदन्यं पुरुषं न सा मंस्यति किहिचित् ॥२१॥ एवम् उक्तस् ततो हंसम् उत्ससर्ज महीपतिः। ते तु हंसाः समुत्पत्य विद्भीन् अगमंस् ततः ॥२२॥

Damayantí with her beauty, with her brilliance, brightness, grace, (Through the worlds) unrivalled glory won the slender-waisted maid. Her, arrived at bloom of beauty, sat a hundred slaves around, And a hundred virgin handmaids, as around great Indra's queen. In her court shone Bhima's daughter, decked with every ornament, 'Mid her handmaids, like the lightning, shone she with her faultless form; Like the long-eyed queen of beauty, without rival, without peer. Never 'mid the gods immortal, never 'mid the Yaksha race, Nor 'mong men was maid so lovely, ever heard of, ever seen, As the soul-disturbing maiden, that disturbed the souls of gods. Nala too, 'mong kings the tiger, peerless among earthly men, Like Kandarpa in his beauty, like that bright-embodied god. All around Vidarbha's princess, praised they Nala in their joy; Ever praised they Damayantí, round Nishadha's noble king. Hearing so each other's virtues, all unseen they 'gan to love. Thus of each, O son of Kunti, the deep silent passion grew.

Nala, in his heart impatient, longer that deep love to bear,
To the grove, in secret, wandered, by the palace' inmost court.
There the swans he saw disporting, with their wings bedropped with gold:
Through the grove thus lightly moving one of these bright birds he caught.
But the bird, in human language, thus the wondering king addressed:
'Slay me not, O gentle monarch! I will do thee service true;
So in Damayanti's presence will I praise Nishadha's king,
Never after shall the maiden think of mortal man but thee.'

Thus addressed, at once the monarch let the bright-winged bird depart.

Flew away the swans rejoicing, to Vidarbha straight they flew;

विदर्भनगरीं गला दमयन्यास् तदान्तिके। निपेतुस् ते गरुत्मनाः सा ददर्श च तान् गणान् ॥२३॥ सा तान् अद्गुतरूपान् वे दृष्ट्वा सखीगणावृता। हृष्टा यहीतुं खगमांम् त्वरमाणीपचक्रमे ॥२४॥ अथ हंसा विसमृपुः सर्वतः प्रमदावने। एकैकशम् तदा कन्याम् तान् हंसान् समुपादवन् ॥२५॥ दमयनी तु यं हंसं समुपाधावद् अनिते। स मानुषीं गिरं कृत्वा दमयन्तीम् अथाववीत् ॥२६॥ द्मयन्ति नलो नाम निषधेषु महीपतिः। अश्विनीः सदृशो रूपे न समास् तस्य मानुषाः ॥२९॥ तस्य वै यदि भार्या तं भवेषा वरवर्णिनि। सफलं ते भवेज् जन्म रूपं चेदं सुमध्यमे ॥२৮॥ वयं हि देवगन्धर्वमानुषोरगराष्ट्रसान्। दृष्टवन्ती न चासाभिर् दृष्टपूर्वम् तथाविधः ॥२०॥ बजापि रानं नारी णां नरेषु च नली वरः। विशिष्टाया विशिष्टेन सङ्गमी गुणवान् भवेत् ॥३०॥ एवम् उक्ता तु हंसेन दमयन्ती विशाम्पते। अबवीत् तच तं हंसं तमप्येवं नले वद ॥३१॥ तथेत्युक्काग्डजः कन्यां विदर्भस्य विशाम्पते। पुनर् आगम्य निषधान् नले सर्वे न्यवेदयत् ॥३२॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्याने प्रथमः सर्गः ॥ १॥

To Vidarbha's stately city: there by Damayanti's feet,

Down with drooping plumes they settled, and she gazed upon the flock,

Wondering at their forms so graceful, where amid her maids she sat.

Sportively began the damsels all around to chase the birds;

Scattering flew the swans before them, all about the lovely grove.

Lightly ran the nimble maidens, every one her bird pursued;

But the swan that through the forest gentle Damayanti chased,

Suddenly, in human language, spake to Damayanti thus:—

'Damayantí, in Nishadha Nala dwells, the noble king;

Like the Aśvinas in beauty, peerless among men is he.

O incomparable princess, to this hero wert thou wed,

Noble birth and perfect beauty not unworthy fruit had borne.

Gods, Gandharvas, men, the Serpents, and the Rákshasas we've seen;

All we've seen—of noble Nala never have we seen the peer.

Pearl art thou among all women, Nala is the pride of men.

If the peerless wed the peerless, blessed must the union be.'

When the bird thus strangely speaking gentle Damayantí heard,
Answered thus the wondering maiden, 'Thus to Nala, speak thou too.'
'Be it so,' replied the egg-born to Vidarbha's beauteous maid.
Home then flew he to Nishadha, and to Nala told it all.

END OF BOOK I.

### वृहदश्व उवाच।

दमयनी तु तच् छुता वची हंसस्य भारत। ततः प्रभृति न स्वस्था नलं प्रति वभूव सा ॥ १॥ ततश् चिन्तापरा दीना विवर्णवदना कृशा। बभूव दमयनी तु निःश्वासपरमा तदा ॥२॥ जर्धदृष्टिर् ध्यानपरा वभूवोन्मत्तदर्शना। पाग्डुवर्णा क्ष्णेनाथ हुळ्याविष्टचेतना ॥३॥ न शय्यासनभोगेषु रितं विन्दित किहिचित्। न नक्तं न दिवा शेते हा हेति रुद्ती पुनः ॥४॥ ताम् अस्वस्थां तदाकारां सख्यम् ता जजुर् इङ्गितैः। ततो विदर्भपतये दमयन्याः सखीजनः ॥ ५॥ न्यवेदयत् ताम् अस्वस्थां दमयन्तीं नरेश्वरे। तच् छुता नृपतिर् भीमो दमयन्तीसखीगणात् ॥६॥ चिनायामास तत् कार्य सुमहत् स्वां सुतां प्रति। किम् इयं दुहिता मेऽ च नातिस्वस्थेव लक्ष्यते ॥ १॥ स समीस्य महीपालः स्वां मुतां प्राप्तयोवनां। अपश्यद् आत्मना कार्ये दमयन्याः स्वयंवरं ॥ ७॥ स सिन्नमन्त्रयामास महीपालान् विशाम्पतिः। अनुभूयताम् अयं वीराः स्वयंवर इति प्रभो ॥ ९॥ श्रुता तु पार्थिवाः सर्वे दमयन्याः स्वयंवरं। अभिजग्मुस् ततो भीमं राजानो भीमशासनात्॥१०॥ हस्त्यश्वरथघोषेण पूरयन्तो वसुन्धरां। विचिचमाल्याभरणेर् बलैर् दृश्यैः स्वलंकृतैः ॥११॥

#### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

DAMAYANTÍ, ever after she the swan's sweet speech had heard, With herself she dwelt no longer, all herself with Nala dwelt. Lost in thought she sat dejected, pale her melancholy cheek, Damayantí sat and yielded all her soul to sighs of grief. Upward gazing, meditative, with a wild distracted look, Wan was all her soft complexion, and with passion heart-possessed, Nor in sleep nor gentle converse, nor in banquets found she joy: Night nor day she could not slumber, Woe! oh woe! she wept and said. Her no longer her own mistress, from her looks, her gesture, knew Damayanti's virgin handmaids, to Vidarbha's monarch they Told how pined his gentle daughter for the sovereign of men. This from Damayanti's maidens when the royal Bhima heard, In his mind he gravely pondered for his child what best were done. 'Wherefore is my gentle daughter from herself in mind estranged?' When the lord of earth his daughter saw in blooming youth mature, Knew he for the Svayamvara Damayanti's time was come. Straight the lord of many peasants summoned all the chiefs of earth, 'Come ye to the Svayamvara all ye heroes of the world!' Damayanti's Svayamvara, soon as heard the kings of men, All obeyed king Bhíma's summons, all to Bhíma's court drew near; Elephants, and steeds, and chariots, swarmed along the sounding land; All with rich and various garlands, with his stately army each,

तेषां भीमो महाबाहुः पार्थिवानां महात्मनां।
यथाईम् अकरोत् पूजां तेऽवसंस् तच पूजिताः॥१२॥
एतस्मिन् एव काले तु सुराणाम् ऋषिसत्तमौ।
अटमानौ महात्मानाव् इन्द्रलोकम् इतो गतौ॥१३॥
नारदः पर्वतश्चेव महाप्राञ्जौ महावतौ।
देवराजस्य भवनं विविशाते सुपूजितौ॥१४॥
ताव् अर्चियता मघवा ततः कुशलम् अव्ययं।
पप्रच्छानामयं चापि तयोः सर्वगतं विभुः॥१५॥

नारद उवाच।

ञ्चावयोः कुशलं देव सर्वच गतम् ईश्वर । लोके च मघवन् कृत्वे नृपाः कुशलिनो विभो ॥१६॥

### वृहदश्व उवाच।

नारदस्य वचः श्रुता पप्रछ बलवृत्तहा।
धर्मज्ञाः पृथिवीपालास् त्यक्तजीवितयोधिनः ॥१९॥
शस्त्रेण निधनं काले ये गळ्ळन्यपराङ्मुखाः।
श्रयं लोकोऽश्र्यस् तेषां यथैव मम कामधुक्॥१८॥
क नु ते श्र्वियाः श्रूरा न हि पश्यामि तान् श्रहं।
श्रागळ्कतो महीपालान् दियतान् श्रुतिथीन् मम॥१९॥
एवम् उक्तस्तु शकेण नारदः प्रत्यभाषत।

#### नारद उवाच।

शृणु मे मघवन् येन न दृश्यनो महीक्षितः ॥२०॥ विदर्भराज्ञो दुहिता दमयनीति विश्रुता । रूपेण समतिकाना पृथिव्यां सर्वयोषितः ॥२१॥ तस्याः स्वयंवरः शक्र भविता निचराद् इव । तच गर्छना राजानो राजपुनाश्व सर्वशः ॥२२॥ All the lofty-minded Rájas, Bhíma with the arm of strength,

As beseemed, received with honour, on their thrones of state they sat.

At this very hour the wisest of the sages, the divine,

Moving in their might ascended up from earth to Indra's world,

Great in holiness and wisdom, Nárada and Parvata,

Honoured entered they the palace of the monarch of the gods.

Them salutes the cloud-compeller, of their everlasting weal—

Of their weal the worlds pervading, courteous asks the immortal lord.

#### NÁRADA spake:

Well it fares with us, Immortal, in our weal the world partakes; In the world, O cloud-compeller, well it fares with all her kings.

#### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

He that Bali slew and Vritra asked of Nárada again,

'All earth's just and righteous rulers, reckless of their lives in fight,

Who the shaft's descending death-blow meet with unaverted eye,

Theirs this everlasting kingdom, even as Kámadhuk is mine.

Where are they, the Kshatriya heroes? wherefore see I not approach

All the earth's majestic guardians, all mine ever-honoured guests?'

Thus addressed by holy S'akra, Nárada replied and said:

#### NÁRADA spake:

Hear me now, O cloud-compeller, why earth's kings appear not here.

Of Vidarbha's king the daughter Damayantí, the renowned—

Through the earth the loveliest women in her beauty she transcends—

Soon she holds her Svayamvara, soon her lord the maid will choose.

Thither all the kings are hastening, thither all the sons of kings.

तां रत्नभूतां लोकस्य प्रार्थयन्तो महीक्षितः। काङ्कानि सा विशेषेण बलवृत्रनिषूदन ॥२३॥ एतस्मिन् कथ्यमाने तु लोकपालाश्च साग्निकाः। ञ्राजग्मुर् देवराजस्य समीपम् अमरोत्तमाः ॥ २४॥ ततस् ते शुश्रुवुः सर्वे नारदस्य वचो महत्। श्रुतिव चाबुवन् हृष्टा गच्छामी वयम् अप्रुत ॥ २५॥ ततः सर्वे महाराज सगणाः सहवाहनाः। विदर्भान् अभिजग्मुस् ते यतः सर्वे महीक्षितः ॥ २६॥ नलोऽपि राजा कौन्तेय श्रुवा राज्ञां समागमं। अभ्यगळ्द् अदीनात्मा दमयन्तीम् अनुव्रतः ॥२७॥ अय देवाः पिथ नलं ददृशुर् भूतले स्थितं। साह्याद् इव स्थितं मूर्त्या मन्मर्थं रूपसम्पदा ॥२५॥ तं दृष्ट्वा लोकपालास् ते भाजमानं यथा रविं। तस्युर् विगतसङ्कल्पा विस्मिता रूपसम्पदा ॥ २०॥ ततोऽनारी हो विष्टभ्य विमानानि दिवीकसः। अबुवन् नैषधं राजन् अवतीर्य नमस्तलात् ॥३०॥ भी भी नैषध राजेन्द्र नल सत्यवती भवान्। अस्मानं कुरु साहाय्यं दूती भव नरीत्रम ॥३१॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने द्वितीयः सर्गः ॥२॥

Suitors for her hand the Rájas, her of all the world the pearl,
O thou mighty giant-slayer! one and all approach to woo.

As he spake, the world-protectors with the god of fire drew near;

Of the immortals all, the highest stood before the king of gods.

As they all stood silent hearing Nárada's majestic speech,

All exclaimed in sudden rapture, 'Thither we likewise will go;'

All the immortals on the instant, with their chariots, with their hosts,

Hastened down towards Vidarbha, where the lords of earth were met.

Nala, too, no sooner heard he of that concourse of the kings, Set he forth, with soul all sanguine, full of Damayantí's love.

Saw the gods, king Nala standing on the surface of the earth;

Standing in transcendent beauty, equal to the god of love.

Him beheld the world's high guardians, in his radiance like the sun;

Each arrested stood and silent, at his peerless form amazed.

All their chariots the celestials in the midway air have checked,

Through the blue air then descending, they Nishadha's king address:

'Ho! what, ho! Nishadha's monarch, Nala, king, for truth renowned;

Do our bidding, bear our message, O, most excellent of men!'

END OF BOOK II.

### वृहदश्व उवाच।

तेभ्यः प्रतिज्ञाय नलः करिष्य इति भारत। अथैतान् परिपप्रच्छ कृताञ्चलिर् उपस्थितः ॥१॥ के वै भवनाः कश्चासौ यस्याहं टूत ईप्सितः। किञ्च तद् वो मया कार्य कथयध्वं यथातयं ॥२॥ एवम् उक्ते नैषधेन मघवान् अभ्यभाषत। अमरान् वै निबोधास्मान् दमयन्यर्थम् आगतान् ॥३॥ अहम् इन्द्रोऽयम् अग्निश्व तथैवायम् अपाम्पतिः। शरीरान्तकरो नृणां यमोऽयम् अपि पार्थिव ॥४॥ तं वै समागतान् ऋसान् दमयन्यै निवेदय। लोकपाला महेन्द्राद्याः सभां यान्ति दिदृश्चवः ॥५॥ प्राप्तुम् इच्छिना देवास् तां शकीऽग्निर् वरुणी यमः। तेषाम् अन्यतमं देवं पतित्वे वरयस्व ह ॥६॥ एवम् उक्तः स शकेण नलः प्राञ्जलिर् अववीत्। एकार्थममुपेतं मां न प्रेषयितुम् ऋईय ॥ ९॥ कथं तु जातसङ्कल्यः स्त्रियम् उत्सहते पुमान्। परार्थम् ईदृशं वक्तुं तत् क्षमन्तु महेश्वराः ॥ ।।।

## देवा जचुः।

करिष्य इति संश्रुत्य पूर्वम् श्रासासु नैषध। न करिष्यसि कस्मात् तं व्रज नैषध माचिरं॥०॥

वृहदश्व उवाच।

एवम् उक्तः स देवैस् तैर् नैषधः पुनर् अववीत्। सुरिक्षतानि वेश्मानि प्रवेष्टुं कथम् उत्सहे॥१०॥

### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

NALA made his solemn promise, 'All your bidding will I do;' Then with folded hands adoring humbly of their will enquired. 'Who are ye? to whom must Nala as your welcome herald go? What is my commanded service? tell me, mighty gods, the truth.' Spake the sovereign of Nishadha, Indra answered thus and said:-'Know us, the Immortals, hither come for Damayanti's love. Indra I, and you is Agni, and the king of waters there— Slayer he of mortal bodies, Yama, too, is here, O king! Thou, O Nala, of our coming must to Damayantí tell: Thee to see, the world's dread guardians, Indra and the rest came down, Indra, Agni, Varun, Yama, each to seek thine hand are come. One of these celestial beings choose, O maiden, for thy lord.' Nala, thus addressed by Indra, with his folded hands replied: 'Thus, with one accord commanding, on this mission send not me. How can man, himself enamoured, for another plead his cause? Spare me then, ye gods, in mercy, this unwelcome service, spare.'

### THE GODS spake:

'I will do your bidding freely,' thus thou'st said, Nishadha's king; Wilt thou now belie thy promise? Nala, go, nor more delay.

### Vṛihadaśva spake:

By the gods adjured so sternly, thus rejoined Nishadha's king:—
'Strictly guarded is you palace, how may I find entrance there?'

प्रवेष्ट्यसीति तं शकः पुनर् एवाभ्यभाषत । स जगाम तथेत्युक्का दमयन्या निवेशनं ॥ ११॥ ददर्भ तच वैदर्भी सखीगणसमावृतां। देदीप्यमानां वपुषा श्रिया च वरवर्णिनीं ॥ १२॥ 🦠 अतीव सुकुमाराङ्गीं तनुमध्यां मुलोचनां। आि पन्तीम् इव प्रभां शशिनः स्वेन तेजसा ॥ १३॥ तस्य दृष्ट्वेव ववृधे कामस् तां चारुहासिनीं। सत्यं चिकीर्षमाणस्तु धारयामास हुन्छयं ॥ १४॥ ततस् ता नैषधं दृष्ट्वा सम्भानाः परमाङ्गनाः। ञ्चासनेभ्यः समुत्पेतुम् तेजसा तस्य धर्षिताः ॥१५॥ प्रश्यंसुश्व सुप्रीता नलं ता विस्मयान्विताः। न चैनम् ऋभ्यभाषना मनोभिस् तभ्यपूजयन् ॥१६॥ अही रूपम् अही कान्तिर् अही धेर्यं महात्मनः। कोऽयं देवोऽयवा यश्रो गन्धर्वो वा भविष्यति ॥१९॥ न तास् तं शक्रुविन सा व्याहर्तुम् अपि किञ्चन। तेजसा धर्षितास् तस्य लज्जावत्यी वराङ्गनाः ॥ १६॥ अयेनं सायमानं तु सितपूर्वाभिभाषिणी। दमयन्ती नलं वीरम् अभ्यभाषत विस्मिता ॥ १९॥ कस् तं सर्वानवद्याङ्ग मम हुन्छयवर्धन। प्राप्तीऽस्यमरवद् वीर ज्ञातुम् इच्छामि तेऽनघ ॥२०॥ कथम् आगमनं चेह कथं चासि न लिख्तः। मुरिक्षतं हि मे वेश्म राजा चैवीयशासनः ॥२१॥ एवम् उक्तस्तु वैदर्भ्या नलम् तां प्रत्युवाच ह।

नल उवाच। नलं मां विडि कल्याणि देवदूतम् इहागतं॥२२॥ देवाम् तां प्राप्तुम् इच्छन्ति शकीऽग्निर् वरुणो यमः।

'Thou shalt enter;' thus did Indra to the unwilling king reply. In the bower of Damayantí, as they spake, king Nala stood, There he saw Vidarbha's maiden, girt with all her virgin bands; In her glowing beauty shining, all excelling in her form; Every limb in smooth proportion, slender waist and lovely eyes; E'en the moon's soft gleam disdaining in her own o'erpowering light. As he gazed, his love grew warmer to the softly smiling maid, Yet to keep his truth, his duty, all his passion he suppressed. Then Nishadha's king beholding, all those maids with beauteous limbs From their seats sprang up in wonder, at his matchless form amazed. In their rapture to king Nala, all admiring, homage paid; Yet, not venturing to accost him, in their secret souls adored. 'Oh the beauty! oh the splendour! oh the mighty hero's strength! Who is he? or god, or Yaksha, or Gandharba may he be?' Not one single word to utter, dared that fair-limbed maiden band; All struck dumb before his beauty, in their bashful silence stood. Smiling, first, upon the monarch, as on her he gently smiled, Damayantí, in her wonder, to the hero Nala spake: -'Who art thou of form so beauteous, thou that wakenest all my love? Cam'st thou here like an immortal? I would know thee, sinless chief. How hast entered in our palace? how hast entered all unseen? Watchful are our chamber-wardens, stern the mandate of the king.' By the maiden of Vidarbha Nala thus addressed, replied: -

### NALA spake:

Know, O loveliest, I am Nala, here the messenger of gods,
Gods desirous to possess thee; one of these, the lord of heaven,

तेषाम् अत्यतमं देवं पतिं वरय शोभने ॥२३॥
तेषाम् एव प्रभावेन प्रविष्टोऽहम् अलिख्तः ।
प्रविश्वतः न मां कश्चिद् अपश्यन् नाप्यवारयत् ॥२४॥
एतदर्थम् अहं भद्रे प्रेषितः सुरसत्तमेः ।
एतच् छुता शुभे वृद्धिं प्रकुरुष्व यथेन्छसि ॥२५॥
॥ इति नलीपाल्याने नृतीयः सर्गः ॥३॥

## वृहदश्व उवाच।

सा नमस्कृत्य देवेभ्यः प्रहस्य नलम् अववीत्।
प्रणयस्व यथाश्रद्धं राजन् किं करवाणि ते ॥१॥
श्रहं चैव हि यच् चान्यन् ममास्ति वसु किञ्चन।
तत् सर्वे तव विश्रव्यं कुरु प्रणयम् ईश्वर ॥२॥
हंसानां वचनं यत् तु तन् मां दहति पार्थिव।
तकृते हि मया वीर राजानः सिन्धपातिताः ॥३॥
यदि तं भजमानां मां प्रत्याख्यास्यिस मानद।
विषम् अग्निं जलं रज्जुम् आस्थास्ये तव कारणात् ॥४॥
एवम् उक्तम् तु वैदर्भा नलम् तां प्रत्युवाच ह।
तिष्ठत्सु लोकपालेषु कथं मानुषम् इद्धिसि ॥५॥
येषाम् अहं लोककृताम् ईश्वराणां महात्मनां।
न पादरजसा तुल्यो मनम् ते तेषु वर्ततां ॥६॥
विप्रियं द्याचरन् मत्यों देवानां मृत्युम् ऋद्धिति।
चाहि माम् अनवद्याङ्गि वरयस्य सुरोत्तमान्॥९॥

Indra, Agni, Varun, Yama, choose thou, princess, for thy lord.

Through their power, their power almighty, I have entered here unseen;

As I entered in thy chamber none hath seen, and none might stay.

This, the object of my mission, fairest, from the highest gods,

Thou hast heard me, noble princess, even as thou wilt, decide.

END OF BOOK III.

### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

To the gods performed her homage, smiled she, and to Nala spake:—
'Pledge to me thy faith, O Rája, how that faith may I requite?'

I myself, and whatsoever in the world I have, is thine—
In full trust is thine—O grant me in thy turn thy love, O king!
'Tis the swan's enamouring language that hath kindled all my soul.
Only for thy sake, O hero, are the assembled Rájas met.
But if thou mine homage scornest, scornest me, all honoured king,
Poison for thy sake, fire, water, the vile noose will I endure.'
So, when spake Vidarbha's maiden, Nala answered thus, and said:—
'With the world's dread guardians present wilt thou mortal husband choose?'
We with them, the world's creators, with these mighty lords compared,
Lowlier than the dust they tread on, raise to them thy loftier mind.
Man the gods displeasing, hastens to inevitable death—
Fair-limbed! from that fate preserve me, choose the all-excelling gods.

विरजांसि च वासांसि दिव्याश चिनाः सजस् तथा। भूषणानि च मुख्यानि देवान् प्राप्य तु भुंस्व वै ॥ ६॥ य इमां पृथिवीं कृत्सां सङ्क्षिप यसते पुनः। हुताशम् ईशं देवानां का तं न वरयेत् पतिं ॥ ९॥ यस्य द्राडभयात् सर्वे भूतयामाः समागताः। धर्मम् एवानुरुध्यन्ति का तं न वरयेत् पतिं ॥ १०॥ धर्मात्मानं महात्मानं दैत्यदानवमर्दनं। महेन्द्रं सर्वदेवानां का तं न वरयेत् पतिं ॥ ११॥ क्रियताम् अविशङ्केन मनसा यदि मन्यसे। वरुणं लोकपालानां मुहृहाक्यम् इदं शृणु ॥ १२॥ नैषधेनैवमुक्ता सा दमयन्ती वचीऽववीत्। समाम्रुताभ्यां नेचाभ्यां शोकजेनाथ वारिणा ॥ १३॥ देवेभ्योऽहं नमस्कृत्य सर्वेभ्यः पृथिवीपते। वृणे लाम् एव भर्तारं सत्यम् एतद् ब्रवीमि ते ॥ १४॥ ताम् उवाच तती राजा वेपमानां कृताञ्जलिं। दौत्येनागत्य कल्याणि कथं स्वार्थम् इहोत्सहे ॥ १५॥ क्यं ह्यहं प्रतिश्रुत्य देवतानां विशेषतः। परार्थे यत्नम् आरभ्य कथं स्वार्थम् इहोत्सहे ॥ १६॥ एष धर्मो यदि स्वार्थो ममापि भविता ततः। एवं स्वार्थे करिषामि तथा भद्रे विधीयतां ॥ १९॥ ततो वाष्पाकुलां वाचं दमयन्ती शुचिस्मिता। प्रत्याहरनी शनकेर् नलं राजानम् अववीत् ॥ १६॥ उपायोऽयं मया दृष्टी निरपायो नरेश्वर। येन दोषो न भविता तव राजन् कथञ्चन ॥ १९॥ तञ्चेव हि नरश्रेष्ठ देवाश चेन्द्रपुरोगमाः। ञ्रायान्तु सहिताः सर्वे मम यत्र स्वयंवरः ॥२०॥

Robes by earthly dust unsullied, crowns of amaranthine flowers,

Every bright celestial glory, wedded to the gods, enjoy.

He, who all the world compressing, with devouring might consumes,

Sovereign of the gods, Hutáśa, where is she who would not wed?

He, in awe of whose dread sceptre all the assembled hosts of men

Cultivate eternal justice, where is she who would not wed?

Him the all-righteous, lofty-minded, slayer of the infernal host,

Of all gods, the mighty monarch, who is she that would not wed?

Nor let trembling doubt arrest thee, in thy mind if thou couldst choose

Varuna, amongst earth's guardians; hear the language of a friend.'

To the sovereign of Nishadha Damayantí spake, and said, And her eyes grew dim with moisture flowing from her inward grief:-'To the gods, to all, my homage, king of earth, I humbly pay; Yet thee only, thee, my husband, may I choose, Be this my vow!' Answered he the trembling maiden, 'as with folded hands she stood, 'Bound upon this solemn mission, mine own cause how dare I urge? Plighted by a sacred promise to the everlasting gods; Thus engaged to plead for others, for myself I may not plead. This my duty; yet hereafter come I on my own behalf, Then I'll plead mine own cause boldly, weigh it, beauteous, in thy thought.' Dam'ayantí smiled serenely, and with tear-impeded speech, Uttered brokenly and slowly, thus to royal Nala spake:-'Yet I see a way of refuge, 'tis a blameless way, O king; Whence no sin to thee, O Rája, may by any chance arise. Thou, O noblest of all mortals, and the gods by Indra led, Come and enter in together, where the Svayamvara meets;

ततोऽहं लोकपालानां सिन्धी तां नरेश्वर।
वरियथे नरव्याघ्र नैवं दोषो भविष्यति ॥२१॥
एवम् उक्तस्तु वैदर्भ्या नलो राजा विशाम्पते।
श्राजगाम पुनस् तत्र यत्र देवाः समागताः ॥२२॥
तम् अप्रयंस् तथायानां लोकपाला महेश्वराः।
दृष्ट्वा चैनं ततोऽपृद्धन् वृत्तानां सर्वम् एव तं ॥२३॥
किम् अववीच नः सर्वान् वद भूमिपतेऽनघ ॥२४॥

## नल उवाच।

भविद्याः समहाकक्षं दिशि दमयन्या निवेशनं।
प्रविष्टः सुमहाकक्षं दिग्रिः स्थि विरेर् वृतं ॥२५॥
प्रविश्वान्तं मा तव न किष्यद् दृष्टवान् नरः।
चाते तां पार्थिवसुतां भवताम् एव तेजसा ॥२६॥
सख्यश् चास्या मया दृष्टास् ताभिश् चाणुपलिक्षतः।
विस्मिताश्वाभवन् सर्वा दृष्ट्वा मां विवृधेश्वराः ॥२९॥
वर्ण्यमानेषु च मया भवत्सु रुचिरानना।
माम् एव गतसङ्कल्या वृणीते सा सुरोत्तमाः ॥२६॥
स्त्रविचेव मां बाला स्त्रायान्तु सिहताः सुराः।
तया सह नरव्याद्य मम यव स्वयंवरः ॥२९॥
तेषाम् स्रहं सिन्धि तां वरियणामि नेषध।
एवं तव महावाहो दोषो न भिवतेति ह ॥३०॥
एतावद् एव विवृधा यथावृत्तम् उदाहृतं।
मया शेषे प्रमाणं तु भवनास् विदशेश्वराः ॥३९॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्याने चतुर्थः सर्गः ॥४॥

Then will I, before the presence of the guardians of the world,

Name thee, lord of men! my husband, nor to thee may blame accrue.'

By the maiden of Vidarbha, royal Nala thus addressed,

Back again returned, where waited eager, the expecting gods.

Him, the mighty lords, earth's guardians, ere he yet drew near, beheld,

Him they saw, and bade him instant all his tidings to unfold—

'Was she seen of thee, O monarch, Damayantí with soft smile?

Spake she of us all? what said she? tell, O blameless lord of earth.'

### NALA spake:

To the bower of Damayantí, on your solemn mission sent,

Entered I the lofty portal, by the aged warders watched;

Mortal eye might not behold me, there as swift I entered in;

None save that fair Rája's daughter, through your all-prevailing power.

And her virgin handmaids saw I, and by them in turn was seen;

And they all in mute amazement gazed upon me as I stood.

I described your godlike presence, but the maid with beauteous face

Chooses me, bereft of reason, O most excellent of gods!

Thus she spake, that maiden princess, 'Let the gods together come,

Come with thee, O king of mortals, where the Svayamvara meets;

There will I, before their presence, choose thee, Rája, for my lord.

So to thee, O strong-armed warrior, may no blame, no fault ensue.'

Thus it was, even as I tell you word for word did it befall;

As for what remains, the judgment rests with you, of gods the chief!

END OF BOOK IV.

## वृहदश्व उवाच।

अय काले गुभे प्राप्ते तिथी पुराये खर्गे तथा। आजुहाव महीपालान् भीमी राजा स्वयंवरे ॥१॥ तच् छुला पृथिवीपालाः सर्वे हुळ्यपीडिताः। तिरिताः समुपाजग्मुर् दमयन्तीम् अभीप्तवः ॥२॥ कनकस्तम्भरुचिरं तीर्णेन विराजितं। विविश्वस् ते नृपा रङ्गं महासिंहा द्वाचलं ॥३॥ तचासनेषु विविधेष्वासीनाः पृथिवीश्चितः। सुरभिस्रग्धराः सर्वे प्रमृष्टमिण्कुग्डलाः ॥४॥ तच स्म पीना दृश्यनो बाहवः परिघोपमाः। ञ्चाकारवर्णसृष्ट्यक्षाः पञ्चशीर्षा द्वीरगाः ॥५॥ मुकेशानानि चारूणि मुनासाक्षिभुवाणि च। मुखानि राज्ञां शोभनो नश्चचाि यथा दिवि ॥६॥ तां राजसिमितिं पुग्यां नागैर् भोगवतीम् इव। सम्पूर्णा पुरुषव्याघेर् व्याघेर् गिरिगुहाम् इव ॥ ७॥ दमयन्ती तती रङ्गं प्रविवेश शुभानना। मुष्णनी प्रभया राज्ञां चक्षूंषि च मनांसि च ॥ ।।। तस्या गानेषु पतिता तेषां दृष्टिर् महात्मनां। तच तचेव सक्ताभून् न चचाल च पश्यतां ॥९॥ ततः सङ्कीर्त्यमानेषु राज्ञां नामसु भारत। ददर्श भैमी पुरुषान् पञ्च तुल्याकृतीन् अथ ॥ १०॥ तान् समी स्य ततः सर्वान् निर्विशेषाकृतीन् स्थितान्। सन्देहाद् अथ वैद्भी नाभ्यजानान् नलं नृपं ॥११॥

### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

CAME the day of happy omen, moonday meet, and moment apt: Bhima to the Svayamvara summoned all the lords of earth. One and all, upon the instant, rose th' enamoured lords of earth, Suitors all to Damayantí in their loving haste they came. They, the court with golden columns rich, and glittering portal arch, Like the lions on the mountains entered they the hall of state. There the lords of earth were seated, each upon his several throne; All their fragrant garlands wearing, all with pendant ear-gems rich. Arms were seen robust and vigorous as the ponderous battle mace, Some like the five-headed serpents, delicate in shape and hue: With bright locks profuse and flowing, fine-formed nose, and eye and brow, Shone the faces of the Rajas like the radiant stars in heaven. As with serpents, Bhogavatí, the wide hall was full of kings; As the mountain-caves with tigers, with the tiger-warriors full. Damayantí in her beauty entered on that stately scene, With her dazzling light entrancing every eye and every soul. O'er her lovely person gliding all the eyes of those proud kings; There were fixed, there moveless rested, as they gazed upon the maid. Then as they proclaimed the Rájas, (by his name was each proclaimed,) In dismay saw Bhima's daughter, five in garb, in form the same. On those forms, all undistinguished each from each, she stood and gazed. In her doubt Vidarbha's princess Nala's form might not discern,

यं यं हि ददृशे तेषां तं तं मेने नलं नृपं। सा चिन्तयन्ती बुद्धाय तर्कयामास भाविनी। क्यं हि देवान् जानीयां क्यं विद्यां नलं नृपं ॥ १२॥ एवं सञ्चित्तयनी सा वैदभी भृशदुः खिता। श्रुतानि देवलिङ्गानि तर्कयामास भारत ॥ १३॥ देवानां यानि लिङ्गानि स्थिवरेभ्यः श्रुतानि मे। तानीह तिष्ठतां भूमाव् एकस्यापि न लक्षये ॥ १४॥ मा विनिश्चित्य बहुधा विचार्य च पुनः पुनः। शर्गं प्रति देवानां प्राप्तकालम् अमन्यत ॥ १५॥ वाचा च मनसा चैव नमस्तारं प्रयुज्य सा। देवेभ्यः प्राञ्जलिर् भूता वेपमानेदम् अववीत् ॥ १६॥ हंसानां वचनं श्रुवा यथा मे नैषधो वृतः। पतिले तेन सत्येन देवास् तं प्रदिशन्तु मे ॥ १७॥ मनसा वचसा चैव यथा नाभिचराम्यहं। तेन सत्येन विबुधास् तम् एव प्रदिशन्तु मे ॥१৮॥ यथा देवैः स में भर्ता विहितो निषधाधिपः। तेन सत्येन मे देवास् तम् एव प्रदिशन्तु मे ॥१९॥ यथेदं व्रतम् आरब्धं नलस्याराधने मया। तेन सत्येन मे देवास् तम् एव प्रदिशन्तु मे ॥२०॥ स्वज्वेव रूपं कुर्वन्तु लोकपाला महेश्वराः। यथाहम् ऋभिजानीयां पुर्याश्चीकं नराधिपं ॥२१॥ निशम्य दमयन्यास् तत् करुणं परिदेवितं। निश्चयं परमं तथ्यम् अनुरागच नैषधे ॥२२॥ मनोविगुडिं बुडिज्व भिक्तं रागच नैषधे। यथोक्तं चिकरे देवाः सामर्थ्यं लिङ्गधारणे ॥२३॥ सापश्यद् विवुधान् सर्वान् अस्वेदान् स्तव्यलोचनान्।

Whichsoe'er the form she gazed on, him her Nala, him she thought. She within her secret spirit deeply pondering, stood and thought: 'How shall I the gods distinguish? royal Nala how discern?' Pondering thus Vidarbha's maiden in the anguish of her heart-Th' attributes of the immortals sought, as heard of yore, to see. 'Th' attributes of each celestial, that our aged sires describe, As on earth they stand before me, not of one may I discern.' Long she pondered in her silence, and again, again she thought. To the gods, her only refuge, turned she at this trying hour. With her voice and with her spirit she her humble homage paid. Folding both her hands and trembling to the gods the maiden spake: 'As when heard the swan's sweet language chose I then Nishadha's king, By this truth I here adjure ye, oh, ye gods, reveal my lord! As in word or thought I swerve not from my faith, all-knowing powers! By this truth I here adjure ye, oh, ye gods, reveal my lord! As the gods themselves have destined for my lord Nishadha's king; By this truth I here adjure ye, oh, ye gods, my lord reveal! As my vow, so pledged to Nala, holily must be maintained, By this truth I here adjure ye, oh, ye gods my lord reveal! Each the form divine assume ye, earth's protectors, mighty lords; So shall I discern my Nala, I shall know the king of men.'

As they heard sad Damayantí uttering thus her piteous prayer,

At her high resolve they wonder, steadfast truth and fervent love,

Holiness of soul, and wisdom, to her lord her constant faith.

As she prayed, the gods obedient stood with attributes revealed:

With unmoistened skins the Immortals saw she, and with moveless eyes;

हृषितस्रयजोहीनान् स्थितान् अस्पृशतः स्रितिं ॥२४॥ छायाडितीयो म्लानसग् रजःस्वेदसमन्वितः। भूमिष्ठो नैषधश्रीव निमेषेण च सूचितः ॥२५॥ सा समी स्य तु तान् देवान् पुर्यश्चोकच भारत। नैषधं वरयामास भेमी धर्मेण पाराउव ॥२६॥ विलज्ज्माना वस्तानो जयाहायतलीचना। स्तन्धदेशेऽमृजत् तस्य स्रजं परमशोभनां ॥२७॥ वरयामास चैवेनं पतिले वरवर्णिनी। तती हा हेति सहसा मुक्तः शब्दो नराधिपैः ॥२५॥ देवैर् महर्षिभिस् तच साधु साध्विति भारत। विस्मितर् ईरितः शब्दः प्रशंसिद्धर् नलं नृपं ॥२०॥ दमयन्तीं तु कीरव्य वीरसेनसुती नृपः। आश्वासयद् वरारोहां प्रहृष्टेनान्तरात्मना ॥३०॥ यत् तं भजिस कल्याणि पुमांसं देवसिन्धी। तसान् मां विडि भर्तारम् एवं ते वचने रतं ॥३१॥ यावच मे धरिष्यन्ति प्राणा देहे शुचिस्मिते। तावत् लिय भविषामि सत्यम् एतद् बवीमि ते ॥३२॥ दमयन्तीं तथा वाग्भिर् अभिनन्द्य कृताञ्जलिः। तौ परस्परतः प्रीतौ दृष्ट्वा लिप्नपुरोगमान्। तान् एव शरणं देवान् जग्मतुर् मनसा तदा ॥३३॥ वृते तु नैषधे भैम्या लोकपाला महीजसः। प्रहृष्टमनसः सर्वे नलायाष्टी वरान् ददुः ॥३४॥ प्रत्यक्षदर्शनं यज्ञे गतिच्चानुत्रमां शुभां। नैषधाय ददी शकः प्रीयमागाः शचीपतिः ॥३५॥ अयार् आत्मभवं प्रादाद् यत्र वाञ्छति नैषधः। लोकान् आत्मप्रभांश्वेव ददी तस्मै हुताशनः ॥३६॥

Fresh their dust-unsullied garlands hovered they, nor touched the earth. By his shadow doubled, dust-soiled, garland-drooping, moist with sweat, On the earth Nishadha's monarch stood confessed, with twinkling eyes; On the gods an instant gazed she, then upon the king of men; And of right king Bhima's daughter named Nishadha's king her lord. Modestly the large-eyed maiden lifted up his garment's hem, Round his shoulders threw she lightly the bright zone of radiant flowers. So she chose him for her husband, Nala, that high-hearted maid. Then 'alas! alas!' burst wildly, from that conclave of the kings, And 'well done, well done,' as loudly, from the gods and sages broke. All in their extatic wonder glorified Nishadha's king. Then to royal Damayantí, Vírasena's kingly son, To that slender-waisted damsel spake he comfort in his joy; 'Since thou'st own'd me for thine husband, in the presence of the gods, For thy faithful consort know me, aye delighting in thy words. While this spirit fills this body, maiden with the smile serene! Thine am I, so long thine only, this the solemn truth I vow.' Thus he gladdened Damayantí with the assurance of his faith. Then, rejoicing in each other, that blest pair, upon the gods Led by Agni, gazed in homage, on their great protectors gazed.

Chosen thus Nishadha's monarch, the bright guardians of the world,
In their gladness all on Nala eight transcendant gifts bestowed;
To discern the visible godhead in the sacrifice, a gait
Firm and noble, S'aéi's husband, Indra to king Nala gave.
Agni gave his own bright presence whensoe'er the monarch called.
All the worlds instinct with splendour through his power Hutása gave.

यमस्वन्तरसं प्रादाद् धर्मे च परमां स्थिति। अपाम्पतिर् अपाम्भावं यत्र वाञ्छति नैषधः ॥३९॥ सज्ञात्रमगन्धाद्याः सर्वे च मिथुनं ददुः। 7 वरान् एवं प्रदायास्य देवास् ते चिदिवं गताः ॥३६॥ पार्थिवाश्वानुभूयास्य विवाहं विस्मयान्विताः। दमयन्याश्व मुदिताः प्रतिजग्मुर् यथागतं ॥३९॥ गतेषु पार्थिवेन्द्रेषु भीमः प्रीतो महामनाः। विवाहं कार्यामास दमयन्या नलस्य च ॥४०॥ उष्य तत्र यथाकामं नैषधी हिपदां वरः। भीमेन समनुज्ञाती जगाम नगरं स्वकं ॥४१॥ अवाय नारीरानं तु पुर्या श्लोको ऽपि पार्थिवः। रेमे सह तया राजन् शच्येव बलवृचहा ॥४२॥ अतीव मुदिती राजा भाजमानो ऽंशुमान् इव। अरज्ञयत् प्रजा वीरी धर्मेण परिपालयन् ॥४३॥ ईजे चापश्वमेधेन ययातिर् इव नाहुषः। अन्येश्व बहुभिर् धीमान् कतुभिश्वाप्तदेशियोः ॥४४॥ पुनश्च रमणीयेषु वनेषूपवनेषु च। दमयन्या सह नली विजहारामरीपमः ॥४५॥ जनयामास च नली दमयन्या महामनाः। इन्द्रसेनं सुतज्वापि इन्द्रसेनाज्व कन्यकां ॥४६॥ एवं स यजमानश्व विहरंश्व नराधिपः। ररह्य वसुसम्पूर्णा वसुधां वसुधाधिपः ॥४०॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्याने पञ्चमः सर्गः ॥५॥

Subtle taste in food gave Yama, and in virtue eminence; Varun gave obedient water to be present at his call; Garlands too of matchless fragrance; each his double blessing gave. Thus bestowed their gracious favours, to the heavens the gods returned; And the Rájas, who with wonder Nala's marriage saw confirmed With the gentle Damayantí, as they came, in joy returned. Thus the kings of earth departed; Bhíma in his joy and pride, Solemnized the stately bridals of the maiden and the king. Fitting time when there he'd sojourned, best of men, Nishadha's king; Courteous parting with king Bhíma to his native city went. Having gained the pearl of women the majestic lord of earth Lived in bliss, as with his Sací, he that those old giants slew. In his joy the elated monarch, shining radiant as the sun, Ruled the subjects of his kingdom with a just and equal sway. Of the horse the famous offering, like Náhusha's mighty son, Every sacrifice performed he, with rich gifts to holy men. And full oft in flowering gardens, and delicious shady groves, Like a god, the royal Nala took with Damayanti joy. So begat from Damayantí, Nala, of heroic soul, Indrasená one fair daughter, Indrasen one beauteous son. Thus in sacrifice and pleasance took his joy the king of men, So the earth with riches teeming ruled the sovereign of the earth.

END OF BOOK V.

## वृहदश्व उवाच।

वृते तु नैषधे भैम्या लोकपाला महीजसः। यान्तो ददृशुर् आयान्तं द्वापरं कलिना सह ॥१॥ अयाववीत् कलिं शकः सम्प्रेस्य बलवृत्रहा। बापरेण सहायेन कले ब्रूहि क यास्यिस ॥२॥ ततोऽ व्रवीत् कलिः शकं दमयन्याः स्वयंवरं। गला हि वरियथे तां मनी हि मम तां गतं॥३॥ तम् अववीत् प्रहस्येन्द्रो निवृत्तः स स्वयंवरः। वृतस् तया नली राजा पतिर् ऋस्मत्समीपतः ॥४॥ एवम् उक्तस्तु शकेण किलः क्रीधसमन्वितः। देवान् आमन्त्र्य तान् सर्वान् उवाचेदं वचस् तदा ॥ ॥॥ देवानां मानुषं मध्ये यत् सा पतिम् अविन्दत। तच तस्या भवेन् न्याय्यं विपुलं दराडधारणं ॥६॥ एवम् उक्ते तु कलिना प्रत्यूचुस् ते दिवौकसः। अस्माभिः समनुज्ञाते दमयन्या नली वृतः ॥७॥ का च सर्वगुणीपेतं नाष्ट्रयेत नलं नृपं। यो वेद धर्मान् ऋषिलान् यथावच् चरितवतः ॥ ।। योऽधीते चतुरी वेदान् सर्वान् आख्यानपञ्चमान्। नित्यं तृप्ता गृहे यस्य देवा यज्ञेषु धर्मतः ॥९॥ अहिंसानिरतो यश्व सत्यवादी दृढवतः। यस्मिन् सत्यं धृतिर् दानं तपः शौचं दमः शमः ॥१०॥ धुवाणि पुरुषव्याघे लोकपालसमे नृपे। एवंह्पं नलं यो वै कामयेच् छिपतुं कले ॥ ११॥

### VRIHADASVA spake:

NALA chosen by Bhima's daughter, the bright guardians of the world, As they parted thence, with Kali, Dvápara approaching saw. Kali as he saw, did Indra, did the giant-killer say, 'Here, with Dvápara attended, whither, Kali, dost thou go?' Kali spake, 'The Svayamvara we of Damayantí seek; Her I go to make my consort, into her mine heart hath passed.' 'Closed and ended is that bridal,' Indra answered with a smile, 'Nala she hath chosen for husband, in the presence of us all.' Thus addressed by Indra, Kali, in the transport of his wrath, All the heavenly gods saluting, thus his malediction spake, 'Since before the Immortals' presence she a mortal spouse did choose, Of her impious crime most justly, heavy be the penal doom.' Kali hardly thus had spoken than the heaven-born gods replied: 'With our full and liberal sanction Damayantí chose her lord. Who to Nala, with all virtue rich endowed, would not incline? He that rightly knows each duty, he who ever rightly acts, He who reads the whole four Vedas, the Puránas too the fifth, In whose palace with pure offerings ever are the gods adored, Gentle to all living creatures, true in word and strict in vow; Good and constant he, and generous, holy, temperate, patient, pure; His are all these virtues ever, equal to the earth-guarding gods. Thus endowed, the noble Nala, he, O Kali, that would curse,

श्रात्मानं स शपेन् मूढी हन्याद् श्रात्मानम् श्रात्मना।
एवङ्गुणं नलं यो वै कामयेच् छिपतुं कले ॥ १२॥
कृच्छ्रे स नरके मज्जेद् श्रगाधे विपुले हृदे।
एवम् उक्का किलं देवा डापरज्ञ दिवं ययुः ॥ १३॥
ततो गतेषु देवेषु किलर् डापरम् अववीत्।
संहर्तुं नोत्सरिकोपं नले वत्स्यामि डापर ॥ १४॥
भंशियणामि तं राज्यान् न भैम्या सह रंस्यते।
तमपक्षान् समाविश्य साहाय्यं कर्तुम् अर्हसि ॥ १५॥
॥ इति नलोपाख्याने षष्टः सर्गः ॥ ६॥

## वृहदश्व उवाच।

एवं स समयं कृता डापरेण किलः सह।
आजगाम ततस् तच यच राजा स नैषधः ॥१॥
स नित्यम् अन्तरप्रेप्तुर् निषधेष्वयसच् चिरं।
अथास्य डादशे वर्षे ददर्श किलर् अन्तरं ॥२॥
कृता मूचम् उपस्पृश्य सन्ध्याम् अन्वास्त नैषधः।
अकृता पादयोः शौचं तचैनं किलर् आविशत् ॥३॥
स समाविश्य च नलं समीपं पुष्करस्य च।
गता पुष्करम् आहेदम् एहि दीव्य नलेन व ॥४॥
अक्षद्यूते नलं जेता भवान् हि सहितो मया।
निषधान् प्रतिपद्यस्व जिता राज्यं नलं नृपं॥५॥
एवम् उक्तस्तु किलना पुष्करो नलम् अभ्ययात्।
किलिश्वेव वृषो भूता गवां पुष्करम् अभ्यगात्॥६॥
आसाद्य तु नलं वीरं पुष्करः परवीरहा।

On the fool recoil his curses, only fatal to himself.

Nala, gifted with such virtues, he, O Kali, who would curse—

Be he plunged in hell's dark torments, in the deep and vasty lake.'

Thus the gods to Kali speaking to their native heavens arose.

Soon as they had parted, Kali thus to Dvápara began:

'I my wrath can curb no longer, I henceforth in Nala dwell;

From his kingdom will I cast him, from his bliss with his sweet bride.

Thou within the dice embodied, Dvápara, my cause assist.'

END OF BOOK VI.

### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

Bound by that malignant treaty, Kali with his dark ally,
Haunted they the stately palace, where Nishadha's monarch ruled;
Watching still the fatal instant, in Nishadha long they dwelt.
Twelve long years had passed ere Kali saw that fatal instant come.
Nala after act uncleanly holy water having sipped,
Went to prayer, with feet unwashen;—Kali seized the fatal hour.
Into Nala straight he entered, and possessed his inmost soul.
Pushkara in haste he summoned—'Come, with Nala play at dice,
Ever in the gainful hazard, by my subtle aid thou'lt win,
Even the kingdom of Nishadha, even from Nala all his realm.'
Pushkara by Kali summoned, to his brother Nala came,
In the chief of dice embodied, Kali Pushkara stood near.
Pushkara the hero-slayer to king Nala standing near:

दीव्यावेत्यत्रवीट् भाता वृषेगोति मुह्र् मुह्ः ॥ १॥ न चक्षमे तती राजा समाहानं महामनाः। वैदर्भाः प्रेक्षमाणायाः पणकालम् अमन्यत ॥ ।।। हिरएयस्य सुवर्णस्य यानयुग्यस्य वाससां। आविष्टः कलिना द्यूते जीयते स्म नलम् तदा ॥ ९॥ तम् अक्षमदसम्मत्तं सुहृदां न तु कश्चन। निवारणेऽभवच् छक्तो दीव्यमानम् ऋरिन्दमं ॥१०॥ ततः पौरजनाः सर्वे मन्त्रिभः सह भारत। राजानं द्रष्टुम् आगळन् निवारियतुम् आतुरं ॥ ११॥ ततः सूत उपागम्य दमयन्ये न्यवेदयत्। एष पौरजनी देवि हारि तिष्ठति कार्यवान् ॥१२॥ निवेद्यतां नैषधाय सर्वाः प्रकृतयः स्थिताः। अमृष्यमाणा व्यसनं राज्ञी धर्मार्थदर्शिनः ॥ १३॥ ततः सा वाष्पकलया वाचा दुः खेन कर्षिता। उवाच नैषधं भैमी शोकोपहतचेतना ॥१४॥ राजन् पौरजनो हारि तां दिदृशुर् अवस्थितः। मन्त्रिभः सहितः सर्वे राजभिक्तपुरस्कृतः। तं द्रष्टुम् अर्हसीत्येवं पुनः पुनर् अभाषत ॥१५॥ तां तथा रुचिरापाङ्गीं विलपन्तीं तथाविधां। आविष्टः कलिना राजा नाभ्यभाषत किञ्चन ॥१६॥ ततस् ते मन्त्रिणः सर्वे ते चैव पुरवासिनः। नायम् अस्तीति दुःखाता वीडिता जग्मुर् आलयान् ॥१९॥ तथा तद् अभवद् द्यूतम् पुष्करस्य नलस्य च। युधिष्ठिर बहून् मासान् पुरायश्चोकस्वजीयत ॥१८॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्याने सप्तमः सर्गः ॥ ७॥

'Play we with the dice, my brother,' thus again his brother said. Long the lofty-minded Rája that bold challenge might not brook, In Vidarbha's princess' presence deemed he now the time for play. For his wealth, his golden treasures, for his chariots, for his robes, Then possessed by Kali, Nala in the game was worsted still. He with love of gaming maddened, of his faithful friends not one Might arrest the desperate frenzy of the conqueror of his foes. Came the citizens assembling, with the counsellors of state, To behold the king approached they to restrain his dread disease. Then the charioteer advancing thus to Damayantí spake: 'All the city, noble princess, stands assembled at the gate, Say thou to Nishadha's monarch, "All his subjects here are met; Ill they brook this dire misfortune in their justice-loving king." Then, her voice half-choked with anguish, spake the sorrow-stricken queen, Spirit-broken, Bhíma's daughter to Nishadha's sovereign spake, 'Rája, lo! the assembled city at the gate their king to see: With the counsellors of wisdom, by their loyal duty led. Deign thou, monarch, to admit them,' thus again, again she said. To the queen with beauteous eyelids uttering thus her sad lament, Still possessed by wicked Kali, answered not the king a word. Then those counsellors of wisdom, and those loyal citizens, "Tis not he," exclaimed in sorrow, and in shame and grief went home. Thus of Pushkara and Nala still went on that fatal play; Many a weary month it lasted, and still lost the king of men.

END OF BOOK VII.

## वृहदश्व उवाच।

दमयनी ततो दृष्ट्वा पुरायस्त्रोकं नराधिपं। उन्मत्तवर् अनुन्मता देवने गतचेतसं ॥१॥ भयशोकसमाविष्टा राजन् भीमसुता ततः। चिनायामास तत् कार्ये सुमहत् पार्थिवं प्रति ॥२॥ सा शङ्कमाना तत्पापं चिकीर्षन्ती च तत्प्रयं। नलच हतसर्वस्वम् उपलभ्येदम् अववीत् ॥३॥ वृहत्सेनाम् अतियशां तां धाचीं परिचारिकां। हितां सर्वार्थकुशलाम् अनुरक्तां सुभाषितां ॥४॥ वृहत्सेने वजामात्यान् आनाय्य नलशासनात्। आचस्व यद् धृतं द्रव्यम् अविशष्टिच यद् वसु ॥ ।॥ ततस् ते मन्त्रिणः सर्वे विज्ञाय नलशासनं। अपि नी भागधेयं स्याद् इत्युक्का नलम् आवजन् ॥६॥ तास्तु सर्वाः प्रकृतयो हितीयं समुपस्थिताः। न्यवेदयद् भीमसुता न च स प्रत्यनन्दत ॥ ७॥ वाक्यम् अप्रतिनन्दनं भर्तारम् अभिवीस्य सा। दमयन्ती पुनर् वेश्म बीडिता प्रविवेश ह ॥ ।।। निशम्य सततं चाह्यान् पुर्याष्ट्रीकपराङ्मुखान्। नलज्ब हतसर्वस्वं धात्रीं पुनर् उवाच हँ॥०॥ वृहत्सेने पुनर् गच्छ वार्णीयं नलशासनात्। सूतम् ञ्चानय कल्याणि महत् कार्यम् उपस्थितं ॥ १०॥ वृहत्सेना तु तच् छूला दमयन्या प्रभाषितं।

## VRIHADAŚVA spake:

DAMAYANTÍ then beholding Punyaśloka, king of men, Undistracted, him distracted with the maddening love of play. In her dread and in her sorrow thus did Bhima's daughter speak; Pondering on the weighty business that concerned the king of men; Trembling at his guilty frenzy, yet to please him still intent. Nala, 'reft of all his treasures, when the noble woman saw, Thus addressed she Vrihatsená, her old faithful slave and nurse, Friendly, in all business dextrous, most devoted, wise in speech: 'Vrihatsená, go, the council as at Nala's call convene, Say what he hath lost of treasure, and what treasure yet remains.' Then did all that reverend council, Nala's summons as they heard, 'Our own fate is now in peril,' speaking thus, approach the king. And a second time his subjects all assembling, crowded near, And the queen announced their presence; of her words he took no heed. All her words thus disregarded, when king Bhíma's daughter found, To the palace Damayantí to conceal her shame returned. When the dice she heard for ever adverse to the king of men, And of all bereft, her Nala, to the nurse again she spake: 'Go again, my Vrihatsená, in the name of Nala, go, To the charioteer, Várshneya, great the deed must now be done.' Vrihatsená on the instant Damayantí's words she heard,

वार्षोयम् ञ्चानयामास पुरुषेर् ञ्चाप्तकारिभिः ॥ ११॥ वार्णीयं तु ततो भैमी सान्वयन् श्रक्ष्णया गिरा। उवाच देशकालज्ञा प्राप्तकालम् अनिन्दिता ॥१२॥ जानीषे तं यथा राजा सम्यग्वृत्तः सदा त्वि । तस्य तं विषमस्थस्य साहाय्यं कर्तुम् अर्हिस ॥ १३॥ यथा यथा हि नृपतिः पुष्करेणैव जीयते। तथा तथास्य वै द्यूते रागी भूयोऽभिवर्धते ॥ १४॥ यथा च पुष्करस्याक्षाः पतन्ति वशवर्तिनः। तथा विपर्ययश्वापि नलस्याशेषु दृश्यते ॥ १५॥ मुहृत्स्वजनवाच्यानि यथावन्न भृणोति च। ममापि च तथा वाक्यं नाभिनन्दति मीहितः ॥१६॥ नूनं मन्ये न दोषोऽस्ति नैषधस्य महात्मनः। यतु मे वचनं राजा नाभिनन्दित मोहितः ॥ १९॥ शर्णं तां प्रपनाऽस्मि सार्थे कुरु महचः। न हि मे शुध्यते भावः कदाचिद् विनशेद् अपि ॥ १६॥ नलस्य दियतान् अश्वान् योजियता मनोजवान्। इदम् आरोप मियुनं कुरिएडनं यातुम् अर्हिस ॥ १९॥ मम ज्ञातिषु निश्चिय दारकी स्यन्दनं तथा। अर्थां श्रचेमान् यथाकामं वस वान्यच गच्छ वा ॥२०॥ दमयन्यास्तु तद् वाक्यं वार्षोयो नलसारिषः। न्यवेदयद् अशेषेण नलामात्येषु मुख्यशः ॥२१॥ तैः समेत्य विनिश्चित्य सोऽनुज्ञाती महीपते। ययौ मिथुनम् आरोप विदर्भाम् तेन वाहिना ॥२२॥ हयांस् तच विनिश्चिष सूती रथवरं च तं। इन्द्रसेनाञ्च तां कन्याम् इन्द्रसेनञ्च बालकं ॥२३॥ श्रामल्य भीमं राजानम् श्रातः शोचन् नलं नृपं।

Caused the charioteer be summoned by her messengers of trust. Bhíma's daughter to Várshneya, winning with her gentle voice, Spake, the time, the place well choosing for the deed, nor spake in vain: 'Well thou know'st the full reliance that in thee the king hath placed, In his fatal hour of peril wilt not thou stand forth to aid? As by Pushkara is worsted, ever more and more the king, More and more the fatal frenzy maddens in his heart for play. As to Pushkara obedient ever fall the lucky dice, Thus those dice to royal Nala still with adverse fortune fall. Nor the voice of friend or kindred, as beseems him, will he hear: E'en to me he will not listen, in the madness of his heart. Of the lofty-minded Nala well I know 'tis not the sin, That my words this senseless monarch in his frenzy will not hear. Charioteer, to thee my refuge come I, do thou my behest; I am not o'er calm in spirit, haply he may perish thus. Yoke the much-loved steeds of Nala, fleet of foot, as thought, are they, In the chariot place our children, to Kundina's city go. Leave the children with my kindred, and the chariot and the steeds; Then or dwell there at thy pleasure, or depart where'er thou wilt.' When the speech of Damayantí heard king Nala's charioteer, He, the chief of Nala's council, thus in full divan addressed, Weighed within their solemn conclave, and their full assent obtained, With the children in the chariot to Vidarbha straight he drove. There he rendered up the horses with the chariot, there he left That young maiden Indrasená, Indrasen, that noble boy. To king Bhíma paid his homage, sad, for Nala's fall distressed,

श्चटमानस् ततोऽयोध्यां जगाम नगरीं तदा ॥२४॥ शृतुपर्णे स राजानम् उपतस्ये सुदुःखितः। भृतिन्वोपययो तस्य सार्थ्येन महीपतेः॥२५॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्याने अष्टमः सर्गः ॥ ৮॥

# वृहदश्व उवाच।

ततस् तु याते वार्षीये पुरायस्त्रोकस्य दीव्यतः। पुष्करेण हुतं राज्यं यचान्यट् वसु किञ्चन ॥१॥ हृतराज्यं नलं राजन् प्रहसन् पुष्करोऽव्रवीत्। द्यूतं प्रवर्ततां भूयः प्रतिपाणीऽस्ति कस् तव ॥२॥ शिष्टा ते दमयनयेका सर्वम् अन्यज् जितं मया। दमयन्याः पणः साधु वर्ततां यदि मन्यसे ॥३॥ पुष्करे शैवम् उक्तस्य पुरायश्चीकस्य मन्युना। व्यदीर्यतेव हृदयं न चैनं किञ्चिट् अववीत् ॥४॥ ततः पुष्करम् श्रालोक्य नलः परममन्युमान्। उत्मृज्य सर्वगाचेभ्यो भूषणानि महायशाः ॥५॥ एकवासा ह्यसंवीतः सुहुच्छोकविवर्धनः। निश्वकाम ततो राजा त्यक्का सुविपुलां श्रियं ॥६॥ दमयन्येकवस्ताऽय गच्छनां पृष्ठतोऽन्वगात्। स तया वाह्यतः सार्धे चिराचं नैषधीऽवसत् ॥ ७॥ पुष्करस्तु महाराज घोषयामास वै पुरे। नले यः सम्यग् ञ्रातिष्ठेत् स गच्छेद् बध्यतां मम ॥ ७॥ Thence departing, to Ayodhyá, took the charioteer his way. In his grief to Rituparna, that illustrious king, he came, As his charioteer, the service entered of the lord of earth.

END OF BOOK VIII.

### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

SCARCE Várshneya had departed, still the king of men played on, Till to Pushkara his kingdom, all that he possessed, was lost. Nala then, despoiled of kingdom, smiling Pushkara bespake: 'Throw we yet another hazard, Nala, where is now thy stake? There remains but Damayantí, all thou hast beside, is mine. Throw we now for Damayantí, come, once more the hazard try.' Thus, as Pushkara addressed him, Punyaśloka's inmost heart By his grief was rent asunder, not a single word he spake. And on Pushkara, king Nala in his silent anguish gazed. All his ornaments of splendour from his person stripped he off, With a single vest, scarce covered, 'mid the sorrow of his friends, Slowly wandered forth the monarch fallen from such an height of bliss. Damayantí with one garment slowly followed him behind. Three long nights Nishadha's monarch there without the gates had dwelt. Proclamation through the city then did Pushkara bid make, 'Whosoe'er befriendeth Nala shall to instant death be doomed,'

पुष्करस्य तु वाक्येन तस्य विद्वेषणेन च। पौरा न तस्य सत्कारं कृतवन्ती युधिष्ठिर ॥ ९॥ स तथा नगराभ्यासे सत्काराहीं न सत्कृतः। विराचम् उषिती राजा जलमाचेण वर्तयन् ॥१०॥ पीड्यमानः सुधा तत्र फलमूलानि कर्षयन्। प्रातिष्ठत तती राजा दमयन्ती तम् अन्वगात्॥११॥ क्षुधया पीद्ममानस्तु नली बहुतियेऽहनि। अपश्यच् छकुनान् कांश्चिद् धिरएयसदृशच्छदान् ॥ १२॥ स चिन्तयामास तदा निषधाधिपतिर् बली। अस्ति भस्यो ममाद्यायं वसु चेदं भविष्यति ॥ १३॥ ततस् तान् परिधानेन वाससा स समावृणीत्। तस्य तद् वस्त्रम् आदाय सर्वे जग्मुर् विहायसा ॥ १४॥ उत्पतनाः खगा वाक्यम् एतद् आहुस् तती नलं। दृष्ट्वा दिग्वाससं भूमी स्थितं दीनम् अधोमुखं ॥ १५॥ वयम् अक्षाः मुदुर्बुडे तव वासी जिहीर्षवः। ञ्चागता न हि नः प्रीतिः सवासिस गते त्वयि ॥ १६॥ तान् समी स्य गतान् अक्षान् आत्मानच विवाससं। पुरायस्थोकस् तदा राजन् दमयन्तीम् अथाव्रवीत् ॥१९॥ येषां प्रकोपाद् एश्वयात् प्रच्युतोऽहम् अनिन्दिते। प्राण्याचां न विन्दे च दुःखितः श्रुधयान्वितः ॥१४॥ येषां कृते न सत्कारम् अकुर्वन् मयि नैषधाः। त इमे शकुना भूवा वासीऽप्यपहरिनत मे ॥१९॥ वैषम्यं परमं प्राप्तो दुःखितो गतचेतनः। भर्ता तेऽहं निबोधेदं वचनं हितम् आत्मनः ॥२०॥ एते गच्छिना बहवः पन्यानी दक्षिणापयं। अवनीम् ऋ श्वनाञ्च समितकम्य पर्वतं ॥२१॥

Thus, as Pushkara gave order, in the terror of his power, Might the citizens no longer hospitably serve the king. Near the walls, of kind reception worthiest, but by none received, Three nights longer staid the monarch, water was his only drink. He in unfastidious hunger plucked the fruits, the roots of earth. Then went forth again the outcast; Damayantí followed slow. In the agony of famine Nala, after many days, Saw some birds around him settling with their golden tinctured wings. Then the monarch of Nishadha thought within his secret heart, These to-day my welcome banquet, and my treasure these will be. Over them his single garment spreading light he wrapped them round. Up that single garment bearing to the air they sprang away; And the birds above him hovering thus in human accents spake, Naked as they saw him standing on the earth, and sad, and lone:-'Lo, we are the dice, to spoil thee thus descended, foolish king! While thou hadst a single garment all our joy was incomplete.' When the dice he saw departing, and himself without his robe, Mournfully did Punyaśloka thus to Damayantí speak: 'They, O blameless, by whose anger from my kingdom I am driven, Life-sustaining food unable in my misery to find-They, through whom Nishadha's people, may not house their outcast king-They, the forms of birds assuming, my one robe have borne away. In the dark extreme of misery, sad and frantic as I am, Hear me, princess, hear and profit by thy husband's best advice. Hence are many roads diverging to the region of the south, Passing by Avanti's city, and the height of Rikshaván;

एष विन्ध्यो महाशैलः पयोणी च समुद्रगा। आश्रमाश्र महर्षीणां बहुमूलफलान्विताः ॥२२॥ एष पन्था विदर्भाणाम् असौ गच्छति कीशलान्। ञ्जतः परच्च देशोऽयं दक्षिणो दक्षिणापयः ॥२३॥ एतद् वाक्यं नलो राजा दमयन्तीं समाहितः। उवाचासकृद् आर्तो हि भैमीम् उद्दिश्य भारत ॥ २४॥ ततः सा वाष्पकलया वाचा दुःखेन कर्षिता। उवाच दमयन्ती तं नैषधं करुणं वचः ॥२५॥ उद्वेजते मे हृद्यं सीदन्यङ्गानि सर्वशः। तव पार्थिव सङ्कल्पं चिन्तयन्याः पुनः पुनः ॥२६॥ हृतराज्यं हृतद्रव्यं विवस्तं सुत्रृषान्वितं। कथम् उत्मृज्य गच्छेयम् ऋहं तां निर्जने वने ॥२९॥ श्रानस्य ते श्रुधार्तस्य चिन्तयानस्य तत् मुखं। वने घोरे महाराज नाशियणाम्यहं क्रमं ॥२४॥ न च भार्यासमं किञ्चिट् विद्यते भिषजां मतं। श्रीषधं सर्वदुः खेषु सत्यम् एतद् त्रवीमि ते ॥२०॥

## नल उवाच।

एवम् एतद् यथात्य तं दमयित सुमध्यमे। नास्ति भार्यासमं मित्रं नरस्यार्तस्य भेषजं ॥३०॥ न चाहं त्यक्कुकामस् तां किमर्थं भीरु शङ्कसे। त्यजेयम् अहम् आत्मानं न चैवं ताम् अनिन्दिते॥३१॥

## दमयन्युवाच।

यदि मां तं महाराज न विहातुम् इहेन्छिसि। तत् किमर्थे विदर्भाणां पन्याः समुपदिश्यते ॥३२॥ अवैमि चाहं नृपते न तु मां त्यक्तुम् अर्हसि।

Vindhya here, the mighty mountain, and Payoshni's seaward stream; And the lone retreats of hermits, richly stored with roots and fruits. This will lead thee to Vidarbha, this to Kośala away, Far beyond the region stretches southward to the southward clime.' In these words to Damayantí did the royal Nala speak, More than once to Bhima's daughter anxious pointing out the way. She, with voice half-choked with sorrow, with her weight of woe oppressed, These sad words did Damayantí to Nishadha's monarch speak:— 'My afflicted heart is breaking, and my sinking members fail, When, O king, thy desperate counsel once I think of, once again. Robbed of kingdom, robbed of riches, naked, thirst and hunger-worn; How shall I depart and leave thee in the wood by man untrod? When thou sad and famine-stricken thinkest of thy former bliss, In the wild wood, oh, my husband, I thy weariness will soothe! Like a wife, in every sorrow, this the wise physicians own, Healing herb is none or balsam, Nala, 'tis the truth I speak.'

### NALA spake:

Slender-waisted Damayantí, true, indeed, is all thou'st said;

Like a wife no friendly medicine to afflicted man is given.

Fear not that I thee abandon, Wherefore, timid, dread'st thou this?

Oh, myself might I abandon, and not thee, thou unreproached!

### DAMAYANTÍ spake:

If indeed, oh mighty monarch, thou wilt ne'er abandon me,
Wherefore then towards Vidarbha dost thou point me out the way?
Well, I know thee, noble Nala, to desert me far too true,

चेतसा लपकृष्टेन मां त्यजेषा महीपते ॥३३॥
पन्थानं हि ममाभीक्ष्णम् आख्यासि च नरोत्तम ।
आतोनिमित्तं शोकं मे वर्धयस्यमरोपम ॥३४॥
यदि चायम् अभिप्रायस् तव ज्ञातीन् वजेद् इति ।
सहिताव् एव गच्छावो विदर्भान् यदि मन्यसे ॥३५॥
विदर्भराजस् तच तां पूजियषित मानद ।
तेन तं पूजितो राजन् सुखं वत्यसि नी गृहे ॥३६॥
॥ इति नलोपाख्याने नवमः सर्गः ॥९॥

## नल उवाच।

यथा राज्यं तव पितुस् तथा मम न संशयः।
न तु तव गमिष्यामि विषमस्यः कथञ्चन ॥१॥
कथं समृद्धो गलाऽहं तव हर्षविवर्धनः।
परिच्युतो गमिष्यामि तव शोकविवर्धनः॥२॥

# वृहदश्व उवाच।

इति ब्रुवन् नली राजा दमयनीं पुनः पुनः।
सान्तयामास कल्याणीं वाससीऽर्धेन संवृतां ॥३॥
ताव् एकवस्त्रसंवीताव् अटमानाव् इतस्ततः।
स्रुत्पिपासापरिश्रान्ती सभां काञ्चिद् उपेयतुः ॥४॥
तां सभाम् उपसम्प्राप्य तदा स निषधाधिपः।
वैदर्भ्या सहितो राजा निषसाद महीतले ॥५॥
स वै विवस्त्रो विकटो मलिनः पांशुगुरिहतः।

Only with a soul distracted would'st thou leave me, lord of earth.

Yet, again, the way thou pointest, yet, again, thou best of men,

Thus my sorrow still enhancing, oh, thou like the immortal gods!

If this be thy better counsel, 'to her kindred let her go,'

Be it so, and both together, to Vidarbha set we forth.

Thee Vidarbha's king will honour, honour'd in his turn by thee;

Held in high respect and happy in our mansion thou shalt dwell.

END OF BOOK IX.

#### NALA spake:

MIGHTY is thy father's kingdom, once was mine as mighty too;

Never will I there seek refuge in my base extremity.

There I once appeared in glory, to the exalting of thy pride;

Shall I now appear in misery, to the increasing of thy shame?

## VRIHADAŚVA spake:

Nala thus to Damayantí spake again, and yet again,
Comforting the noble lady, scant in half a garment clad.
Both together by one garment covered, roamed they here and there;
Wearied out by thirst and famine, to a cabin they drew near.
When they reached that lowly cabin then did great Nishadha's king
With the princess of Vidarbha on the hard earth seat them down;
Naked, with no mat to rest on, wet with mire and stained with dust.

दमयन्या सह श्रानाः सुद्वाप धरणीतले ॥६॥ दमयन्यपि कल्याणी निद्रयाऽपहृता ततः। सहसा दुःखम् आसाद्य सुकुमारी तपस्विनी ॥ ७॥ सुप्तायां दमयन्यां तु नली राजा विशाम्पते। शोकोन्मिथतिचत्रात्मा न स्म शेते यथा पुरा ॥ ७॥ स तद् राज्यापहरणं सुहत्त्यागञ्च सर्वेशः। वने च तं परिध्वंसं प्रेक्ष्य चिन्ताम् उपेयिवान् ॥ ९॥ किं नु मे स्याद् इदं कृता किं नु मे स्याद् अकुर्वतः। किं नु मे मरणं श्रेयः परित्यागी जनस्य वा ॥ १०॥ माम् इयं ह्यनुरक्तेव दुःखं प्राप्नोति मत्कृते। मिंहहीना लियं गच्छेत् कदाचित् स्वजनं प्रति ॥ ११॥ मिय निःसंश्यं दुःखम् इयम् प्राप्यत्यनुवता । उत्मर्गे संशयः स्यातु विन्देतापि मुखं क्वचित् ॥ १२॥ स विनिश्चित्य बहुधा विचार्य च पुनः पुनः। उत्सर्गे मन्यते श्रेयो दमयन्या नराधिपः ॥ १३॥ न चैषा तेजसा शक्या कैश्विद् धर्षियतुं पिथा। यशस्विनी महाभागा मङ्गत्तेयं पतिवता ॥१४॥ एवं तस्य तदा बुडिर् दमयन्यां न्यवर्तत । कलिना दुष्टभावेन दमयन्या विसर्जने ॥१५॥ सीऽवस्त्रताम् श्रात्मनश्च तस्याश्वायेकवस्त्रतां। चिन्तयिताऽध्यगाद् राजा वस्त्रार्धस्यावकर्तनं ॥१६॥ कयं वासी विकर्तेयं न च बुध्येत मे प्रिया। विचिन्यैवं नली राजा सभां पर्यचरत् तदा ॥ १९॥ परिधावन् अय नल इतश्रेतश्र भारत। आससाद सभीदेशे विकीषं खड़म् उत्तमं ॥ १६॥ तेनार्धे वाससश् छिल्ला निवस्य च परन्तपः।

Weary then with Damayantí on the earth he fell asleep. Sank the lovely Damayantí by his side with sleep opprest, She thus plunged in sudden misery, she the tender, the devout. But while on the cold earth slumbered Damayantí, all distraught Nala in his mind by sorrow might no longer calmly sleep; For the losing of his kingdom, the desertion of his friends, And his weary forest-wanderings, painful on his thought arose. 'If I do it, what may follow? what if I refuse to do? Were my instant death the better, or to abandon her I love? But to me too deep devoted suffers she distress and shame; Reft of me she home may wander to her royal father's house. Faithful wandering ever with me certain sorrow will she bear, But if separated from me chance of solace may be hers.' Long within his heart he pondered, and again, again weighed o'er. Best he thought it Damayantí to desert, that wretched king. From her virtue none dare harm her in the lonely forest way, Her the fortunate, the noble, my devoted wedded wife. Thus his mind on Damayantí dwelt in its perverted thought, Wrought by Kali's evil influence to desert his lovely wife. Of himself without a garment, and of her with only one As he thought, approached he near her to divide that single robe. 'How shall I divide the garment by my loved one unperceived?' Pondering this within his spirit round the cabin Nala went. In that narrow cabin's circuit Nala wandered here and there, Till he found without a scabbard, shining, a well-tempered sword. Then when half that only garment he had severed, and put on,

मुप्ताम् उत्मृज्य वैदर्भी प्राद्रवद् गतचेतनः ॥१९॥ ततो निवृत्तहृदयः पुनर् आगम्य तां सभां। दमयन्तीं तदा दृष्ट्वा रुरोद निषधाधियः ॥२०॥ यां न वायुर् न चादित्यः पुरा पश्यित मे प्रियां। सेयमद्य सभामध्ये शेते भूमाव् अनायवत् ॥२१॥ इयं वस्तावकर्तेन संवीता चारुहासिनी। उन्मत्तेव वरारोहा कथं बुड्वा भविष्यति ॥२२॥ कथम् एका सती भैमी मया विरहिता शुभा। चरिषति वने घोरे मृगव्यालनिषेविते ॥२३॥ आदित्या वसवो रुद्रा अश्विनौ समरुहणौ। रह्मन्तु त्वां महाभागे धर्मेणासि समावृता ॥२४॥ एवमुक्का प्रियां भार्या रूपेणाप्रतिमां भुवि। कलिनापहृतज्ञानी नलः प्रातिष्ठद् उद्यतः ॥२५॥ गता गता नलो राजा पुनर् एति सभां मुहुः। आकृष्यमाणः कलिना सौहदेनावकृष्यते ॥२६॥ विधेव हृदयं तस्य दुःखितस्याभवत् तदा। दोलेव मुहुर् आयाति याति चैव सभां प्रति ॥२९॥ अवकृष्टस्तु कलिना मोहितः प्राद्वन् नलः। मुप्ताम् उत्मृज्य तां भाया विलय करुणं बहु ॥ २५॥ नष्टात्मा कलिना स्पृष्टम् तत् तद् विगणयन् नृपः। जगामैकां वने भूएये भायाम् उत्मृज्य दुःखितः ॥२०॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने दशमः सर्गः ॥१०॥

In her sleep Vidarbha's princess, with bewildered mind he fled. Yet, his cruel heart relenting, to the cabin turns he back; On the slumbering Damayantí gazing, sadly wept the king: 'Thou, that sun nor wind hath ever roughly visited, my love! On the hard earth in a cabin sleepest with thy guardian gone. Thus attired in half a garment she that ave so sweetly smiled. Like to one distracted, beauteous, how at length will she awake? How will't fare with Bhima's daughter, lone, abandoned by her lord, Wandering in the savage forest, where wild beasts and serpents dwell? May the suns and winds of heaven, may the genii of the woods, Noblest, may they all protect thee, thine own virtue thy best guard,' To his wife of peerless beauty on the earth, 'twas thus he spoke. Then of sense bereft by Kali Nala hastily set forth; And departing, still departing he returned again, again; Dragged away by that bad demon, ever by his love drawn back. Nala, thus his heart divided into two conflicting parts, Like a swing goes backward, forward, from the cabin, to and fro. Torn away at length by Kali flies afar the frantic king, Leaving there his wife in slumber, making miserable moans. Reft of sense, possessed by Kali, thinking still on her he left, Passed he in the lonely forest, leaving his deserted wife.

END OF BOOK X.

# वृहदश्व उवाच।

अपकानो नले राजन दमयनी गतक्रमा। अवुध्यत वरारोहा सन्त्रस्ता विजने वने ॥१॥ अपश्यमाना भर्तारं शोकदुः खसमन्विता। प्राक्रीशर् उचैः सन्त्रस्ता महाराजेति नैषधं ॥२॥ हा नाथ हा महाराज हा स्वामिन् किं जहासि मां। हा हताऽस्मि विनष्टाऽस्मि भीताऽस्मि विजने वने ॥३॥ ननु नाम महाराज धर्मज्ञः सत्यवाग् ऋसि। कथम् उत्का तथा सत्यं सुप्ताम् उत्मृज्य मां गतः ॥४॥ कथम् उत्मृज्य गन्तासि दक्षां भार्याम् अनुव्रतां। विशेषतीऽनपकृते परेणापकृते सति ॥ ५॥ शक्यसे ता गिरः सम्यक्कंतुं मिय नरेश्वर। यास् तेषां लोकपालानां सिन्धी किषताः पुरा ॥६॥ नाकाले विहितो मृत्युर् मत्यानां पुरुषर्षभ। यच काना लयोत्मृष्टा मुहूर्तमपि जीवति ॥ ७॥ पर्याप्तः परिहासीऽयम् एतावान् पुरुषर्षभ। भीताऽहम् ऋतिदुर्धषे दर्शयात्मानम् ईश्वर ॥ ৮॥ दृश्यसे दृश्यसे राजन् एष दृष्टोऽसि नैषध। आवार्य गुल्मेर् आत्मानं किं मां न प्रतिभाषसे ॥९॥ नृशंस वत राजेन्द्र यन् माम् एवङ्गताम् इह। विलपनीं समागम्य नाश्वासयसि पार्थिव ॥ १०॥ न शोचाम्यहम् आत्मानं न चान्यद्पि किञ्चन। क्यं नु भवितास्येक इति त्वां नृप रोदिमि ॥ ११॥

### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

SCARCE, O king, had Nala parted, Damayantí now refreshed. Wakened up, the slender-waisted, timorous in the desert wood. When she did not see her husband, overpowered with grief and pain, Loud she shriek'd in her first anguish, 'Where art thou, Nishadha's king? Mighty king! my soul-protector; O my lord! desert'st thou me? Oh, I'm lost! undone for ever, helpless in the wild wood left; Faithful once to every duty wert thou not, and true in word? Art thou faithful to thy promise to desert me thus in sleep? Could'st thou then depart, forsaking thy devoted, constant wife? Her in sooth that never wronged thee, wronged indeed, but not by her. Keep'st thou thus thy solemn promise, oh, unfaithful lord of men, There, when all the gods were present, plighted to thy wedded wife? Death is but decreed to mortals at its own appointed time; Hence one moment, thus deserted, one brief moment do I live. — But thou'st had thy sport—enough then, now desist, O king of men, Mock not thou a trembling woman, show thee to me, O my lord! Yes, I see thee, there I see thee hidden as thou think'st from sight, In the bushes why conceal thee? answer me, why speak'st thou not? O ungentle prince of monarchs! to this piteous plight reduced, Wherefore wilt thou not approach me to console me in my woe? For myself I will not sorrow, nor for aught to me befalls. Thou art all alone, my husband, I will only mourn for thee.

कथं नु राजंस् नृषितः स्रुधितः श्रमकर्षितः। सायाहे वृक्षमूलेषु माम् अपश्यन् भविष्यसि ॥ १२॥ ततः सा तीवशोकार्ता प्रदीप्तेव च मन्युना। इतश्वेतश्व रुदती पर्यधावत दुःखिता ॥ १३॥ मुहुर् उत्पतते बाला मुहुः पति विद्वला। मुहुर् आलीयते भीता मुहुः क्रीशति रोदिति ॥ १४॥ अतीव शोकसन्तप्ता मुहुर् निःश्वस्य दुः खिता। उवाच भैमी निःश्वस्य रुद्त्यथ पतिव्रता ॥१५॥ यस्याभिशापाद् दुःखार्तो दुःखं विन्दति नैषधः। तस्य भूतस्य नो दुःखाद् दुःखम् अभ्यधिकं भवेत् ॥१६॥ अपापचेतसं पापी य एवं कृतवान् नलं। तस्माट् दुःखतरं प्राप्य जीवत्वसुखजीविकां ॥ १७॥ एवं तु विलपनी सा राज्ञो भाया महात्मनः। अन्वेषमाणा भर्तारं वने श्वापदसेविते ॥१६॥ उन्मत्तवद् भीमसुता विलपनी ततस्ततः। हा हा राजच् इति मुहुर् इतश्वेतश्व धावति ॥ १९॥ तां क्रन्दमानाम् अत्यर्थं कुररीम् इव वाशती। करुणं बहु शोचन्तीं विलयन्तीं मुहुर् मुहुः ॥२०॥ सहसाभ्यागतां भैमीम् अभ्यासपरिवर्तिनीं। जयाहाजगरी याही महाकायः खुधान्वितः ॥२१॥ सा यस्यमाना याहेण शोकेन च परिभ्रुता। नात्मानं शोचित तथा यथा शोचित नैषधं ॥२२॥ हा नाथ माम् इह वने यस्यमानाम् अनाथवत्। याहेणानेन विजने किमर्थं नानुधाविस ॥२३॥ क्यं भविष्यिस पुनर् माम् अनुस्मृत्य नैषध। शापान् मुक्तः पुनर् लब्धा बुिं चेती धनानि च ॥२४॥ How will't fare with thee, my Nala, thirsting, famished, faint with toil? Nor beholding me await thee underneath the trees at eve.' Then, in all her depth of anguish, with her trouble as on fire, Hither, thither, went she weeping, all around she went and wailed. Now springs up the desolate princess, now falls down in prostrate grief; Now she pines in silent sorrow, now she shricks and wails aloud. So consumed with inward misery, ever sighing more and more, Spake at length king Bhíma's daughter, spake the still devoted wife: 'He, by whose dire imprecation Nala this dread suffering bears, May he far surpass in suffering all that Nala suffers now. May the evil one, to evil, who the blameless Nala drives, Smitten by a curse as fatal, live a dark unblessed life.' Thus her absent lord lamenting that high-minded Rája's queen, Everywhere her lord went seeking in the satyr-haunted wood. Like a maniac, Bhíma's daughter, wandered wailing here and there; And 'alas! alas! my husband,' everywhere her cry was heard. Her beyond all measure wailing like the osprey screaming shrill, Miserably still deploring, still renewing her lament. Suddenly king Bhíma's daughter, as she wandered near his lair, Seized a huge gigantic serpent in his raging famine fierce. In the grasp of that fierce serpent, round about with terror girt, Not herself she pities only, pities she Nishadha's king. 'O my guardian, thus unguarded in this savage forest seized, Seized by this terrific serpent, wherefore art not thou at hand? How will't be, when thou rememberest once again thy faithful wife, From this dreadful curse delivered, mind, and sense, and wealth returned? श्रानस्य ते क्षुधार्तस्य परिग्लानस्य नैषध। कः श्रमं राजशादूल नाशयिषति तेऽनघ ॥२५॥ ततः कश्चिन् मृगव्याधी विचरन् गहने वने। आकन्दमानां संश्रुत्य जवेनाभिससार ह ॥२६॥ नां तु दृष्ट्वा तथा यस्ताम् उरगेणायतेक्षणां। त्वरमाणो मृगव्याधः समभिक्रम्य वेगतः ॥२०॥ मुखतः पाटयामास शस्त्रेण निश्तिन च। निर्विचेष्टं भुजङ्गं तं विशस्य मृगजीवनः ॥२५॥ मोक्ष्यिता स तां व्याधः प्रक्षाल्य सिललेन च। समाश्वास्य कृताहाराम् अय पप्रच्छ भारत ॥ २०॥ कस्य तं मृगशावाधि कथज्वाभ्यागता वनं। कथञ्चेदं महत् कृच्छं प्राप्तवत्यसि भाविनि ॥३०॥ दमयनी तथा तेन पृच्छचमाना विशाम्पते। सर्वम् एतद् यथावृत्तम् आचचक्षेऽस्य भारत ॥३१॥ ताम् अर्धवस्त्रसंवीतां पीनश्रोणिपयोधरां। मुकुमारानवद्याङ्गीं पूर्णचन्द्रनिभाननां ॥३२॥ अरालपक्षनयनां तथा मधुरभाषिणीं। लक्षयिता मृगव्याधः कामस्य वशम् ईियवान् ॥ ३३॥ ताम् एवं श्रक्ष्या वाचा लुब्धको मृदुपूर्वया। सान्तयामास कामार्तस् तद् अवुध्यत भाविनी ॥ ३४॥ दमयनयपि तं दुष्टम् उपलभ्य पतिवता। तीवरोषसमाविष्टा प्रजन्नालेव मन्युना ॥३५॥ स तु पापमतिः श्रुद्रः प्रधर्षयितुम् आतुरः। दुर्धर्षां तर्कयामास दीप्राम् अग्निशिखाम् इव ॥३६॥ दमयन्ती तु दुःखाती पतिराज्यविनाकृता। अतीतवाक्पथे काले शशापैनं रुषान्विता ॥३७॥

When thou'rt weary, when thou'rt hungry, when thou'rt fainting with fatigue, Who will soothe, O blameless Nala, all thy weariness, thy woe?'

Then a huntsman, as he wandered in the forest jungle thick, As he heard her thus bewailing, in his utmost haste drew near. By the serpent that long-eyed one firmly grasped when he beheld, Instant did the nimble huntsman, rapidly as he came on, Strike that unresisting serpent with a sharp and mortal shaft: In the mouth he pierced that serpent, skill'd in slaughter of the chase. Her released he from her peril washed he then with water pure, And with sylvan food refreshed her, and with soothing words address'd: 'Who art thou that roam'st the forest with the eyes of the gazelle; How to this extreme of misery, noble lady, hast thou fallen?' Damayantí, by the huntsman, thus in soothing tone addressed, All the story of her misery told him, as it all befell; Her, scant-clothed in half a garment, with soft-swelling limbs and breast, Form of youthful faultless beauty, and her fair and moonlike face, And her eyes with brows dark arching, and her softly-melting speech, Saw long time that wild-beast hunter, kindled all his heart with love. Then with winning voice that huntsman, bland beginning his discourse, Fain with amorous speech would soothe her; she his dark intent perceived. Damayantí, chaste and faithful, soon as she his meaning knew, In the transport of her anger, her indignant soul took fire, In his wicked thought the dastard her yet powerless to subdue, On the unsubdued stood gazing, as like some bright flame she shone. Damayantí, in her sorrow, of her realm, her lord bereft, Deemed the time gone by for parley, uttered loud her curse of wrath,-

यथाऽहं नेषधाद् अन्यं मनसापि न चिन्तये। तथायं पततां श्रुद्रः परासुर् मृगजीवनः ॥३६॥ उक्तमाचे तु वचने तथा स मृगजीवनः। व्यसुः पपात मेदिन्याम् अग्निदग्ध इव दुमः॥३९॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्यान एकाद्शः सर्गः ॥ ११॥

## वृहद्श्व उवाच।

सा निहत्य मृगव्याधं प्रतस्थे कमले ख्णा। वनं प्रतिभयं शून्यं भिःह्विकागणनादितं ॥१॥ सिंह बीपिरुरु या प्रमहिषर्श्वगणेर् युतं। नानापिक्षगणाकीर्णे मेन्छतस्करसेवितं ॥२॥ शालवेगुधवाश्वत्यतिन्दुकेङ्गुदिकंशुकेः। अर्जुनारिष्टसञ्छनं स्यन्दनेश्व सशाल्मलेः ॥३॥ जम्बामलोधसदिरसालवेचसमाकुलं। पद्मकामलक्ष्मश्चलदम्बोडुम्बरावृतं ॥४॥ वदरीविल्वसञ्छनं न्ययोधिश्व समाकुलं। प्रियालतालखर्जूरहरीतकविभीतकः ॥५॥ नानाधातुश्तर् नडान् विविधान् ऋपि चाचलान्। निकुञ्जान् परिसङ्घान् दरीश्वाद्भातदर्शनाः ॥६॥ नदीः सरांसि वापीश्व विविधांश्व मृगडिजान्। सा बहून् भीमरूपांश्व पिशाचीरगरास्मान् ॥ १॥ पल्वलानि तडागानि गिरिकूटानि सर्वशः। सरितो निर्फरांश्चेव ददशाङ्गतदर्शनान् ॥ ।।

'As my pure and constant spirit swerves not from Nishadha's lord,
Instant so may this base hunter lifeless fall upon the earth.'
Scarce that single word was uttered, suddenly that hunter bold
Down upon the earth fell lifeless, like a lightning-blasted tree.

END OF BOOK XI.

### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

SLAIN that savage wild-beast hunter, onward went the lotus-eyed, Through the dread and desert forest ringing with the cricket's song; Full of lions, pards, and tigers, stags, and buffalos, and bears, Where all kinds of birds were flocking, and wild men and robbers dwelt. Thick with S'als, bamboos, Asvatthas, Dhavas, and the Ebon dark, Oily Inguds, Kinśuks, Arjuns, Ním trees, Syandans, Sálmalas; Full with Rose-apples and Mangoes, Lodh trees, Catechus and Canes, Blushing Lotuses, Kadambas, and the tree with massy leaves; Close o'erspread with Jujubes, Bel trees, tangled with the holy Fig, Palms, Priyalas, Dates, Haritas, trees of every form and name. Pregnant with rich mines of metal many a mountain it enclosed, Many a shady resonant arbour, many a deep and wondrous glen; Many a lake, and pool, and river, birds and beasts of every shape. She, in forms terrific round her, serpents, elves, and giants saw: Pools, and tanks of lucid water, and the shaggy tops of hills, Flowing streams and headlong torrents saw, and wondered at the sight.

यूथशो दृशे चाच विद्भीधिपनन्दिनी।
महिषांश्व वराहांश्व ऋक्षांश्व वनपन्नगान्॥९॥
तेजसा यशसा लक्ष्म्या स्थित्या च परया युता।
वैदर्भी विचरत्येका नलम् अन्वेषती तदा॥१०॥
नाविभ्यत् सा नृपसुता भैमी तचाथ कस्यचित्।
दारुणाम् अटवीं प्राप्य भर्तृथ्यसनपीडिता॥११॥
विद्भीतनया राजन् विललाप सुदुःखिता।
भर्तृशोकपरीताङ्गी शिलातलम् अथािश्वता॥१२॥

## दमयन्युवाच।

व्यूढोरस्क महाबाही नैषधानां जनाधिप। क नु राजन् गतोऽसीह त्यक्का मां विजने वने ॥ १३॥ अश्वमेधादिभिर् वीर क्रतुभिर् भूरिदिक्षिगैः। कथम् इष्ट्वा नरव्याघ्र मिय मिथ्या प्रवर्तसे ॥ १४॥ यत् तयोक्तं नरश्रेष्ठ मत्ममध् महाद्युते। स्मर्तुम् अर्हिस कल्याण वचनं पार्थिवर्षम ॥१५॥ यचीक्तं विहगैर् हंसैः समीपे तव भूमिप। मत्ममक्षं यदुक्तञ्च तदवेक्षितुम् ऋहिसि ॥ १६॥ चलार एकती वेदाः साङ्गोपाङ्गाः सविस्तराः। स्वधीता मनुजयाघ्र सत्यम् एकं किलैकतः ॥१७॥ तस्माद् अहीसि शनुष्म सत्यं कर्तुं नरेश्वर। उक्तवान् असि यद् वीर मत्सकाशे पुरा वचः ॥१५॥ हा वीर ननु नामाहम् इष्टा किल तवानघ। अस्याम् अटव्यां घोरायां किं मां न प्रतिभाषसे ॥ १९॥ भक्षयत्येष मां रौद्रो व्यात्तास्यो दारुणाकृतिः। अरायराट् क्षुधाविष्टः किं मां न चातुम् अर्हिस ॥२०॥ And the princess of Vidarbha gazed where, in their countless herds,
Buffalos and boars were feeding, bears, and serpents of the wood.
Safe in virtue, bright in beauty, glorious, and of high resolve,
Now alone, Vidarbha's daughter wandering, her lost Nala sought.
Yet no fear king Bhíma's daughter for herself might deign to feel,
Travelling the dreary forest, only for her lord distressed;
Him she mourned, that noble princess, him in bitterest anguish wailed,
Every limb with sorrow trembling stood she on a beetling rock;

### DAMAYANTÍ spake:

Monarch, with broad chest capacious, monarch, with the sinewy arm, Me in this dread forest leaving, whither hast thou fled away? Thou the holy Asvamedha, thou each costliest sacrifice Hast performed, to me, me only, in thy holy faith thou'st failed. That which thou, O best of husbands, in mine hearing hast declared, Thy most solemn vow remember, call to mind thy plighted faith. Of the swift-winged swans the language uttered, monarch, by thy side, That thyself, before my presence, didst renew, bethink thee well. Thou the Vedas, thou the Angas, with the Upángas oft has read, Of each heaven-descended volume one and simple is the truth. Therefore, of thy foes the slayer! reverence thou the sacred truth Of thy solemn plighted promise, in my presence sworn so oft. Am not I the loved so dearly, purely, sinlessly beloved? In this dark and awful forest wherefore dost thou not reply? Here with monstrous jaws wide yawning, with his fierce and horrid form, Gapes the forest-king to slay me, and thou art not here to save.

न मे लद्न्या काचिडि प्रियाऽस्तीत्यव्रवीः सदा। ताम् ऋतां कुरु कल्याण पुरोक्तां भारतीं नृप ॥२१॥ उन्मत्तां विलपनीं मां भायाम् इष्टां नराधिप। ईिप्तताम् ईिप्ततो नाथ किं मां न प्रतिभाषसे ॥२२॥ कृशां दीनां विवर्णाञ्च मिलनां वसुधाधिय। वस्तार्धप्रावृताम् एकां विलपनीम् अनायवत् ॥२३॥ यूयभ्रष्टाम् इवैकां मां हरिगीं पृथुलीचन। न मानयसि माम् आर्य रुदतीम् अरिकर्षण ॥ २४॥ महाराज महाराये अहम् एकाकिनी सती। दमयन्यभिभाषे त्वां किं मां न प्रतिभाषसे ॥ २५॥ कुलशीलोपसम्पन चार्सवाङ्गशोभन। नाद्य तां प्रतिपश्यामि गिराव् अस्मिन् नरीत्रम ॥२६॥ वने चास्मिन् महाघीरे सिंहव्याघ्रनिषेविते। श्यानम् उपविष्टं वा स्थितं वा निषधाधिप ॥२७॥ प्रस्थितं वा नरश्रेष्ठ मम शोकविवर्धन। कं नु पृच्छामि दुःखाती लदर्थे शोककर्षिता ॥२५॥ कचिद् दृष्टम् लयाऽराये सङ्गत्येह नली नृपः। की नु में वाऽय प्रष्ट्यो वनेऽस्मिन् प्रस्थितं नलं ॥ २९॥ अभिरूपं महात्मानं परव्यूहविनाशनं। यम् अन्वेषिस राजानं नलं पद्मनिभेक्ष्णं ॥३०॥ अयं स इति कस्याद्य श्रीषामि मधुरां गिरं। अरएयराइ अयं श्रीमांश चतुर्देष्ट्री महाहनुः ॥ ३१॥ शार्दूलोऽभिमुखोऽभ्येति वजाम्येनम् अशङ्किता। भवान् मृगाणाम् अधिपस् तम् अस्मिन् कानने प्रभुः ॥३२॥ विदर्भराजतनयां दमयन्तीति विधि मां। निषधाधिपतेर् भायां नलस्यामिचघातिनः ॥३३॥

None but I, thou'st said, for ever, none but I to thee am dear! Make this oft-repeated language, make this oft-sworn promise true. To thy queen bereft of reason, to thy weeping wife beloved, Why repliest thou not-her only thou desir'st-she only thee? Meagre, miserable, pallid, tainted with the dust and mire, Scantly clad in half a garment, lone, with no protector near; Large-eyed! like a hind that wanders separate from the wonted herd, Thou regard'st me not, thus weeping, oh thou tamer of thy foes! Mighty king, alone yet virtuous, in the vast and trackless wood, Damayantí, I address thee, wherefore answerest not my voice? Nobly born, and nobly minded, beautiful in every limb, Do I not e'en now behold thee, in this mountain, first of men! In this lion-haunted forest, in this tiger-howling wood, Lying down or seated, standing, or in majesty and might Moving, do I not behold thee, the enhancer of my woe? Whom shall I address, afflicted, wasted by my grief for thee? 'Hast thou haply seen my Nala in the solitary wild?' Who will answer me enquiring for my lost one in the wood, Beautiful and royal-minded, conqueror of a host of foes? 'Him thou seek'st with eyes of lotus, Nala, sovereign of men-Lo, he's here!' whose voice of music may I hear thus sweetly speak? Lo, with fourfold tusks before me, and with wide and gaping jaws, Stands the forest-king, the tiger, I approach him without fear. Of the beasts art thou the monarch, all this forest thy domain; Of Vidarbha's king the daughter, Damayantí know thou me, Consort of Nishadha's sovereign, Nala, slayer of his foes-

पतिम् अन्वेषतीम् एकां कृपणां शोककर्षितां। आश्वासय मृगेन्द्रेह यदि दृष्टस् त्या नलः ॥३४॥ अथवारएयनृपते नलं यदि न शंसिस। मां खाद्य मृगन्नेष्ठ दुःखाद् अस्माद् विमोचय ॥३५॥ श्रुताऽराये विलिपतं ममैष मृगराद स्वयं। यात्येतां मृष्टसिललाम् आपगां सागरङ्गमां ॥३६॥ इमं शिलोच्चयं पुग्यं गृङ्गेर् बहुभिर् उच्छितैः। विराजिइर् दिविस्पृग्भिर् नैकवर्णैर् मनोहरैः ॥३९॥ नानाधातुसमाकीर्णे विविधीपलभूषितं। अस्यारएयस्य महतः केतुभूतम् इवोत्यितं ॥३६॥ सिंहशार्दूलमातङ्गवराहर्श्वमृगायुतं। पतिविभिर् बहुविधेः समनाद् अनुनादितं ॥३९॥ किंगुकाशोकवकुलपुचागैर् उपशोभितं। कर्णिकारधवस्रक्षेः सुपुष्पेर् उपशोभितं ॥४०॥ सरिद्धिः सविहङ्गाभिः शिखरैश्व समाकुलं। गिरिराजम् इमं तावत् पृच्छामि नृपतिं प्रति ॥४१॥ भगवन् अचलश्रेष्ठ दिव्यदर्शन विश्रुत। शराय बहुकल्याण नमस् तेऽस्तु महीधर ॥४२॥ प्रणमे ताभिगम्याहं राजपुत्रीं निबीध मां। राज्ञः सुषां राजभायां दमयन्तीति विश्वतां ॥४३॥ राजा विद्भीधिपतिः पिता मम महारयः। भीमो नाम हिम्तिपतिश चातुर्वस्य रहिम्ता ॥ ४४॥ राजसूयाश्वमेधानां क्रतूनां दक्षिणावतां। आहर्ता पार्थिवश्रेष्ठः पृथुचार्वेञ्चितेस्रणः ॥४५॥ ब्रह्मएयः साधुवृत्तश्च सत्यवाग् अनसूयकः। शीलवान् वीर्यसम्पनः पृथुश्रीर् धर्मविच् छुचिः ॥४६॥

Seeking here my exile husband, lonely, wretched, sorrow-driven, Thou, O king of beasts, console me, if my Nala thou hast seen; Or, O lord of all the forest, Nala if thou canst not show, Best of savage beasts, devour me, from this misery set me free. Hearing thus my lamentation, now does that fell king of beasts Go towards the crystal river, flowing downward to the sea.— Turn I to this holy mountain, crowned with many a lofty peak, In its soul-exalting splendour, rising, many-hued, to heaven; Full within of precious metals, rich with many a glowing gem, Rising o'er this spreading forest like a banner broad and high, Ranged by elephants and lions, tigers, boars, and bears, and stags; Sweetly sounding all around me with the songs of many birds; All the trees of richest foliage, all the trees of stateliest height, All the flowers and golden fruitage on its crested summits wave, Down its peaks in many a streamlet dip the water-birds their wings: This, the monarch of all mountains, ask I of the king of men; O all-honoured Prince of Mountains, with thy heaven-ward soaring peaks, Refuge of the lost, most noble, thee, O Mountain, I salute; I salute thee, lowly bowing, I, the daughter of a king; Of a king the royal consort, of a king's son I the bride. Of Vidarbha the great sovereign, mighty hero is my sire, Named the lord of earth, king Bhíma, of each caste the guardian he; Of the holy Asvamedha, of the regal sacrifice, He the offerer, best of monarchs, known by large and lustrous eyes. Pious, and of life unblemished, true in word, of generous speech, Affable, courageous, prosperous, skilled in every duty, pure.

सम्यग्गोप्ता विद्भाेणां निर्जितारिगणः प्रभुः। तस्य मां विडि तनयां भगवंस् ताम् उपस्थितां ॥४९॥ निषधेषु महाराजः श्वशुरी मे नरीत्रमः। गृहीतनामा विख्याती वीरसेन इति सम ह ॥४৮॥ तस्य राज्ञः सुतो वीरः श्रीमान् सत्यपराक्रमः। क्रमप्राप्तं पितुः स्वं यो राज्यं समनुशास्ति ह ॥४९॥ नलो नामारिहा श्यामः पुरायश्चीक इति श्रुतः। ब्रह्मएयो वेदविद् वाग्मी पुरायकृत् सीमपोऽग्निमान् ॥५०॥ यष्टा दाता च योडा च सम्यक्चैव प्रशासिता। तस्य माम् अचलश्रेष्ठ विडि भार्याम् इहागतां ॥ ५१॥ त्यक्तित्रयं भर्तृहीनाम् अनाषां व्यसनान्वितां। अन्वेषमाणां भतीरं तं वे नरवरीत्रमं ॥५२॥ सम् उल्लिसद्भिर् एतेर् हि तया शृङ्गशतेर् नृपः। कचिद् दृष्टीऽचलश्रेष्ठ वनेऽस्मिन् दारुणे नलः ॥५३॥ गजेन्द्रविक्रमो धीमान् दीर्घवाहुर् अमर्षणः। विकानाः सत्यवाग् वीरो भर्ता मम महायशाः ॥ ५४॥ निषधानाम् अधिपतिः कचिद् दृष्टम् तया नलः। किं मां विलपनीम् एकां पर्वतन्त्रेष्ठ विद्वलां ॥ ५५॥ गिरा नाश्वासयस्यद्य स्वां सुताम् इव दुः खितां। वीर विकाना धर्मज्ञ सत्यसन्ध महीपते ॥ ५६॥ यद्यस्मिन् वने राजन् दर्शयात्मानम् आत्मना। कदा सुिक्तम्भीरां जीमूतस्वनसिक्भां ॥५७॥ श्रीषामि नैषधस्याहं वाचं ताम् अमृतीपमां। वैद्भीत्येव विस्पष्टां शुभां राज्ञी महात्मनः ॥५८॥ आमायसारिणीम् ऋडां मम शोकविनाशिनीं। भीताम् आश्वासयत मां नृपते धर्मवत्सल ॥ ५९॥

Of Vidarbha the protector, conqueror of a host of foes; Know me of that king the daughter lowly thus approaching thee. In Nishadha, mighty Mountain! dwelt the father of my lord, High the name he won, the illustrious Vírasena was he called. Of this king the son, the hero, prosperous and truly brave, He who rules his father's kingdom by hereditary right, Slayer of his foes, dark Nala, Punyasloka is he called; Holy, Veda-read, and eloquent, Soma-quaffing, fire-adoring, Sacrificer, liberal giver, warrior, in all points a king,-Of this monarch, best of mountains! know, the wife before thee stands, Fallen from bliss, bereft of husband, unprotected, sorrow-doomed, Seeking everywhere her husband, him the best of noblest men. Best of mountains, heaven-upsoaring, with thy hundred stately peaks, Hast thou seen the kingly Nala in this dark and awful wood? Like the elephant in courage, wise, impetuous, with long arms, Valiant, and of truth unquestioned, my heroic, glorious lord; Hast thou seen Nishadha's sovereign, mighty Nala hast thou seen? Why repliest thou not, O Mountain, sorrowing, lonely, and distressed, With thy voice why not console me as thine own afflicted child? Hero, mighty, strong in duty, true of promise, lord of earth!

If thou art within the forest show thee in thy proper form.

When so eloquently deep-toned, like the sound of some dark cloud,
Shall I hear thy voice, oh Nala! sweet as the Amrita draught,
Saying, 'daughter of Vidarbha!' with distinct, with blessed sound,
Musical as holy Veda, rich, and soothing all my pain;
Thus console me, trembling, fainting, thou, oh virtue-loving king!

इति सा तं गिरिश्रेष्ठम् उक्का पार्थिवनन्दिनी। दमयन्ती ततो भूयो जगाम दिशम् उत्तरां ॥६०॥ सा गता चीन् अहोराचान् ददर्श परमाङ्गना। तापसारएयम् अतुलं दिव्यकाननदर्शनं ॥६१॥ वशिष्ठभृग्वचिसमैस् तापसैर् उपशोभितं। नियतेः संयताहारैर् दमशीचसमन्वितेः ॥६२॥ अअधीर् वायुभक्षेश्व पर्णाहारेस् तथैव च। जितेन्द्रियेर महाभागैः स्वर्गमार्गदिदृष्ठुभिः ॥६३॥ वल्कलाजिनसंवीतेर् मुनिभिः संयतेन्द्रियैः। तापसाध्युषितं रम्यं ददशीश्रममगडलं ॥६४॥ नानामृगगणीर् जुष्टं शाखामृगगणायुतं। तापसेः समुपेतञ्च सा दृष्ट्वेव समाश्वसत् ॥६५॥ मुभूः मुकेशी मुश्रोणी मुकुंचा मुिडजानना। वर्चेस्विनी सुप्रतिष्ठा स्वसितायतलोचना ॥६६॥ सा विवेशाश्रमपदं वीरसेनसुतप्रिया। योषिद्रनं महाभागा दमयनी तपस्विनी ॥६०॥ साऽभिवाद्य तपोवृडान् विनयावनता स्थिता। स्वागतं त इति प्रोक्ता तैः सर्वेस् तापसेश्व सा ॥६६॥ पूजां चास्या यथान्यायं कृता तच तपोधनाः। आस्यताम् इत्यथोचुस् ते ब्रूहि किं करवामहै ॥६०॥ तान् उवाच वरारोहा कचिद् भगवताम् इह। तपस्यियषु धर्मेषु मृगपिक्षषु चानघाः ॥७०॥ कुशलं वो महाभागाः स्वधर्माचरणेषु च। तैर् उक्ता कुशलं भद्रे सर्वचेति यशस्विनि ॥ १९॥ ब्रूहि सर्वानवद्याङ्गि का तं किञ्च चिकीर्षिस। दृष्ट्वैव ते परं रूपं द्युतिञ्च परमाम् इह ॥ ७२॥

To the holiest of mountains spake the daughter of the king. Damayantí then set forward toward the region of the north. Three days long, three nights she wandered, then that noble woman saw The unrivalled wood of hermits like to a celestial grove. To Vasishtha, Bhrigu, Atri, equal was that sacred crew; Self-denying, strict in diet, temperate, and undefiled; Water-drinking, air-inhaling, and the leaves their simple food; Mortified, for ever blessed, seeking the right way to heaven; Bark for vests and skins for raiment wore those hermits, sense-subdued. She beheld the pleasant circle of those hermits' lonely cells; Round them flocks of beasts were grazing, wantoned there the monkey-tribes. When she saw those holy dwellings all her courage was revived. Lovely-browed, and lovely-tressed, lovely-bosom'd, lovely-lipp'd, In her brightness, in her glory, with her large dark beauteous eyes, Entered she those hermit-dwellings, wife of Vírasena's son; Pearl of women, ever blessed, Damayantí the devout. She those holy men saluting stood with modest form half-bent. 'Hail, and welcome!' thus those hermits instant with one voice exclaimed. And those sacred men no sooner had the fitting homage paid, 'Take thy seat,' they said, 'oh lady! and command what we must do.' Thus replied the slender-waisted, 'Blessed are ye, holy men; In your sacred fires, your worship blameless, with your beasts and birds. Doth the grace of heaven attend you in your duties, in your deeds?' Answered they, 'The grace of heaven ever blesses all our deeds. But say thou, of form so beauteous, who thou art, and what thou would'st? As thy noble form we gaze on, on thy brightness as we gaze,

विस्मयो नः समुत्पन्नः समाश्वसिहि मा शुनः। अस्यारएयस्य देवी तम् उताहोऽस्य महीभृतः ॥ ७३॥ अस्याश्व नंद्याः कल्याणि वद सत्यम् अनिन्दिते। साऽबवीत् तान् ऋषीन् नाहम् अरायस्यास्य देवता ॥ १४॥ न चाषस्य गिरेर् विप्रा नैव नद्याश्व देवता। मानुषीं मां विजानीत यूयं सर्वे तपीधनाः ॥ १५॥ विस्तरेणाभिधास्यामि तन् मे भृणुत सर्वभः। विदर्भेषु महीपाली भीमी नाम महीपतिः ॥ ७६॥ तस्य मां तनयां सर्वे जानीत विजसत्तमाः। निषधाधिपतिर् धीमान् नली नाम महायशाः ॥ ७९॥ वीरः सङ्ग्रामजिद् विद्यान् मम भर्ता विशास्पतिः। देवताभ्यर्चनपरी विजातिजनवत्सलः ॥ ७ ।। गोप्ता निषधवंशस्य महातेजा महाबलः। सत्यवाग् ऋस्त्रवित् प्राज्ञः सत्यसन्धोऽरिमर्दनः ॥७९॥ ब्रह्मायो दैवतपरः श्रीमान् परपुरञ्जयः। नली नाम नृपश्रेष्ठी देवराजसमद्युतिः ॥ ५०॥ मम भर्ता विशालाश्वः पूर्णेन्दुवदनोऽरिहा। ञ्चाहर्ता कतुमुख्यानां वेदवेदाङ्गपारगः ॥ ५१॥ सपत्नानां मृधे हन्ता रिवसीमसमप्रभः। स कैश्विन् निकृतिप्रज्ञेर् अनार्येर् अकृतात्मिः ॥ ५२॥ आहूय पृथिवीपालः सत्यधर्मपरायणः। देवने कुशलैर् जिसेर् जितो राज्यं वसूनि च ॥ ६३॥ तस्य माम् अवगच्छधं भायां राजर्षभस्य वै। दमयन्तीति विख्यातां भर्तुर् दर्शनलालसां ॥ ५४॥ सा वनानि गिरींश्वेव सरांसि सरितस् तथा। पल्वलानि च सर्वाणि तथाऽरएयानि सर्वशः ॥ ५५॥

In amaze we stand and wonder, cheer thee up, and mourn no more. Of the wood art thou the goddess, or the mountain-goddess thou; Or the goddess of the river? Blessed Spirit, speak the truth.' 'Nor the sylvan goddess am I,' to the Wise she thus replied; 'Neither of the mountain, Bráhmans, nor the river-nymph am I. Know me but a mortal being, O, ye rich in holiness! All my tale at length I'll tell you, if meet audience ye will give. In Vidarbha mighty guardian Bhíma dwells, the lord of earth; Of that noble king the daughter, best of twice-born, know ye me. And the monarch of Nishadha, Nala wise and great in fame; Brave in battle, conqueror, prudent is my lord, the peasants' king; To the gods devout in worship, friendly to the Bráhman race, Of Nishadha's race the guardian, great in glory, great in might, True in word, in weapons skilful, wise and slayer of his foes; Pious, heaven-devoted, prosperous, conqueror of hostile towns; Nala named, the best of sovereigns, splendid as the king of gods. Know that large-eyed chief, my husband, like the full-orbed moon his face, Giver he of costly offerings, deep in holy volumes read; Slayer of his foes in battle, glorious as the sun and moon. He by some most evil-minded, unrespected, wicked men, After many a challenge yielding, he the virtue-loving king, By these clever gamesters, fraudful, was bereft of realm and wealth. Know ye me the hapless consort of that noble king of kings, Damayantí, so they name me, yearning for my husband's sight. I through forests, over mountains, stagnant marsh and river broad, Lake with wide pellucid surface, through the long and trackless wood,

अन्वेषमाणा भर्तारं नलं रणविशारदं। महात्मानं कृतास्त्रच विचरामीह दुः खिता ॥ ५६॥ कचिद् भगवतां रम्यं तपीवनम् इदं नृपः। भवेत् प्राप्ती नली नाम निषधानां जनाधिपः ॥ ७०॥ यत्कृतेऽहम् इदं दुर्गे प्रपन्ना भृशदारुणं। वनं प्रतिभयं घोरं शार्दूलमृगसेवितं ॥ ६६॥ यदि कैश्विद् ऋहोराचैर् न द्रस्थामि नलं नृपं। ञ्चात्मानं श्रेयसा योख्ये देहस्यास्य विमोचनात् ॥ ५९॥ को नु मे जीवितेनार्थम् तम् ऋते पुरुषर्धभं। क्यं भविष्याम्यद्याहं भर्तृशोकाभिपीडिता ॥ ९०॥ तथा विलपनोम् एकाम् अराये भीमनन्दिनीं। दमयन्तीम् अथोचुस् ते तापसाः सत्यदर्शिनः ॥ ९१॥ उदर्कस् तव कल्याणि कल्याणी भविता शुभे। वयं पश्यामस् तपसा ह्यापं द्रस्यसि नैषधं ॥ ९२॥ निषधानाम् अधिपतिं नलं रिपुनिपातिनं। भैमि धर्मभृतां श्रेष्ठं द्रस्यसे विगतज्वरं ॥ ९३॥ विमुक्तं सर्वेपापेभ्यः सर्वरत्नसमन्वितं। तद् एव नगरं भूयः प्रशासतम् अरिन्दमं ॥ ९४॥ विषतां भयकर्तारं सुहृदां शोकनाशनं। पतिं द्रस्यसि कल्याणि कल्याणाभिजनं नृपं ॥ ९५॥ एवम् उक्का नलस्येष्टां महिषीं पार्थिवात्मजां। नापसाऽन्तर्हिताः सर्वे साग्निहोचाश्रमास् तदा ॥ ९६॥ सा दृष्ट्वा महद् आश्वर्ये विस्मिता ह्यभवत् तदा। दमयन्यनवद्याङ्गी वीरसेननृपसुषा ॥९७॥ किं नु स्वप्नो मया दृष्टः कोऽयं विधिर् इहाभवत्। क नु ते तापसाः सर्वे क तद् आश्रममग्डलं ॥ ९६॥

Ever seeking for my husband Nala, skilful in the fight. Mighty in the use of weapons, wander, desolate and sad. Tell me, to this pleasant sojourn, sacred to these holy men, Hath he come, the royal Nala? hath Nishadha's monarch come? For whose sake through ways all trackless, terrible, have I set forth, In this drear, appalling forest, where the deer and tiger range, If I see not noble Nala ere few days, few nights are o'er, I to heavenly bliss will join me, from this mortal frame set free. Reft of him, my princely husband, what have I to do with life? How endure existence longer, for my husband thus distressed?' To the lady thus complaining, lonely in the savage wood, Answered thus those holy hermits, spake the gifted seers the truth:-'There will be a time hereafter, beautiful, the time will come, Through devotion now we see him, and thou too wilt see him soon; That good monarch of Nishadha, Nala, slayer of his foes; That dispenser of strict justice, Bhíma's daughter! free from grief, From all sin released, thou'lt see him glittering in his royal gems, Governing again that city, o'er his enemies supreme. To his foemen causing terror, to his friends allaying grief, Thou, oh noble, shalt thy husband see, that king of noble race!' To the much-loved wife of Nala, to the princess speaking thus, Vanished then those holy hermits, with their sacred fires, their cells. As she gazed upon the wonder, wrapt in mute amaze she stood; Damayantí, fair-limbed princess, wife of Vírasena's son: 'Have I only seen a vision, what hath been this wondrous chance? Where are all those holy hermits, where the circle of their cells?

क सा पुरायजला रम्या नदी द्विजनिषेविता। क नु ते ह नगा हृद्याः फलपुष्पीपशीभिताः ॥ ९९॥ ध्याला चिरं भीमसुता दमयन्ती शुचिस्मिता। भर्तृशोकपरा दीना विवर्णवदनाऽभवत् ॥ १००॥ सा गलायापरां भूमिं वाष्पसन्दिग्धया गिरा। विललापाश्वपूर्णाञ्ची दृष्ट्वाऽशोकतरं ततः ॥१०१॥ उपगम्य तरुश्रेष्ठम् अशोकं पुष्पितं वने। पल्लवापीडितं हृद्यं विहङ्गिर् अनुनादितं ॥१०२॥ अहोवतायम् अगमः श्रीमान् अस्मिन् वनानारे। आपीडर बहुभिर् भाति श्रीमान् पर्वतरांड् इव ॥ १०३॥ विशोकां कुरुँ मां क्षिप्रम् अशोक प्रियदर्शन। वीतशोक भयाबाधं कचित् लं दृष्टवान् नृपं ॥१०४॥ नलं नामारिमर्दनं दमयन्याः प्रियं पति। निषधानाम् अधिपतिं दृष्टवान् असि मे प्रियं ॥१०५॥ एकवस्त्रार्धसंवीतं सुकुमारतनुत्वचं। व्यसनेनार्दितं वीरम् अरएयम् इदम् आगतं ॥ १०६॥ यथा विशोका गच्छेयम् अशोकनग तत् कुरु। सत्यनामा भवाशोक अशोकः शोकनाशनः ॥१०९॥ एवं साऽशोकवृक्षं तम् आर्ता वै परिगम्य ह। जगाम दारु तरं देशं भेमी वराङ्गना ॥ १०७॥ सा ददर्श नगान् नैकान् नैकाश्व सरितस् तथा। नैकांश्व पर्वतान् रम्यान् नैकांश्व मृगपिक्षणः ॥ १००॥ कन्दरांश्व नितम्बांश्व नदीश्वाद्गतदर्शनाः। ददर्श सा भीमसुता पतिम् अन्वेषती तदा ॥११०॥ गता प्रकृष्टम् अध्वानं दमयन्ती युचिस्मिता। द्दर्शाय महासार्थे हस्त्यश्वरयसङ्कलं ॥ १९९॥

Where that pure and pleasant river, haunted by the dipping birds?

Where those trees with grateful umbrage, with their pendant fruits and flowers?

Long within her heart she pondered, Damayantí with sweet smile,

For her lord, to grief abandoned, miserable, pale of hue;

To another region passed she, there with voice by weeping choked

Mourns she, till with eyes o'erflowing an Aśoka tree she saw.

Best of trees, the Aśoka blooming, in the forest she approached,

Gemmed all o'er with glowing fruitage, vocal with the songs of birds.

'Ah, behold, amid the forest flourishes this happy tree, With its leafy garlands radiant as the joyous mountain-king. O thou tree with pleasant aspect from my sorrow set me free! Vítasoka, hast thou seen him, hast the fearless Rája seen, Nala, of his foes the slayer, Damayanti's lord beloved? Hast thou seen Nishadha's monarch, hast thou seen mine only love, Clad in half a single garment, delicate and soft of skin? Hast thou seen th'afflicted hero wandering in this forest lone? That I may depart ungrieving, fair Aśoka, answer me. Truly be thou named Aśoka, as the extinguisher of grief.' Thus in her o'erpowering anguish moved she round the Aśoka tree. Then she went her way in sadness to a region still more dread. Many a tree she stood and gazed on, many a river passed she o'er; Passed she many a pleasant mountain, many a wild deer, many a bird; Many a hill and many a cavern, many a bright and wondrous stream, Saw king Bhíma's wandering daughter as she sought her husband lost. . Long she roamed her weary journey, Damayantí with sweet smile;

Lo, a caravan of merchants, elephants, and steeds, and cars,

उत्तरनां नदीं रम्यां प्रसन्तसिललां शुभां। मुशानातीयां विस्तीर्णां हृदिनीं वेतसैर् वृतां ॥ ११२॥ प्रोह्यप्टां क्रीञ्चकुररेश चक्रवाकोपकूजितां। कूर्मयाहभ्रषाकीणीं पुलिन बीपशीभितां ॥ ११३॥ सा दृष्ट्वेव महासार्थं नलपत्नी यशस्विनी। उपसर्पं वरारोहा जनमध्यं विवेश ह ॥ ११४॥ उन्मत्रह्मा शोकाती तथा वस्त्रार्धसंवृता। कृशा विवर्णा मिलना पांशुध्वस्तशिरीरहा ॥ ११५॥ तां दृष्ट्वा तच मनुजाः केचिद् भीताः प्रदुदूवुः। केचिच् चिन्तापरास् तस्युः केचित् तच प्रचुकुशुः ॥ ११६॥ प्रहसन्ति स्म तां केचिद् अभ्यसूयन्ति चापरे। अकुर्वत दयां केचित् पप्रच्छुश्वापि भारत ॥११७॥ काऽसि कस्यासि कल्याणि किं वा मृगयसे वने। लां दृष्ट्वा व्यथिताः स्मेह कचित् तम् असि मानुषी ॥ ११८॥ वद सत्यं वनस्यास्य पर्वतस्याथवा दिशः। देवता लं हि कल्याणि लां वयं शरणं गताः ॥ ११९॥ यश्ची वा राश्चमी वा तम् उताहोऽसि मुराङ्गना। सर्वथा कुरु नः स्वस्ति रक्ष चास्मान् अनिन्दिते ॥ १२०॥ यथाऽयं सर्वथा सार्थः श्लेमी शीघ्रम् इती वजेत्। तथा विधत्स्व कल्याणि यथा श्रेयो हि नो भवेत्॥ १२१॥ तथोक्ता तेन सार्थेन दमयन्ती नृपात्मजा। प्रत्युवाच ततः साध्वी भर्तृव्यसनपीडिता ॥१२२॥ सार्थवाहञ्च सार्थञ्च जना ये तच केचन। युवस्थविरवालाश्व सार्थस्य च पुरोगमाः ॥१२३॥ मानुषीं मां विजानीत मनुजाधिपतेः सुतां। नृपसुषां राजभायां भर्तृदर्शनलालसां ॥ १२४॥

Passing o'er a pleasant river, with its waters cool and clear.

'Twas a still stream broad and waveless, girt about with spreading canes; There the curlew, there the osprey, there the red-geese clamouring stood;

Swarmed the turtles, fish and serpents, there rose many a shoal and isle.

When she saw that numerous concourse, Nala's once all-glorious wife, Entered she, the slender-waisted, in the midst of all the host; Maniac-like in form and feature, and in half a garment clad, Thin and pallid, travel-tainted, matted all her locks with dust. As they all beheld her standing some in terror fled away; Some stood still in speechless wonder, others raised their voice and cried; Mocked her some with cruel tauntings, others spake reproachful words; Others looked on her with pity, and enquired her state, her name. 'Who art thou? whose daughter, Lady, in the forest seek'st thou aught? At thy sight we stand confounded, art thou of our mortal race? Of this wood art thou the goddess? of this mountain? of that plain? Who art thou, O noble lady, thee, our refuge, we adore. Art thou sylvan nymph or genius, or celestial nymph divine? Every way regard our welfare, and protect us, undespised: So our caravan in safety may pursue its onward way, So ordain it, O illustrious! that good fortune wait on all.' Thus addressed by that assemblage, Damayantí, kingly-born, Answered thus with gentle language, grieving for her husband lost. Of that caravan the leader, and the whole assembled host, Youths and boys, and grey-haired elders, and the guides, thus answered she: 'Know me, like yourselves, a mortal, daughter of a king of men,

Of another king the consort seeking for my royal lord;

विदर्भराइ मम पिता भर्ता राजा च नैषधः।
नलो नाम महाभागस् तम् मार्गाम्यपराजितं ॥ १२५॥
यदि जानीय नृपितं स्त्रिप्रं शंसत मे प्रियं।
नलं पुरुषशार्दूलम् अमिनगणसूदनं ॥ १२६॥
ताम् उवाचानवद्याङ्गीं सार्थस्य महतः प्रभुः।
सार्थवाहः शुचिर् नाम शृणु कल्याणि महचः॥ १२९॥
अहं सार्थस्य नेता वै सार्थवाहः शुचिस्मिते।
मनुष्यं नलनामानं न पश्यामि यशस्विनि ॥ १२९॥
कुझरहीपिमहिषशार्दूलर्क्षमृगान् अपि।
पश्याम्यस्मिन् वने कृत्से ह्यमनुष्यनिषेविते ॥ १२९॥
कृते त्वां मानुषीं मत्यें न पश्यामि महावने।
तथा नो यस्रराइ अद्य मिण्भद्रः प्रसीदतु ॥ १३०॥
साऽववीद् विण्जः सर्वान् सार्थवाहच्च तं ततः।
क नु यास्यित सार्थोऽयम् एतद् आख्यातुम् अर्हिस ॥ १३१॥

सार्थवाह उवाच । सार्थोऽयं चेदिराजस्य सुबाहोः सत्यदर्शिनः । ह्यिप्रं जनपदं गना लाभाय मनुजात्मजे ॥१३२॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्याने द्वादशः सर्गः ॥ १२॥

Know, Vidarbha's king, my father, and Nishadha's king, my lord,
Nala, is his name, the glorious, him, th' unconquered, do I seek.

Know ye aught of that good monarch, tell me, quick, of my beloved,
Of the tiger hero, Nala, slayer of a host of foes.'

Of the caravan the captain thus the lovely-limbed addressed,
S'uéi was his name, the merchant: 'Hear, illustrious queen, my speech;
Of this caravan the captain I, O Lady with sweet smile,
Him that bears the name of Nala nowhere have these eyes beheld.
Elephants, and pards, and tigers, lynxes, buffalos, and bears,
See I in this trackless forest, uninhabited by men;
Save thyself, of human feature, nought of human form, I've seen.
So may he, the king of Yakshas, Manibhadra, guard us well.'
To the merchants all she answered, to the leader of the host:
'Tell me whither do ye travel? whither bound your caravan?'

THE CAPTAIN OF THE CARAVAN spake:

'To the realm of Cedi's sovereign, truth-discerning Subáhu,
Soon this caravan will enter, travelling in search of gain.'

END OF BOOK XII.

# वृहदश्व उवाच।

सा तच् छूलानवद्याङ्गी सार्थवाहवचस् तदा। जगाम सह तेनेव सार्थेन पतिलालसा ॥१॥ अय काले बहुतिये वने महति दारुणे। तडागं सर्वतोभद्रं पद्मसौगन्धिकं महत्॥२॥ दृदृशुर् बिणजो रम्यं प्रभूतयवसेन्धनं। बहुपुष्पफलोपेतं नानापश्चिनिषेवितं ॥३॥ निर्मलस्वादुसलिलं मनोहारि सुशीतलं। मुपरिश्रान्तवाहास् ते निवेशाय मनो द्धुः ॥४॥ सम्मते सार्थवाहस्य विविशुर् वनम् उत्तमं। उवास सार्थः स महान् वेलाम् आसाद्य पश्चिमां ॥५॥ अयार्धरात्रसमये निःशन्दिस्तिमिते तदा। सुप्ते सार्थे परिश्रानो हस्तियूथम् उपागमत् ॥६॥ पानीयार्थं गिरिनदीं मदप्रस्वणाविलां। अयापश्यत सार्थं तं सार्थजान् सुबहून् गजान् ॥९॥ ते तान् याम्यगजान् दृष्ट्वा सर्वे वनगजास् तदा। समाद्रवना वेगेन जिघांसन्ती मदोत्कटाः ॥ ७॥ तेषाम् आपततां वेगः करिणां दुःसहीऽभवत्। नगायाद् इव शीर्णानां शृङ्गाणां पततां सितौ ॥ ०॥ स्यन्दताम् अपि नागानां मार्गा नष्टा वनोज्जवैः। मार्गे संस्थ्य संसुप्तं पद्मिन्याः सार्थम् उत्तमं ॥१०॥ ते तं ममर्दुः सहसा चेष्टमानं महीतले। हाहाकारम् प्रमुखनाः सार्थिकाः शरणार्थिनः ॥ ११॥

#### VRIHADASVA spake:

This the lovely princess hearing from the captain of the band,
With the caravan set forward, seeking still her royal lord.

Long their journey through the forest, through the dark and awful glens.

Then a lake of loveliest beauty, fragrant with the lotus flowers,

Saw those merchants, wide and pleasant, with fresh grass and fuel rich;

Flowers and fruits bedecked its borders where the birds melodious sang:

In its clear delicious waters, soul-enchanting, icy cool,

With their beasts all overwearied, thought they then to plunge and bathe.

At the signal of the captain entered all that pleasant grove.

At the close of day arriving there encamped they for the night.

When the midnight came, all noiseless came in silence deep and still,

Weary slept the band of merchants, lo, a herd of elephants,

Oozing moisture from their temples, came to drink the troubled stream.

When that caravan they gazed on, with their slumbering beasts at rest,

The tame elephants they scented, those wild forest-elephants;

Forward rush they fleet and furious, mad to slay, and wild with heat;

Irresistible the onset of the rushing ponderous brutes,

As the peaks from some high mountain down the valley thundering roll.

Strewn was all the way before them with the boughs, the trunks of trees;

On they rushed to where the travellers slumbered by the lotus-lake.

Trampled down and vainly struggling, helpless on the earth they lay.

'Woe, oh, woe!' shrieked out the merchants, wildly some began to fly,

वनगुल्मांश्व धावनो निद्रान्धा बहवीऽभवन्। केचिद् दन्तैः करैः केचित् केचित् पद्मां हता गजैः ॥ १२॥ निहतीष्ट्राश्च बहुलाः पदातिजनसङ्कलाः। भयाद् आधावमानाश्व परस्परहतास् तदा ॥१३॥ घोरान् नादान् विमुज्जनो निपेतुर् धरणीतले। वृक्षेष्वारुह्य संरब्धाः पतिता विषमेषु च ॥ १४॥ एवम् प्रकारेर् बहुभिर् दैवेनाक्रम्य हिस्तिभिः। राजन् विनिहतं सर्वे समृद्धं सार्थमग्डलं ॥१५॥ आरावः सुमहांश्वासीत् चैलोक्यभयकारकः। एषोऽग्निर् उत्थितः कष्टम् नायध्वं धावताधुना ॥१६॥ रत्नराशिर् विशीर्गोऽयं गृह्णीध्वं किं प्रधावय। सामान्यम् एतद् द्रविणं न मिथ्यावचनं मम ॥ १९॥ एवम् एवाभिभाषनो विद्रवन्ति भयात् तदा। पुनर् एवाभिधास्यामि चिन्तयध्वं सकातराः ॥ १६॥ तस्मिंस् तथा वर्तमाने दारुणे जनसङ्खये। दमयन्ती च बुबुधे भयसन्त्रस्तमानसा ॥ १९॥ अपरयद् वैशसं तच सर्वलोकभयङ्करं। अदृष्टपूर्वे तद् दृष्ट्वा बाला पद्मनिभेक्षणा ॥२०॥ संसक्तवदनाश्वासा उत्तस्यो भयविद्वला। ये तु तच विनिर्मुक्ताः सार्थात् केचिद् अविक्षताः ॥२१॥ तेऽब्रुवन् सहिताः सर्वे कस्येदं कर्मणः फलं। नूनं न पूजितोऽस्माभिर् मिणभद्रो महायशाः ॥२२॥ तथा यहाधिपः श्रीमान् न वै वैश्रवणः प्रभुः। न पूजा विञ्चकर्तृगाम् अथवा प्रथमं कृता ॥२३॥ शकुनानां फलं वाऽच विपरीतम् इदं ध्रुवं। यहा न विपरीतास्तु किम् अन्यद् इदम् आगतं ॥२४॥

In the forest-thickets plunging; some stood gasping, blind with sleep; And the elephants down beat them with their tusks, their trunks, their feet. Many saw their camels dying, mingled with the men on foot, And in frantic tumult rushing wildly struck each other down; Many miserably shrieking cast them down upon the earth, Many climbed the trees in terror, on the rough ground stumbled some. Thus in various wise and fatal, by the elephants assailed, Lay that caravan so wealthy, scattered all abroad or slain. Such, so fearful was the tumult, the three worlds seemed all appalled: ''Tis a fire amid the encampment, save ye, fly ye, for your lives. Lo, your precious pearls ye scatter, take them up, why fly so fast? Save them, 'tis a common venture, fear ye not that I deceive.' Thus t' each other shrieked the merchants as in fear they scattered round. 'Yet again I call upon you, cowards! think ye what ye do.' All around this frantic carnage raging through the prostrate host, Damayantí, soon awakened, with her heart all full of dread; There she saw a hideous slaughter, the whole world might well appal. To such sights all unfamiliar gazed the queen with lotus-eyes, Pressing in her breath with terror slowly rose she on her feet. And the few that scaped the carnage, few that scaped without a wound, All at once exclaimed together: 'Of whose deeds is this the doom? Hath not mighty Manibhadra adoration meet received? And Vaiśravana the holy, of the Yakshas lord and king, Have not all that might impede us, ere we journied, been addressed? Was it doomed, that all good omens by this chance should be belied? Were no planets haply adverse? how hath fate, like this, befall'n!'

अपरे तब्रुवन् दीना ज्ञातिद्रव्यविनाकृताः। याऽसावद्य महासार्थे नारी ह्युन्मत्तदर्शना ॥२५॥ प्रविष्टा विकृताकारा कृता रूपम् अमानुषं। तयेयं विहिता पूर्वे माया परमदाह्णा ॥२६॥ राष्ट्रसी वा ध्रुवं यह्यी पिशाची वा भयङ्करी। तस्याः सर्वम् इदं पापं नाच कार्या विचारणा ॥२९॥ यदि पश्येम तां पापां सार्थभ्रीं नैकदुः खदां। लीष्टिभिः पांशुभिश्वेव तृर्गैः काष्टेश्व मुप्टिभिः ॥२८॥ अवश्यमेव हन्याम सार्थस्य किल कृत्यकां। दमयनी तु तच् छुता वाक्यं तेषां मुदारुणं ॥ २९॥ हीता भीता च संविद्या प्राद्रवद् यच काननं। आशङ्कमाना तत् पापम् आत्मानं पर्यदेवयत् ॥३०॥ अही ममीपरि विधेः संरम्भी दारुणी महान्। नानुबधाति कुशलं कस्येदं कर्मणः फलं ॥३१॥ न स्मराम्यशुभं किञ्चित् कृतं कस्यचिद् अखिप। कर्मणा मनसा वाचा कस्येदं कर्मणः फलं ॥३२॥ नूनं जन्मान्तरकृतं पापम् आपतितं महत्। अपश्विमाम् इमां कष्टाम् आपदं प्राप्तवत्यहं ॥३३॥ भर्तृराज्यापहरणं स्वजनाच पराजयः। भर्चा सह वियोगश्व तनयाभ्याञ्च विच्युतिः ॥३४॥ निर्नायता वने वासो बहुव्यालनिषेविते। अयापरेद्युः सम्प्राप्ते हतिशिष्टा जनास् तदा ॥३५॥ देशात् तस्माद् विनिष्क्रम्य शोचन्ते वैशसं कृतं। भातरं पितरं पुचं सखायचं नराधिप ॥३६॥ अशोचत् तच वैदर्भी किं नु मे दुष्कृतं कृतं। योऽपि मे निर्जनेऽराये सम्प्राप्तोऽयं जनार्णवः ॥३९॥

Others answered in their misery, reft of kindred and of wealth, 'Who is that ill-omened woman, that with maniac-staring eyes, Joined our host, mis-shaped in aspect, and with scarcely human form? Surely all this wicked witchcraft by her evil power is wrought; Witch or sorceress she, or demon, fatal cause of all our fears, Hers is all the guilt, the misery, who such damning proof may doubt? Could we but behold that false one, murderess, bane of all our host, With the clods, the dust, the bamboos, with our staves, or with our fists, We would slay her on the instant, of our caravan the fate.' But no sooner Damayantí their appalling words had heard, In her shame and in her terror to the forest shade she fled. And that guilt imputed dreading thus her fate began to wail: 'Woe is me, still o'er me hovers the terrific wrath of fate; No good fortune e'er attends me, of what guilt is this the doom? Not a sin can I remember, not the least to living man. Or in deed, or thought, or language, of what guilt is this the doom? In some former life committed expiate I now the sin; To this infinite misfortune hence by penal justice doomed. Lost my husband, lost my kingdom, from my kindred separate; Separate from noble Nala, from my children far away, Widowed of my rightful guardian, in the serpent-haunted wood.' Of that caravan at morning then the sad surviving few, Setting forth from that dread region, o'er that hideous carnage grieve; Each a brother mourns, or father, or a son, or dearest friend.

Still Vidarbha's princess uttered: 'What the sin that I have done?

Scarcely in this desert forest had I met this host of men,

स हती हस्तियूथेन मन्दभाग्याद् ममैव तत्। प्राप्तयं सुचिरं दुःखं नूनम् अद्यापि वै मया ॥३६॥ नाप्राप्तकाली मियते श्रुतं वृह्वानुशासनं। यद् नाहम् अद्य मृदिता हिस्तयूथेन दुःखिता ॥३९॥ न ह्यदैवं कृतं किञ्चिन् नराणाम् इह विद्यते। न च मे बालभावेऽपि किञ्चित् पापकृतं कृतं ॥४०॥ कर्मणा मनसा वाचा यद् इदं दुःखम् आगतं। मन्ये स्वयंवरकृते लोकपालाः समागताः ॥४१॥ प्रत्याख्याना मया तच नलस्यार्थाय देवताः। नूनं तेषां प्रभावेन वियोगं प्राप्तवत्यहम् ॥४२॥ एवमादीनि दुःखाती सा विलय वराङ्गना। प्रलापानि तदा तानि दमयन्ती पतिवता ॥४३॥ हतशेषेः सह तदा ब्रास्स शेर् वेदपारगैः। अगळ्द् राजशार्टूल चन्द्रलेखेव शारदी ॥४४॥ गळनी सा चिराद् बाला पुरम् आसादयद् महत्। सायाहे चेदिराजस्य सुवाहोः सत्यदर्शिनः ॥४५॥ अय वस्तार्धसंवीता प्रविवेश पुरोत्तमं। तां विद्वलां कृशां दीनां मुक्तकेशीम् अमार्जितां ॥४६॥ उन्मताम् इव गळनीं ददृशुः पुरवासिनः। प्रविशनों तु तां दृष्ट्वा चेदिराजपुरीं तदा ॥४७॥ अनुजग्मुस् तच बाला यामिपुचाः कुतूहलात्। सा तैः परिवृताऽगच्छत् समीपं राजवेशमनः ॥४৮॥ तां प्रासादगताऽपश्यद् राजमाता जनैर् वृतां। धानीम् उवाच गर्छेनाम् ञ्चानयेह ममान्तिनं ॥४०॥ जनेन क्रियते बाला दुःखिता शरणार्थिनी। तादृग् रूपञ्च पश्यामि विद्योतयति मे गृहं ॥ ५०॥

By the elephants they perish, this is through my luckless fate; A still lengthening life of sorrow I henceforth must sadly lead. Ere his destined day none dieth, this of aged seers the lore; Therefore am not I too trampled by this herd of furious beasts. Every deed of living mortal by o'er-ruling fate is done. Yet no sin have I committed, in my blameless infancy, To deserve this dire disaster, or in word, or deed, or thought. For the choosing of my husband are the guardians of the world, Angry are the gods? rejected for the noble Nala's sake, From my lord this long divorcement through their power do I endure.' Thus the noblest of all women to bewail her fate began, The deserted Damayantí, with these sad and bitter words. With some Veda-reading Bráhmans that survived that scattered host, Then she went her way in sadness, like the young autumnal moon. Wandering long, a mighty city that afflicted queen drew near: 'Twas the king of Cedi's city, truth-discerning Subáhu. Scantly clad in half a garment entered she that stately town. Her disturbed, emaciate, wretched, with dishevelled hair, unwashed, Like a maniac, onward-moving, saw that city's wondering throng. Gazing on her as she entered to the monarch's royal seat; All the city boys her footsteps followed in their curious play; Circled round by these she wandered near the royal palace-gate. From the lofty palace-terrace her the mother of the king Saw, and thus her nurse addressed she, 'Go, and lead that wanderer in! Sad she roves, without a refuge, troubled by those gazing men. Yet in form so bright, irradiate, is our palace where she moves;

उन्मत्तवेशा कल्याणी श्रीर् इवायतलोचना। सा जनं वारियला तं प्रासादतलम् उत्तमं ॥५१॥ आरोथ विस्मिता राजन् दमयनीम् अपृच्छत। एवमप्रमुखाविष्टा विभिष परमं वपुः ॥५२॥ भासि विद्युद् इवाभेषु शंस मे काऽसि कस्य वा। न हि ते मानुषं रूपं भूषणेर् ऋपि वर्जितं ॥ ५३॥ असहाया नरेभ्यश्व नोडिजस्यमरप्रभे। तच् छूता वचनं तस्या भेमी वचनम् अववीत् ॥ ५४॥ मानुषीं मां विजानीहि भर्तारं समनुव्रतां। सरन्धीं जातिसम्पन्नां भुजिषां कामवासिनीं ॥ ५५॥ फलमूलाशनाम् एकां यनसायम्प्रतिश्रयां। असङ्ख्रीयगुणी भर्ता माञ्च नित्यम् अनुव्रतः ॥५६॥ भक्ताऽहम् ऋपि तं वीरं छायेवानुगता पिषा। तस्य दैवात् प्रसङ्गोऽभूद् अतिमाचं स्म देवने ॥ ५७॥ द्यूते स निर्जितश्चेव वनम् एक उपेयिवान्। तम् एकवसनं वीरम् उन्मत्तम् इव विह्लं ॥ ५८॥ आश्वासयन्ती भतीरम् अहमयगमं वनं। स कदाचिद् वने वीरः किस्मिश्चित् कारणान्तरे ॥ ५०॥ श्चुत्परीतस्तु विमनास् तद्येकं व्यसर्जयत्। तम् एकवसना नग्नम् उन्मत्तवद् अचेतसं ॥६०॥ अनुवजनो बहुला न स्वपामि निशास् तदा। तती बहुतिये काले सुप्ताम् उत्मृज्य मां क्वचित् ॥६१॥ वाससोऽधं परिच्छिद्य त्यक्तवान् माम् अनागसं। तं मार्गमाणा भर्तारं दह्यमाना दिवानिशं ॥६२॥ साऽहं कमलगभीभम् अपश्यनी हृदि प्रियं। न विन्दाम्यमरप्रख्यं प्रियं प्राणेश्वरं प्रभुं ॥६३॥

Though so maniac-like, half-clothed, like Heaven's long-eyed queen she seems.'

Then the nurse those men dispersing, quickly to the palace-top

Made her mount, and in amazement her the mother-queen addressed:

'Thus though bowed and worn with sorrow such a shining form thou wear'st,

As through murky clouds the lightning; tell me who thou art and whose:

For thy form is more than human, of all ornament despoiled:

Men thou fear'st not, unattended, in celestial beauty safe.'

Hearing thus her gentle language Bhíma's daughter made reply: 'Know me like thyself a mortal, a distressed, devoted wife; Of illustrious race a handmaid, making where I will mine home; On the roots and wild-fruits feeding, lonely, at the fall of eve. Gifted with unnumber'd virtues is my true, my faithful lord, And I still the hero followed, like his shadow on the way. 'Twas his fate, with desp'rate fondness, to pursue the love of play, And in play subdued and ruined entered he you lonely wood. Him, arrayed in but one garment, like a madman wandering wild, To console my noble husband I too entered the deep wood. He within that dreary forest from some accidental cause, Wild with hunger, reft of reason, that one single robe he lost. I with but one robe, him naked, frantic, and with mind diseased, Following through the boundless forest, many a night I had not slept. Then, when I had sunk to slumber, me the blameless leaving there, Half my garment having severed, he his sinless consort fled. Seeking him, my outcast husband, day and night am I consumed: Him I see not, ever shining, like the lotus-cup, beloved; Find him not, most like th' immortals, lord of all, my life, my soul.'

ताम् अश्रुपरिपूर्णाक्षीं विलपनीं तथा बहु। राजमाताऽबवीद् आर्तां भैमीम् आर्ततरा स्वयं ॥६४॥ वसस्व मयि कल्याणि प्रीतिर् मे परमा त्वि। मृगयिष्यन्ति ते भद्रे भर्तारं पुरुषा मम ॥६५॥ अपि वा स्वयम् आगळेत् परिधावन् इतस्ततः। इहैव वसती भद्रे भर्तारम् उपलप्यसे ॥६६॥ राजमातुर् वचः श्रुता दमयन्ती वचोऽबवीत्। समयेनोत्सहे वस्तुं त्विय वीरप्रजायिनि ॥६१॥ उच्छिष्टं नैव भुझीयां न कुर्यां पादधावनं। न चाहं पुरुषान् अन्यान् प्रभाषेयं कथञ्चन ॥६८॥ प्रार्थयेद् यदि मां कश्चिद् दराझम् ते स पुमान् भवेत्। वध्यश्व तेऽसकृन् मन्द इति मे व्रतम् ञ्राहितं ॥६०॥ भर्तुर् अन्वेषणार्थना पश्येयं ब्रासणान् अहं। यद्य एवम् इह कर्तव्यं वत्याम्यहमसंशयं ॥ ७०॥ अतोऽन्यथा न मे वासी वर्तते हृद्ये क्वचित्। तां प्रहृष्टेन मनसा राजमातेदमब्रवीत् ॥ ७१॥ सर्वम् एतत् करिषामि दिख्या ते वतम् ईदृशं। एवम् उक्का तती भैमीं राजमाता विशाम्पते ॥ ७२॥ उवाचेदं दुहितरं सुनन्दां नाम भारत। सैरन्धीम् अभिजानीष सुनन्दे देवरूपिणीं ॥ ७३॥ वयसा तुल्यतां प्राप्ता सखी तव भवतियं। एतया सह मोदस्व निरुद्धियमनाः सदा ॥ 98 ॥ ततः परमसंहष्टा सुनन्दा गृहम् आगमत्। दमयन्तीम् उपादाय सखीिभः परिवारिता ॥ ७५॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्याने चयीदशः सर्गः ॥१३॥

Even as thus, with eyes o'erflowing, uttered she her sad lament, Sad herself, sad Bhima's daughter did the mother-queen address: 'Dwell with me, then, noble Lady, deep the joy in thee I feel, And the servants of my household shall thy royal husband seek. Haply hither he may wander as he roams about the world; Dwelling here in peace and honour thou thy husband wilt rejoin. To the king of Cedi's mother Damayantí made reply: 'On these terms will I live with thee, mother of heroic sons-That I eat not broken victuals, wash not feet with menial hand; Nor with stranger men have converse, in my chaste, secluded state. If that any man demand me, be he punished; if again, Death-doomed be the wretch on th' instant, this the vow that I have sworn. Only, if they seek my husband, holy Bráhmans will I see. Be my terms by thee accepted, gladly will I sojourn here, But on other terms no sojourn will this heart resolved admit.' Then to her with joyful spirit spake the mother of the king: 'As thou wilt shall all be ordered, be thou blest, since such thy vow.' Speaking thus to Bhíma's daughter did the royal mother then In these words address her daughter, young Sunandá was her name: 'See this handmaid, my Sunandá, gifted with a form divine; She in age thy lovely compeer, be she to thee as a friend; Joined with her in sweet communion, take thy pleasure without fear.' Young Sunandá, all rejoicing, to her own abode went back,

END OF BOOK XIII.

Taking with her Damayantí, circled with her virgin peers.

### वृहद्श्व उवाच।

उत्मृज्य दमयन्तीं तु नली राजा विशाम्पते। ददर्श दावं दह्यनां महानां गहने वने ॥१॥ तच गुश्राव गन्दं वे मध्ये भूतस्य कस्यचित्। अभिधाव नलेत्युचैः पुर्ययक्षीकेति चासकृत्॥२॥ मा भैर् इति नलश्वोत्का मध्यम् अग्नेः प्रविश्य तं। ददर्भ नागराजानं शयानं कुगडलीकृतं ॥३॥ स नागः प्राञ्जलिर् भूता वेपमानी नलं तदा। उवाच मां विडि राजन् नागं कर्कोटकं नृप ॥४॥ मया प्रलब्धी महर्षिर् नारदः स महातपाः। तेन मन्युपरीतेन शशीऽस्मि मनुजाधिप ॥ ॥॥ तिष्ठ तं स्थावर इव यावद् एव नलः क्वित्। इतो नेता हि तच लं शापाद् मोस्यसि मलृतात् ॥६॥ तस्य शापाद् न शक्तोऽस्मि पदाद् विचलितुं पदं। उपदेख्यामि ते श्रेयस् चातुम् अर्हति मां भवान् ॥९॥ सखा च ते भविषामि मत्समी नास्ति पन्नगः। लघुश्व ते भविषामि शीघ्रम् आदाय गच्छ मां ॥ ७॥ एवम् उक्का स नागेन्द्रो बभूवाङ्गुष्ठमाचकः। तं गृहीता नलः प्रायाद् देशं दावविवर्जितं ॥ ९॥ आकाशदेशम् आसाद्य विमुक्तं कृष्णवर्तमना। उत्म्रष्टुकामं तं नागः पुनः कर्कोटकोऽत्रवीत् ॥ १०॥ पदानि गणयन् गच्छ स्वानि नैषध कानिचित्। तच तेऽहं महाबाही श्रेयी धास्यामि यत् परं ॥ ११॥

#### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

DAMAYANTÍ when deserting royal Nala fled, ere long Blazing in the forest jungle he a mighty fire beheld; Thence, as of a living being, from the midst a voice he heard: 'Hasten, Nala!' oft and loudly, 'Punyaśloka, haste,' it cried. 'Fear thou not,' king Nala answered, plunging in the ruddy flame; There he saw the King of Serpents lying, coiled into a ring. There with folded hands the Serpent trembling, thus to Nala spake: 'Me, Karkotaka, the Serpent know, thou sovereign of men; Nárada, the famous hermit, I deceived, the holy sage; He in righteous indignation smote me with this awful curse: Stay thou there as one unmoving till king Nala passing by Lead thee hence; save only Nala, none can free thee from this curse. Through this potent execration I no step have power to move; I the way to bliss will show thee, if thou sav'st me from this fate. I will show thee noble friendship, Serpent none is like to me; Lightly shall I weigh, uplift me in thy hand, with speed, O king.' Thus when spake the King of Serpents to a finger's size he shrank; Him when Nala lightly lifted to the unburning space he passed. To the air all cool and temperate brought him, by the flame unreached, As he fain on th' earth would place him, thus Karkotaka began: 'Move thou now, O king, and slowly, as thou movest, count thy steps. Then the best of all good fortune will I give thee, mighty armed!'

ततः सङ्घातुम् आरब्धम् अदशद् दशमे पदे। तस्य दष्टस्य तदूपं क्षिप्रम् अन्तरधीयत ॥ १२॥ स दृष्ट्वा विस्मितस् तस्थाव् आत्मानं विकृतं नलः। स्वरूपधारिणं नागं ददर्श च महीपतिः ॥ १३॥ ततः कर्कोटको नागः सान्वयन् नलम् अववीत्। मया तेऽनाहितं रूपं न त्वां विद्युर् जना इति ॥ १४॥ यत्कृते चासि निकृतो दुः खेन महता नल। विषेण स मदीयेन त्विय दुः खं निवत्स्यति ॥ १५॥ विषेण संवृतीर् गाचेर् यावत् लां न विमो स्यति। तावत् त्विय महाराज दुः खं वे स निवत्स्यति ॥ १६॥ अनागा येन निकृतस् त्वम् अनहीं जनाधिप। क्रीधाद् असूयित्वा तं रह्या मे भवतः कृता ॥ १९॥ न ते भयं नरव्याघ्र दंष्ट्रिभ्यः शनुतोऽपि वा। ब्रह्मिषेभ्यश्व भविता मत्प्रसादाद् नराधिप ॥ १६॥ राजन् विषनिमित्रा च न ते पीडा भविषाति। सङ्ग्रामेषु च राजेन्द्र शश्वज् जयम् अवाप्त्यसि ॥१९॥ गच्छ राजन् इतः सूतो वाहुकोऽहम् इति बुवन्। समीपम् ऋतुपर्णस्य स हि वेदा ह्य नेपुर्णं ॥२०॥ अयोध्यां नगरीं रम्याम् अद्य वै निषधेश्वर। स तेऽ सहदयं दाता राजाश्वहदयेन वै॥ २१॥ इस्वाकुकुलजः श्रीमान् मिचचेव भविषाति। भविषमि यदाऽ ख्रुद्धः श्रेयसा यो ख्यसे तदा ॥ २२॥ समेष्यसि च दारैस् तं मास्म शोके मनः कृषाः। राज्येन तनयाभ्याच्च सत्यम् एतद् ब्रवीमि ते ॥२३॥ स्वरूपञ्च यदा द्रष्टुम् इच्छे थाम् नं नराधिप। संस्मर्तव्यस् तदा तेऽहं वासश्चेदं निवासयेः ॥ २४॥

Ere the tenth step he had counted, him the sudden Serpent bit: As he bit him, on the instant all his kingly form was changed. There he stood and gazed in wonder, Nala, on his altered form. In his proper shape the Serpent saw the sovereign of men. Then Karkotaka the Serpent thus to Nala comfort spake: 'Through my power thy form is altered, lest thou should'st be known of men. He through whom thou'rt thus afflicted, Nala, with intensest grief, Through my poison, shall in anguish ever dwell within thy soul. All his body steeped in poison till he free thee from thy woe, Shall he dwell within thee prison'd in the ecstacy of pain. So from him, by whom, thou blameless! sufferest such unworthy wrong, By the curse I lay upon him thy deliverance shall be wrought. Fear not thou the tusked wild boar, foeman fear not thou, O king, Neither Bráhman fear, nor Sages, safe through my prevailing power. King, this salutary poison gives to thee nor grief nor pain; In the battle, chief of Rájas, victory is ever thine. Go thou forth, thyself thus naming, 'Váhuka, the charioteer,' To the royal Rituparna, in the dice all-skilful he; To Ayodhyá's pleasant city, sovereign of Nishadha! go; He his skill in dice will give thee for thy skill in taming steeds: Of Ikshváku's noble lineage he will be thy best of friends. Thou the skill in dice possessing soon wilt rise again to bliss; With thy consort reunited yield not up thy soul to grief. Thou thy kingdom, thou thy children wilt regain, the truth I speak. When again thou would'st behold thee in thy proper form, O king, Summon me to thy remembrance, and this garment put thou on:

अनेन वाससान्छनः स्वरूपं प्रतिपत्यसे। इत्युक्ता प्रदरी तस्मै दिव्यं वासीयुगं तदा॥२५॥ एवं नलज्व सन्दिश्य वासी दल्ला च कीरव। नागराजस् तती राजंस् तचैवान्तरधीयत॥२६॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्याने चतुर्दशः सर्गः ॥ १४॥

वृहदश्व उवाच।
तिसम्ब अनिर्हिते नागे प्रययो नैषधी नलः।
ज्ञातुपर्णस्य नगरं प्राविशद् दशमेऽहिन ॥१॥
स राजानम् उपातिष्ठद् वाहुकीऽहम् इति ब्रुवन्।
अश्वानां वाहने युक्तः पृथिव्यां नास्ति मस्तमः॥२॥
अर्थकृष्कुषु चैवाहं प्रष्टव्यो नैपुणेषु च।

अन्नसंस्कारम् अपि च जानाम्यन्येर् विशेषतः ॥३॥ यानि शिल्पानि लोकेऽस्मिन् यच्चैवान्यत् सुदुष्करं। सर्वे यतिष्ये तत् कर्तुम् ऋतुपर्णं भरस्व मां॥४॥

ऋतुपर्ण उवाच।

वस वाहुक भद्रं ते सर्वम् एतत् करिष्यसि।
शीघ्रयाने सदा वृड्डिर् ध्रियते मे विशेषतः॥५॥
स तम् श्रातिष्ठ योगं तं येन शीघा हया मम।
भवेयुर् श्रश्वाध्यक्षोऽसि वेतनं ते शतं शताः॥६॥
ताम् उपस्थास्यतश्चिव नित्यं वार्ण्यजीवली।
एताभ्यां रंस्यसे सार्धे वस वै मिय वाहुक ॥९॥
एवम् उक्ती नलस् तेन त्यवसत् तच पूजितः।
ऋतुपर्णस्य नगरे सहवार्ण्यजीवलः॥६॥

In this garment clad resum'st thou instantly thy proper form.'
Saying thus, of vests celestial gave he to the king a pair.
And king Nala, thus instructed, gifted with these magic robes,
Instantly the King of Serpents vanished from his sight away.

END OF BOOK XIV.

#### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

Vanished thus the King of Serpents set Nishadha's Rája forth,
Rituparna's royal city on the tenth day entered he.

Straight before the royal presence, 'Váhuka am I,' he said,
'In the skill of taming horses on the earth is not my peer;

Use me, where the arduous counsel, where thou want'st the dexterous hand;
In the art of dressing viands I am skilful above all.

Whatsoe'er the art, whatever be most difficult to do,
I will strive to execute it, take me to thy service, king.'

#### RITUPARNA spake:

'Váhuka, I bid thee welcome, all this service shalt thou do,
On my horses' rapid motion deeply is my mind engaged.

Take thou then on thee the office, that my steeds be fleet of foot,
Of my horse be thou the master, hundred hundreds is thy pay:

Ever shalt thou have for comrades Várshneya and Jívala:

With these two pursue thy pleasure, Váhuka, abide with me.'
Thus addressed, did Nala, honoured by king Rituparna long,
With Várshneya in that city and with Jívala abide:

स वै तचावसद् राजा वैदर्भीम् अनुचिन्तयन्। सायं सायं सदा चेमं छोकम् एकं जगाद ह ॥ ९॥ क नु सा शुत्पिपासाती श्रान्ता शेते तपस्विनी। स्मरनी तस्य मन्दस्य कं वा साऽद्योपतिष्ठति ॥ १०॥ एवं बुवनां राजानं निशायां जीवलीऽब्रवीत्॥११॥ काम् इमां शोचसे नित्यं श्रोतुम् इच्छामि वाहुक। आयुष्मन् कस्य वा नारी याम् एवम् अनुशोचिस ॥ १२॥ तम् उवाच नली राजा मन्दप्रज्ञस्य कस्यचित्। आसीद् बहुमता नारी तस्यादृढतरं वचः ॥१३॥ स वै केनचिंद् अर्थेन तया मन्दो व्ययुज्यत। विप्रयुक्तः स मन्दात्मा भ्रमत्यसुखपीडितः ॥ १४॥ दह्ममानः स शोकेन दिवाराचम् अतन्द्रितः। निशाकाले स्मरंस् तस्याः श्लोकम् एकं स्म गायति ॥१५॥ स विभ्रमन् महीं सवीं क्वचिद् आसाद्य किञ्चन। वसत्यनहेस् तद्वः खं भूय एवानुसंस्मरन् ॥१६॥ सा तु तं पुरुषं नारी कृच्छ्रेऽप्यनुगता वने। त्यक्ता तेनाल्पपुरायेन दुष्करं यदि जीवति ॥१९॥ एका बालाऽनिभज्ञा च मार्गाणाम् अतथीचिता। श्रुत्पिपासापरीताङ्गी दुष्करं यदि जीवति ॥ १६॥ श्वापदाचरिते नित्यं वने महति दाह्णे। त्यक्ता तेनाल्पभाग्येन मन्दप्रज्ञेन मारिष ॥१९॥ इत्येवं नैषधी राजा दमयनीम् अनुस्मरन्। अज्ञातवासं न्यवसद् राज्ञस् तस्य निवेशने ॥२०॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्याने पञ्चदशः सर्गः॥ १५॥

There abode he, sadly thinking of Vidarbha's daughter still. In the evening, every evening uttered he this single verse; "Where is she, by thirst and hunger worn, and weary, pious still, Thinking of her unwise husband, in whose presence is she now?' Thus the Rája, ever speaking, Jívala one night addressed; Who is she, for whom thou grievest? Váhuka, I fain would hear. Who may be the lady's husband? tell me—length of days be thine!' Answered thus the royal Nala, 'To a man of sense bereft, Once belonged a peerless lady, most infirm of word was he; From some cause from her dissevered went that frantic man away, In his foolish soul thus parted wanders he, by sorrow racked; Day and night, and still for ever by his parching grief consumed: Nightly brooding o'er his sorrows sings he this sad single verse. O'er the whole wide earth a wanderer, chance-alighting in some place, Dwells that woful man, unworthy, ever wakeful with his grief. Him that noble lady following, in the forest lone and dread, Lives, of that bad man forsaken, hard it is to say, she lives! Lone, and young, the ways unknowing, undeserving of such fate, Pines she there with thirst and hunger, hard it is to say, she lives. In that vast and awful forest, haunted by fierce beasts of prey, Jivala, she roams forsaken by that hapless senseless lord.' Thus remembering Damayantí did Nishadha's king unknown Long within that dwelling sojourn, in the palace of the king.

END OF BOOK XV.

## वृहदश्व उवाच।

हृतराज्ये नले भीमः सभार्ये प्रेष्यतां गते। विजान् प्रस्थापयामास नलदर्शनकाङ्क्षया ॥१॥ सन्दिदेश च तान् भीमी वसु दल्ला च पुष्कलं। मृगयध्वं नलं यूयं दमयनाीच मे सुतां ॥२॥ अस्मिन् कर्मणि सम्पन्ने विज्ञाते निषधाधिपे। गवां सहस्रं दास्यामि यो वस् ताव् आनिययति ॥३॥ अयहारांश्व दास्यामि यामं नगरसिमातं। न चेच् छक्याव् इहानेतुं दमयन्ती नलोऽपि वा ॥४॥ ज्ञातमाचेऽपि दास्यामि गवां दश शतं धनं। इत्युक्तास् ते ययुर् हृष्टा ब्राह्मणाः सर्वतो दिशं ॥५॥ पुरराष्ट्राणि चिन्वन्तो नैषधं सह भार्यया। नैव क्वापि प्रपश्यन्ति नलं वा भीमपुचिकां ॥६॥ ततश् चेदिपुरीं रम्यां सुदेवी नाम वै हिजः। विचिन्वानीऽय वैदर्भीम् अपश्यद् राजवेश्मिन ॥ १॥ पुर्याहवाचने राज्ञः सुनन्दासहितां स्थितां। मन्दं प्रख्यायमानेन रूपेणाप्रतिमेन तां। निवडां धूमजालेन प्रभाम् इव विभावसीः ॥ ७॥ तां समीस्य विशालासीम् अधिकं मलिनां कृशां। तर्कयामास भैमीति कारणैर् उपपादयन् ॥ ९॥

# सुदेव उवाच।

यथेयं मे पुरा दृष्टा तथारूपेयम् अङ्गना । कृतार्थोऽस्यद्य दृष्ट्वेमां लोककान्नाम् इव श्रियं ॥ १०॥

#### VRIHADASVA spake:

NALA thus bereft of kingdom with his wife to slavery sunk, Forth king Bhima sent the Brahmans, Nala through the world to seek. Thus the royal Bhima charged them, with abundant wealth supplied:--'Go ye now and seek king Nala, Damayantí seek, my child: And, achieved this weighty business, found Nishadha's royal lord, Which of you shall hither bring them shall a thousand kine receive; And a royal grant for maintenance of a village like a town. If nor hither Damayantí nor king Nala may be brought, Know ye where they are, rich guerdon still we give, ten hundred kine.' Thus addressed, the joyful Bráhmans went to every clime of earth, Through the cities, through the kingdoms, seeking Nala and his queen: Nala, or king Bhíma's daughter, in no place might they behold. Then a Bráhman, named Sudeva, came to pleasant Ćedi-pur; There within the kingly palace he Vidarbha's daughter saw, Standing with the fair Sunandá, on a royal holiday. With her beauty once so peerless worthy now of little praise, Like the sun-light feebly shining through the dimness of a cloud. Gazing on the large-eyed princess, dull in look, and wasted still, Lo, he thought, king Bhíma's daughter, pondering thus within his mind.

#### SUDEVA spake:

E'en as once I wont to see her, such is yonder woman's form,
I my work have done, beholding, like the goddess world-adored,

पूर्णंचन्द्रनिभां श्यामां चारुवृत्तपयोधरां। कुर्वन्तीं प्रभया देवीं सर्वा वितिमिरा दिशः ॥ ११॥ चारुपद्मविशालाक्षों मन्मथस्य रतीम् इव। इष्टां समस्तलोकस्य पूर्णचन्द्रप्रभाम् इव ॥ १२॥ विदर्भसरसस् तस्माद् दैवदोषाद् इवोडृतां। मलपङ्गानुलिप्ताङ्गीं मृणालीम् इव चोडृतां ॥१३॥ पौर्णमासीम् इव निशां राहुयस्तनिशाकरां। पतिशोकाकुलां दीनां शुष्कस्रोतां नदीम् इव ॥ १४॥ विध्वस्तपर्णेकमलां विचासितविहङ्गमां। हिस्तिहस्तपरामृष्टां व्याकुलाम् इव पद्मिनीं ॥ १५॥ मुकुमारीं मुजाताङ्गीं रानगर्भगृहोचितां। दह्ममानाम् इवार्केण मृणालीम् इव चोडृतां ॥१६॥ रूपौदार्यगुणोपेतां मगडनाहीम् अमगिडतां। चन्द्रलेखाम् इव नवां व्योिष्म नोलाभसंवृतां ॥१९॥ कामभोगैः प्रियेर् हीनां हीनां बन्धुजनेन च। देहं धारयतीं दीनां भर्तृदर्शनकाङ्ख्या ॥ १६॥ भर्ता नाम परं नार्या भूषणं भूषणेर् विना। एषा हि रहिता तेन शोभमाना न शोभते ॥ १९॥ दुष्करं कुरुतेऽत्यनां हीनी यद् अनया नलः। धारयत्यात्मनी देहं न शोकेनावसीदित ॥२०॥ इमाम् असितकेशान्तां शतपवायतेक्ष्णां। मुखाहीं दुःखितां दृष्ट्वा ममापि व्यथते मनः ॥२१॥ कदा नु खलु दुः खस्य पारं यास्यति वै शुभा। भर्तुः समागमात् साध्वी रोहिग्गी शशिनो यथा ॥२२॥ अस्या नूनम् पुनर्लाभाद् नैषधः प्रोतिम् एषति। राजा राज्यपरिभ्रष्टः पुनर् लब्धा च मेदिनीं ॥२३॥

Like the full moon, darkly beauteous, with her fair and swelling breasts, Her, the queen, that with her brightness makes each clime devoid of gloom, With her lotus-eyes expanding, like Manmatha's queen divine; Like the moonlight in its fulness, the desire of all the world; From Vidarbha's pleasant waters her by cruel fate plucked up, Like a lotus-flower uprooted, with the mire and dirt around; Like the pallid night, when Ráhu swallows up the darkened moon; For her husband wan with sorrow, like a gentle stream dried up; Like a pool, where droops the lotus, whence the affrighted birds have fled, By the elephant's proboscis, in its quiet depths disturbed; Tender, soft-limbed, in a palace fit, of precious stones, to dwell; Like the lotus-stem, uprooted, parched and withered by the sun; Fair as generous, of adornment worthy, yet all unadorned, Like the young moon's slender crescent in the heavens by dark clouds veiled; Widowed now of all love's pleasures, of her noble kin despoiled, Wretched, bearing life, her husband in her hope again to see. To the unadorned, a husband is the chiefest ornament; Of her husband if forsaken she in splendour is not bright. Difficult must be the trial; does king Nala, reft of her, Still retain his wretched body, nor with sorrow pine away? Her with her dark flowing tresses, with her long and lotus-eyes, Worthy of all joy, thus joyless, as I see, my soul is wrung. To the furthest shore of sorrow when will pass this beauteous queen? To her husband reunited, as the moon's bride to the moon? Her recovering shall king Nala to his happiness return, King, albeit despoiled of kingdom, he his realm shall reassume;

तुल्यशीलवयोयुक्तां तुल्याभिजनसंवृतां।
नेषधोऽहीत वैद्भी तञ्चेयमसितेष्ठ्या ॥२४॥
युक्तं तस्याप्रमेयस्य वीर्यसह्मवतो मया।
समाश्वासयितुं भायां पितदर्शनलालसां॥२५॥
श्वहम् श्वाश्वासयाम्येनां पूर्णचन्द्रनिभाननां।
श्वदृष्टपूर्वां दुःखस्य दुःखातां ध्यानतत्परां॥२६॥

### वृहद्श्व उवाच।

एवं विमृश्य विविधेः कारणेर् लक्ष्णेश्व तां। उपागम्य ततो भेमीं सुदेवो ब्राह्मणोऽब्रवीत् ॥२०॥ अहं मुदेवी वैदर्भि भातुम् ते दियतः सखा। भीमस्य वचनाद् राज्ञम् लाम् अन्वेष्टुम् इहागतः ॥२६॥ कुशली ते पिता राज्ञि जननी भातरश्च ते। आयुषाना कुशलिनो तत्रस्यो दारको च तो ॥२०॥ लकृते बन्धुवर्गाश्व गतसत्वा इवासते। अन्वेष्टारी बाह्मणाश्व भ्रमिन शतशी महीं॥३०॥ अभिज्ञाय मुदेवं तं दमयन्ती युधिष्ठिर। पर्यपृच्छत तान् सर्वान् क्रमेण सुहृदः स्वकान् ॥३१॥ हरोद च भृशं राजन् वैदर्भी शोककर्षिता। दृष्ट्वा सुदेवं सहसा भातुर् इष्टं डिजोत्तमं ॥३२॥ ततो रुद्नों तां दृष्ट्वा सुनन्दा शोककितां। मुदेवेन सहैकानो कथयनीच भारत ॥३३॥ जनिचाः कथयामास सैरन्धी रोदितीति वै। ब्राह्मणेन समागम्य तां वेत्य यदि मन्यसे ॥३४॥ अय चेदिपतेर् माता राज्ञश्वानाः पुरात् तदा। जगाम यच सा बाला ब्राह्मणेन सहाभवत् ॥३५॥

In their age and virtues equal, equal in their noble race,

He alone of her is worthy, worthy she alone of him.

Me beseems it of that peerless, of that brave and prudent king,

To console the loyal consort, pining for her husband's sight.

Her will I address with comfort, with her moonlike glowing face;

Her with woe once unacquainted, woful now and lost in thought.

#### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

Thus when he had gazed and noted all her marks, her features well, To the daughter of king Bhíma thus the sage Sudeva spake: 'I am named Sudeva, lady, I, thy brother's chosen friend, By king Bhíma's royal mandate hither come in search of thee. Well thy sire, thy royal mother, well thy noble brethren fare, And well fare those little infants, well and happy are they both. For thy sake thy countless kindred sit as though of sense bereft: Seeking thee a hundred Bráhmans now are wandering o'er the earth.' She no sooner knew Sudeva, Damayantí, of her kin, Many a question asked in order, and of every friend beloved. And the daughter of Vidarbha freely wept, so sudden thus On Sudeva, best of Bráhmans, gazing, on her brother's friend. Her beheld the young Sunandá weeping, wasted with distress, As she thus her secret converse with the wise Sudeva held. Thus she spake unto her mother, 'Lo, how fast our handmaid weeps, Questioning the holy Bráhman, who she is, thou soon may'st know.' Forth the king of Cedi's mother from the inner chamber went, And she passed where with the Brahman that mysterious woman stood. ततः मुदेवम् आनाय्य राजमाता विशाम्पते।
पप्रच्छ भायां कस्येयं मृता वा कस्य भाविनी ॥३६॥
कथन्व भ्रष्टा ज्ञातिभ्यो भर्तुर् वा वामलोचना।
त्या च विदिता विप्र कथम् एवङ्गता सती ॥३९॥
एतद् इच्छाम्यहं श्रोतुं तक्तः सर्वम् अशेषतः।
तत्त्वेन हि ममाचस्व पृच्छन्या देवरूपिणीं॥३६॥
एवम् उक्तम् तया राजन् मुदेवो डिजसक्तमः।
मुखोपविष्ट आचष्टे दमयन्या यथातथं॥३९॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने षोडशः सर्गः ॥ १६॥

## सुदेव उवाच।

विदर्भराजी धर्मात्मा भीमो नाम महाद्युतिः।
सुतेयं तस्य कल्याणी दमयन्तीति विश्रुता॥१॥
राजा तु नैषधी नाम वीरसेनसुती नलः।
भार्येयं तस्य कल्याणी पुण्यश्चोकस्य धीमतः॥१॥
स द्यूते निर्जिती भाचा हतराज्यो महीपतिः।
दमयन्या गतः सार्धे न प्राज्ञायत किहिचित्॥३॥
ते वयं दमयन्यर्थे चरामः पृथिवीम् इमां।
सेयम् श्चासादिता बाला तव पुचनिवेशने॥४॥
श्चस्या रूपेण सदृशी मानुषी न हि विद्यते।
श्चस्या रूपेण सदृशी मानुषी न हि विद्यते।
श्चस्या रूपेण सदृशी मानुषी न हि विद्यते।
श्चर्यामायाः पद्मसङ्काशो लिख्नतोऽन्तर्हितो मया।
मलेन संवृतो ह्यस्याश इन्नोऽभ्रेणेव चन्द्रमाः॥६॥

Them the mother-queen Sudeva bade before her presence stand;
And she asked, 'Whose wife, whose daughter may this noble stranger be?
From her kindred how dissevered, from her husband, the soft-eyed?
Is she known to thee, O Bráhman, how to this sad state reduced?
This I fain would hear, and clearly, all her strange and wondrous tale.
Tell me all that hath befallen to this heaven-formed, plainly tell.'
Best of Bráhmans, thus Sudeva, by the mother-queen addressed,
All the truth of Damayantí, sitting at his ease, declared.

END OF BOOK XVI.

#### SUDEVA spake:

'In Vidarbha the just monarch, Bhíma, in his glory dwells.

Of that king is she the daughter, Damayantí is her name;

And the Rája of Nishadha, Nala, Vírasena's son,

Of that king is she the consort, Punyaśloka named, the Wise.

Him in play his brother worsted, spoiled of realm the king of earth.

He set forth with Damayantí, whither is unknown of men.

For the sake of Damayantí wander we about the earth;

Till I found you noble woman in the palace of your son.

Like to her of mortal women is there none, her beauty's peer;

In the midst, between her eyebrows, from her birth a lovely mole

Dark was seen, and like a lotus that hath vanished from my sight,

Covered over with defilement, like the moon behind a cloud.

चिह्नभूतो विभृत्यर्थम् अयं धात्रा विनिर्मितः।
प्रतिपत्कलुषस्येन्दोर् लेखा नातिविराजते ॥९॥
न चास्या नश्यते रूपं वपुर्मलसमाचितं।
असंस्कृतम् अपि व्यक्तं भाति काञ्चनसन्तिभं॥८॥
अनेन वपुषा बाला पिश्रुनाऽनेन सूचिता।
लक्षितेयं मया देवी निभृतोऽग्निर् इवोष्मणा॥९॥

## वृहदश्व उवाच।

तच् छूता वचनं तस्य मुदेवस्य विशाम्पते। मुनन्दा शोधयामास पिञ्जप्रच्छादनं मलं ॥१०॥ स मलेनापकृष्टेन पिष्ठुस् तस्या व्यरोचत। दमयन्यास् तदा व्यभ्रे नभसीव निशाकरः ॥ ११॥ पिघुं दृष्ट्वा सुनन्दा च राजमाता च भारत। रुदनयो तां परिष्वज्य मुहूर्तम् इव तस्यतुः ॥१२॥ उत्मृज्य वाष्पं शनके राजमातेदम् अववीत्। भगिन्या दुहिता मेऽसि पिष्ठुनाऽनेन सूचिता ॥१३॥ अहञ्च तव माता च राज्ञस् तस्य महात्मनः। मुते दशार्णाधिपतेः मुदासश चारुदर्शने ॥ १४॥ भीमस्य राज्ञः सा दत्ता वीरवाहीर् ऋहं पुनः। लं तु जाता मया दृष्टा दशार्णेषु पितुर् गृहे ॥१५॥ यथैव ते पितुर् गेहं तथैव मम भाविनि। यथैव च ममैश्वर्य दमयन्ति तथा तव ॥ १६॥ तां प्रहृष्टेन मनसा दमयन्ती विशाम्पते। प्रणम्य मातुर् भगिनीम् इदं वचनम् अववीत्॥१९॥ अज्ञायमानापि सती मुखम् अस्युषिता त्वि। सर्वकामैः सुविहिता रख्यमाणा सदा तया ॥ १६॥

This soft mole by Brahmá fashioned, sign of his creative power,

As at change the moon's thin crescent only dim and faintly gleams.

Yet her beauty is not faded; though her form be soiled with dust,

Unadorned, it shines more nobly, like the native unwrought gold.

With that beauteous form you woman, gifted with that lovely mole,

Instant knew I for the Princess, as the heat betrays the fire.'

#### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

To Sudeva as she listened uttering thus his strange discourse: 'All the dust that mole concealing young Sunandá washed away. By the obscuring dust unclouded shining out that mole appeared; On the brow of Damayantí, like the unclouded moon in heaven.' Gazing on that mole, Sunandá, and the mother of the king, Wept as fondly they embraced her, and an instant silent stood. Then her tears awhile suppressing, thus the royal mother spake: 'Thou art mine own sister's daughter, by that beauteous mole made known; I, oh beauteous, and thy mother, of that lofty-minded king, Are the daughters, king Sudáman, he that in Dasárna reigns; She was wedded to king Bhíma, and to Vírabáhu I. In my father's home, Daśárna once I saw thee, newly-born. As to me thy father's lineage is akin, so mine to thee; Whatsoe'er my power commandeth, Damayantí, all is thine.' To the queen did Damayantí, in the gladness of her heart, Having bowed in courteous homage to her mother's sister, speak : 'While unknown I might continue, gladly dwelt I here with thee;

Every want supplied on th' instant, guarded by thy gentle care.

मुखात् मुखतरी वासी भविष्यति न संशयः। चिरविप्रोषितां मातर् माम् अनुज्ञातुम् अर्हसि ॥१९॥ दारको च हि मे नीतो वसतस् तच बालको। पिचा विहीनी शोकातीं मया चैव कथं नु ती ॥२०॥ यदि चापि प्रियं किञ्चिद् मिय कर्तुम् इहेन्छिसि। विदर्भान् यातुम् इच्छामि शीघं मे यानम् आदिश ॥२१॥ वाढम् इत्येव ताम् उत्का हृष्टा मातृष्वसा नृप। गुप्तां बलेन महता पुचस्यानुमते ततः ॥२२॥ प्रास्थापयद् राजमाता श्रीमतीं नरवाहिना। यानेन भरतश्रेष्ठ ह्यचपानपरिच्छदां ॥२३॥ ततः सा नचिराद् एव विद्भीन् अगमत् पुनः। तां तु बन्धुजनः सर्वः प्रहृष्टः समपूजयत् ॥२४॥ सर्वान् कुशिलनो दृष्ट्वा बान्धवान् दारको च तो। मातरम् पितरचीभौ सर्वचिव सखीजनं ॥२५॥ देवताः पूजयामास ब्राह्मणांश्व यशस्विनी। परेण विधिना देवी दमयनी विशाम्पते ॥ २६॥ अतर्पयत् सुदेवज्व गोसहस्रेण पार्थिवः। प्रीतो दृष्ट्वेव तनयां यामेण द्रविणेन च ॥२०॥ सा व्युष्टा रजनीं तच पितुर् वेश्मनि भाविनी। विश्राना मातरं राजच् इदं वचनम् अववीत् ॥२८॥ मां चेद् इच्छिस जीवन्तीं मातः सत्यम् व्रवीमि ते। नरवीरस्य चैतस्य नलस्यानयने यत ॥२९॥ दमयन्या तथोक्ता तु सा देवी भृशदुः खिता। वाष्पेणापिहिता राजन् नोत्तरं किञ्चित् अववीत्॥३०॥ तदवस्थां तु तां दृष्ट्वा सर्वम् अनाःपुरं तदा। हाहाभूतम् अतीवासीद् भृशज्ब प्रक्रीद् ह ॥३१॥

Yet than even this pleasant dwelling, a more pleasant may there be;
Long a banished woman, mother! give me leave from hence to part,
Thither where my infant children dwell, my tender little ones,
Orphaned of their sire, in sorrow orphaned, ah, how long of me!
If thou yet wilt grant a favour, o'er all other favours dear,
To Vidarbha would I journey, quick the palanquin command.'
'Be it so,' her mother's sister, joyful, instant made reply.
Guarded by a mighty army, with th' approval of her son,
Sent the queen, that happy lady, in a palanquin, by men
Borne aloft, and well provided with all raiment, drink, and food.

Thus the princess to Vidarbha after brief delay returned.

Her her whole assembled kindred welcomed home with pride and joy,
All in health she found her kinsmen, and that lovely infant pair,
With her mother, with her father, and her troop of female friends.

To the gods she paid her worship, to the Bráhmans in her joy;
So the queenly Damayantí all in noblest guise performed.

And her royal sire Sudeva, with the thousand kine made glad,
Joyous to behold his daughter, with a village and much wealth.

There, when in her father's palace she the quiet night had passed,
In these words the noble lady to her mother 'gan to speak:

'If in life thou would'st preserve me, mother, hear the truth I speak;
Home to bring the hero Nala be it now thy chiefest toil.'

Thus addressed by Damayantí, very sorrowful the queen
Clouded all her face with weeping, not a word in answer spake.
But the princess, thus afflicted, when the female train beheld,
'Woe! oh woe!' they shrieked together, all in pitying sadness wept.

ततो भीमं महाराजं भाया वचनम् अववीत्। दमयनी तव सुता भर्तारम् अनुशोचित ॥३२॥ अपकृष च लज्जां सा स्वयम् उक्तवती नृप। प्रयतन्तु तव प्रेष्याः पुरायश्चीकस्य मार्गेरो ॥ ३३॥ तया प्रदेशितो राजा ब्राह्मणान् वशवर्तिनः। प्रास्थापयद् दिशः सर्वा यतध्वं नलमार्गेणे ॥३४॥ ततो विद्भाधिपतेर् नियोगाद् ब्राह्मणाम् तदा। दमयन्तीम् अयो मृता प्रस्थिताः स्मेत्यथाबुवन् ॥३५॥ अय तान् अववीर् भैमी सर्वराष्ट्रेष्ट्रिदं वचः। ब्र्यास्त जनसंसत्सु तच तच पुनः पुनः ॥३६॥ क नु लं कितव चित्रह्मा वस्त्रार्ध प्रस्थिती मम। उत्मृज्य विपिने सुप्ताम् अनुरक्तां प्रियां प्रिय ॥३७॥ सा वै यथा समादिष्टा तथास्ते लत्प्रतीक्षिणी। द्समाना भृशं बाला वस्तार्धेनाभिसंवृता ॥३৮॥ तस्या रुदन्याः सततं तेन शोकेन पार्थिव। प्रसादं कुरु वै वीर प्रतिवाक्यं वदस्व च ॥३९॥ एवम् अन्यच वक्तव्यं कृपां कुयीद् यथा मिय। वायुना धूयमानो हि वनं दहित पावकः ॥४०॥ भर्तव्या रक्ष्णीया च पत्नी हि पतिना सदा। तन् नष्टम् उभयं कस्माद् धर्मज्ञस्य सतस् तव ॥४१॥ ख्यातः प्राज्ञः कुलीनश्व सानुक्रोशो भवान् सदा। संवृत्ती निरनुक्रीशः शङ्के मङ्गाग्यसङ्खयात् ॥४२॥ तत् कुरुष्व नरव्याघ्र दयां मयि नरेश्वर। ञ्चानृशंस्यं परो धर्मस् त्वत्त एव मया श्रुतः ॥४३॥ एवं बुवाणान् यदि वः प्रतिब्र्याद् धि कश्चन। स नरः सर्वेषा ज्ञेयः कश्वासी क च वर्तते ॥४४॥

To the mighty Rája Bhíma did the queen that speech relate. 'Damayantí, lo, thy daughter for her husband sits and mourns; Breaking through all bashful silence, thus, oh king, to me she spake: "Be it now thy servants' business to find out the king of men." Urged by her the king his Bráhmans, to his will obedient all, Sent around to every region, 'Be your care the king to find.' Then those Bráhmans at the mandate of Vidarbha's royal lord, First drew near to Damayantí, 'Lo, now set we forth,' they said. Then to them spake Bhíma's daughter, 'In all realms be this your speech, Wheresoever men assemble, this repeat again, again: Whither went'st thou then, oh gamester! half my garment severing off, Leaving in the forest sleeping, all forsaken, thy beloved? Even as thou commandedst, sits she, sadly waiting thy return. Parched with sorrow sits that woman, in her scant half-garment glad. Oh to her thus ever weeping in the extreme of her distress, Grant thy pity, noble hero, answer to her earnest prayer! Be this also said, to move him to compassionate my state, For by wind within the forest fanned, intensely burns the fire. Ever by her consort guarded and sustained the wife should be. Why hast thou forgot both duties, thou in every duty skilled? Thou wert ever called the generous, thou the pitiful, the wise. Art thou now estranged from pity through my sad injurious fate? Prince of men, O grant thy pity, grant it, lord of men, to me; "Mercy is the chief of duties," oft from thine own lips I've heard. Thus as ye are ever speaking should there any one reply, Mark him well, lest he be Nala, who he is, and where he dwells.

यश्चैवं वचनं श्रुता ब्रूयात् प्रतिवचो नरः।
तद् श्रादाय वचस् तस्य ममावद्यं द्विजोत्तमाः ॥४५॥
यथा च वो न जानीयाद् ब्रुवतो मम शासनात्।
पुनरागमनच्चेव तथा कार्यम् अतिन्द्रतेः ॥४६॥
यदिवाऽसौ समृद्धः स्याद् यदिवाऽप्यधनो भवेत्।
यदिवाऽपर्यकामः स्याज् क्षेयं तस्य चिकीर्षितं ॥४९॥
एवम् उक्तास् त्वगच्छंस् ते ब्राह्मणाः सर्वतो दिशः।
नलं मृगयितुं राजंस् तदा व्यसनिनं तथा ॥४८॥
ते पुराणि सराष्ट्राणि यामान् घोषांस् तथाश्रमान्।
श्रुत्वेषन्तो नलं राजन् नाधिजग्मुर् द्विजातयः ॥४९॥
तच्च वाक्यं तथा सर्वे तच तच विशाम्पते।
श्रावयाच्यक्तिरे विप्रा दमयन्या यथेरितं ॥५०॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्याने सप्तदशः सर्गः ॥ १९॥

## वृहदश्व उवाच।

अथ दीर्घस्य कालस्य पर्णादो नाम वै हिजः।
प्रत्येत्य नगरं भैमीम् इदं वचनम् अव्रवीत्॥१॥
नैषधं मृगयानेन दमयिन मया नलं।
अयोध्यां नगरीं गत्वा भाङ्गामुरिर् उपस्थितः॥२॥
श्रावितश्य मया वाक्यं त्वदीयं स महामते।
च्युत्वा नाव्रवीत् किञ्चिद् च्युतुपर्णी नराधिपः।
न च पारिषदः कश्चिद् भाष्यमाणी मयासकृत्॥४॥

He who to this speech hath listened, and hath thus his answer made,
Be his words, O best of Bráhmans, treasured and brought home to me,
Lest he haply should discover that by my command ye speak,
That again ye may approach him, do ye this without delay.
Whether he be of the wealthy, whether of the poor he be;
Be he covetous of riches, learn ye all he would desire.'
Thus addressed, went forth the Bráhmans to the realms on every side,
Seeking out the royal Nala in his dark concealed distress.
They through kingdoms, cities, hamlets, pastoral dwellings, hermits' cells,
Nala everywhere went seeking, yet those Bráhmans found him not.
All in every part went speaking in the language they were taught;
In the words of Damayantí spake they in the ears of men.

END OF BOOK XVII.

#### VRIHADASVA spake:

Long the time that passed, a Bráhman, wise Parṇáda was his name, Home returning to the city, thus to Bhíma's daughter spake:
'Damayantí! royal Nala as I sought, Nishadha's king,
Came I to Ayodhyá's city; there Bhángásuri approached,
Stood before me, eager listening to the words thou bad'st us speak,
He, the prosperous Rituparṇa, thy own words, O lady fair.
Thus as spake I, answered nothing Rituparṇa, king of men;
Nor of all that full assemblage, more than once addressed by me.

अनुज्ञातं तु मां राज्ञा विजने किश्वद् अववीत्। ऋतुपर्णस्य पुरुषो वाहुको नाम नामतः ॥५॥ सूतम् तस्य नरेन्द्रस्य विरूपी हस्ववाहुकः। शीघ्रयानेषु कुशलो मिष्टकर्ता च भोजने ॥६॥ स विनिःश्वस्य बहुशो रुदिला च पुनः पुनः। कुशलज्बैव मां पृष्ट्वा पश्चाद् इदम् अभाषत ॥ १॥ वैषम्यम् अपि सम्प्राप्ता गीपायन्ति कुलस्त्रियः। ञ्चात्मानम् ञ्चात्मना सत्यो जितस्वरी न संशयः ॥ ।। रहिता भर्तृभिश्चैव न कुध्यन्ति कदाचन। प्राणांश चारिचकवचान् धारयिना वरिस्तयः ॥ ९॥ विषमस्थेन मूढेन परिश्रष्टमुखेन च। यत् सा तेन परित्यक्ता तच न को बुम् अर्हित ॥ १०॥ प्राणयाचां परिप्रेप्सोः शकुनैर् हतवाससः। आधिभिर् दह्यमानस्य श्यामा न कोडुम् अर्हति ॥ ११॥ सन्कृताऽसन्कृता वाऽपि पतिं दृष्ट्वा तथागतं। भ्रष्टराज्यं श्रिया हीनं श्रुधितं व्यसनामुतं ॥ १२॥ तस्य तद् वचनं श्रुता तरितोऽहम् इहागतः। श्रुत्वा प्रमाणं भवती राज्ञश्चेव निवेद्य ॥ १३॥ एतच् छूनाऽश्रुपूर्णाञ्ची पर्णादस्य विशाम्पते। दमयन्ती रहोऽभ्येत्य मातरं प्रत्यभाषत ॥१४॥ अयम् अर्थो न संवेद्यो भीमे मातः कथज्वन। त्वत्सिच्धी नियोध्येऽहं सुदेवं विजसत्तमं ॥१५॥ यथा न नृपतिर् भीमः प्रतिपद्येत मे मतिं। तथा तया प्रयत्तव्यं मम चेत् प्रियम् इन्छिसि ॥ १६॥ यथा चाहं समानीता सुदेवेनाशु बान्धवान्। तेनैव मङ्गलेनाशु सुदेवी यातु माचिरं ॥ १९॥

By the king dismissed, when sate I in a solitary place, One of Rituparna's household, Váhuka his name, drew near, Charioteer of that great Raja, with short arms and all deformed, Skilled to drive the rapid chariot, skilled the viands to prepare. He, when much he'd groaned in anguish, and had wept again, again, First his courteous salutation made, then spake in words like these: "Even in the extreme of misery noble women still preserve Over their ownselves the mastery, by their virtues winning heaven; Of their faithless lords abandoned, anger feel not even then. In the breastplate of their virtue noble women live unharmed. By the wretched, by the senseless, by the lost to every joy, She by such a lord forsaken yet to anger will not yield. Against him his sustenance seeking, of his robe by birds despoiled, Him consumed with utmost misery, still no wrath the dark-hued feels; Treated well, or ill-entreated, when her husband she beholds, Spoiled of bliss, bereft of kingdom, famine-wasted, worn with woe." Having heard the stranger's language, hither hasted I to come. Thou hast heard, be thine the judgment, to the king relate thou all.' To Parnáda having listened, with her eyes o'erflowed with tears, Secretly went Damayantí, and her mother thus addressed: 'Let not what I speak, to Bhima, O my mother, be made known-In thy presence to Sudeva, best of Bráhmans, I would speak. Let not this my secret counsel to king Bhíma be disclosed; This the object we must compass if thy daughter thou wouldst please, As myself was to my kindred swiftly by Sudeva brought, With the same good fortune swiftly may Sudeva part from hence

समानेतुं नलं मातर् अयोध्यां नगरीम् इतः। विश्रानां तु ततः पश्चात् पर्णादं द्विजसत्तमं ॥ १८॥ अर्चयामास वैदर्भी धनेनातीव भाविनी। नले चेहागते विप्र भूयो दास्यामि ते वसु ॥ १९॥ त्वया हि मे बहु कृतं यथा नान्यः करिष्यति। यद् भर्नाऽहं समिषामि शीघ्रम् एव विजोत्तम ॥२०॥ एवम् उक्तोऽयाश्वास्य ताम् आशीर्वादैः समङ्गलैः। गृहान् उपययौ चापि कृतार्थः सुमहामनाः ॥२१॥ ततः सुदेवम् आभाष दमयन्ती युधिष्ठिर। अववीत् सिवधी मातुर् दुःखशोकसमिन्वता ॥२२॥ गता मुदेव नगरीम् अयोध्यावासिनं नृपं। ऋतुपर्णं वची ब्रूहि सम्पतन् इव कामगः ॥२३॥ आस्यास्यति पुनर् भैमी दमयन्ती स्वयंवरं। तच गळािना राजानी राजपुचाश्व सर्वशः ॥२४॥ तथा च गणितः कालः श्वोभूते स भविष्यति। यदि सम्भावनीयस् ते गच्छ शीघ्रम् ऋरिन्दम ॥२५॥ सूर्योदये डितीयं सा भर्तारं वरियणित । न हि स ज्ञायते वीरो नलो जीवति वा न वा ॥२६॥ एवं तया यथोक्ती वै गला राजानम् अववीत्। ऋतुपर्णं महाराज सुदेवी ब्राह्मणस् तदा ॥२०॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने अष्टादशः सर्गः ॥१८॥

To Ayodhyá's city, mother, home to bring my royal lord.'

Resting from his toil, Parnáda, of the Bráhman race the best,
Did the daughter of Vidarbha honour, and with wealth reward.

'Bráhman! home if come my Nala, richer guerdon will I give;
Much hast thou achieved, and wisely, so as none but thou has done.
That again with my lost husband, noblest Bráhman, I may meet.'
Thus addressed, his grateful homage and his benedictions paid,
Having thus achieved his mission, home the wise Parnáda went.

Then accosting good Sudeva, Damayantí thus began,
And before her mother's presence in her pain and grief she spake:
'Go, Sudeva, to the city, where Ayodhyá's Rája dwells,
Speak thou thus to Rituparṇa, (thither coming as by chance):—
"Once again her Svayaṃvara does king Bhíma's daughter hold,
Damayantí, thither hasten all the kings and sons of kings.
Closely now the time is reckoned when to-morrow's dawn appears;
If that thou would'st win the princess, speed thou, tamer of thy foes.
When the sun is in his rising she a second lord will choose:
Whether lives or is not living, royal Nala, no one knows."'
Thus, as he received his mission, hastening to the king, he spake,
To the royal Rituparṇa spake Sudeva, in these words.

END OF BOOK XVIII.

## वृहदश्व उवाच।

श्रुता वचः सुदेवस्य ऋतुपर्णो नराधिपः। सान्वयन् स्राक्ष्णया वाचा वाहुकं प्रत्यभाषत ॥१॥ विदभीं यातुम् इच्छामि दमयन्याः स्वयंवरं। एकाहूा हयतस्त्रज्ञ मन्यसे यदि वाहुक ॥२॥ एवम् उक्तस्य कौनोय तेन राज्ञा नलस्य ह। व्यदीर्यत मनो दुःखात् प्रदध्यौ च महामनाः ॥३॥ दमयन्ती वदेद् एतत् कुर्याद् दुः खेन मोहिता। अस्मदर्थे भवेद् वाऽयम् उपायश् चिन्तितो महान् ॥४॥ नृशंसं वत वैदर्भी कर्तुकामा तपस्विनी। मया श्रुद्रेण निकृता कृपणा पापबुडिना ॥५॥ स्त्रीस्वभावण चली लोके मम दोषश्व दारुणः। स्याद् एवम् ऋपि कुर्यात् सा विवासाद् गतसीहृदा ॥६॥ मम शोकेन संविद्या नैराश्यात् तनुमध्यमा। नैवं सा किहिचित् कुर्यात् सापत्या च विशेषतः ॥ ७॥ यद् अच सत्यं वाऽसत्यं गता वेत्यामि निश्चयं। ऋतुपर्णस्य वै कामम् आत्मार्थं च करोम्यहं ॥ ।।। इति निश्चित्य मनसा वाहुको दीनमानसः। कृताञ्जलिर् उवाचेदम् ऋतुपर्णं नराधिपं ॥ ९॥ प्रतिजानामि ते वाक्यं गमिष्यामि नराधिप। एकाहूा पुरुषव्याघ्र विदर्भनगरीं नृप ॥ १०॥ ततः परीक्षाम् अश्वानां चक्रे राजन् स वाहुकः। अश्वशालाम् उपागम्य भाङ्गासुरिनृपाज्ञ्या ॥११॥

### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

HEARING thus Sudeva's language, Rituparna, king of men, With a gentle voice and blandly, thus to Váhuka began: 'Where the princess Damayantí doth her Svayamvara hold, Skilled in horses! to Vidarbha, in one day I fain would go.' In these words the unknown Nala by his royal lord addressed, All his heart was torn with anguish, thus the lofty-minded thought-'Can she speak thus, Damayantí, thus with sorrow frantic act? Is't a stratagem thus subtly for my sake devised and plann'd? To desire this deed unholy is that holy princess driven, Wrong'd by me, her basest husband, miserable, mind-estranged! Fickle is the heart of woman, grievous too is my offence! Hence she thus might act ignobly in her exile, reft of friends, Soul-disturbed by my great sorrow, in the excess of her despair. No! she could not thus have acted, she with noble offspring blest. Where the truth, and where the falsehood, setting forth, I best shall judge, I the will of Rituparna, for my own sake, will obey.' Thus within his mind revolving, Váhuka, his wretched mind, With his folded hands addressed he Rituparna, king of men: 'I thy mandate will accomplish, I will go, O king of men, In a single day, O Rája, to Vidarbha's royal town.' Váhuka of all the coursers did a close inspection make, Entering in the royal stable by Bhángásuri's command.

स तर्यमाणी बहुश ऋतुपर्णेन वाहुकः।
अश्वान् जिज्ञासमानो वे विचार्यं च पुनः पुनः॥१२॥
अध्यगळत् कृशान् अश्वान् समर्थान् अध्वनि स्रमान्।
तेजोबलसमायुक्तान् कुलशीलसमन्वितान्॥१३॥
वर्जिताँल् लस्यणेर् हीनैः पृथुप्रोथान् महाहनून्।
शुड्वान् दशिम् आवर्तिः सिन्धुजान् वातरंहसः॥१४॥
दृष्ट्वा तान् अब्रवीद् राजा किञ्चित् कोपसमन्वितः।
किम् इदं प्रार्थितं कर्तुं प्रलब्धव्या न ते वयं॥१५॥
कथम् अल्पबलप्राणा वस्यन्तीमे हया मम।
महदध्वानम् अपि च गन्तव्यं कथम् ईदृशैः॥१६॥

## वाहुक उवाच।

एकी ललाटे ही मूर्धि ही ही पार्श्वापपार्श्वयोः। ही ही वक्षमि विद्येगी प्रयाणे चैक एव तु॥१९॥ एते हया गमिष्यन्ति विद्भीन् नाच संशयः। यान् अन्यान् मन्यसे राजन् ब्रूहि तान् योजयामि ते॥१४॥

# ऋतुपर्ण उवाच।

तम् एव हयतत्त्वज्ञः कुश्लो ह्यसि वाहुक। यान् मन्यसे समर्थास् तं क्षिप्रं तान् एव योजय॥१९॥

## वृहदम्ब उवाच।

ततः सदश्यांश चतुरः कुलशीलसमन्वितान्। योजयामास कुशलो जवयुक्तान् रथे नलः॥२०॥ ततो युक्तं रथं राजा समारोहत् बरान्वितः। अथ पर्यपतन् भूमौ जानुभिस् ते हयोज्ञमाः॥२१॥ Ever urged by Rituparna, Váhuka, in horses skilled,

Long within himself debating which the fleetest steeds to choose,

He approached four slender coursers, fit and powerful for the road,

Blending mighty strength with fleetness, high in courage and in blood;

Free from all the well-known vices, broad of nostril, large of jaw;

With the ten good marks distinguished, bred in Sindhu, fleet as wind.

As he gazed upon those coursers spoke the king, almost in wrath:

'Is then thus fulfilled our mandate? think not to deceive us so.

How will these my coursers bear us, slight in strength and slightly breathed?

How can such a way be travelled, and so long, by steeds like these?'—

### Vánuka spake:

'Two on th' head, one on the forehead, two and two on either flank—
Two, behold, the chest discloses, and upon the crupper one—
These the horses to Vidarbha that will bear us, doubt not thou;
Yet, if others thou preferest, speak, and I will yoke them straight.'

### RITUPARNA spake:

'In the knowledge thou of horses, Váhuka, hast matchless skill; Whichso'er thou think'st the fittest harness thou without delay.'

### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

Then those four excelling horses, nobly bred, of courage high,

In their harness to the chariot did the skilful Nala yoke.—

To the chariot yoked as mounted in his eager haste the king,

To the earth those best of horses bowed their knees and stooped them down.

ततो नरवरः श्रीमान् नलो राजा विशाम्पते। सान्वयामास तान् अश्वांस् तेजीबलसमन्वितान् ॥२२॥ रिमिभिश्व समुद्यम्य नली यातुम् इयेष सः। सूतम् आरोप वार्षीयं जवम् आस्थायं वै परं ॥२३॥ ते चोद्यमाना विधिवद् वाहुकेन हयोत्तमाः। समुत्पेतुर् अथाकाशं रियनं मोहयन् इव ॥ २४॥ तथा तु दृष्ट्वा तान् अश्वान् वहती वातरंहसः। अयोध्याधिपतिः श्रीमान् विस्मयं परमं ययौ ॥२५॥ रथघोषं तु तं श्रुता हयसङ्ग्रहणञ्च तत्। वार्षोयश चिन्तयामास वाहुकस्य हयज्ञतां ॥ २६॥ किं नु स्याद् मातिलर् अयं देवराजस्य सारिषः। तथा तल्लक्षणं वीरे वाहुके दृश्यते महत्॥२९॥ शालिहोचोऽय किं नु स्याद् धयानां कुलतत्त्ववित्। मानुषं समनुप्राप्तो वपुः परमशोभनं ॥२५॥ उताही स्विद् भवेद् राजा नलः परपुरञ्जयः। सोऽयं नृपतिर् आयात इत्येव समचिन्तयत् ॥२०॥ अथवा यां नलो वेद विद्यां ताम् एव वाहुकः। तुल्यं हि लक्ष्ये ज्ञानं वाहुकस्य नलस्य च ॥३०॥ अपिचेदं वयम् तुल्यं वाहुकस्य नलस्य च। नायं नली महावीर्यम् ति हिद्यश्व भविष्यति ॥३१॥ प्रख्या हि महात्मानश चरन्ति पृथिवीम् इमां। दैवेन विधिना युक्ताः प्रद्धनाश्वापि रूपतः ॥३२॥ भवेतु मितभेदो मे गाचवैरूपतां प्रति। प्रमाणात् परिहीनस्तु भवेद् इति मतिर् मम ॥३३॥ वयःप्रमाणं तत् तुल्यं रूपेण तु विपर्ययः। नलं सर्वगुर्णेर् युक्तं मन्ये वाहुकम् अन्ततः ॥३४॥

Then the noblest of all heroes, Nala, with a soothing voice,

Spake unto those horses, gifted both with fleetness and with strength.

Up the reins when he had gathered he the charioteer bade mount

First, Várshņeya, skilled in driving, at full speed then set he forth.

First, Várshneya, skilled in driving, at full speed then set he forth. Urged by Váhuka, those coursers, to the utmost of their speed, All at once in th' air sprung upward, as the driver to unseat. Then, as he beheld those horses bearing him as fleet as wind, Did the monarch of Ayodhyá in his silent wonder sit. When the rattling of the chariot, when the guiding of the reins, When of Váhuka the science saw he, thus Várshneya thought: 'Is it Mátali, the chariot of the king of heaven that drives? Lo, in Váhuka each virtue of that godlike charioteer! Is it S'álihotra, skilful in the breed, the strength of steeds, That hath ta'en a human body, thus all-glorious to behold? Is't, or can it be, king Nala, conqueror of his foemen's realms? Is the lord of men before us?' thus within himself he thought. 'If the skill possessed by Nala, Váhuka possesseth too, Lo, of Váhuka the knowledge and of Nala equal seems; And of Váhuka and Nala thus alike the age should be. If 'tis not the noble Nala it is one of equal skill. Mighty ones, disguised, are wandering in the precincts of this earth. They, divine by inborn nature, but in earthly forms concealed. His deformity of body that my judgment still confounds; Yet that proof alone is wanting, what shall then my judgment be? In their age they still are equal, though unlike that form misshaped, Nala gifted with all virtues, Váhuka I needs must deem.'

एवं विचार्य बहुशो वार्ष्णयः पर्यचित्तयत्।
हृदयेन महाराज पुर्णयश्चोकस्य सारिषः ॥३५॥
च्यृतपर्णस्तु राजेन्द्रो वाहुकस्य हयज्ञतां।
चित्तयन् मुमुदे राजा सहवार्ष्णियसारिषः ॥३६॥
ऐकाग्यच्च तथोत्साहं हयसङ्गृहर्णे च तत्।
परं यत्नच्च सम्प्रेष्ट्य परां मुदम् अवाप ह ॥३९॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने नवद्शः सर्गः ॥१९॥

## वृहद्श्व उवाच।

स नदीः पर्वतांश्वेव वनानि च सरांसि च।
श्रिचिरेणातिचकाम खेचरः खे चरन् इव॥१॥
तथा प्रयाते तु रथे तदा भाङ्गामुरिर् नृपः।
उत्तरीयम् श्रधीऽपथ्यद् भ्रष्टं परपुरञ्जयः॥२॥
ततः स त्वरमाणस्तु पटे निपतिते तदा।
यहीष्यामीति तं राजा नलम् श्राह महामनाः॥३॥
निगृह्णीष्व महाबुद्धे हयान् एतान् महाजवान्।
वार्णायी यावद् एतं मे पटम् श्रानयताम् इह ॥४॥
नलम् तं प्रत्युवाचाथ दूरे भ्रष्टः पटम् तव।
योजनं समितकान्तो नाहंतुं शक्यते पुनः॥५॥
एवम् उक्तो नलेनाथ तदा भाङ्गामुरिर् नृपः।
श्राससाद वने राजन् फलवन्तं विभीतकं॥६॥
तं दृष्ट्वा वाहुकं राजा त्वरमाणोऽभ्यभाषत।
ममापि सूत पथ्य तं सङ्काने परमं बलं॥९॥

Thus the charioteer Várshņeya sate debating in his mind;
Much, and much again he pondered, in the silence of his thought.
But the royal Rituparņa, Váhuka's surpassing skill,
With the charioteer Várshņeya, sat admiring, and rejoiced.
In the guiding of the coursers his attentive hand be watched,
Wondered at his skill consummate, in consummate joy himself.

END OF BOOK XIX.

### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

Over rivers, over mountains, through the forests, over lakes,
Fleetly passed they, rapid gliding, like a bird along the air.
As the chariot swiftly travelled, lo, Bhángásuri the king
Saw his upper garment fallen from the lofty chariot-seat;
Though in urgent haste, no sooner he his fallen mantle saw
Than the king exclaimed to Nala, 'Pause, and let us take it up:
Check, an instant, mighty-minded! check thy fiery-footed steeds,
While Várshneya, swift dismounting, bears me back my fallen robe.'
Nala answered, 'Far behind us doth thy fallen garment lie;
Five miles, lo, it lies behind us, turn we not, to gain it, back.'
Answered thus by noble Nala, then Bhángásuri the king
Bowed with fruit, within the forest, saw a tall Vibhítak-tree:
Gazing on that tree, the Rája spake to Váhuka in haste,
'Now, O charioteer, in numbers thou shalt see my passing skill.

सर्वः सर्वे न जानाति सर्वज्ञो नास्ति अश्वन। नैकच परिणिष्टाऽस्ति ज्ञानस्य पुरुषे क्वचित् ॥ ।। वृक्षेऽस्मिन् यानि पर्णानि फलान्यपि च वाहुक। पतितान्यपि यान्यच तचैकम् अधिकं शतं ॥ ९॥ एकम् अचाधिकं पर्च फलम् एकच वाहुक। पञ्चकोट्योऽय पचाणां इयोर् ऋपि च शाखयोः ॥१०॥ प्रचिनुह्यस्य शाखे हे याश्वाप्यन्याः प्रशाखिकाः। आभ्यां फलसहस्रे हे पञ्चोनं शतम् एव च ॥ १९॥ ततो रथम् अवस्थाप राजानं वाहुकोऽबवीत्। परोक्षम् इव मे राजन् कत्यसे शनुकर्षण ॥ १२॥ प्रत्यक्षम् एतत् कर्तास्मि शातियता विभीतकं। अयाच गिएते राजन् विद्यते न परोक्षता ॥ १३॥ प्रत्यक्षं ते महाराज शातियये विभीतकं। अहं हि नाभिजानामि भवेद् एवं न वेति च ॥१४॥ सङ्ख्यास्यामि फलान्यस्य पश्यतस् ते जनाधिप। मुहूर्तम् ऋपि वार्णोयो रश्मीन् यच्छतु वाजिनां ॥१५॥ तम् अववीन् नृपः सूतं नायं कालो विलिम्बतुं। वाहुकस् त्वववीद् एनं परं यत्नं समास्थितः ॥ १६॥ प्रतीक्षस्व मुहूर्ते तम् अथवा तरते भवान्। एष याति शिवः पन्था याहि वार्णीयसारिषः ॥ १९॥ अववीद् ऋतुपर्णस्तु सान्तयन् कुरुनन्दन । तम् इव यन्ता नान्योऽस्ति पृथियाम् अपि वाहुक ॥१४॥ लकृते यातुम् इच्छामि विदभीन् हयकोविद। शरणं तां प्रपन्नोऽस्मि न विद्यं कर्तुम् अर्हसि॥१९॥ कामञ्च ते करिषामि यन् मां वस्यसि वाहुक। विदर्भान् यदि याताद्य सूर्ये दर्शयितासि में ॥२०॥

Each one knows not every science, none there is who all things knows: Perfect skill in every knowledge in one mind there may not be. Of the leaves on yonder fruit-tree, Váhuka, and of the fruits, Would'st thou know how many are fallen? one above a hundred, there. One leaf here above a hundred, and one fruit, O Váhuka! And of leaves are five ten millions hanging on those branches two. Those two branches if thou gather, and the twigs that on them grow, On those two are fruits two thousand and a hundred, less by five.' Then, when he had check'd the chariot, answered Váhuka the king, 'What thou speakest, to mine eyesight all invisible appears; Visible I'll make it, cleaving yonder tall Vibhitak-tree; Then, when I have strictly numbered, I mistrust mine eyes no more. In thy presence, mighty monarch, I will sever yonder branch; Whether it may be, or may not, this not done, I cannot know; I will number, thou beholding, all its fruits, O king of men, But an instant let Várshneya hold the bridles of the steeds.' To the charioteer the Rája answered, 'Time is none to stay.' Váhuka replied, all eager his own purpose to fulfil, 'Either stay thou here an instant, or go onward in thy speed, With the charioteer Várshneya go, for straight the road before,' Answered him king Rituparna with a bland and soothing voice: 'Charioteer! on earth thine equal, Váhuka, there may not be; By thy guidance, skilled in horses! to Vidarbha I would go: I in thee have placed reliance, interrupt not then our course: Willingly will I obey thee, Váhuka, in what thou ask'st, If this day we reach Vidarbha ere the sun hath sunk in night.'

अथाववीद् वाहुकस् तं सङ्ख्याय च विभीतकं। ततो विदर्भान् यास्यामि कुरुष्वैवं वची मम ॥२१॥ अकाम इव तं राजा गणयस्वेत्युवाच ह। एकदेशव्य शाखायाः समादिष्टं मयाऽनघ ॥२२॥ गणयस्वास्य तत्त्वज्ञ ततस् तं प्रीतिम् आवह। सोऽवतीर्य रथात् तूर्णे शातयामास तं दुमं ॥२३॥ ततः स विस्मयाविष्टो राजानम् इदम् अववीत्। गण्यिता यथोक्तानि तावन्येव फलानि च ॥२४॥ अत्यद्गतम् इदं राजन् दृष्टवान् अस्मि ते बलं। श्रोतुम् इच्छामि तां विद्यां ययेतज् ज्ञायते नृप ॥२५॥ तम् उवाच ततो राजा त्वरितो गमने नृपः। विद्यसहृदयज्ञं मां सङ्ख्याने च विशारदं ॥२६॥ वाहुकस् तम् उवाचाथ देहि विद्याम् इमां मम। मतोऽपि चाश्वहृदयं गृहाण पुरुषर्षभ ॥२०॥ ऋतुपर्णम् तती राजा वाहुकं कार्यगीरवात्। हयज्ञानस्य लोभाच तथेत्येवात्रवीट् वचः ॥२६॥ यथोक्तं तं गृहा णेदम् अक्षाणां हृदयं परं। निक्षेपो मेऽश्वहृदयं त्विय तिष्ठति वाहुक ॥२०॥ एवम् उक्का ददी विद्याम् ऋतुपर्णो नलाय वै। तस्याश्रहृदयज्ञस्य गरीराद् निःमृतः किलः। कर्काटकविषं तीक्ष्णं मुखात् सततम् उद्यमन् ॥३०॥ कलेस् तस्य तदार्तस्य शापाग्निः स विनिःसृतः। स तेन कर्षितो राजा दीर्घकालम् अनात्मवान् ॥३१॥ ततो विषविमुक्तातमा स्वं रूपम् अकरोत् कलिः। तं शप्तुम् एैळ्त् कुपितो निषधाधिपतिर् नलः ॥३२॥ तम् उवाच कलिर् भीतो वेपमानः कृताञ्जलिः।

Váhuka replied, 'No sooner have I numbered yonder fruits, To Vidarbha will I hasten, grant me then my prayer, O king.' Then the Rája, all reluctant, 'Stay then, and begin to count; Of one branch one part, O blameless, that one designated part, Man of truth, begin to number, and make glad thine inmost soul.' From the chariot quick alighting Nala tore the branch away. Then, his soul possess'd with wonder, to the Rája thus he said; 'Having counted, as thou saidest, even so many fruits there are, Marvellous thy power, O monarch, by mine eyes beheld and proved, Of that wonder-working science fain the secret would I hear.' Then the Rája spake in answer, eager to pursue his way, 'I of dice possess the science, and in numbers thus am skilled.' Váhuka replied, 'That science if to me thou wilt impart, In return, O king, receive thou my surpassing skill in steeds.' Then the Rája Rituparna, by his pressing need induced, Eager for that skill in horses, 'Be it so,' thus 'gan to say; 'Well, O Váhuka, thou speakest, thou my skill in dice receive, And of steeds thy wondrous knowledge be to me a meet return.' Rituparna all his science, saying this, to Nala gave. Soon as he in dice grew skilful, Kali from his body passed, All Karkotaka's foul poison vomiting from out his mouth. Straight from forth his tortured body issued Kali's fiery curse. Nala, wasted by that conflict, came not instant to himself. But, released from that dread venom, Kali his own form resumed: And Nishadha's monarch, Nala, fain would curse him in his ire. Him addressed th' affrighted Kali, trembling, and with folded hands:

कीपं संयच्छ नृपते कीर्ति दास्यामि ते परां ॥३३॥ इन्द्रसेनस्य जननी कुपिता माऽशपत् पुरा। यदा लया परित्यक्ता ततोऽहं भृशपीडितः ॥३४॥ अवसं त्वि राजेन्द्र सुदुःखम् अपराजित । विषेण नागराजस्य दह्यमानी दिवानिशं ॥३५॥ शरणं तां प्रपन्नोऽस्मि शृणु चेदं वची मम। ये च त्वां मनुजा लोके कीर्तियिष्यन्यतन्द्रिताः ॥३६॥ मत्प्रसूतं भयं तेषां न कदाचिद् भविष्यति। भयार्ते शर्णं यातं यदि मां तं न शप्त्यसे ॥३७॥ एवम् उक्तो नली राजा न्ययन्छत् कोपम् आत्मनः। ततो भीतः कलिः क्षिप्रं प्रविवेश विभीतकं ॥३৮॥ कलिस् लन्येन नादृश्यत् कथयन् नैषधेन वै। तती गतज्वरी राजा नैषधः परवीरहा ॥३९॥ सम्प्रणष्टे कलौ राजन् सङ्खाय च फलान्युत। मुदा परमया युक्तस् तेजसाऽथ परेण च ॥४०॥ रथम् आरुह्य तेजस्वी प्रययो जवनेर् हयैः। विभीतकश्चाप्रशस्तः संवृत्तः कलिसंश्रयात् ॥४१॥ हयोत्तमान् उत्पततो हिजान् इव पुनः पुनः। नलः सञ्चोदयामास प्रहृष्टेनान्तरात्मना ॥४२॥ विद्भाभिमुखो राजा प्रययौ स महायशाः। नले तु समितकानो कलिर् ऋषगमद् गृहं ॥४३॥ ततो गतज्वरो राजा नलोऽभूत् पृथिवीपतिः। विमुक्तः कलिना राजन् रूपमाचिवयोजितः ॥४४॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने विंशतितमः सर्गः ॥२०॥

'Lord of men, restrain thine anger, I will give thee matchless fame; Indrasena's wrathful mother laid on me her fatal curse, When by thee she was deserted, since that time, O king of men, I have dwelt in thee in anguish, in the ecstacy of pain. By the King of Serpents' poison I have burned by day, by night: To thy mercy now for refuge flee I, hear my speech, O king: Wheresoe'er men, unforgetful, through the world shall laud thy name, Shall the awful dread of Kali never in their soul abide. If thou wilt not curse me, trembling, and to thee for refuge fled.' Thus addressed, the royal Nala all his rising wrath suppressed, And the fearful Kali entered in the cloven Vibhítak-tree: To no eyes but those of Nala visible, had Kali spoken. Then the monarch of Nishadha, from his inward fever freed, When away had vanished Kali, when the fruits he had numbered all, Triumphing in joy unwonted, blazing in his splendour forth, Proudly mounting on the chariot, onward urged the rapid steeds. But that tree by Kali entered since that time stands are accursed. Those fleet horses, forward flying, like to birds, again, again, All his soul elate with transport, Nala swifter, swifter drove; With his face towards Vidarbha rode the Rája in his pride: And when forward Nala journeyed, Kali to his home returned. So released from all his sufferings Nala went, the king of men, Dispossessed by Kali, wanting only now his proper form.

END OF BOOK XX.

### वृहदश्व उवाच।

तती विद्भीन् सम्प्राप्तं सायाह् सत्यविक्रमं।

च्यातृपणं जना राज्ञं भीमाय प्रत्यवेदयन्॥१॥

स भीमवचनाद् राजा कुण्डिनं प्राविशत् पुरं।
नादयन् रथघोषेण सर्वाः सिविदिशो दिशः॥२॥
ततस् तं रथिनघाषं नलाश्वास् तच शुश्रुवुः।
श्रुता तु समाहृथना पुरेव नलसिवधी॥३॥
दमयनी तु शुश्राव रथघोषं नलस्य तं।
यथा मेघस्य नदती गम्भीरं जलदागमे॥४॥

परं विस्मयम् श्रापचा श्रुता नादम् महास्वनं।
नलेन सङ्गृहीतेषु पुरेव नलवाजिषु॥५॥
सदृशं हयनिघाषं मेने भेमी तथा हयाः।
प्रासादस्थाश्व शिखिनः शालास्थाश्वेव वारणाः।
हयाश्व शुश्रुवस् तस्य रथघोषं महीपतेः॥६॥
ते श्रुता रथिनघाषं वारणाः शिखिनस् तथा।
प्रणेदुर् उन्मुखा राजन् मेघनाद इवोत्सुकाः॥९॥

### दमयन्युवाच।

यथाऽसौ रथिनिर्घोषः पूरयन् इव मेदिनीं।
ममाह्नादयते चेतो नल एष महीपितः॥४॥
अद्य चन्द्राभवक्तं तं न पश्यामि नलं यदि।
असङ्कोयगुणं वीरं विनंद्यामि न संशयः॥९॥
यदि चैतस्य वीरस्य बाह्रोर् नाद्याहम् अन्तरं।
प्रविशामि मुखस्पर्शं न भविष्याम्यसंशयं॥१०॥

### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

With the evening in Vidarbha, men at watch, as they drew near,
Mighty Rituparna's coming, to king Bhíma did proclaim.

Then that king, by Bhíma's mandate, entered in Kundina's walls,
All the region round him echoing with the thunders of his car.

But the echoing of that chariot when king Nala's horses heard,
In their joy they neighed and trampled, even as Nala's self were there.

Damayantí, too, the rushing of king Nala's chariot heard,
As a cloud that hoarsely thunders at the coming of the rains.

All her heart was thrilled with wonder at that old familiar sound.

On they seemed to come, as Nala drove of yore his trampling steeds:

Like it seemed to Bhíma's daughter, and e'en so to Nala's steeds.

On the palace-roofs the peacocks, th' elephants within their stalls,
And the horses heard the rolling of the mighty monarch's car.

Elephants and peacocks hearing the fleet chariot rattling on,
Up they raised their necks and clamoured, as at sound of coming rain.

### DAMAYANTÍ spake:

'How the rolling of yon chariot, filling, as it seems, the earth,
Thrills my soul with unknown transport! it is Nala, king of men.
If this day I see not Nala with his glowing moonlike face,
Him, the king with countless virtues, I shall perish without doubt.
If this day within th' embraces of that hero's clasping arms,
I his gentle pressure feel not, without doubt I shall not live.

यदि मां मेघनिघाँषो नोपगळति नैषधः। अद्य चामीकरप्रख्यं प्रवेख्यामि हुताशनं ॥११॥ यदि मां सिंहविकान्ती मत्तवारणविकमः। नाभिगच्छिति राजेन्द्रो विनंध्यामि न संशयः ॥१२॥ न स्मराम्यनृतं किञ्चिन् न स्मराम्यपकारतां। न च पर्युषितं वाक्यं स्वैरेष्वपि कदाचन ॥ १३॥ प्रभुः स्रमावान् वीरश्व दाता चाभ्यधिको नृपैः। रहोऽनीचानुवर्ती च क्षीववद् मम नैषधः ॥ १४॥ गुणांस् तस्य स्मरन्या मे तत्पराया दिवानिशं। हृद्यं दीर्यत इदं शोकात् प्रियविनाकृतं ॥ १५॥ एवं विलपमाना सा नष्टसञ्ज्ञेव भारत। आहरीह महद् वेश्म पुरायक्षीकदिदृक्षया ॥१६॥ ततो मध्यमकक्षायां ददर्श रथम् आस्थितं। ऋतुपर्णं महीपालं सहवार्णियवाहुकं ॥१९॥ ततोऽवतीर्य वार्षोयी वाहुकश्च रथोत्रमात्। हयांस् तान् अवमुच्याय स्थापयामास वै रथं ॥ १६॥ सोऽवतीर्य रथोपस्थाद् ऋतुपर्णो नराधिपः। उपतस्थे महाराजं भीमं भीमपराक्रमं ॥ १९॥ तं भीमः प्रतिजयाह पूजया परया ततः। अकस्मात् सहसा प्राप्तं स्तीमन्तं न स्म विन्दति ॥२०॥ किं कार्यं स्वागतं तेऽस्तु राज्ञा पृष्टः स भारत। नाभिजञ्जे स नृपतिर् दुहिचर्षे समागतं ॥२१॥ ऋतुपर्णोऽपि राजा स धीमान् सत्यपराक्रमः। राजानं राजपुचं वा न स्म पश्यित कच्चन ॥२२॥ नैव स्वयंवरक्यां न च विप्रसमागमं। ततो विगणयन् राजा मनसा कोशलाधिपः ॥२३॥

If Nishadha's monarch comes not, with the sound of thunder-cloud, I this day the fire will enter, burning like the hue of gold. In his might like the strong lion, like the raging elephant, Comes he not, the prince of princes, I shall perish without doubt. Not a falsehood I remember, I remember no offence; Not an idle word remember, in his noble converse free. Lofty, patient, like a hero, liberal beyond all kings, Nought ignoble, as the base-born, even in private, may he do. As I think upon his virtues, as I think by day, by night, All this heart is rent with anguish, widowed of its own beloved? Thus lamenting, she ascended, as with frenzied mind possessed, To the lofty mansion's summit to behold the king of men. In the middle court high seated in the car, the lord of earth, Rituparna with Várshneya and with Váhuka she saw, When Várshneya from that chariot, and when Váhuka came down, He let loose those noble coursers, and he stopped the glowing car. From that chariot-seat descended Rituparna, king of men, To the noble monarch Bhíma he drew near, for strength renowned. Him received with highest honour Bhíma, for without due cause Deemed not he the Rája's visit, nor divined his daughter's plot; 'Wherefore com'st thou? hail and welcome!' thus that gracious king enquires; For his daughter's sake he knew not that the lord of men had come. But the Rája Rituparna, great in wisdom as in might, When nor king within the palace, nor king's son he could behold, Nor of Svayamvara heard he, nor assembled Bráhmans saw,

Thus within his mind deep pondering spoke of Kośala the lord:

ञ्चागतोऽस्मीत्युवाचैनं भवनाम् अभिवादकः। राजापि च स्मयन् भीमो मनसा समचिन्तयत् ॥ २४॥ अधिकं योजनशतं तस्यागमनकारणं। यामान् बहून् अतिक्रम्य नाध्यगळ्ड् यथातथं ॥२५॥ अल्पकार्ये विनिर्दिष्टं तस्यागमनकारणं। पश्चाद् उदर्के ज्ञास्यामि कारणं यद् भविष्यति ॥ २६॥ नैतद् एवं स नृपतिस् तं सत्कृत्य व्यसर्जयत्। विश्राम्यताम् इत्युवाच क्वान्तोऽसीति पुनः पुनः ॥२७॥ स सत्कृतः प्रहृष्टात्मा प्रीतः प्रीतेन पार्थिवः। राजप्रेषीर् अनुगती दिष्टं वेश्म समाविशत् ॥२५॥ ऋतुपर्णे गते राजन् वार्णियसहिते नृपे। वाहुको रथम् आदाय रथशालाम् उपागमत् ॥ २०॥ स मोचियता तान् अश्वान् उपचर्य च शास्त्रतः। स्वयं चैतान् समाश्वास्य रथोपस्य उपाविशत्॥३०॥ दमयन्ती तु शोकाती दृष्ट्वा भाङ्गासुरिं नृपं। सूतपुचच वार्णीयं वाहुकच तथाविधं ॥३१॥ चिनायामास वैद्भी कस्यैष रथनिस्वनः। नलस्येव महान् ग्रासीन् न च पश्यामि नैषधं ॥३२॥ वार्णीयेन भवेन् नूनं विद्या सैवोपशिक्षिता। तेनाद्य रथनिर्घोषो नलस्येव महान् अभूत् ॥३३॥ आहोस्विद् ऋतुपर्णोऽपि यथा राजा नलस् तथा। त्याऽयं रयनिर्घोषो नैषधस्येव लक्ष्यते ॥३४॥ एवं सा तर्कयिता तु दमयन्ती विशाम्पते। दूतीं प्रस्थापयामास नैषधान्वेषणे शुभा ॥३५॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने एकविंशतितमः सर्गः ॥२१॥

'Hither, O majestic Bhíma, to salute thee am I come.'

But king Bhíma smiled in secret, as he thought within his mind

On the object of this journey of a hundred Yojanas.

'Passing through so many cities for this cause he set not forth;

For this cause of little moment to our court he hath not come,

'Tis not so;—perchance hereafter I may know his journey's aim.'

After royal entertainment then the king his guest dismissed:

'Take then thy repose,' thus said he, 'weary of thy journey, rest.'

He refreshed, with courteous homage of that courteous king took leave,

Ushered by the royal servants to th' appointed chamber went:

There retired king Rituparna, with Várshneya in his suite.

Váhuka, meantime, the chariot to the chariot-house had led,

There the coursers he unharnessed, skilfully he dressed them there,

And with gentle words caressed them, on the chariot-seat sat down.

But the woful Damayantí, when Bhángásuri she'd seen,

And the charioteer Várshneya, and the seeming Váhuka,

Thought within Vidarbha's princess, 'Whose was that fleet chariot's sound?

Such it seems as noble Nala's, yet no Nala do I see.

Hath the charioteer Várshneya Nala's noble science learned?

Therefore did the thundering chariot sound as driven by Nala's self?

Or may royal Rituparna like the skilful Nala drive?

Therefore did the rolling chariot seem as of Nishadha's king?'

Thus when Damayantí pondered in the silence of her soul,

She, the beauteous, sent her handmaid to that king her messenger.

END OF BOOK XXI.

## दमयन्युवाच।

गळ केशिनि जानीहि क एष रथवाहकः।
उपविष्टी रथोपस्थे विकृतो हस्ववाहुकः॥१॥
अभ्येत्य कुशलं भद्रे मृदुपूर्वं समाहिता।
पृळेथाः पुरुषं ह्येनं यथातह्मम् अनिन्दिते॥२॥
अन मे महती शङ्का भवेद् एष नलो नृपः।
यथा च मनसस् तृष्टिर् हृदयस्य च निर्वृतिः॥३॥
ब्रूयाश्चेनं कथान्ते नं पर्णादवचनं यथा।
प्रतिवाक्यच्च सुश्रोणि बुध्येथास् तम् अनिन्दिते॥४॥

## वृहद्श्व उवाच।

ततः समाहिता गता टूती वाहुकम् अववीत्। दमयन्यपि कल्याणी प्रासादस्था ह्युपैक्षत ॥ ५॥

# केशिन्युवाच।

स्वागतं ते मनुषेन्द्र कुशलं ते ब्रवीम्यहं। दमयन्या वचः साधु निबोध पुरुषर्षभ ॥६॥ कदा वै प्रस्थिता यूयं किमर्थम् इह चागताः। तत् तम् बूहि यथान्यायं वैदभी श्रोतुम् इस्त्रति॥९॥

# वाहुक उवाच।

श्रुतः स्वयंवरी राज्ञा कीशलेन महात्मना। वितीयी दमयन्या वे भविता श्र इति विजात्॥ ॥ ॥

### DAMAYANTÍ spake:

'Speed thee, Keśiní, enquire thou who is yonder charioteer,
On the chariot-seat reposing, all deformed, with arms so short?
Blessed maid, approach, and courteous open thou thy bland discourse:
Undespis'd! ask thou thy question, and the truth let him reply.
Much and sorely do I doubt me, whether Nala it may be,
As my bosom's rapture augurs, as the gladness of my heart.
Speak thou, ere thou close the converse, even as good Parnáda spake,
And his answer, slender-waisted, undespis'd! remember thou.'

### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

Then to Váhuka departing went that zealous messenger,
On the lofty palace-terrace Damayantí sat and gazed.

### Keśiní spake:

'Happy omen mark thy coming, I salute thee, king of men:
Of the princess Damayantí hear, O lord of men, the speech:
"From what region came ye hither? with what purpose are ye come?"
Answer thou, as may be seem you, so Vidarbha's princess wills.'

### VÁHUKA spake:

'Soon a second Svayamvara, heard the king of Kośala,

Damayantí holds: to-morrow will it be, the Bráhman said:

श्रुतितत् प्रस्थितो राजा शतयोजनयायिभिः। हयेर् वातजवेर् मुख्येर् अहम् अस्य च सारिषः॥९॥

# केशिन्युवाच।

अथ योऽसौ तृतीयो वः स कुतः कस्य वा पुनः। त्वच कस्य कथच्चेदं त्वयि कर्म समाहितं॥१०॥

# वाहुक उवाच।

पुरायश्चीकस्य वै सूती वार्णीय इति विश्वतः।
स नले प्रदुते भद्रे भाङ्गासुरिम् उपस्थितः॥११॥
श्वहम् अपश्वकुश्लः सूतने च प्रतिष्ठितः।
श्वतुपर्णेन सारथ्ये भीजने च वृतः स्वयं॥१२॥

# केशिन्युवाच।

अथ जानाति वार्षोयः क नु राजा नली गतः। कथञ्च त्ययि चैतेन कथितं स्यात् तु वाहुक॥१३॥

# वाहुक उवाच।

इहैव पुनौ निश्चिष नलस्याशुभकर्मणः।
गतम् ततो यथाकामं नैष जानाति नैषधं ॥१४॥
न चान्यः पुरुषः कश्चिन् नलं वेत्ति यशस्विनि।
गूढश चरति लोकेऽस्मिन् नष्टरूपो महीपतिः॥१५॥
श्चात्मैव तु नलं वेत्ति या चास्य तदनन्तरा।
न हि वे स्वानि लिङ्गानि नलः शंसति कर्हिचित्॥१६॥

# केशिन्युवाच।

योऽसाव् अयोध्यां प्रथमं गतवान् ब्राह्मणस् तदा। इमानि नारीवाच्यानि कथयानः पुनः पुनः ॥ १७॥ Hearing this, with fleetest coursers, that a hundred Yojans speed, Set he forth, the wind less rapid, and his charioteer am I.

### KEŚINÍ spake:

'Who the third that journeys with you? who is he, and what his race? Of what race art thou? this office wherefore dost thou undertake?'

#### Váника spake:

''Tis the far-renowned Várshneya, Punyaśloka's charioteer:
He, when Nala fled, fair lady! to Bhángásuri retired.
Skilful I in taming horses, and a famous charioteer.
Rituparna's chosen driver, dresser of his food am I.'

#### Keśiní spake:

'Knows the charioteer Várshņeya whither royal Nala went?

Of his fortune hath he told thee? Váhuka, what hath he said?'

### Váника spake:

'He of the unhappy Nala safe the children borne away,

Wheresoe'er he would departed, of king Nala knows he nought:

Nothing of Nishadha's Rája, fair one! living man doth know.

Through the world, concealed, he wanders, having lost his proper form.

Only Nala's self of Nala knows, and his own inward soul,

Of himself to living mortal Nala will no sign betray.'

### Keśiní spake:

'He that to Ayodhyá's city went, the holy Bráhman first,
Of his faithful wife these sayings uttered once and once again:

क नु तं कितव चिह्न वा वा प्रिया प्रिया पिय ॥ १६॥ सा वे यथा समादिष्टा तथास्ते त्त्रिमति स्थि ॥ १६॥ सा वे यथा समादिष्टा तथास्ते त्त्रिमति स्थि ॥ १९॥ दह्माना दिवाराचं वस्त्रार्थेनाभिसंवृता ॥ १९॥ तस्या रूदन्याः सततं तेन दुःखेन पार्थिव ॥ प्रसादं कुरु वे वीर प्रतिवाक्यं वदस्व च ॥ २०॥ तस्यास् तत् प्रियम् आख्यानं प्रवदस्व महामते ॥ तद् एव वाक्यं वेदभी श्रोतुम् इच्छत्यनिन्दिता ॥ २९॥ एतच् छुता प्रतिवचस् तस्य दत्तं त्या किल । यत् पुरा तत् पुनस् तत्तो वेदभी श्रोतुम् इच्छति ॥ २२॥ यत् पुरा तत् पुनस् तत्तो वेदभी श्रोतुम् इच्छति ॥ २२॥

## वृहदश्व उवाच।

एवम् उक्तस्य केशिन्या नलस्य कुरुनन्दन।
हृदयं व्यथितज्वासीद् अश्रुपूर्णे च लोचने ॥२३॥
स निगृद्यात्मनो दुःखं दद्यमानो महीपतिः।
वाष्पसन्दिग्धया वाचा पुनर् एवेदम् अववीत्॥२४॥

# वाहुक उवाच।

विषम्यमिष सम्प्राप्ता गोपायिन कुलिस्त्रियः।

श्रात्मानम् श्रात्मना सत्यो जितस्वर्गा न संश्रयः॥२५॥
रिहता भर्तृभिश्वापि न कुध्यिन कदाचन।
प्राणांश् चारिचकवचान् धारयिन वरस्त्रियः॥२६॥
विषमस्येन मूढेन परिश्रष्टमुखेन च।
यत् सा तेन परित्यक्ता तच न कोडुम् अर्हति॥२९॥
प्राणयाचां परिप्रेप्तोः शकुनैर् हत्वाससः।
श्राधिभिर् दद्यमानस्य श्यामा न कोडुम् अर्हति॥२६॥

"Whither went'st thou then, O gamester, half my garment severing off;
Leaving in the forest sleeping, all forsaken, thy belov'd?

Even as thou commanded'st, sits she, sadly waiting thy return,

Day and night, consumed with sorrow, in her scant half-garment clad.

Oh! to her for ever weeping, in the extreme of her distress,

Grant thy pity, noble hero, answer to her earnest prayer."

Speak again the words thou uttered'st, words of comfort to her soul,

The renowned Vidarbha's princess fain that speech would hear again,

When the Bráhman thus had spoken, what thou answered'st back to him,

That again Vidarbha's princess in the self-same words would hear.'

#### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

Of king Nala, in such language by fair Keśini addressed,

All the heart was wrung with sorrow, and the eyes o'erflowed with tears.

But his anguish still suppressing, inly though consumed, the king,

With a voice half-choked with weeping, thus repeated his reply.

### VÁHUKA spake:

'Even in the extreme of misery, noble women still preserve

Over their ownselves the mastery, by their virtues winning heaven;

By their faithless lords abandoned, anger feel they not, e'en then;

In the breastplate of their virtue, noble women live unharmed.

By the wretched, by the senseless, by the lost to every joy,

She by such a lord forsaken to resentment will not yield.

Against him, his sustenance seeking, of his robe by birds despoiled,

Him consumed with utmost misery, still no wrath the fair one feels;

सत्कृताऽसत्कृता वाऽपि पतिं दृष्ट्वा तथागतं।
भ्रष्टराज्यं श्रिया हीनं श्रुधितं व्यसनाभ्रुतं ॥२०॥
एवं ब्रुवाणस् तद् वाक्यं नलः परमदुःखितः।
न वाष्पम् अशकत् सोढुं प्रक्रोदाय भारत ॥३०॥
ततः सा केशिनी गता दमयन्ये न्यवेदयत्।
तत् सर्वं कथितञ्चेव विकारञ्चेव तस्य तं॥३१॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने हाविंशतितमः सर्गः ॥२२॥

## वृहदश्व उवाच।

दमयनी तृ तच् छुता भृशं शोकपरायणा।
शङ्कमाना नलं तं वे केशिनीम् इदम् अववीत्॥१॥
गच्छ केशिनि भूयस् तं परीक्षां कुरु वाहुके।
अववाणा समीपस्था चिरतान्यस्य लक्ष्य॥२॥
यदा च किञ्चित् कुर्यात् स कारणं तच भाविनि।
तच सञ्चेष्टमानस्य लक्ष्यन्ती विचेष्टितं॥३॥
न चास्य प्रतिबन्धेन देयोऽग्निर् अपि केशिनि।
याचते न जलं देयं सर्वथा तरमाण्या॥४॥
एतत् सर्वं समीष्ट्य तं चिरतं मे निवेदय।
निमिन्नं यत् तया दृष्टं वाहुके देवमानुषं।
यचान्यदिप पश्येथास् तचाख्येयं त्या मम॥॥॥
दमयन्यवम् उक्ता सा जगामाथ च केशिनी।
निशम्याथ हयङ्गस्य लिङ्गानि पुनर् आगमत्॥६॥
सा तत् सर्वं यथावृत्तं दमयन्ये न्यवेदयत्।
निमिन्नं यत् तया दृष्टं वाहुके दिव्यमानुषं॥९॥
निमिन्नं यत् तया दृष्टं वाहुके दिव्यमानुषं॥९॥

Treated well, or ill-entreated, when her husband thus she sees

Spoiled of bliss, bereft of kingdom, famine-wasted, worn with woe.'

In these words as spake king Nala in the anguish of his heart,

Could he not refrain from weeping, his unwilling tears burst forth.

Then fair Keśiní departing, told to Damayantí all,

All that Váhuka had spoken, all th' emotion he betrayed.

#### END OF BOOK XXII.

### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

Hearing this, fair Damayantí, all abandoned to her grief,
Thinking still that he was Nala, spake to Keśiní again:
'Go, O Keśiní, examine Váhuka and all his acts,
Silent take thy stand beside him, and observe whate'er he does;
And when any act soever, virtuous maiden! he may do,
Closely watching all his movements, mark the bearing of the man.
Nor, fair Keśiní, be given him fire his labours to assist:
Neither be there given him water, in thy haste, at his demand:
All, when thou hast well observed him, every act to me repeat,
Every act, divine or mortal, that in Váhuka appears;
And whatever else thou seest, be it straightway told to me.'
Thus addressed by Damayantí Keśiní again set forth;
Of the tamer of the horses every act observed, came back;
Every act as she had seen it she to Damayantí told:
Each divine or mortal wonder that in Váhuka appeared.

# केशिन्युवाच।

दृढं शुच्युपचारोऽसौ न मया मानुषः कचित्। दृष्टपूर्वः श्रुतो वापि दमयन्ति तथाविधः ॥ ।।। ह्स्वम् आसाद्य सञ्चारं नासौ विनमते क्वचित्। तं तु दृष्ट्वा यथासङ्गम् उत्सपैति यथासुखं ॥०॥ ऋतुपर्णस्य चार्थाय भोजनीयम् अनेकशः। प्रेषितं तच राज्ञा तु मांसं बहु च पाश्रवं ॥ १०॥ तस्य प्रक्षालनार्थाय कुम्भास् तत्रीपकल्पिताः। ते तेनावेखिताः कुम्भाः पूर्णा एवाभवंस् ततः ॥११॥ ततः प्रक्षालनं कृता समधिश्रित्य वाहुकः। नृणमुष्टिं समादाय सिवतुस् तं समाद्धत् ॥१२॥ अथ प्रज्वलितस् तच सहसा हव्यवाहनः। तद् अद्गुततमं दृष्ट्वा विस्मिताऽहम् इहागता ॥ १३॥ अन्यच तस्मिन् सुमहद् आश्वर्यं लिख्तां मया। यद् अग्निम् अपि संस्पृत्रय नैवासी दह्यते शुभे ॥ १४॥ छन्देन चोदकं तस्य वहत्यावर्जितं दुतं। अतीव चान्यत् सुमहद् आश्वर्ये दृष्टवत्यहं ॥१५॥ यत् स पुष्पारायुपादाय हस्ताभ्यां ममृदे शनैः। मृद्यमानानि पाणिभ्यां तेन पुष्पाणि तान्यथ ॥ १६॥ भूय एव सुगन्धीनि हृषितानि भवनित हि। एतान्यझुतलिङ्गानि दृष्ट्वाऽहं दुतम् आगता ॥१७॥

वृहदश्व उवाच।

दमयन्ती तु तच् छुता पुर्याष्ट्रीकस्य चेष्टितं। अमन्यत नलं प्राप्तं कर्मचेष्टाभिसूचितं॥१८॥ सा शङ्कमाना भर्तारं नलं वाहुकह्रपिणं।

### Keśiní spake:

'Very holy is he, never mortal man in all my life Have I seen, or have I heard of, Damayantí, like to him. He drew near the lowly entrance, bowed not down his stately head; On the instant, as it saw him, up th' expanding portal rose. For the use of Rituparna much and various viands came; Sent, as meet, by royal Bhima, and abundant animal food. These to cleanse, with meet ablution, were capacious vessels set; As he looked on them, the vessels stood, upon the instant, full. Then, the meet ablutions over, Váhuka went forth and took Of the withered grass a handful, held it upward to the sun: On the instant, brightly blazing, shone the all-consuming fire. Much I marvelled at the wonder, and amazed am hither come; Lo, a second greater marvel sudden burst upon my sight! He that blazing fire stood handling, yet unharmed, unburned remained. At his will flows forth the water, and as quickly sinks again. And another greater wonder, lady, did I there behold: He the flowers which he had taken gently moulded in his hands, In his hands the flowers, so moulded, as with freshening life endued, Blossomed out with richer fragrance, stood erect upon their stems: All these marvels having noted, swiftly came I back to thee.'

### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

Damayantí when these wonders of the king of men she heard,

Thought yet more king Nala present, by his acts and mien revealed.

She her royal lord suspecting in the form of Váhuka,

केशिनीं स्रक्ष्णया वाचा रुदती पुनर् अववीत्॥१९॥ पुनर् गच्छ प्रमत्तस्य वाहुकस्योपसंस्कृतं। महानसाच् छृतं मांसं समादायेहि भाविनि ॥२०॥ सा गता वाहुकस्याये तन् मांसम् अपकृष्य च। अत्युष्णम् एवं वरिता तत्र्यणात् प्रियकारिणी। दमयन्यै ततः प्रादात् केशिनी कुरुनन्दन ॥२१॥ सोचिता नलसिंबस्य मांसस्य बहुशः पुरा। प्राश्य मता नलं सूतं प्राक्रीशर् भृशदुः खिता ॥ २२॥ वैक्कव्यं परमं गला प्रक्षाल्य च मुखं ततः। मिथुनं प्रेषयामास केशिन्या सह भारत ॥ २३॥ इन्द्रसेनां सह भाचा समभिज्ञाय वाहुकः। अभिदृत्य तती राजा परिष्वज्याङ्कम् आनयत् ॥२४॥ वाहुकस् तु समासाद्य सुतौ सुरसुतोपमौ। भृशं दुःखपरीतात्मा सुस्वरं प्रहरोद ह ॥२५॥ नैषधो दर्शयिता तु विकारम् असकृत् तदा। उत्मृज्य सहसा पुत्रों केशिनीम् इदम् अववीत् ॥२६॥ इदं मुसदृशं भद्रे मिथुनं मम पुत्रयोः। अतो दृष्ट्वेव सहसा वाष्पम् उत्मृष्टवान् अहं ॥२९॥ बहुशः सम्पतन्तीं तां जनः शङ्केत दीषतः। वयञ्च देशातिषयो गच्छ भद्रे यथासुलं ॥ २८॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्याने चयोविंशतितमः सर्गः ॥२३॥

With a gentle voice and weeping spake to Keśini again: 'Go, again, and whilst he heeds not, meat by Váhuka prepared From the kitchen softly taking hither Keśini return.' She to Váhuka approaching, unperceived stole soft away Of the well-cooked meat a morsel, warm she bore it in her haste, And to Damayantí gave it, Keśiní, without delay. Of the food prepared by Nala oft the flavour had she tried; Tasting it she shrieked in anguish, 'Nala is yon charioteer.' Stirred by vehement emotion, of her mouth ablution made: She her pair of infant children sent with Keśiní to him. Soon as he young Indrasená with her little brother saw, Up he sprang, his arms wound round them, to his bosom folding both. When he gazed upon the children, like the children of the gods, All his heart o'erflowed with pity, and aloud his tears broke forth. Yet Nishadha's lord perceiving she his strong emotion marked, From his hold released the children, and to Keśiní spake thus: 'Oh! so like mine own twin children was yon lovely infant pair, Seeing them thus unexpected have I broken out in tears. If so oft thou comest hither men some evil will suspect, We within this land are strangers, beauteous maiden, part in peace.'

END OF BOOK XXIII.

## वृहदश्व उवाच।

सर्वे विकारं दृष्ट्वा तु पुर्या खोकस्य धीमतः। आगत्य केशिनी क्षिप्रं दमयन्ये न्यवेदयत् ॥१॥ दमयनी ततो भूयः प्रेषयामास केशिनीं। मातुः सकाशं दुःखाती नलदर्शनकाङ्कया ॥२॥ परीक्षितो मे बहुशी वाहुकी नलशङ्कया। रूपे मे संशयस् लेकः स्वयम् इच्छामि वेदितुं ॥३॥ स वा प्रवेश्यतां मातर् मां वानुज्ञातुम् अहिसि। विदितं वाऽय वाऽज्ञातं पितुर् मे संविधीयतां ॥४॥ एवम् उक्ता तु वैदर्भा सा देवी भीमम् अववीत्। दुहितुस् तम् अभिप्रायम् अन्वजानात् स पार्थिवः ॥ ५॥ सा वै पिचाभ्यनुज्ञाता माचा च भरतर्षभ। नलं प्रवेशयामास यच तस्याः प्रतिश्रयः ॥६॥ तां स्म दृष्ट्वेव सहसा दमयन्तीं नली नृपः। ञ्चाविष्टः शोकदुःखाभ्यां बभूवाश्वपरिश्रुतः ॥ ७॥ तं तु दृष्ट्वा तथायुक्तं दमयन्ती नलं तदा। तीवशोकसमाविष्टा बभूव वरवर्णिनी ॥ ७॥ ततः काषायवसना जिटला मलपङ्किनी। दमयनी महाराज वाहुकं वाक्यम् अववीत्॥९॥ पूर्वे दृष्टम् तया किश्वद् धर्मज्ञी नाम वाहुक। सुप्ताम् उत्सृज्य विपिने गती यः पुरुषः स्त्रियं ॥ १०॥ अनागसं प्रियां भार्यां विजने श्रममोहितां। अपहाय तु को गच्छेत् पुर्याष्ट्रीकम् ऋते नलं ॥ १९॥

### VRIHADAŚVA spake:

SEEING the profound emotion of that wisest king of men, Keśiní in haste returning told to Damayantí all. Then again did Damayantí give to Keśiní command, To approach her royal mother, in her haste her lord to see. 'Váhuka we've watched most closely, Nala we suspect him still; Only from his form we doubt him, this myself would fain behold. Cause him enter here, my mother, or permit me him to seek; Known or unknown to my father let it be decided now.' By that handmaid thus accosted, then the queen to Bhima told All his daughter's secret counsel, and the Rája gave assent. Instant from her sire the princess from her mother leave obtained, Bade them make king Nala enter in the chamber where she dwelt. Sudden as he gazed upon her, upon Damayantí gazed, Nala, he was seized with anguish, and with tears his eyes o'erflowed. And when Damayantí gazed on Nala thus approaching near, With an agonizing sorrow was the noble lady seized. Clad, then, in a scarlet mantle, hair-dishevelled, mire-defiled, Unto Váhuka this language Damayantí thus addressed: 'Váhuka beheld'st thou ever an upright and noble man Who departed and abandoned in the wood his sleeping wife? The beloved wife and blameless, in the wild wood worn with grief, Who was he who thus forsook her? who but Nala, king of men?

किं नु तस्य मया बाल्याद् अपराइं महीपतेः। यो माम् उत्मृज्य विपिने गतवान् निद्रया हृतां ॥१२॥ साह्याद् देवान् अपहाय वृती यः स मया पुरा। अनुव्रतां साभिकामां पुचिणीं त्यक्तवान् कथं ॥ १३॥ अयी पाणिं गृहीता तु देवानाम् अयतस् तथा। भविष्यामीति सत्यं तु प्रतिश्रुत्य क तद् गतं ॥ १४॥ दमयन्या ब्रुवन्यास् तु सर्वम् एतद् अरिन्दम। शोकजं वारि नेचाभ्याम् अमुखं प्रास्रवद् बहु ॥ १५॥ अतीव कृष्णसाराभ्यां रक्तान्ताभ्यां जलं तु तत्। परिस्रवद् नली दृष्ट्वा शोकाताम् इदम् अववीत्॥१६॥ मम राज्यं प्रणष्टं यद् नाहं तत् कृतवान् स्वयं। कलिना तत् कृतं भीरु यच लाम् अहम् अत्यजं ॥ १९॥ त्वया तु पापः कृच्छ्रेण शापेनाभिहतः पुरा। वनस्थया दुःखितया शोचन्या मां दिवानिशं ॥ १६॥ स मळ्रीरे लळापाद् दह्यमानोऽवसत् कितः। त्वच्छापदम्धः सततं सोऽमाव् अमिर् इवाहितः ॥ १९॥ मम च व्यवसायेन तपसा चैव निर्जितः। दुः खस्यानोन चानेन भवितव्यं हि नौ शुभे ॥२०॥ विमुच्य मां गतः पापस् ततोऽहम् इह चागतः। त्वदर्थं विपुलश्रोणि न हि मेऽन्यत् प्रयोजनं ॥२१॥ क्यं तु नारी भर्तारम् अनुरक्तम् अनुव्रतं। उत्मृज्य वरयेद् ऋन्यं यथा तं भीरु किहिचित् ॥२२॥ दूताश चरन्ति पृथिवीं कृत्स्रां नृपतिशासनात्। भैमी किल सम भतारं हितीयं वरियणित ॥२३॥ स्वैरवृत्ता यथाकामम् अनुरूपम् इवात्मनः। श्रुत्वेव चैतत् लिरतो भाङ्गासुरिर् उपस्थितः ॥२४॥

To the lord of earth, from folly, what offence can I have given That he fled, within the forest leaving me by sleep oppressed? Openly, the gods rejected, was he chosen by me, my lord: Could he leave the true, the loving, her that hath his children borne! By the nuptial fire, in presence of the gods, he clasped my hand, "I will be," this truth he plighted, where is now that promise gone?' While all this in broken accents sadly Damayantí spake, From her eyes the drops of sorrow flowed in copious torrents down. Those dark eyes, with vermeil corners, thus with trembling moisture dewed, When king Nala saw and gazed on, to the sorrowful he spake: 'Gaming that I lost my kingdom, 'twas not mine own guilty deed, That was wrought by Kali, timid! hence it was I thee forsook. Therefore smitten was the miscreant by thy scathing curse long since In the wild wood as thou wanderedst, grieving day and night for me, He then dwelt within my body, burning with that powerful curse, Ever burning, fiercer, hotter, as when fire is heaped on fire. He by my religious patience, my devotion, now subdued, Lo! the end of all our sorrows, beautiful! is now at hand. I, the evil one departed, hither have made haste to come; For thy sake, O round-limbed! only; other business have I none. Yet, O how may high-born woman from her vowed, her plighted lord Swerving, choose another husband, even as thou, O trembler, would'st? Over all the earth the heralds travel by the king's command, "Now the daughter of king Bhíma will a second husband choose, Free from every tie, as wills she, as her fancy may be eem," Hearing this, came hither speeding king Bhángásuri in haste.'

दमयनी तु तच् छुता नलस्य परिदेवितं। प्राञ्जलिर् वेपमाना च भीता च नलम् अववीत्॥२५॥ न माम् अईसि कल्याण दोषेण परिशङ्कितुं। मया हि देवान् उत्सृज्य वृतस् तं निषधाधिप ॥२६॥ तवाधिगमनार्थं तु सर्वती ब्राह्मणा गताः। वाक्यानि मम गाथाभिर् गायमाना दिशो दश ॥२०॥ ततस् लां बासणी विद्वान् पणीदी नाम पार्थिव। अभ्यगच्छत् कोशलायाम् ऋतुपर्णनिवेशने ॥ २८॥ तेन वाक्ये कृते सम्यक् प्रतिवाक्ये तथाहते। उपायोऽयं मया दृष्टो नैषधानयने तव ॥२०॥ लाम् ऋते न हि लोकेऽन्य एकाहा पृथिवीपते। समर्थो योजनशतं गन्तुम् अश्वेर् नराधिप ॥३०॥ स्पृशेयं तेन सत्येन पादाव् एती महीपते। यथा नासत्कृतं किञ्चिद् मनसापि चराम्यहं ॥३१॥ अयं चरति लोकेऽस्मिन् भूतसाक्षी सदागतिः। एष मे मुचतु प्राणान् यदि पापं चराम्यहं ॥३२॥ तथा चरति तिग्मांशुः परेण भुवनं सदा। स मुज्जतु मम प्राणान् यदि पापं चराम्यहं ॥३३॥ चन्द्रमाः सर्वभूतानाम् अनम्बरित साक्षिवत्। स मुञ्जतु मम प्राणान् यदि पापं चराम्यहं ॥३४॥ एते देवास् चयः कृत्सं चैलोक्यं धारयन्ति वै। विब्रवन्तु यथासत्यम् एते वाऽद्य त्यजन्तु मां ॥३५॥ एवम् उक्तम् तया वायुर् अनारीक्षाट् अभाषत। नैषा कृतवती पापं नल सत्यं ब्रवीमि ते ॥३६॥ राजन् शीलनिधिः स्पीतो दमयन्या सुरिक्षतः। साक्षिणो रिक्षणण चास्या वयं चीन् परिवल्सरान् ॥३०॥

Damayantí, when from Nala heard she this his grievous charge, With her folded hands, and trembling, thus to Nala made reply: Do not me, O noble-minded, of such shameless guilt suspect, Thou, when I the gods rejected, Nala, wert my chosen lord. Only thee to find, the Bráhmans went to the ten regions forth, Chaunting to their holy measures, but the words that I had taught. Then that Bráhman wise, Parnáda, such the name he bears, O king, Thee in Kośalá, the palace of king Rituparna, found. There to thee my words addressed he, answer there from thee received. I this subtle wile imagined, king of men, to bring thee here. Since, beside thyself, no mortal in the world, within the day, Could drive on the fleetest coursers for a hundred Yojanas. To attest this truth, O monarch! I would touch thy sacred feet; Even in heart have I committed never evil thought 'gainst thee. He through all the world that wanders, witness the all-seeing wind, Let him now of life bereave me, if in this 'gainst thee I've sinned: And the sun that moveth ever over all the world, on high, Let him now of life bereave me, if in this 'gainst thee I've sinned. Witness, too, the moon that permeates every being's inmost thought; Let this god of life bereave me, if herein 'gainst thee I've sinned. These three gods are they that govern the three worlds, so let them speak; This my sacred truth attest they, or this day abandon me.'

Thus adjured, a solemn witness, spake the wind from out the air;
'She hath done or thought no evil, Nala, 'tis the truth we speak:

King, the treasure of her virtue in its fulness hath she kept,

Her we have watched and guarded ever closely for three livelong years.

उपायी विहितश चायं लद्रथम् अतुलोऽनया। न होकाहा शतं गना लाम् ऋतेऽन्यः पुमान् इह ॥३६॥ उपपन्ना त्या भैमी त्व भैम्या महीपते। नाच शङ्का त्या काया सङ्गच्छ सह भार्यया ॥३९॥ तथा ब्रुवति वायो तु पुष्पवृष्टिः पपात ह। देवदुन्दुभयो नेदुर् ववी च पवनः शिवः ॥४०॥ तद् अञ्चततमं दृष्ट्वा नली राजाऽय भारत। दमयन्यां विशङ्कां तां व्यपाकर्षद् अरिन्दम ॥४१॥ ततस् तद् वस्त्रम् ऋरजः प्रावृणीद् वसुधाधिपः। संस्मृत्य नागराजं तं तती लेभे स्वकं वपुः ॥४२॥ स्वरूपिणं तु भर्तारं दृष्ट्वा भीमसुता तदा। प्राकोशर् उचैर् आलिङ्ग्य पुरायश्चोकम् अनिन्दिता ॥४३॥ भैमीम् ऋपि नली राजा भाजमानी यथा पुरा। सस्वजे स्वसुती चापि यथावत् प्रत्यनन्दत ॥ ४४॥ ततः स्वीरसि विन्यस्य वक्तं तस्य शुभानना। परीता तेन दुःखेन निशम्बासायतेश्र्णा ॥४५॥ तथैव मलदिग्धाङ्गीं परिष्वज्य शुचिस्मितां। मुचिरं पुरुषव्याग्रस् तस्यौ शोकपरिश्चतः ॥४६॥ ततः सर्वे यथावृत्तं दमयन्या नलस्य च। भीमायाकययत् प्रीत्या वैदर्भीजननी नृप ॥४७॥ ततोऽब्रवीद् महाराजः कृतशीचम् अहं नलं। दमयन्या सहीपेतं कल्यं द्रष्टा सुखीषितं ॥४৮॥

वृहद्श्व उवाच।

ततस् तौ सहितौ राचिं कथयन्तौ पुरातनं। वने विचरितं सर्वम् जषतुर् मुदितौ नृप ॥४९॥ This unrivalled scheme she plotted only for thy absent sake;
In one day a hundred Yojans who beside thyself may drive?
Thou hast met with Bhima's daughter, Bhima's daughter meets with thee,
Cast away all jealous scruple, to thy bosom take thy wife.

Even as thus the wind was speaking, flowers fell showering all around: And the gods sweet music sounded on the zephyr floating light. As on this surpassing wonder royal Nala stood and gazed, Of the blameless Damayantí melted all his jealous doubts. Then by dust all undefiled he the heavenly vest put on, Thought upon the King of Serpents, and his proper form resumed. In his own proud form her husband Bhíma's royal daughter saw; Loud she shrieked, the undespised, and embraced the king of men. Bhíma's daughter, too, king Nala, shining glorious as of old, Clasped unto his heart, and fondled gently that sweet infant pair. Then her face upon his bosom, as the lovely princess laid, In her calm and gentle sorrow, softly sighed the long-eyed queen. He, that form still mire-defiled, as he clasped with smile serene, Long the king of men stood silent, in the ecstacy of woe. All the tale of Damayantí, and of Nala all the tale, To king Bhíma, in her transport, told Vidarbha's mother-queen. Then replied that mighty monarch, 'Nala, his ablutions done, Thus re-joined to Damayantí I to-morrow will behold?

## VRIHADASVA spake:

They the night in joy together passed relating, each to each,
All their wanderings in the forest, and each wild adventure strange.

गृहे भीमस्य नृपतेः परस्परमुखेषिणो।
वसेतां हृष्टसङ्कल्पो वैदर्भी च नलश्च ह ॥५०॥
स चतुर्थे ततो वर्षे सङ्गम्य सह भार्यया।
सर्वेकामेः सुसिडार्थो लब्धवान् परमां मुदं॥५०॥
दमयन्यपि भर्तारम् आसाद्याणायिता भृशं।
अर्धसञ्चातशस्येव तीयं प्राप्य वसुन्धरा॥५२॥
सेवं समेत्य व्यपनीय तन्द्रां शानाज्वरा हर्षेविवृडसह्या।
रराज भेमी समवाप्तकामा शीतांशुना राचिर् इवोदितेन॥५३॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्याने चतुर्विशतितमः सर्गः॥२४॥

# वृहदश्व उवाच।

श्रथ तां व्युषिती राचिं नली राजा स्वलङ्कृतः।
वैदर्भा सहितः काले ददर्भ वसुधाधिपं॥१॥
ततोऽभिवादयामास प्रयतः श्रशुरं नलः।
ततोऽनु दमयन्ती च ववन्दे पितरं शुभा॥२॥
तं भीमः प्रतिजयाह पुचवत् परया मुदा।
यथाई पूजियता च समाश्रासयत प्रभुः।
नलेन सहितां तच दमयन्तीं पितव्रतां॥३॥
ताम् श्रहेणां नली राजा प्रतिगृद्ध यथाविधि।
परिचर्यां स्वकां तस्मै यथावत् प्रत्यवेदयत्॥४॥
ततो बभूव नगरे सुमहान् हर्षजः स्वनः।
जनस्य सम्प्रहृष्टस्य नलं दृष्ट्वा तथागतं॥५॥

In king Bhíma's royal palace, studying each the other's bliss,

With glad hearts Vidarbha's princess and the kingly Nala dwelt.

In his fourth year of divorcement, reunited to his wife,

Richly fraught with every blessing, at the height of joy he stood.

Damayantí too re-wedded, still increasing in her bliss,

Like as the glad earth to water opens its half-budding fruits,

She of weariness unconscious, soothed each grief, and full each joy,

Every wish fulfilled, shone brightly as the night when high the moon.

END OF BOOK XXIV.

## VRIHADAŚVA spake:

When that night was passed and over, Nala, that high-gifted king, Wedded to Vidarbha's daughter, in fit hour her sire beheld.

Humbly Nala paid his homage to the father of his queen,
Reverently did Damayantí pay her homage to her sire.

Him received the royal Bhíma, as his son, with highest joy,
Honoured, as became him, nobly: then consoled that monarch wise
Damayantí, to king Nala reconciled, the faithful wife.

Royal Nala all these honours, as his homage meet, received:

And in fitting terms, devotion to the royal Bhíma paid.

Mighty then through all the city ran the wakening sound of joy;
All in every street exulting at king Nala's safe return.

सक्ताः सुमृष्टपुष्पाद्धाः राजमार्गाः स्वलङ्कृताः ॥६॥ हारि हारि च पौराणां पुष्पभङ्गः प्रकल्पितः । स्वितानि च सर्वाणि देवतायतनानि च ॥९॥ स्वृत्तपणांऽपि शुस्राव वाहुक स्विताने नलं । दमयन्या समायुक्तं जहुषे च नराधिपः ॥६॥ तम् स्वानाय्य नलो राजा समयामास पार्थिवं । स च तं स्वमयामास हेतुभिर् वुहिसिम्मतेः ॥९॥ स सत्कृतो महीपालो नेषधं विस्मिताननः । दिष्ट्या समेतो दारैः स्वर् भवान् इत्यभ्यनन्दत ॥९०॥ कि च नापराधं ते कृतवान् स्वस्म नेषध । स्वानायासं वसतो महृहे वसुधाधिप ॥९०॥ यदि वा बुह्वपूर्वाणि यद्यबुद्धापि कानिचित् । मया कृतान्यकार्याणि तानि तं स्वन्तुम् स्वर्हिस ॥९२॥ मया कृतान्यकार्याणि तानि तं स्वन्तुम् स्वर्हिस ॥९२॥

## नल उवाच।

न मेऽपराधं कृतवांस् तं स्वल्पम् ऋपि पार्थिव।
कृतेऽपि च न मे कोपः छन्नव्यं हि मया तव॥१३॥
पूर्वे द्यपि सखा मेऽसि सम्बन्धी च जनाधिप।
ऋत ऊर्ध्वं तु भूयस् तम् प्रीतिम् आहर्तुम् ऋहेसि॥१४॥
सर्वकामैः सुविहितैः सुखम् ऋस्युषितस् त्विय।
न तथा स्वगृहे राजन् यथा तव गृहे सदा॥१५॥
इदच्चेव हयज्ञानं त्वदीयं मिय तिष्ठति।
तद् उपाकर्तुम् इच्छामि मन्यसे यदि पार्थिव॥१६॥
एवम् उक्का ददौ विद्याम् ऋतुपर्णाय नैषधः।
स च तां प्रतिजयाह विधिदृष्टेन कर्मणा॥१९॥

All the city with their banners and with garlands decked they forth.

All the royal streets well watered, and with stainless flowers were strewn;

And from door to door the garlands of festooning flowers were hung;

And of all the gods the altars were with fitting rites adorned.

Rituparna heard of Nala in the guise of Váhuka,

Now re-wed to Damayantí, and the king of men rejoiced.

To the king, before his presence, Nala courteous made excuse,

In his turn Ayodhyá's monarch in like courteous language spake.

He, received thus hospitably, wondering to Nishadha's king,

'Bliss be with thee, reunited to thy queen:' 'twas thus he said.

'Have I aught offensive ever done to thee, or said, O king,

Whilst unknown within my palace thou wert dwelling, king of men?

If designed or undesigning any single act I've done

I might wish undone, thy pardon grant me, I beseech thee, king.'

## NALA spake:

'Not or deed or word discourteous, not the slightest hast thou done;
Hadst thou, I might not resent it, freely would I pardon all.
Thou of old, my friend, my kinsman wert, O sovereign of men,
From this time henceforth thy friendship still on me thou must bestow.
Every wish anticipated, pleasantly I dwelt with thee;
Not in mine own palace dwelt I ever, as, O king, in thine.
My surpassing skill in horses, all is thine that I possess;
That on thee bestow I gladly, if, O king, it seem thee good.'
Nala thus to Rituparna gave his subtle skill in steeds,
Gladly he received the present, with each regulation meet.

गृहीता चाश्वहृदयं राजन् भाङ्गामुरिर् नृपः।
निषधाधिपतेश्वापि दल्लाऽश्रहृदयं नृपः।
सूतम् अन्यम् उपादाय ययौ स्वपुरम् एव ह ॥१४॥
ऋतुपर्णे गते राजन् नली राजा विशाम्पते।
नगरे कुरिरुने कालं नातिदीर्घम् इवावसत्॥१९॥

॥ इति नलोपाख्याने पञ्चविंशतितमः सर्गः ॥२५॥

# वृहदश्व उवाच।

स मासम् उष्य कौन्तेय भीमम् आमल्य नेषधः।
पुराद् अल्पपरीवारो जगाम निषधान् प्रति॥१॥
रथेनेकेन शुभ्रेण दिनाभिः परिषोडशैः।
पञ्चाशिक्षर् हयेश्वेव षदशतेश्व पदातिभिः॥२॥
स कम्पयन् इव महीं तरमाणो महीपितः।
प्रविवेश सुसंरब्धम् तरसेव महामनाः॥३॥
ततः पुष्करम् आसाद्य वीरसेनसुतो नलः।
उवाच दीव्याव पुनर् बहु वित्रं मयार्जितं॥४॥
दमयन्ती च यज्ञान्यद् मम किञ्चन विद्यते।
एष वै मम सन्त्यासम् तव राज्यं तु पुष्कर ॥५॥
पुनः प्रवर्ततां द्यूतम् इति मे निश्चिता मितः।
पणेनेकेन भद्रं ते प्राणयोश्व पणावहे॥६॥
जित्वा परस्वम् आहृत्य राज्यं वा यदिवा वसु।
प्रतिपाणः प्रदातव्यः परमो धर्म उच्यते॥९॥

Gifted with that precious knowledge, then Bhángásuri the king, When in dice his skill mysterious to king Nala he had given, Home returned to his own city with another charioteer. Rituparna thus departed, Nala, then, O king of men In the city of Kundina sojourned for no length of time.

END OF BOOK XXV.

## VRIHADAŚVA spake:

There a month when he had sojourned, of king Bhíma taking leave,
Guarded he by few attendants to Nishadha took his way.

With a single splendid chariot, and with elephants sixteen,
And with fifty armed horsemen, and six hundred men on foot;
Making, as 'twere, earth to tremble, hastening onward, did the king
Enter awful in his anger, and terrific in his speed.

Then the son of Vírasena to king Pushkara drew near;

'Play we once again,' then said he, 'much the wealth I have acquired:
All I have, even Damayantí, every treasure I possess,
Set I now upon the hazard, Pushkara, thy kingdom thou:
In the game once more contend we, 'tis my settled purpose this,
Brother, at a single hazard, play we boldly for our lives.

From another he who treasures, he who mighty realm hath won,
'Tis esteemed a bounden duty to play back the counter game.

न चेद् वाञ्छिसि द्यूतं त्वं युद्धद्यूतं प्रवर्ततां। हैरथेनासु वै शान्तिस् तव वा मम वा नृप ॥ ७॥ वंशभोज्यम् इदं राज्यम् ऋर्षितव्यं यथातथा । येन केनापुपायेन वृद्धानाम् इति शासनं ॥ ९॥ इयोर् एकतरे वृद्धिः क्रियताम् अद्य पुष्कर। कतवेनास्वत्यां वा युद्धे वा नाम्यतां धनुः ॥ १०॥ नैषधेनैवम् उक्तस्तु पुष्करः प्रहसन् इव। ध्रुवम् आत्मजयं मत्वा प्रत्याह पृथिवीपतिं ॥ ११॥ दिष्ट्या त्वयाऽ जितं वित्तं प्रतिपाणाय नैषध। दिष्ट्या च दुष्करं कर्म दमयन्याः क्षयं गतं॥ १२॥ दिष्ट्या च धियसे राजन् सदारोऽद्य महाभुज। धनेनानेन वै भैमी जितेन समलङ्कृता ॥ १३॥ माम् उपस्थास्यति व्यक्तं दिवि शक्तम् इवाप्सराः। नित्यशी हि स्मरामि लां प्रतीखेऽपि च नेषध ॥ १४॥ देवनेन मम प्रीतिर् न भवत्यसुहृइखैः। जिला लद्य वरारोहां दमयन्तीम् अनिन्दितां ॥ १५॥ कृतकृत्यो भविषामि सा हि मे नित्यशो हृदि। श्रुला तु तस्य ता वाचो बह्बडप्रलापिनः ॥ १६॥ इयेष स शिरश छेतुं खड़ेन कुपितो नलः। स्मयंसु रोषतामाक्षम् तम् उवाच ततो नलः ॥१९॥ पणावः किं व्याहरसे जितो न व्याहरिष्यसि। ततः प्रावर्तत द्यूतं पुष्करस्य नलस्य च ॥१६॥ एकपाणेन वीरेण नलेन स पराजितः। स रत्नकोषनिचयैः प्राणेन पणितोऽपि च ॥१९॥ जिला च पुष्करं राजा प्रहसन् इदम् अववीत्। मम सर्वम् इदं राज्यम् अय्ययं हतकारकं ॥२०॥

If thou shrinkest from the hazard, be our game the strife of arms, Meet we in the single combat all our difference to decide. An hereditary kingdom may by any means be sought, Be re-won by any venture, this the maxim of the seers. Of two courses set before thee, Pushkara, the option make, Or in play to stand the hazard, or in combat stretch the bow.' By Nishadha's lord thus challenged, Pushkara, with smile suppressed, As secure of easy victory, answered to the lord of earth: 'Oh what joy! abundant treasures thou hast won, again to play. Oh what joy! of Damayantí, now the hard-won prize is mine. Oh what joy! again thou livest with thy consort, mighty-armed! With the wealth I win bedecked soon shall Bhima's daughter stand, By my side, as by great Indra stands the Apsará in heaven. Still on thee hath dwelt my memory, still I've waited, king, for thee; In the play I find no rapture but 'gainst kinsman like thyself. When this day the round-limbed princess Damayantí, undespised, I shall win, I rest contented, still within mine heart she dwells.' Hearing his contemptuous language franticly thus pouring forth, With his sword th' indignant Nala fain had severed off his head. But with haughty smile, with anger glaring in his blood-red eyes, 'Play we now, nor talk thus idly, conquered, thou'lt no longer talk.' Then of Pushkara the gaming and of Nala straight began; In a single throw by Nala was the perilous venture gained; Pushkara, his gold, his jewels, at one hazard all was won! Pushkara in play thus conquered, with a smile the king rejoined: 'Mine again is all this kingdom, undisturbed, its foes o'ercome.

वैदर्भी न त्या शक्या राजापसद वीक्षितं। तस्यास् लं सपरीवारी मूढ दासलम् आगतः ॥२१॥ न लया तत् कृतं कर्म येनाहं विजितः पुरा। कलिना तत् कृतं कर्म तं च मूढ न बुध्यसे ॥२२॥ नाहं परकृतं दोषं तय्याधास्ये कथञ्चन। यथासुखं वे जीव लं प्राणान् अवसृजामि ते ॥२३॥ तथैव सर्वसम्भारं स्वम् अंशं वितरामि ते। तथैव च मम प्रीतिस् लिय वीर न संश्यः ॥२४॥ सौहार्दे चापि मे तन्नो न कदाचित् प्रहास्यति। पुष्कर लं हि मे भाता सजीव शरदः शतं ॥२५॥ एवं नलः सान्वयिता भातरं सत्यविक्रमः। स्वपुरं प्रेषयामास परिष्वज्य पुनः पुनः ॥२६॥ सान्तितो नैषधेनैवं पुष्करः प्रत्युवाच ह। पुर्यायक्षोकं तदा राजन् अभिवाद्य कृताञ्जलिः ॥२७॥ कीर्तिर् अस्तु तवास्यया जीव वर्षायुतं सुखी। यो मे वितरिस प्राणान् अधिष्ठानञ्च पार्थिव ॥२४॥ स तथा सकृती राज्ञा मासम् उष्य तदा नृपः। प्रययो स्वपुरं हृष्टः पुष्करः स्वजनावृतः ॥२०॥ महत्या सेनया सार्धे विनीतैः परिचारकैः। भाजमान इवादित्यी वपुषा भरतर्षभ ॥३०॥ प्रस्थाय पुष्करं राजा विज्ञवनाम् अनामयं। प्रविवेश पुरीं श्रीमान् अत्यर्थम् उपशोभितां। प्रविश्य सान्वयामास पौरांश्व निषधाधिपः ॥३१॥ पौरजानपदाश्वापि सम्प्रहृष्टतनूरुहाः। जचुः प्राञ्जलयः सर्वे सामात्यप्रमुखा जनाः ॥३२॥ अद्य स्म निर्वृता राजन् पुरे जनपदेऽपि च।

Fallen king! Vidarbha's daughter by thine eyes may ne'er be seen.

Foolish king! thou'rt now her bondsman, thou and thine to slavery sunk.

Not thyself achieved the conquest that subdued me heretofore;

'Twas achieved by mightier Kali, that thou didst not, fool, perceive.

Yet my wrath, by him enkindled, will I not 'gainst thee direct;

Live thou henceforth at thy pleasure, freely I thy life bestow,

And of thine estate and substance give I thee thy fitting share.

Such my pleasure, in thy welfare, hero, do I take delight,

And mine unabated friendship never shall from thee depart.

Pushkara, thou art my brother, may'st thou live a hundred years!'

Nala thus consoled his brother, in his conscious power and strength;
Sent him home to his own city, once embracing, once again.

Pushkara, thus finding comfort, answered to Nishadha's lord,

Answered he to Puṇyaśloka, bowing low with folded hands:

'Everlasting be thy glory! may'st thou live ten thousand years!

Hospitably entertained, there a month when he had dwelt,
Cheered in spirit to his city, Pushkara, with all his kin,
With a well-appointed army, of attendant slaves a host,
Shining like the sun, departed, in his full meridian orb.

That my life to me thou grantest, and a city for mine home!'

Pushkara thus crowned with riches, thus unharmed, when he dismissed, Entered then his royal city, with surpassing pomp, the king.

As he entered, to his subjects Nala spake the words of peace,

From the city, from the country, all, with hair erect with joy,

Came, with folded hands addressed him, and the counsellors of state.

'Happy are we now, O monarch, in the city, in the fields,

उपासितुं पुनः प्राप्ता देवा इव शतकतुं ॥३३॥
प्रशानो तु पुरे हृष्टे सम्प्रवृत्ते महोत्सवे।
महत्या सेनया राजा दमयन्तीम् उपानयत् ॥३४॥
दमयन्तीम् अपि पिता सत्कृत्य परवीरहा।
प्रास्थापयद् अमेयात्मा भीमो भीमपराक्रमः ॥३५॥
आगतायां तु वैदर्भ्यां सपुचायां नत्नो नृपः।
वर्तयामास मुदितो देवराइ इव नन्दने ॥३६॥
ततः प्रकाशतां यातो जम्बुडीपे स राजसु।
पुनः शशास तद् राज्यं प्रत्याहृत्य महायशाः।
ईजे च विविधेर् यज्ञैर् विधिवच् चाप्तदक्षिणैः॥३९॥

॥ इति नलीपाख्यानं समाप्तम् ॥

Setting forth to do thee homage, as to Indra all the gods.'

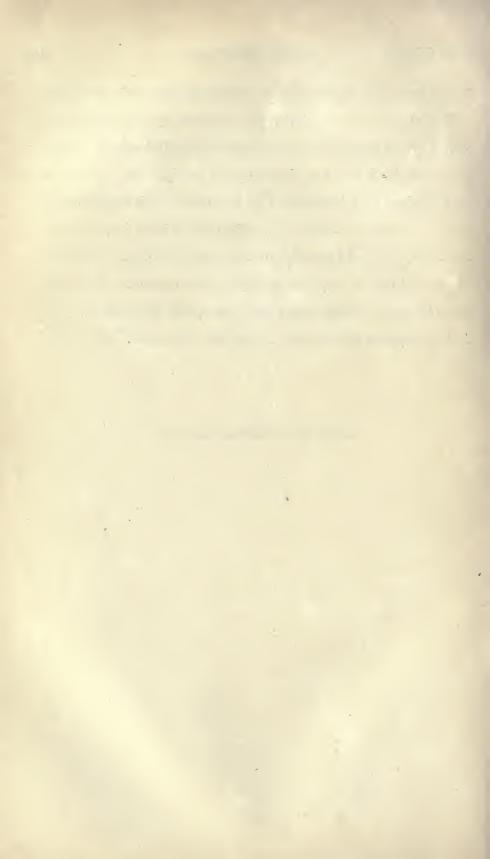
Then at peace the tranquil city, the first festal gladness o'er,
With a mighty host escorted, Damayantí brought he home.

Damayantí rich in treasures, in her father's blessings rich,
Glad dismissed the mighty-minded Bhíma, fearful in his strength.

With the daughter of Vidarbha, with his children in his joy,
Nala lived, as lives the sovereign of the gods in Nandana.

Re-ascended thus to glory, he, among the kings of earth,
Ruled his realm in Jambudvípa, thus re-won, with highest fame;
And all holy rites performed he with devout munificence.

END OF THE STORY OF NALA.



### A

# VOCABULARY

# (SANSKRIT AND ENGLISH)

OF ALL THE WORDS

WHICH OCCUR IN THE FOREGOING PAGES.

### AN EXPLANATION

OF THE

#### ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THE FOLLOWING VOCABULARY.

abl. - ablative case.

acc. - accusative case.

adj. - adjective.

adv. - adverb or adverbial.

agt. - noun of agency.

anom. - anomalous.

aor. — aorist.

átm. - átmane-pada.

Bah, or Rel. comp.—Bahu-vríhi or Relative compound.

caus. - causal.

cl. - class of nouns or verbs.

comp. - compound.

conj. - conjugation of verbs.

cr. - crude base.

dat. - dative case.

des. - desiderative.

du. — dual.

DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. — DVANDVA OR AGGRE-GATIVE COMPOUND.

f. - feminine.

freq. - frequentative.

fut. - future.

fut. pass. p. - future passive participle.

gen. - genitive case.

imp. - imperative.

impf. — imperfect.

ind .- indeclinable.

inf. - infinitive.

ins. - instrumental case.

interrog. - interrogative.

KARM, OR DES. COMP.—KARMA-DHÁRAYA OR .
DESCRIPTIVE COMPOUND.

lit. - literally.

loc. -- locative case.

m. - masculine.

m. f. - masculine and feminine.

m. f. n. - masculine, feminine, and neuter.

m. n. - masculine and neuter.

n. — neuter.

nom. - nominative case.

p. - participle.

par. — parasmai-pada.

pass. - passive.

past act. p. - past active participle.

past ind. p. — past indeclinable participle.

past p. p. — past passive participle.

pl. — plural.

pot. - potential.

prep. - preposition.

pres. - present.

pres. p. - present participle.

pron. - pronoun.

q. v. - quod vide.

rt - root.

sin. — singular.

superl. - superlative.

TAT, OR DEP. COMP.— TAT-PURUSHA OR DE-PENDENT COMPOUND.

v. — verb.

voc. - vocative case.

## VOCABULARY,

# SANSKRIT AND ENGLISH.

Observe—In the following vocabulary a final m is sometimes expressed by  $\overline{\mathbf{q}}$  although represented by anusvára (\*) in the text.

The numbers refer to the numbers of the rules in the Sanskrit Grammar by Monier Williams, published for the University of Oxford by Macmillan & Co., 4th edition.

#### ₹

ষ ind.,—a negative or privative particle, prefixed to words beginning with consonants,—no, not. Often equivalent to the English prefixes in, un. In composition ষ becomes ষান্ before a vowel.

संशं acc. sin. of अंश m. a share.

चंशुमान् nom. sin. of चंशुमत् m. the sun, 5th cl. 140.

अकथयत he or she told; 3d sin. impf. of rt कथ् 10th cl.

अकरोत् he made, he performed, he did, he assumed; 3d sin. impf. of rt कृ 8th cl. 682, to make, to do.

अकस्मात् ind. without cause, without a wherefore; (from च not, and कस्मात् abl. sin. of कि who? what?) 715.

জনাদ for অনাদন্ nom. sin. m. of অনাদ m. f. n. reluctant, unwilling, one who does anything against his will; (from আ not, and নাদ.)

ষ্পনাৰ্থীয়ে nom. pl. of অনাৰ্থ n. that which ought not to be done, improper action.

অনান্ত out of time; loc. sin. of অনান্ত m. improper time; (from অ not, 726, and নান্ত.)

स्कोति acc. sin. of सकीति f. disgrace, dishonour.

स्रकीर्तिकरं nom. sin. n. not conducive to glory; (स not, कीर्ति fame, कर causing.)

श्रकीर्तिर् for श्रकीर्तिस् nom. sin. disgrace.

अञ्जूषेत they made; 3d pl. impf. átm. of rt कृ 8th cl. 683.

ञ्चकुवैत: gen. sin. m. of ञ्चकुवैत m. f. n. not doing; (from ञ not, 726, and कुवैत pres. p. par. of rt कृ 524, 682.)

अञ्जवन they made, they were making; 3d pl. impf. of rt क 8th cl. 682.

अनृतात्मिः ins. pl. of अनृतात्मन् m. f. n. having an unformed or ungoverned mind, having unsubdued senses; (BAH. or Rel. comp. अनृत cr. unformed, uncultivated, unimproved, 726, and. आत्मन् soul, 147.)

অকৃনো without having performed; (comp. of আ not, 726, and কৃনো past ind. p. of rt ক 682.)

सक्रियों for सक्रेयस् nom. sin. m. of सक्रेय m.f. n. not to be moistened, incapable of receiving moisture.

अक्षतः nom. sin. m. skilled in dice; (comp.

Aa

of ষয় cr. dice, and র m. f. n. knowing, see 580.)

स्रह्मत्ते TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740 or 743; सञ्च cr. dice, द्यूते loc. sin. of द्यूत n. a game.

अञ्चनिपुणं acc. sin. n. skill in dice; (comp. of अञ्च cr. dice, and नेपुण n. skill.)

अक्षिय: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; अख cr. a die, dice, प्रिय: nom. sin. m. of प्रिय m. f. n. fond of, 1st cl. 103. Gaming with dice has been common in India from the earliest times. In Hindú poetry princes and heroes are constantly found indulging in it; but it is deemed a great vice notwithstanding, and the epithet अक्ष्मिय seems out of place in Book I. 3, where Nala's virtues are enumerated. अक्षिय: 'fond of numbers' or 'arithmetic' would be a better reading, and one more in unison with the narrative in Book XX. All the MSS. and printed editions, however, read अक्षिय:

भ्रक्षमद्सम्मनं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; अश्व cr. dice, मद fury, passion for, सम्मनं acc. sin. m. of सम्मन m.f.n. mad, maddened; past p. p. of rt मद 539.

अक्षयस् nom. sin. of अक्षय m.f.n. imperishable, eternal; (from अ not, and अय.)

ञ्चस्या nom. sin. f. of ञस्य m. f. n. undecaying; (from ञ not, and स्थय.)

ष्मस्वत्यां loc. sin. of श्रक्षवती f. playing with dice, 106.

अञ्चह्रपं acc. sin. n. knowledge of dice, skill in dice; (TAT. OR DEP. COMP. अञ्च cr. dice, and हृद्य n. heart, core, innermost part, profound knowledge.)

प्रश्रहृद्यतं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; अश्र cr. dice, हृद्य cr. knowledge, त्रम् acc. sin. m. of त m. f. n. acquainted with, 580.

श्रसहृदयज्ञस्य gen. sin. See preceding.

अक्षा: nom.pl. of अक्ष m. a die, dice, 1st cl. 103.

श्रक्षाणां gen. pl. of अक्ष m. a die, dice.

अक्षान् acc. pl. of अध m. a die.

अक्षेषु loc. pl. of अख m. a die.

श्रह्मोहिंगोपित: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; श्रह्मोहिंगो cr. a complete army, consisting of ten श्रनीकिनी, or 109,350 foot, 65,610 horse, 21,870 chariots, 21,870 elephants, पित: for पितस nom. sin. of पित m. a lord.

चितान् acc. pl. m. of चरित m.f. n. all, entire.

सगळंस for सगळन् they went; 3d pl. impf. of rt गम् 1st cl. 602.

अगळत् he or she proceeded onwards; 3d sin. impf. of rt गम् 1st cl. 602.

ञ्चगच्छद्. See preceding.

खगमं I went; ist sin. aor. of rt गम् 602.

अगम: nom. sin. m. a tree.

ञ्चगमंस् for ञ्चगमन् they went; 3d pl. aor. of rt गम् 602, 436.

ञ्चगमत् he or she went ; 3d sin. aor. of rt गम्.

स्रगमद् he went; 3d sin. aor. of rt गम् 602. स्रगाधे loc. sin. n. of स्रगाध m. f. n. deep, unfathomable, bottomless, 1st cl. 187.

खग्नाव् for खग्नौ (37), q. v.

अग्निं acc. sin. of अग्नि m. fire, the god of fire, 2d cl. Fire is still an important object of veneration with the Hindús, as with the ancient Persians.

स्नित्यथ TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; स्नित cr. fire, द्राथ nom. sin. m. of द्राथ m. f. n. burnt; past p. p. of rt दह 539.

अग्निम् acc. sin. of अग्नि m. fire, 2d cl.

श्चारिनपुरोगमान् having Agni for their leader, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; अग्नि cr. Agni, the god of fire, पुरोगमान् acc. pl. of पुरो-गम m. a leader, 1st cl. 103.

स्राग्नमान् nom. sin. of स्राग्नमत् m. one who maintains or worships a consecrated fire.

ज्ञाग्निर् for ज्ञाग्निस् nom. sin. of ञ्राग्नि m. fire, 2d cl. 110.

अग्निश् for अग्निस् nom. sin. of अग्निm. fire. अग्निश्लाम् TAT. or DEP. COMP. 743; श्रान cr. fire, and शिलाम् acc. sin. of शिला f. a flame.

स्रानिषु loc. pl. of स्रानि m. fire, a sacred fire, 2d cl. 110.

भग्ने: gen. sin. of भग्नि m. fire, 2d cl. 110. भग्नो loc. sin. of भग्नि m. fire, ('on the fire,' Book XXIV. 14.)

अग्रतस् ind. in the presence of, before, 731; (अग्र with affix तस् 719.)

भग्रहारांज्ञ for भग्रहारान् acc. pl. of भग्रहार m. a grant of land (made to Bráhmans), a village inhabited by Bráhmans.

ind. into the presence of, before, in front of, 731.

षद्भम् acc. sin. of खद्ध m. the lap, the part above the hip where a child is carried.

सङ्गना nom. sin. f. a woman.

सङ्गानि nom. pl. of सङ्ग n. a limb, 1st cl. 104.

মনুষ্দানক: nom. sin. m. of the size of a thumb; (comp. of অনুষ cr. a thumb, and দানক of the measure of or size.)

স্বলন্ acc. sin. of স্বল m. a mountain, ist cl. 103.

ষৰকপ্ৰষ্ট voc. sin. O chief of mountains, TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; ষৰক cr. a mountain, श्रेष्ठ voc. sin. of श्रेष्ठ m. f. n. best, 743. b, 194.

স্বান্ acc. pl. of স্বান m. a mountain.

ষৰলৌ nom. sin. m. of ষৰল m. f. n. immovable, fixed.

सचिन्यो nom. sin. m. of सचिन्य m. f. n. incomprehensible, inconceivable.

ञ्जिचराह for ञ्जविरात् (45) ind. in a short time, shortly, 715, 726.

खिंचरेण ind. in a short time, rapidly, 714.

सचेतनम् acc. sin. m. of सचेतन m.f.n. senseless, out of one's senses, unconscious; (comp. of स not, 726, and चेतन sense.)

अचेतसं acc. sin. m. of अचेतस् m. f. n. devoid of reason, out of one's mind; (comp. of अ not, 726, and चेतस् mind, 164.) सहेद्यो nom. sin. m. of सहेद्य m. f. n. indivisible; (स not, हेद्य to be cut.)

अनं acc. sin. m. or n. unborn. See अनो.

खनगरो nom. sin. of खनगर m. the boa, a large serpent (that can swallow a goat).

अजम acc. sin. m. unborn. See अजो.

अजीयत he was conquered, he was beaten; 3d sin. impf. of rt जि in pass. 590, 463.

জনী nom. sin. m. unborn; (স্থ not, ন born, 580.)

সরান nom. sin. n. of ভারান m. f. n. unknown; (comp. of ভা not, 726, and রান known, past p. p. of rt রা 532.)

सज्ञातवासं ind. without having (his) habitation known; (comp. of स not, 726, ज्ञात cr. known, वासं acc. sin. of वास m. habitation, used adverbially.)

सञ्जायमाना nom. sin. f. not being known; (from स not, 726, and ज्ञायमान pres. p. of ज्ञा in pass.)

अटमानस् nom. sin. m. of घटमान m. f. n. wandering, pres. p. átm. of rt घट 526.

जटमानाव् for जटमानी nom. du. of जटमान m. f.n. wandering about. See next.

ष्ठरमानी wandering, moving about; nom. du. m. of ष्ठरमान m. f. n., pres. p. átm. of rt ष्ठ 526.

चरवीम् acc. sin. of चरवी f. a forest, 1st cl. 106.

स्रद्यां loc. sin. of सदवी f.a forest, 1st cl. 106.

अगु acc. sin. n. of अगु m.f. n. minute, little, infinitesimal.

अग्रज: for अग्रजम् nom. sin. of अग्रज m. a bird, (lit. egg-born, from अग्रज an egg, and ज born, 580. b,) ist cl. 103.

स्राविप for सगु सपि by 34.

खतः परं ind. beyond this, hereafter, henceforward; खतस् (see 719) for जस्मात्, and परं beyond, 731.

स्रतयोचिता nom. sin. f. not deserving such (a fate), not meriting such treatment; स

A a 2 .

not, 726, तथा so, उचिता nom. sin. f. of उचित m. f. n. deserving, worthy.

ञ्चतिन्द्रतः for ञ्चतिन्द्रतस् ind. unweariedly, incessantly, 719.

अतिन्द्रताः nom. pl. m. of अतिन्द्रत m. f. n. unwearied, active, eager.

स्रतन्द्रिते: ins. pl. m. of स्रतन्द्रित m. f. n. not slothful, unwearied, active.

जनपंयत् he made glad, he satisfied; 3d sin. impf. of rt तृप in caus. 481.

মনি prep. over, beyond, very, beyond measure.

भतिक्रम्य having passed through or by; past ind. p. of rt क्रम् with खति, 559.

ষ্থানি ব্যানা he passed over or passed through; 3d sin. perf. of rt ক্সন্ with স্থানি, 364.

ञ्चातिचरामि I transgress, I sin against; 1st sin. pres. of चर् with ञ्चात, 1st cl. 261.

स्रतिथि m. a guest, 2d cl. 110.

अतिथीन् acc. pl. of अतिथि, q. v.

wित्रीं acc. sin. m. of अतिदी के m. f. n. very long; नातिदीं कालं no very long time, not a very long while, 821.

स्रातदुर्भेषे voc. sin. m. O thou who art too difficult of approach; (from स्रात 726. a, and दुर्भेषे m. f. n., 1st cl. 103.)

ञ्चतिमातं ind. beyond measure, excessively.

ष्ठातयशां acc. sin. f. of खितयश m. f. n. very illustrious, bearing a high name or character; (comp. of खित very, 726. a, and यशस् m. glory, see 769. b.) Observe— खितयश is used irregularly for खितयशस्, just as शुष्कस्रोत for शुष्कस्रोतस् in Book XVI. 4.

स्रतिरिचाते it is more important, it exceeds, it is worse than; 3d sin. pres. of रिच् in pass. with स्रति (governing abl.)

श्रातिवराजते he or it shines very much; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt राज् with श्राति and वि, 1st cl. 261.

र्जातप्त he stood; 3d sin. impf. of rt स्या to stand, to exist, to be, 1st cl. 269, 587.

ष्ठातिसस्या nom. sin. f. of ष्ठतिसस्य m. very well, in very good health, very sound (in body or mind); (comp. of ष्ठति very, 726. a, स्व own self, स्य staying, being.)

स्रतीतवाक्षणे BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; स्रतीत cr. passed, वाकषणे loc. sin. m. of वाक्षण suitable for speaking, (lit. the path of speech, from वाच् 176, and पण m. road, path.)

सतीव ind. excessively, very, very much.

खतीवासीद for खतीव खासीत् by 31.

ষানুক acc. sin. n. of ষানুক m. f. n. unrivalled, incomparable.

अतुलो for अतुलस् nom. sin. of अतुल m.f.n. unequalled, incomparable.

चतो for चतम् ind. hence. Sometimes used for चस्मात् from this, than this.

खतोनिमित्तं ind. on this account, for this reason; (from खतो for खतस् 719, and निमित्त cause, reason.)

स्रतानं I deserted; 1st sin. impf. of rt त्यन् 1st cl. 596.

अत्यहुतम् acc. sin. n. of अत्यहुत m. f. n. very surprising, very wonderful; (comp. of अति very, 726. a, and अहृत surprising.)

ज्ञत्मनं ind. exceedingly, beyond measure.

ञ्चत्रं ind. beyond measure, excessively.

स्रतृष्णम् acc. sin. n. of श्रतृष्ण m. f. n. quite hot, very hot; (comp. of श्रति 726. a, and उषा.)

अत ind. here, in this place.

अथ ind. then, now, afterwards.

अथवा ind. or, or whether; but; moreover.

अथवारायनृपते for अथवा अरायनृपते by 31.

अथापरेद्युः for अथ अपरेद्युः by 31.

खयापश्यत् for अय खपश्यत् by 31.

अयाववीत् for अय अववीत् by 31.

ष्रयार्थरात्रसमये for खय अर्थरात्रसमये by 31.

ष्रयाश्वास्य for ष्रय षाश्वास्य by 31.

अथास्य for अथ अस्य by 31.

अथैनं for अथ एनं by 33.

खयो ind., same as सय.

खयोचुस् for खय जचुस् by 32.

भद्शद् he bit; 3d sin. impf. of rt दंश् to bite, 1st cl. 270. d.

अदस् pron. he, this, that, 225.

अदासो nom. sin. m. of अदास m. f. n. incombustible, not to be consumed by fire.

षदीनात्मा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; षदीन cr. not depressed, not sorrowful, elated, षात्मा nom. sin. of षात्मन् m. soul, spirit, 6th cl. 146.

सद्दतरं nom. sin. n. of सद्दतर m. f. n. very irresolute, very undecided.

सदृश्यः nom. sin. m. of सदृश्य m. f. n. invisible, not to be seen; (comp. of स not, 726, and दृश्य to be seen.)

सदृश्यत् he was seen; 3d sin. impf. of दृश् in pass., with parasmai-pada termination; —an anomaly occasionally occurring in the Mahá-bhárata. See 461. c. note.

चट्ट कामो Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; चट्ट cr. not seen, कामो nom. sin. of काम m. love, passion, 1st cl. 103.

सदृष्टपूर्वे acc. sin. n. never seen before. See next.

ষর্ষ্থার acc. sin. f. of ষর্ষ্থার m. f. n. who has never before seen or experienced; (comp. of ষ not, 726, রুষ cr. seen, খুর before.)

सदैवं nom. sin. n. of सदैव m. f. n. without fate, without destiny, undestined; (comp. of स not, 726, and दैव, q. v.)

ষদ্ধানন acc. sin. n. of ষদ্ধানন m. f. n. most wonderful, marvellous or prodigious; (superl. of ষদ্ধান, see 191.)

श्रुतदर्शना: Bah. or Rel. comp.; acc. pl. f. of श्रुतदर्शन m. f. n. wondrous to behold, of wondrous aspect; (from श्रुत cr. wonderful, and दर्शन n. sight, aspect, ist cl. 108.)

अद्भृतद्शैनान् acc. pl. m. See last.

सहुत रुपान् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; सहुत cr. surprising, wonderful, रुपान् acc. pl. m. of रुप n. shape, form, figure, 1st cl. 108.

ষद्गतिङ्गानि KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; ষद्गत cr. astonishing, surprising, लिङ्गानि acc. pl. of लिङ्ग n. a mark, a sign.

अद्य ind. to-day, now.

अद्याप ind. even now, still, henceforth.

अथनो nom. sin. m. of अथन m. f. n. poor; (comp. of अ not, and थन wealth.)

स्थर्मकृष्कुं KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; सथमें cr. unrighteous, evil, कृष्कुं loc. sin. of कृष्कु n. calamity, trouble.

अधर्मो nom. sin. m. unrighteousness, lawlessness, abandonment of duty.

अधि prep. over, above, upon.

अधिकं nom. or acc. sin. n. of अधिक m. f. n. more. See next.

स्थिक: nom. sin. m. of स्थिक m. f. n. more, excessive, greater, in addition, over.

ष्ठिय म ind. excessively, very much, more, 713.

ষधिगमनार्थे ind. for the sake of finding; (comp. of অधिगमन obtaining, finding, and अंधे, see 791.)

चित्रमुर they found, they obtained; 3d pl. perf. of rt गम् with चाध, 376.

अधिपति: nom. sin. m. ruler, sovereign, lord.

अधिपस् nom. sin. of अधिप m. a sovereign.

অধিষ্যান acc. sin. of অধিষ্যান n. an abode, place of residence.

अधीते he reads; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt इ to go, with अधि over, 2d cl. 311.

अधुना ind. now.

न्नधो for जधस् (64) ind. down, 731.

अधोनुखम् acc. sin. m. of अधोनुख m. f. n. downcast, (lit. having the face cast down; from अधम् down, and नुख the face, 64.)

स्थमन्त्रत् he approached, he found; 3d sin. impf. of rt गम् with सिंध, 602.

सध्यमञ्जद he came to. See last.

- स्थानार he approached, he addressed himself to, he undertook; 3d sin. aor. of rt . इ or मा with सिंध; see 645.
- अध्विन loc. sin. of अध्वन् m. a road, 147.
- अध्वानं acc. sin. of अध्वन् m. a road, 6th cl.
- স্থানয় O sinless one, O blameless one, voc. sin. m. of স্থান্য; (comp. of স্থান্য for স্থা not, 726, and স্থায় n. sin.)
- सन्धाः O blameless men, voc. pl. m. of सन्ध m. f. n. See last.
- ষ্ণন্দকূন loc. sin. m. of স্থান্দকুল m. f. n. uninjured; (from স্থা not, 726, and স্থান্দক্ল past p. p. of rt কু with স্থায়.)
- अन्भिज्ञा nom. sin. f. of अन्भिज्ञ not acquainted with, not knowing.
- ञ्चनया by her, ins. sin. f.; (from nom. इयं she, 224.)
- ञ्चनयोस् of these two, gen. du. m. of इदं, (nom. ञ्चयं 224.)
- अनहेंस् nom. sin. m. unworthy. See next.
- ষনहों nom. sin. m. of অনই m. f. n. unworthy, undeserving; (comp. of অন্ 726, and অই worthy.)
- ञ्चनवद्याङ्कि O thou with faultless limbs, voc. sin. See next.
- মনবহান্নী BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; মনবহা cr. faultless, not to be found fault with, মন্ত্ৰী nom. f. from মন্ত্ৰ n. a limb or the bodily frame, 1st cl. 108.
- ञ्चनसूयक: nom. sin. of ञ्चनसूयक m. f. n. unenvious; (comp. of ञ्चन् 726, and ञ्चसू-यक envious.)
- अनागसं acc. sin. f. of अनागस् m. f. n. without blame, sinless, innocent, 7th cl. 164. a; (comp. of अन् 726, and आगस् sin.)
- স্থনাगা for স্থনাগাধ nom. sin.m. of স্থনাগধ m. f. n. blameless, 7th cl. 164. a; (comp. of স্থন 726, and স্থাগধ n. sin.)
- ञ्चनात्मवान् nom. sin. m. of ञ्चनात्मवत् m. f. n. not one's self, not self-possessed, not in

- one's right mind; (comp. of अन् 726, आत्म 146, and affix वत् 140.)
- মনাথবন্ ind. like one without a protector, like one unprotected or deprived of her lord; (comp. of ম not, 726, নাথ a protector or lord, and affix বন্ 724.)
- स्रनायां acc. sin. f. of स्रनाय m. f. n. without a lord or protector; (comp. of स not, 726, and नाय a lord.)
- अनामयं acc. sin. of अनामय n. health, 1st cl. 104; (comp. of अन् not, 726, and आमय disease.)
- अनामयम् acc. sin. of अनामय m. f. n. unharmed, safe, in good health; (from अन् not, 726, and आमय sickness.)
- ञ्चनार्थे ins. pl. of ञ्चनार्थ m. f. n. unworthy, vile.
- ञ्जनाशिनो gen. sin. m. of ञ्जनाशिन् m.f. n. imperishable, indestructible.
- ज्ञानित्यास् nom. pl. m. of ज्ञानित्य m. f. n. not eternal, transient, temporary.
- स्रानिन्दिता nom. sin. f. of स्रानिन्दित m. f. n. unblamed, innocent, irreproachable; (comp. of स्र not, 726, and निन्दित past p. p. of rt निन्द 538.)
- अनिन्दिताम् acc. sin. f. See अनिन्दिता.
- न्निनिद्ते O blameless one, voc. sin. f. See सनिन्दिता.
- अनीचानुवर्ती nom. sin. m. not following low (practices), not acting in a mean manner; (comp. of अ not, 726, नीच cr. low, अनुवितिन् m. f. n. following, 159.)
- ञ्जनु prep. after, 730. d. (In Book XXV. 2. ञ्जनु governs ततो, which is equivalent to तस्मात् after that, 719.)
- ञ्चनुगता nom. sin. f. of ञ्चनुगत m. f. n. followed, following, gone after; past p. p. of rt गम् (545) with ञ्चनु; see also 896.
- चनुगतो nom. sin. m. of चनुगत m. f. n. followed, attended by. See last.
- अनुचिनायन् nom. sin. m. of अनुचिनायत्

m. f. n. thinking of; pres. p. par. of rt चिन्त् with जन्, 641, 524.

बतुजग्रुस् they followed after, they went after; 3d pl. perf. of rt गम् with जनु, 602.

জনুরান acc. sin. m. of জনুরান m. f. n. permitted (to depart), dismissed; past p. p. of rt রা with জনু.

अनुज्ञातो nom.sin.of अनुज्ञात m.f.n. See last. अनुज्ञातुम् to permit (to depart); inf. of rt ज्ञा with अनु, 459.

अनुतमां acc. sin. f. of अनुतम m. f. n. most excellent.

अनुधार्यास thou runnest after, thou comest hastily after (or to the rescue); 2d sin. pres. of rt धार् with अनु, 1st cl.

अनुनादितम् acc. sin. m. of अनुनादित m. f. n. made to echo or ring, made to resound; past p. p. of rt नद्द in caus. with अनु, 549.

अनुम्मता nom. sin. f. of अनुम्मत m. f. n. not mad; (comp. of अन् not, 726, and उत्मत mad.)

अनुपश्यामि I foresee or see what is to come; ist sin. pres. of rt दृश् with अनु.

ञ्जनुवभाति he or it follows or attends upon; 3d sin. pres. of rt बन्ध् with ञ्जनु, 9th cl. 692.

ष्यनुभूय having perceived, having understood; past ind. p. of rt भू with धनु, 559.

अनुभूयतां let it be enjoyed, let it be tried; 3d sin. imp. of भू in pass. with अनु. In Book II. 9, where this word occurs, the verse is too long by one foot: but violations of metre as well as of grammar are not uncommon in the Mahá-bhárata.

खनुमत loc. sin. of अनुमत n. consent; 'with the consent of.'

षनुरक्तम् acc. sin. m. attached. See next. षनुरक्ता nom. sin. f. of षनुरक्त m. f. n. devotedly attached, affectionate; past p. p. of rt स्त्र्थांभ षनु, 539.

अनुरक्तां acc. sin. f. of अनुरक्त m. f. n. See last.

अनुरागं acc. sin. of अनुराग m. affection, love, ardent attachment, 1st cl. 103.

ষনুহখনি they cultivate, they addict themselves to; 3d pl. pres. par. of rt হ্য 4th cl. with ষনু, 272.

अनुरुपम् acc. sin. m. of अनुरुप m. f. n. conformable, suitable, agreeable to.

अनुव्रजनती nom. sin. f. of अनुव्रजत् m. f. n. following, going after; pres. p. par. of rt व्रज् with अनु, 524.

अनुव्रत: nom. sin. of अनुव्रत m. f. n. devoted to, ardently attached to (as a husband to a wife; from अनु after, and व्रत n. a vow).

अनुव्रतम् acc. sin. m. of अनुव्रत. See last.

खनुव्रता nom. sin. f. of खनुव्रत m. f. n. See last.

अनुव्रतां acc. sin. of अनुव्रता f. a devoted, faithful wife.

अनुव्रताम् acc. sin. f. of अनुव्रत m.f. n. devotedly attached.

ষনুগুস্থন we have heard (traditionally or from sacred writ, স্থান); 1st pl. perf. of rt স্থ with ষনু, 369.

अनुशोचित he or she bewails or grieves for; 3d sin. pres. of rt शुच् with अनु, 1st cl. 261, 594. e.

अनुशोचिन they grieve for. See last.

अनुशोचिस thou bewailest. See last.

जनुशोचितुम् to mourn for or after, to grieve for; inf. of rt शुच with जनु.

अनुसंस्मरन् nom. sin. m. of अनुसंस्मरन् m. f. n. calling to mind, remembering; pres. p. of rt स्मृ with अनु and सम्, 524.

अनुस्मरन् nom. sin. m. of अनुस्मरन् m. f. n. calling to mind, remembering; pres. p. of rt स्मृ with अनु, 524.

अनुस्मृत्य calling to mind, remembering; past ind. p. of rt स्मृ with अनु, 560.

अनृतं acc. sin. of अनृत n. falsehood, untruth. अनेकश: for अनेकशस ind. in large quantities or numbers, in abundance, not in units; (from अनेक, affix शस, 725.)

खनेन ins. sin. n. of इदं this, 224.

भनःपुरं nom. sin. n. the inner or female apartments, the harem.

ञ्चनः पुरसमीपस्थे TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; ञ्चनः पुर cr. the private apartments of a palace, समीप cr. neighbourhood, स्थे loc. sin. n. of स्थ m. f. n. situated, being; agt. of rt स्था to stand, see 580. b.

अनःपुरात abl. sin. of अनःपुर n. See last. अनतः for अनतस् ind. lastly, finally, 719.

सनारं acc. sin. of सनार n. an opportune moment, an occasion; also, the middle, the midst, intermediate space; ist cl. 104.

सनारधीयत he or it disappeared or was changed, he vanished; 3d sin. impf. of rt था in pass. with सनार; see 465.

सन्तरमेसुर Tat. on Dep. comp. 739; सन्तर cr. opportune moment, occasion, मेसुर nom. sin. of मेसु m. f. n. anxious to obtain, desirous of obtaining; des. adj. from rt साप with म; see 503, 82. VII, 824.

अनरात्मना ins. sin. of अनरात्मन् m. the soul, lit. the inner soul or spirit; (from अनर and आत्मन् 6th cl. 146.)

अन्तरिक्षे loc. sin. of अन्तरिक्ष n. the sky, air, atmosphere, heaven, 1st cl. 104.

अनिरीक्षमो nom. sin. of अनिरीक्षम m. a bird, lit. sky-goer, 1st cl. 103; (comp. of अन-रीक्ष cr. sky, and म goer, agt. of rt मम् 580. b.)

चनारीखाद abl. sin. of चनारीख n. the sky, the heaven.

স্থান হিন nom. sin. n. of স্থান হিন m. f. n. made to disappear, made to change, vanished; past p. p. of rt धा to hold, with স্থানা, 533. a.

सन्तिहिता: nom. pl. m. vanished. See last.

सनाहिते loc. sin. m. See last.

अनाहितो nom. sin. m. disappeared.

अनावना nom. pl. m. of अनावन् m. f. n. possessed of an end, finite, 140.

अनाश् for अनार् (71. b) ind. within, between.

अनास nom. sin. of अना m. the end.

श्रानिक n. presence, vicinity, 1st cl. 103.

खनिकम् ind. near; governing the genitive case.

खनिके near, close up to, into the presence of; loc. sin. of खन्तिक, q.v.

अनोन ins. sin. of अना m. end.

ষান্দান্দহিজ্ঞরাশ্ Bah. or Rel. comp.; ষান cr. food, पान cr. drink, beverage, परिজ্ঞরাশ্ acc. sin. f. from परिজ্ঞর m. dress, clothes, apparel, useful articles.

अन्नरसम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; अन्न cr. food, रसम् acc. sin. of रस m. taste, 1st cl. 103.

ञ्चतंस्कारम् Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; अत्र cr. food, viands, संस्कारम् acc. sin. of संस्कार् m. preparation. (Perfection in the art of dressing viands was one of the gifts bestowed by the gods on Nala at his marriage.)

स्रत्य m. f. n. other, another, the other, 236. स्रत्यं acc. sin. m. of स्रत्य, q.v.

ख्रन्य: nom. sin. m. of ख्रन्य, q. v.

भन्यच् for अन्यत् nom. sin. n. other, another, 48.

अन्यज् for अन्यत् nom. sin. n. other, another, 48.

अन्यत् nom. sin. n. of अन्य other, another.

अन्यतमं acc. sin. of अन्यतम one or the other; (अन्यतम is one of many, as opposed to अन्यतर one of two, 236.)

ष्मन्यत ind. elsewhere, in another place, 720. सन्यथा ind. otherwise, 721.

सन्य द nom. or acc. sin. n. of सन्य other, another.

जन्म न for जन्मत् other, nom. sin. n. of जन्म other, another.

अन्यम् acc. sin. m. of अन्य m. f. n. other, another.

खन्या nom. sin. f. another woman, 236.

खन्या: nom. pl. f. of खन्य other, another.

खन्यान् acc. pl. m. of खन्य other, another.

ष्यानि acc. pl. n. of खन्य m. f. n. other, another.

स्रन्येन ins. sin. m. of सन्य other, another.

स्त्रेषु loc. pl. of सन्य other, another.

सन्धेर ins. pl. of सन्य other, another.

अन्येश ins. pl. m. of अन्य other, another.

सन्यस् ins. pl. of अन्य other, another.

जन्योन्यम् acc. sin. of जन्योन्य m. f. n. one another, 1st cl. 103.

ष्यन्वमात् he or she followed; 3d sin. aor. of rt मा with खनु.

अन्यजानात् he consented, he permitted; 3d sin. impf. of rt ज्ञा with अनु, 9th cl. 688.

अन्वयात् he or she followed; 3d sin. aor. of rt इ to go, with अनु, see 645, 438. e.

अन्यास्त he performed; 3d sin. impf. of rt आस् with अनु, 2d cl. 317.

आन्वित: nom. sin. of अन्वित m.f. n. possessed of, labouring under, afflicted with.

जन्वेषणार्थे ind. for the sake of seeking after, see 760. d, 791.

अन्वेषती nom. sin. f. of अन्वेषत् m. f. n. seeking, looking for; pres. p. par. of rt एप् with अनु, 524.

अन्वेपतीम् acc. sin. f. See last.

अन्वेषना nom. pl. m. of अन्वेषत्. See अन्वे-षती.

अन्वेषमाणा nom. sin. f. of अन्वेषमाण m. f. n. looking after, seeking for; pres. p. útm. of rt एष् with अनु, 1st cl. 526.

अन्वेषमाणाम् acc. sin. f. See last.

खन्वेषसि thou seekest, thou searchest for; 2d sin. pres. of rt एष् with जनु, 1st cl. 261. अन्येष्टारो nom. pl. m. of अन्येष्ट्र m. f. n. a seeker, seeking for; agt. of rt इप् with अनु, 581.

खन्वेषुम् to seek for; inf. of rt इप् with अनु, 459.

अप prep. off, away, from.

अपकारताम् acc. sin. of अपकारता f. offence, wrong, injuriousness.

अपकृते loc. sin. m. of अपकृत m. f. n. injured; past p. p. of rt कृ with अप.

अपकृष्टेन ins. sin. m. or n. of अपकृष्ट m. f. n. abstracted, rubbed off, removed, distracted; past p. p. of rt कृष् with अप, 539.

अपनृष्य having taken away, having removed, having abstracted; past ind. p. of rt नृष् with अप, 559; अपनृष्य लज्जां having discarded shame.

षपक्राने loc. sin. of खपक्रान m. f. n. departed, gone away; past p. p. of rt क्रम् with खप, 546.

अपरां acc. sin. f. of अपर other, another.

भपाञ्चा with unaverted faces; nom. pl. m. of अपराञ्चाल m. f. n.; (comp. of आ not, and पराञ्चाल having the face पराञ्च turned away, 176. b, 43. a.)

अपराजित voc. sin. O unconquered one.

स्रपराजितम् acc. sin. m. of स्रपराजित m.f. n. unconquered, 726.

अपराणि acc. sin. n. of अपर m. f. n. other.

सपराद्वम् nom. sin. n. of सपराद्ध m. f. n. one who has given offence or has been guilty of a fault, offended against, (governing a genitive at Book XXIV. 12.)

जपराधं acc. sin. of अपराध m. fault, offence.

अपरिहार्ये loc. sin. m. of अपरिहार्य m. f. n. unavoidable, not to be shunned.

अपरे others, nom. pl. m. of अपर m. f. n. other, another, 238. a.

अपरेद्यु: for अपरेद्युस् (63) ind. the following

day, the next day. In Book XIII. 35 this word is used as a substantive in the locative case.

ষ্ণাত্মনান্ acc. sin. f. of ষ্ণাত্মন having no termination, having no end; (comp. of স 726, and पত্মিন behind, latter.)

जपश्यंस् for जपश्यन् they saw; 3d pl. impf. of rt दृश् 1st cl. 604, 53.

अपश्यच् for अपश्यत् he saw; 3d sin. impf. of rt दृश् 1st cl. 604, 48.

अपञ्चत he or it saw; 3d sin. impf, atm. of rt दृश् 1st cl. 604.

अपश्यद् he or she saw; 3d sin. impf. from rt दृश् 1st cl. 604.

अपञ्चन् for अपञ्चन् he saw; 3d sin. impf. of rt दृश् 1st cl. 270, 604.

ষ্কা पञ्चन् nom. sin. m. of স্বাহ্যন্ m.f. n. not seeing; (from স্ব not, 726, and पञ्चन् pres. p. of rt হুয় 524, 604.)

স্ব पৃষ্ট না nom. sin. f. of স্ব पৃষ্ট ন m. f. n. not seeing; (comp. of স্ব not, 726, and पৃষ্ট pres. p. of rt दृश् 604, 524.)

स्रपञ्चमाना nom. sin. f. not beholding; (from स not, 726, and पञ्चमान m.f. n. pres. p. átm. of rt दृश् 604, 526.)

अपहरिन they carry off; 3d pl. pres. of rt ह with अप, 593.

अपहाय having abandoned or discarded; past ind. p. of rt हा with अप, 559.

अपहृतज्ञानो BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; अपहृत cr. robbed of, bereft of, ज्ञानो nom. sin. m. from ज्ञान n. sense, wisdom, see 108.

अपहता nom. sin. f. of अपहत m. f. n. carried away, carried off; past p. p. of rt ह with अप, 532.

अपापचेतसम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; अपाप cr. sinless, blameless, चेतसम् acc. sin. m. from चेतस् n. mind, soul, 7th cl. 164. a.

अपाम gen. pl. of अप f. water, see 178.b.

खपाम्पतिः nom. sin. m. Varuṇa. See next.

अपाम्पतिर् the lord of waters, i. e. Varuna, TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743. c; अपाम् gen. pl. of अप water, 178. b, पतिर nom. sin. of पति m. lord, 2d el. 121.

अपानृतं acc. sin. n. of अपानृत m. f. n. opened. अपि ind. even, also, though, although, assuredly.

अपिहिता nom. sin. f. of अपिहित m. f. n. (also written पिहित) covered, filled with; वाष्णेया अपिहिता bathed in tears, suffused with tears. अपि is here a preposition before हित the pass. p. of rt था 533. a.

अपृद्धत् he or she asked; 3d sin. impf. See next.

अपृद्धन् they asked; 3d pl. impf. of rt प्रद् 6th cl. 631.

खपप्रवृश्ताल: for अपि सम्बवृश्ताल:.

सप्रजः nom. sin. m. of सप्रज m. f. n. childless.

स्प्रतिनन्दन्तम् not regarding, not heeding or welcoming; acc.sin.m.of सप्रतिनन्दत् pres. p. of rt नन्द् with प्रति and prefix स (726), 524, 141.

अप्रतिमां acc. sin. f. of अप्रतिम m. f. n. incomparable, peerless, unequalled.

अप्रतिमेन ins. sin. n. of अप्रतिम m.f. n. See last.

स्प्रातिमो nom. sin. m. of स्प्रातिम m. f. n. unequalled, incomparable, without a peer, 1st cl. 103.

अप्रतीकारम् acc. sin. m. not retaliating, not defending (myself), unresisting; (अ not, प्रतीकार retaliation.)

अप्रमेयस्य gen. sin. m. of अप्रमेय m. f. n. immeasurable, infinite, incomparable, 726.

अप्रश्रास्त: nom. sin. of अप्रश्रास्त m. f. n. not good, worthless, accursed.

अप्राप्तकालो one whose time has not arrived, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; अप्राप्त er. not reached, कालो nom. sin. m. of काल time. असरा: nom. sin. of असरस् f. a celestial nymph of Svarga or Indra's heaven (163. a). The Apsarasas were the nymphs of Indra's heaven, produced at the churning of the ocean (see note under अमृतीपमां at p. 189). Their birth is thus described in the Rámáyaņa:

'Then from the agitated deep upsprung
The legion of Apsarasas, so named,
That to the watery element they owed
Their being. Myriads were they born, and all
In vesture heavenly clad and heavenly gems.'

Wilson, Preface to Vikramorvaśi, p. 13.

जनधो nom. sin. m. of जनधा m. f. n. not to be killed.

अविभ्यत he or she feared; 3d sin. impf. irreg. for अविभेत of rt भी 3d cl. 666, see also 859.

মৰুৱা unintentionally, unwittingly; ins. sin. of মৰুৱি f. absence of design; (from ম not, 726, and বুৱি design, 112.)

अनुधात he or she perceived, she awoke; 3d sin. impf. of rt नुष् 4th cl. 614.

स्र अधेर् for स्र अधेस्ins.pl.of स्र अध्यm.f.n. feeding on water; (comp. of सप्cr. water, 43, and अधेर ins. pl. of भद्य eating.)

अब्रवी: for अब्रवीस् thou saidest. See अब्रवीत्. अब्रवीच् for अब्रवीत् by 48, q. v.

अन्नवीत he or she spoke to, addressed; 3d sin. impf. of rt नू 2d cl. 314, 649.

अब्रवीन् for अब्रवीत्, q. v.

ष्मुवन they said, they addressed; 3d pl. impf. of rt मू 314, 649.

अनुवाणा nom. sin. f. not speaking; (from अ not, 726, and नुवाण, q.v.)

स्रभवंस् for स्रभवन् by 53.

स्रभवच् for स्रभवत्. See next.

अभवत् he was, it was; 3d sin. impf. of rt भू 1st cl. 585.

सभवद् for सभवत्, q.v.

सभवन they were; 3d pl. impf. of rt भू 585. सभावो nom. sin. m. non-existence. स्थापत he or she said, he spoke; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt भाप् 1st cl. 261.

স্থানি prep. to, towards, over, upon.

जभिगन्द्रति he goes towards, he returns to; 3d sin. pres. See जभिजग्रुस्.

জিনসম্ম having approached; past ind. p. of rt নম্ with জিদ, 559, 602.

অনিৰ্যাদি I transgress, I sin against; 1st sin. pres. of rt ব্য with জনি.

सभिजग्रुस् they approached, they went towards, they went; 3d pl. perf. of rt गम् with prep. सभि, 602, 376.

ज्ञभिज्ञते he knew, he was aware; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt ज्ञा with ज्ञाभि, 688.

স্থানিনানি I know; 1st sin. pres. of rt রা with স্থানি, 9th cl. 688.

स्रभिज्ञानीयाम् I may recognise; 1st sin. pot. See last.

श्रभजानीच्य understand thou, know thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. See last.

अभिज्ञाय having recognised; past ind. p.

सभिद्भुत्य having ran towards; past ind. p., of rt दू with स्राभ, 560.

স্থানিয়াৰ hasten thou here, lit. run thou towards; 2d sin. imp. of rt খাৰ with স্থান, 1st cl. 261.

অনিধান্দানি I will address, I will speak to; I will relate; Ist sin. 2d fut. of rt ধা with অনি, 664.

श्रीमनन्दित he attends to, he heeds; 3d sin. pres. of rt नन्द with श्रीम, 1st cl. 261.

अभिनन्द्य having gladdened; past ind. p. of rt नन्द् in caus. with अभि, 566.

अभिप्रायं acc. sin. of अभिप्राय m. wish, intention.

अभिप्रायस nom. sin. intention. See last.

অনিম্বনি he or it prevails over, he or it overcomes; 3d sin. pres. of rt মু with অনি.

স্ত্রমিभাषनो nom. pl. m. of স্ত্রমিभাषन् m. f. n. speaking to, calling to; pres. p. par. of rt भाष् with স্থাম, 524.

B b 2

- জনিমাদিতী nom. sin. f. addressing, 1st cl.
  105; agt. from মাদ্ with অমি, 582. a.
- ञ्चभिभाषे I address; 1st sin. pres. átm. of rt भाष् with ञ्चभि, 1st cl. 261.
- जभिमुखो nom. sin. m. of जभिमुख m. f. n. facing, opposite, in front, before one's face.
- ষ্ণানিভবন্ acc. sin. m. of স্থানিভব m. f. n. beautiful.
- सभिवर्धते increases; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt वृष् with सभि, 1st cl. 261.
- अभिवादक: nom. sin. m. a saluter, one who offers salutation.
- ज्ञभिवादयामास he saluted; 3d sin. perf. of rt वह in caus. with ज्ञाभ, 490.
- ন্ধানায় having saluted; past ind. p. of rt ag in caus. with মাদ, 566.
- স্থানিবাছ্য having seen, having observed; past ind. p. of rt ইঘ with স্থানি and বি, 559.
- अभिव्यक्तं ind. plainly, manifestly, 713.
- ন্ধািম্যাাঘার abl. sin. of স্থানিয়াঘ m. curse, imprecation, anathema, 1st cl. 103.
- अभिसंवृता nom. sin. f. of अभिसंवृत m. f. n. covered, clothed; past p. p. of rt वृ with अभि and सं.
- स्रभिससार he came up, (he came to her assistance;) 3d sin. perf. of rt सृ with स्रभि, 364.
- ষ্ঠান্তন: nom. sin. m. of ষ্ঠান্তন m. f. n. smitten, stricken; past p. p. of rt হন্ with ষ্ঠান, 545.
- अभो स्णम् ind. repeatedly, again and again. अभोप्सव: nom. pl. of अभोप्सु m. f. n. desirous of obtaining, 3d cl. 110; formed from des. of rt आए, see 503, 82. VII.
- মানুর he, she or it was, there was, there arose; 3d sin. aor. of rt মু 585.
- अभ्यगन्त्रत् he approached, he went to; 3d sin. impf. of rt गम् with स्त्रिभ, 602.
- स्थागञ्जह for अभ्याञ्जत he proceeded to.
- अभ्यगात he approached; 3d sin. aor. of rt गा or of rt इ with अभि, see 438. e.

- अभ्यजानात् he or she recognised; 3d sin. impf. of rt ज्ञा with अभि, 9th cl. 360, 688.
- स्थाधिकं acc. sin. n. of स्थाधिक m. f. n. greater, superior. See next.
- अभ्यधिको nom. sin. m. of अभ्यधिक m. f. n. greater, superior, (governing abl. at Book XI. 16, and ins. at Book XXI. 14.)
- अभ्यनन्दत he saluted, he congratulated; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt नन्द् with सभि, 1st cl. 261.
- अभ्यनुज्ञाता nom. sin. f. of अभ्यनुज्ञात m. f. n. permitted; past p. p. of rt ज्ञा with अनु and अभि.
- अभ्यपूनयन् they worshipped; 3d pl. impf. of rt पून् with अभि, 10th cl. 283.
- অস্মামন he addressed, he spoke to, he replied; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt भाष with অপি, 1st cl. 261.
- अभ्यभापना they addressed; 3d pl. impf. átm. See last.
- अभ्ययात् he went to; 3d sin. impf. of rt या with अभि (34), 2d cl. 644.
- अभ्यम्यन्ति they abuse, they speak angrily or contemptuously; 3d pl. pres. of असूय with अभि, nominal verb from असूया detraction; see 519. a.
- अभ्यागता nom. sin. f. of अभ्यागत m. f. n. come to; past p. p. of rt गम् with आ and अभि, 545.
- स्थागताम् acc. sin. f. of सभ्यागत m. f. n. approached, arrived; past p. p. of rt गम् with सा and सभि, 545.
- अभ्यासपरिवर्तिनीम् acc. sin. f. wandering about or near; (from अभ्यास cr. near, and परिवर्तिनोम् from परिवर्तिन् m.f. n. going round.)
- अभ्येति approaches, comes towards; 3d sin. pres. of rt इ with अभि, 2d cl. 645.
- स्थित having approached, having come to; past ind. p. of rt इ with सा and सभि, 560.
- अभ्रेण ins. sin. of अभ्र n. a cloud.
- अभ्रेषु loc. pl. of अभ्र n. a cloud.

समिरदताम् acc. sin. f. of समिरदत m. f. n. unadorned.

समनुष्पनिपेविते TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; स not, 726, मनुष्प cr. men, निपेविते loc. sin. n. of निषेवित m. f. n. inhabited.

समन्यत he or she thought; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt मन् 617.

अमरप्रस्पम् acc. sin. m. like an immortal; (comp. of अमर cr. immortal, and प्रस्प m. f. n. like, 777.)

अमर्प्रमे O beautiful as an immortal, Anom. comp. 777; अमर cr. immortal, प्रमे voc. sin. of प्रमा f. beauty, lustre, 1st cl. 105.

समरवह for समरवत् like an immortal; (comp. of समर immortal, and affix वत् 724.)

अमरान् acc. pl. of अमर m. f. n. immortal, 1st cl. 103.

समरोत्तमा: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743. b: समर cr. immortal, उत्तमा: nom. pl. m. of उत्तम best, 1st cl. 103; समर + उत्तम = समरोत्तम by 32.

अमरोपम voc. sin. m. O thou like the immortals; (from अमर cr. immortal, and उपम like, 777.)

अमरोपम: nom. sin. m. See last.

समधेण: nom. sin. m. of समधेण m. f. n. impetuous, impatient, intolerant.

अमात्यान् acc. pl. of अमात्य m. a minister, ist cl. 103.

स्नानुषम् acc. sin. m. or n. of समानुष m. f. n. not human; (comp. of स not, 726, and मानुष, q. v.)

ष्मार्जिताम् acc. sin. f. of ष्मार्जित m. f. n. uncleansed, unwashed; (comp. of ष not, 726, and मार्जित past p. p. of rt मृज् or मार्ज् 549.)

स्रामित गणमूदनम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; स्रामित cr. an enemy, गण cr. a host, सूदनम् acc. sin. m. of सूदन m. a destroyer, 582. c.

ज्ञमित्वयातिनः Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; ज्ञमित cr. an enemy, यातिनः gen. sin. m.

of पातिन् m. f. n. a slayer, killer, 6th cl.

अमृतत्वाय dat. sin. of अमृतत्व n. immortality.

अमृतोपमां Anom. comp. 777; अमृत cr. the beverage or food of immortality, nectar or ambrosia, उपमां acc. sin. f. of उपम m. f. n. like. The following is the account of the production of the अन्त in the Vishnu Purána (p. 74, &c.): 'The gods (Suras) discomfited by the Daityas fled to Vishnu for refuge. He addressed them, and said, "I will restore your strength. Let all the gods, associated with the Asuras (or Daityas, see note under देत्प, &c.), cast medicinal herbs into the sea of milk, and then taking the mountain Mandara for the churningstick, the serpent Vásuki for the rope, churn the ocean for ambrosia. To secure the aid of the Daityas you must make peace with them, and promise them an equal portion." The gods, after collecting the herbs and casting them into the sea, took the mountain Mandara for the staff, the serpent Vásuki for the cord, and commenced churning for the amrita. The gods were stationed at the tail of the serpent and the Daityas at the head. In the midst of the sea, Vishnu himself, in the form of a tortoise, served as a pivot for the mountain as it whirled round. From the ocean thus churned came forth Dhanvantari (the physician of the gods) robed in white, bearing in his hand the cup of amrita. The gods quaffed the nectar, and receiving new vigour defeated the Daityas. The nectar and ambrosia thus produced was preserved in the moon. Accumulated there it is distilled by the lunar rays, and serves the gods and pitris (progenitors) for food.'

अनृष्यमाणा for अनृष्यमाणास् nom. pl. of अनृष्यमाण m. f. n. not enduring, not

bearing or tolerating; pres. p. átm. of rt मृष् 4th cl. 526. a.

अमेयात्मा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; अमेय cr. immeasurable, immense, आत्मा nom. sin. of आत्मन् m. mind, soul, 146.

अयं this, he; nom. sin. of इदं, q. v.

सर्यं स Here he (is)! 224, 220. स for सस् 67.

अयोध्यां acc. sin. of अयोध्या f. the city Ayodhyá (i. e. the Invincible), the modern Oude. This city is celebrated in all Hindú poetry as the ancient capital of Ráma-ćandra, founded by Ikshváku, the first king of the solar dynasty. In the Rámáyana (Book I. Chap. V) it is thus described: 'On the banks of the Sarayú is a large country called Kośala, gay and happy, abounding with cattle, corn, and wealth. In that country was a famous city called Ayodhyá, built formerly by Manu, the lord of men. A great city, twelve yojanas in extent, the houses of which stood in triple and long-extended rows. It was rich, and perpetually adorned with new improvements. streets were well-disposed and wellwatered. It was filled with merchants of various descriptions, and adorned with abundance of jewels; crowded with houses, beautified with gardens and groves of mango-trees, surrounded by a deep and impregnable moat, and completely furnished with arms.' In the S'akuntalá (Act VI) Ayodhyá is called Sáketaka.

अयोध्याधिपतिः nom. sin. m. the sovereign of Ayodhyá; (comp. of अयोध्या and अधि-पति, q.v., 743.)

अयोध्यावासिनं acc. sin. m. inhabiting Ayodhyá; (comp. of अयोध्या and वासिन् dwelling in, inhabitant, 582. a.)

श्वाः acc. sin. n. of श्वांच्य m. f. n. free from dust, clean, pure, 164. a; (from श्व 726, and राजस् dust.)

अरञ्जयत he conciliated (the affections of); 3d sin. impf. of rt स्त्र in caus. 479.

अरापं nom. or acc. sin. of अराप n. a forest, a wood.

अरख्यनृपते TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; अरख्य cr. forest, नृपते voc. sin. of नृपति m. a king, 2d cl. 110.

अर्प्यराट् Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; अर्प्य cr. forest, राट्र nom. sin. of राज् m. a king, see 176. e.

स्रायस्य gen. sin. of सराय n. a forest.

अरायस्यास्य for अरायस्य अस्य by 31.

अर्ग्यानि acc. pl. of अर्ग्य n. a forest.

श्रापे loc. sin. of श्राप n. a forest, a wood.

स्रालपस्मनयनां Complex comp. 771; स्राल cr. curved, पस्म cr. eye-lash, नयनां acc. sin. f. from नयन n. the eye; see 108.

स्रार्किपेश O thou tamer of thy enemies, TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; स्रार्ट cr. an enemy, कर्पेश voc. sin. of कर्पेश m. harasser, annoyer, 1st cl. 103.

अरिन्दम voc. sin. m. See next.

श्रारिन्दमं acc. sin. of श्रारिन्दम m. the conqueror of (his) foes; see 580. a, 739. c.

अरिमर्देनं Тат. ов Dep. сомр. 743; आर cr. an enemy, मर्देनं acc. sin. of मर्देन m. a destroyer, a crusher, agt. of rt मृह 582. c.

अरिमदेन: nom. sin. m. See last.

अरिसूदन voc. sin. m. O destroyer of (thy) foes; (अरि an enemy, सूदन destroying.)

अरिहा nom. sin. m. slayer of (his) foes; (comp. of अरि cr. an enemy, and हा nom. sin. of हन a killer, 6th cl. 157.)

अर्केण ins. sin. of अर्क m. the sun, 1st cl. 103.

ऋचेयामास he or she honoured; 3d sin. perf. of rt ऋचे 10th cl. 283.

अर्चियत्वा having honoured; past ind. p. of rt अर्च् 10th cl. 558.

अचितानि nom. pl. n. of अचित m. f. n. honoured; past p. p. of rt अर्च 538.

सर्जितम् nom. sin. n. of सर्जित m. f. n. acquired, earned; past p. p. of rt सर्जे 538.

ষর্গুনাহিদ্দান্তর্ন Complex comp. 771; ষর্গুন the Arjuna, a kind of tree (Pentaptera Arjuna), স্বাহিষ্ট the Arishta or Nímtree, মান্তর্ন acc. sin. n. of মান্তর m. f. n. covered, shrouded; past p. p. of rt ত্রে with सं, 540.

अर्थे ind. for the sake of, see अर्थे.

অর্থনাদ:nom.sin.m.desirous of riches; (comp. of অর্থ wealth, and নাদ wishing for.)

अर्घकामांस् for अर्घकामान् (53), acc. pl. m. See last.

सर्थकृष्कुषु loc. pl. n. in difficult matters; (comp. of सर्ष cr. thing, matter, and कृष्कु n. difficulty.)

अर्थेस् nom. sin. m. use, profit, advantage.

स्पीप ind. for the sake of, for the use of.
The dative case is here used adverbially;
but संघे and संघे are more common, see
731, 917.

अधितव्यं nom. sin. n. of अधितव्य m. f. n. to be sought; fut. pass. p. of rt अपै 569.

अर्थे loc. sin. of अर्थ m. thing, matter.

अर्थे ind. for the sake of, (governing genitive case or preceded by crude.)

अर्थेन ins. sin. of अर्थ m. matter, thing.

अर्थों for अर्थेस् nom. sin. m. matter, thing.

सदितं acc. sin. m. of सदित m. f. n. afflicted; past p. p. of rt सहै 538.

अर्धे nom. or acc. sin. of अर्थ n. half.

सर्धरात्रसमये TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; सर्धरात cr. midnight, lit. half-night, see 778, समये loc. sin. of समय m. time.

अर्धवस्त्रसंवीताम् Complex comp. 771; अर्थ cr. half, वस्त्र cr. garment, संवीताम् acc. sin.f.of संघीतm.f.n. clothed, enveloped; past p. p. of च्ये with सं, 535.

अर्थसञ्चातशस्या Bah. or Rel.ocomp. 767; अर्थ cr. half, सञ्चात produced, grown, शस्या nom. sin. f. from शस्य n. corn, fruit, 108. स्थिन ins. sin. of स्थे n. half, 1st cl. 104. सहिंगां acc. sin. of सहिंगा f. honour.

सहीत he is worthy of, he deserves, he or she deigns (Lat. dignus) or condescends; 3d sin. pres. of rt सहै 1st cl. In Book XIV. 7. भवान सहीत must be translated, let your honour deign.

जहेष deign ye, be ye willing; 2d pl. pres. of rt जहे.

सहिंस do thou deign; 2d sin. pres. 608, 870.

अहंसीयेव for अहंसि इति एव by 31. a, 34.

सही for सहीस् nom. pl. of सह worthy, right, proper.

ষাকাষ্মিন: nom. sin. m. of ষাকাষ্মিন m. f. n. unobserved, unseen, unperceived; (comp. of ষা not, 726, and কাষ্মিন, q. v.)

स्यकार्ये nom. sin. n. a small matter; (from सन्य small, and कार्य, q.v.)

अल्पपरीवारो BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; अल्प cr. small, परीवारो nom. sin. m. of परीवार m. retinue, train.

अल्पपुर्येन BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; अल्प cr. small, पुर्येन ins. sin. m. from पुर्य n. virtue, religious merit.

ज्ञस्पनलप्राणा for अस्पनलप्राणास् Complex comp. 771; जस्प cr. little, नल cr. strength, प्राणास् nom. pl. m. of प्राण m. breath.

स्त्यभाग्येन BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; स्रत्य cr. little, भाग्येन ins. sin. m. from भाग्य n. fortune, luck, 108.

स्व prep. down, off, away, from.

अवकर्तनम् acc. sin. of अवकर्तनn. cutting off.

अवकृष्टस् nom. sin. m. of अवकृष्ट m. f. n. dragged, drawn along, dragged down; past p. p. of rt कृष् with अव, 539.

अवकृष्णते he is drawn back or dragged down; 3d sin. pres. pass. of rt कृष् with अव, 463.

ञ्चवगच्छधं know ye; 2d pl. imp. átm. of rt गम् with ञ्चव, 1st cl. 602.

अवतीर्थ having descended, having alighted; past ind. p. of rt त् with खन, 561.

- अवन्तीम् acc. sin. of अवन्ती f. Avantí, name of a city, the modern Oujein; also called Ujjayiní, Visálá, and Pushpa-karandiní. This city is noticed in the Megha-dúta, verses 28 and 31:
  - 'Behold the city whose immortal fame Glows in Avanti's or Visálá's name.'
- अवमुच्य having unloosed, having unharnessed; past ind. p. of rt मुच् with अव.
- ষ্পবিগ্নিষ্ট nom. sin. n. of ষ্পবিগ্নিষ্ট m. f. n. left; past p. p. of rt शिष् with ষ্পব, 672.
- अवश्यम् ind. certainly.
- अवसं I dwelt; ist sin. impf. of rt वस् ist cl. 607.
- अवसंस् for अवसन् (53), 3d pl. impf. they dwelt. See अवसन्.
- अवसक्ता nom. sin. f. of अवसक्त m. f. n. fixed; past p. p. of rt सञ्च to adhere, with अव, 597. a.
- अवसच् for अवसत् by 48, q.v.
- अवसत् he dwelt; 3d sin. impf. of rt वस् 1st cl. 607.
- अवसद् for अवसत् he dwelt; 3d sin. impf. of rt वस.
- अवसीदिति he or she pines away, wastes away or sinks; 3d sin. pres. of rt सद with अव, 1st cl. 270, 599. a.
- अवसृजामि I concede, I grant, I bestow; 1st sin. pres. of rt सृज् with अव, 625.
- अवस्त्रतां acc. sin. of अवस्त्रता f. state of being without a garment, nakedness; (from अ not, 726, and वस्त्रता abstract noun, 80. XXIII.)
- अवस्थातुं to stand ; inf. of rt स्था with अव.
- अवस्थाप having stopped, having made to stand still; past ind. p. of rt स्था in caus. with अव, 483, 559.
- सर्वास्थतः nom. sin. of सर्वास्थत m.f.n. standing, arrayed, drawn up in array; past p. p. of rt स्था with सन, 533, 896. a.
- अवस्थिता for अवस्थितास् nom. pl. m. See अवस्थितः.
- सर्वस्थिताः nom. pl. m. See सर्वस्थितः.

- अवस्थितान् acc. pl. m. See अवस्थित:.
- স্থবাম he obtained; 3d sin. perf. of rt স্থাম্
  with স্বৰ, 364. a.
- अवाप having obtained; past ind. p. of rt आप with अव.
- जवास्यित thou wilt obtain; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt जाए with जव, 681.
- अवारयत् he prevented; 3d sin. impf. of rt वृ in caus. 481.
- श्रविद्युता: nom. pl. m. of श्रविद्युत m. f. n. uninjured, unhurt; (comp. of श्र not, 726, and विद्युत hurt, injured; past p. p. of rt द्युण with वि, 684, 685, 545.)
- स्रविनाशिनं acc. sin. m. of स्रविनाशिन् indestructible.
- ष्प्रियन्दत he or she obtained, he or she found; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt चिन्द् or चिद्ध 6th cl. 281.
- মবিয়াব্ধন without doubting, without hesitation; ins. sin. of মবিয়াব্ধ, used adverbially, (ম prefixed to বিয়াব্ধ 726.)
- स्रवेद्याता: nom. pl.m. of स्रवेद्यात m.f.n. seen, looked upon; past p. p. of rt ईस with स्रव, 538.
- स्रविद्युम् to consider; inf. of rt ई्य with स्व, 459.
- अवेस्य having considered, having regarded; past ind. p. of rt ईख with अव.
- अवैमि I know, I trow; 1st sin. pres. of rt इ with अव, 311. a.
- अव्यक्तो nom. sin. m. of अव्यक्त m. f. n. imperceptible, unperceived.
- स्वयं nom. sin. n. of स्वयं m. f. n. undisturbed.
- स्रयमं acc. sin. n. of स्वयम m. f. n. imperishable, eternal, everlasting; (comp. of स not, 726, and व्यम decay.)
- अव्ययस्य gen. sin. of अव्यय m. f. n. imperishable, immutable, eternal.
- अव्ययां acc.sin. f. of अव्यय imperishable.
- अशकत he was able; 3d sin. aor. of rt शक् 679.

अश्रद्भवन not being able; (comp. of अ not, and श्रद्भवन nom. sin. m. of श्रद्भवन pres. p. of rt शक् 5th cl. 679, 524.)

चशिक्षता nom. sin. f. of चशिक्षत m. f. n. fearless.

अञ्चल he cursed; 3d sin. impf. of rt शप् 1st cl. 261.

अशस्त्रं acc. sin. m. of अशस्त्र unarmed, disarmed; (अ not, शस्त्र weapon.)

अशुभं acc. sin. of अशुभ n. sin, evil, wickedness; (comp. of अ 726, and शुभ good.)

अशुभक्रमेण: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; अशुभ cr. not good, evil, unhappy, क्रमेण: gen. sin. m. from क्रमेन् n. 152.

अशेषतः for अशेषतस् ind. without reserve, fully; (अ not, 726, शेष remainder, and तस् affix, 719.)

अभेषेण ind. entirely, wholly, without reserve; (comp. of अ not, 726, and श्रेष remainder, see 714.)

अशोक voc. sin. O Aśoka. This tree (supposed to be named Aśoka from a 'not' and śoka 'sorrow') is one of the most beautiful of Indian trees. Sir W. Jones observes, that 'the vegetable world scarcely exhibits a richer sight than an Asokatree in full bloom. It is about as high as an ordinary cherry-tree. The flowers are very large, and beautifully diversified with tints of orange-scarlet, of pale yellow, and of bright orange, which form a variety of shades according to the age of the blossom.' The Asoka is sacred to Siva, and is planted near his temples. It grows abundantly in Ceylon. In Hindú poetry despairing lovers very commonly address objects of nature, clouds, elephants, and birds, on the subject of their lost or absent mistresses. Megha-dúta, the 4th Act of the Vikramorvasí, and the 9th Act of the Málati Mádhava.

अशोकं acc. sin. of अशोक m. the Asoka-tree. अशोक: nom. sin. m. the Asoka-tree.

अशोकतरं acc. sin. of अशोकतर m. an Aśoka-tree. See note under अशोक.

জज्ञोकनग voc. sin. m. O Asoka-tree; (comp. of अज्ञोक cr. and नग m. a tree.)

अशोकवृद्धं acc. sin. m. the Asoka-tree; (comp. of अशोक and वृद्ध m. a tree.)

जज़ोचत् he or she grieved; 3d sin. impf. of rt गुच् 1st cl. 261.

अशोचान acc. pl. m. of अशोच m. f. n. not to be mourned; (अ not, and शोच.)

अशोभयन्त they adorned; 3d pl. impf. átm. of rt शुभ in caus. 481.

जज़ोष्प for जज़ोष्पस् nom. sin. m. of जज़ोष्प m. f. n. not to be dried.

अश्रुपरिपूर्णाञ्चाँ Complex comp. 771; अश्रु cr. tears, परिपूर्ण cr. filled, अञ्चाँ acc. sin. f. from अञ्च m. the eye, see 778.

अश्रुपरिम्रुत: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; अश्रु cr. tears, परिम्रुत: nom. sin. m. bathed, overflowed.

समुपूर्णी ह्यी BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; समु cr. tears, पूर्ण cr. filled with, सन्दी nomsin. f. from सद्य for सद्य n. the eye, 778.

अश्रुपूर्णे TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; अश्रु cr. tears, पूर्णे nom. du. n. of पूर्ण m. f. n. full, filled with.

ষস্ত্রস্ত: nom. sin. m. skilled in horses; (from ষসা a horse, and কুয়াল m. f. n. skilful.)

सम्बनोविद: for सम्बनोविदस् TAT. OR DEP. comp. 744; सम्ब cr. a horse, नोविद: nom. of नोविद m. f. n. skilled.

सम्बनिधादिभिर् Bah. or Rel. comp. 764; सम्बनिध cr. the Aśva-medha or horsesacrifice, see below, सादिभिर् ins. pl. of सादि beginning with, et cetera.

अश्रमधेन ins. sin. of अश्रमध m. the Asvamedha or horse-sacrifice. This sacrifice is described in the Puranas as one of the

highest order, insomuch that if it be performed a hundred times it elevates the sacrificer to the throne of Svarga, and thereby effects the deposal of Indra himself. In the Rig-veda, however, the object of this rite seems to be nothing more than the acquiring of wealth and posterity; and even in the Rámáyana it is merely performed by king Dasaratha as the means of obtaining a son. From the Rig-veda it appears that the horse was immolated, and afterwards cut up into fragments, part of which were eaten by the assisting priests, and part offered as burnt-offering to the gods. The rite as described in the Puranas has been introduced by Southey into 'the Curse of Keháma.'

ষম্মহালোদ্ acc. sin. f. a stable; (comp. of ষম্ম cr. a horse, and য়ালা f. a house.)

अश्वहृद्यं nom. and acc. sin. n. knowledge of horses.

ष्यश्चहृदयेन ins. sin. n. (in exchange) with or for skill in horses; (comp. of सम्य cr. horses, and हृदय n. knowledge, skill.)

ष्मग्रांग्रेमान् for सम्यान् च इमान् by 53, 32. सम्यांम् for सम्यान्, q.v.

সম্মাধ্যম্মী Tat. or Def. comp. 743; সম cr. horses. সম্মন্ধী nom. sin. m. a master, superintendent, overseer, inspector.

अम्रान् acc. pl. of अम्र m. a horse, 1st cl. 103.

षायानां gen. pl. of अश्व m. a horse, 103.

ষামনা: gen. du. of ষামন declined in du. the twin sons of the Sun by his wife Sanjná, who was transformed to a mare (অমিন). They are endowed with perpetual youth and beauty, and are the physicians of the gods. Professor Wilson (Introduction to the Rig-veda, p. xxxv) says, 'Demigods who are more frequently than any other, except the Maruts, the object of laudation in the Veda, are the two Aśvins, the sons of the Sun accord-

ing to later mythology, but of whose origin we have no such legend in the Veda. They are said, in one place, to have the sea (Sindhu) for their mother, but this is explained to intimate their identity, as affirmed by some authorities, with the sun and moon, which rise apparently out of the ocean. They are called Dasras-destroyers either of foes or diseases, for they are the physicians of the gods. They are also called Násatyas-in whom there is no untruth. They are represented as ever young, handsome, travelling in a three-wheeled and triangular car drawn by asses, and as mixing themselves up with a variety of human transactions, bestowing benefits upon their worshippers, enabling them to foil their enemies, assisting them in their need, and extricating them from difficulty and danger. Their business seems to be more on earth than in heaven, and they belong by their exploits more to heroic than to celestial mythology. They are, however, connected in various passages with the radiance of the sun, and are said to be precursors of dawn, at which season they ought to be worshipped with libations of Soma-juice.'

अश्विनौ nom. du. m. See last.

सम्बेर ins. pl. of सम्ब m. a horse.

अष्टम: nom. sin. of अष्टम m. f. n. eighth, 209.

अष्टाद्शः nom. sin. m. eighteenth, 210.

अष्टी acc. of अष्टन् eight, see 205.

असंवीत: imperfectly covered, scarcely covered; (आ not, 726, and संवीत m. f. n. covered; past p. p. of rt ब्ये 535.)

असंश्यं ind. without doubt.

असंस्कृतम् nom. sin. n. of असंस्कृत m. f. n. unadorned.

असकृद्ध for असकृत् ind. more than once, repeatedly, (lit. not once.)

असकृत् for असकृत् ind. more than once. असंस्थेयगुणं acc. sin. m. See next.

असंख्येयगुणो BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; असंख्येय cr. innumerable, unnumbered, गुणो nom. sin. m. virtue, good quality.

असतो gen. sin. of असत् m. f. n. not existing; pres. p. of rt अस् with अ prefixed.

असन्तृतं acc. sin. n. evil, evil action; (comp. of अ not, 726, सन् good, and कृत done.)

असाकृता nom. sin. f. of असाकृत m. f. n. not well-treated, not hospitably entertained; (comp. of अ not, 726, and सकृत, q. v.)

असत्यं acc. sin. of असत्य n. falsehood, untruth.

असपत्नम् acc. sin. n. without a rival, without an adversary; (अ not, सपत्न a rival.)

स्रसहाया nom. sin. f. of स्रसहाय m. f. n. unattended, without a companion; (comp. of स 726, and सहाय a companion.)

जसावद्य for जसी जद्य by 37.

स्रांस thou art; 2d sin. pres. of rt सस् 584. स्रांसतकशानां BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; स्रांसत cr. black, केशानां acc. sin. f. from केशाना m. (lit. the end of the hair), the hair, the locks, 108.

स्रांसित हाणा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; समित cr. black, ईश्वणा nom. sin. f. from ईश्वण n. the eye, 108.

स्तीह for सिस इह by 31.

अमुखं nom. sin. n. of अमुख m. f. n. painful.

समुखनीविकाम् KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; समुख cr. joyless, नीविकाम् acc. sin. of नीविका f. life.

समुखपीडित: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; समुख cr. sorrow, grief, 726, पीडित: nom. sin. m. afflicted, pained.

अमुखाविष्टा TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; अमुख cr. grief, pain, unhappiness, आविष्टा nom. sin. f. of आविष्ट m. f. n. affected by, afflicted with.

समुहृद्वयो: ins. pl. with parties of people (who are) not friends; (comp. of स not, 726, मुहृद्ध a friend, and गण m. a company.)

समूयित्वा having scorned, having cursed; past ind. p. of the nominal verb समूय 521, 558.

असृजत् he or she let fall or let drop; 3d sin. impf. of rt सृज् 6th cl. 625.

ससी he or she; nom. sin. of अदस् 225.

अस्ति he, she or it is; 3d sin. pres. of rt अस् 2d cl. 584.

अस्तीति for अस्ति इति by 31. a.

ससु let it be; 3d sin. imp. of rt सस् 584.

अस्त्रिवत् nom. sin. m. skilled in weapons; (comp. of अस्त्र a weapon, and वित् nom. sin. m. of विद् one who knows, knowing, 5th cl. 138, 743.)

अस्पृशतः not touching; acc. pl. m. of अस्पृ-शत् m. f. n.; (comp. of अ not, 726, and स्पृशत् pres. p. par. of rt स्पृश् 524.)

ज्ञस्मत्समीपतः for ज्ञस्मत्समीपतस् ADV. COMP. 791; ज्ञस्मत् cr. us, 218, समीपतस् ind. near, 719. b.

जस्मद्धें ind. on my account, for my sake; (comp. of जस्मद् 218, and जधें 760. d, 791.)

अस्माकं of us; gen. pl. of अस्मत्-

अस्मान् us; acc. pl. of अस्मत्-

असान् from this, for अस्मान् abl. sin. of इंद this.

जस्माभि: for जस्माभिस् by us; ins. pl. of जस्मत्.

अस्माभिर् for अस्माभिस् by us. See last.

अस्मासु in us, for us, to us; loc. pl. of अस्मत्-अस्म I am; 1st sin. pres. of rt अस् 2d cl. 584.

जिस्मन in this; loc. sin. of इदं this.

सस्यद्य for सिम सद्य by 34.

जस्युपितस् for अस्मि उपितस् by 34.

अस्याधिता for अस्मि उधिता by 34.

सस्य gen. sin. m. from nom. सर्य this (इदं).

अस्यमरवह for असि अमरवह by 34.

जस्या for जस्यास् of her; gen. sin. f. from nom. इयं she (इदं).

अस्याम् loc. sin. f. See last.

सस्यार्ण्यस्य for सस्य सर्ण्यस्य by 31.

षस्याञ् gen. sin. f. from nom. इयं she (इदं).

অন্ত<sup>7</sup>यम् nom. sin. n. not conducive to heaven, unheavenly; (স্ত্র not, स्व<sup>7</sup>ये.)

असस्यों acc. sin. f. of असस्य m. f. n. not well, not herself, (lit. not staying in herself, a, sva, stha; see 580. b.)

असेदान् acc. pl. m. of असेद m. f. n. not perspiring, without perspiration; (comp. of अ not, 726, and सेद perspiration.)

खहं I; nom. sin. of मत् or अस्मत् 218.

ष्ठहता not having slain; past ind. p. of rt हन, see 558. c.

भहींन loc. sin. of सहन् n. a day, 6th cl. 156. भहिंसानिरतो Тат. or Dep. comp. 744; सहिंसा cr. harmlessness, doing no injury to living creatures, kindness, gentleness, farतो nom. sin. m. of निरत m. f. n. engaged in, devoted to; past p. p. of rt रम् with नि, 545.

षहिता: nom. pl. m. of षहित m. f. n. unfriendly, hostile.

सहो interj. Oh! Ah! Alas! 732.

श्वहोरातान् days and nights, acc. pl. of श्वहोरात m.; (comp. of श्वहर् for श्वहन् a day, 778, and रात m. for राति f. a night, 778.)

षहोरातेर ins. pl.; see last. The instrumental case is generally used with reference to any particular division of time, being then equivalent to the English in, 820.

जहोवत ind. Alas! Oh! Ah!

अहोवतायम् for अहोवत अयम् by 31.

श्रहोसिद् ind. a particle implying doubt.

## आ.

MI prep. to, at, as far as, until. When prefixed to a noun in the sense of up to, as far as, until, it generally governs the ablative case. When prefixed to verbs which denote giving or going, it reverses the action: thus दा is to give, but आदा to take; गम् is to go, but आगम् to come.

भाकारवनः nom. pl. of भाकारवत् m. f. n. well-formed, shapely.

ষানাবের্থীদুয়ঙ্ক্থা: Complex comp. 771; আনাবে cr. form, shape, वर्ण cr. colour, hue, मुश्रस्था: nom. pl. of मुश्रस्थ m. f. n. very smooth or delicate.

মানায় acc. sin. of মানায় m. the sky, the air, the atmosphere.

खाकाश्रदेशम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; खाकाश cr. the air, देशम् acc. sin. m. region.

स्नाकृष्यमाणः nom. sin. m. of स्नाकृष्यमाण m. f. n. being dragged away; pres. p. pass. of rt कृप् with स्ना, 528.

आक्रन्दमानां acc. sin. f. of आक्रन्दमान m. f. n. crying out, calling to; pres. p. átm. of rt क्रन्ट् with आ.

आक्रम्य attacking, having assaulted or invaded; past ind. p. of rt क्रम् with आ, 559.

साह्यपनीम् bringing into contempt, casting a slight upon, acc. sin. of साह्यपन्ती f.; (from साह्यपत्त pres. p. of rt हिष्प with सा, 141. b, 525. b, 635.)

आख्यातुम् to tell; inf. of rt ख्या with आ, 459, 437. b.

ञ्चाल्यानं acc. sin. of जाल्यान n. a tale, a story, words uttered.

आस्यान्पचमान् having the Puráṇas as the fifth, Bah. or Rel. comp. 761; आस्यान cr. a story, the mythological stories of the Puráṇas, written long subsequently to the Vedas, पचमान् acc. pl. of पचम m. f. n. fifth, 209.

आस्यास thou tellest, thou dost point out; 2d sin. pres. of rt स्था with आ, 2d cl. 437. b.

ज्ञाख्येयं nom. sin. n. of ज्ञाख्येय m. f. n. to be told; fut. pass. p. of rt ख्या with जा, 571. a.

स्नागच्छतो acc. pl. m. of स्नागच्छत् m. f. n.

coming, approaching; pres. p. par. of rt ন্দ্ with prep. আ, 524, 602.

सागन्त्रन् they came; 3d pl. impf. of rt गम् to go, with सा, 602, 783. i.

सागच्चेत् he may come; 3d sin. pot. of rt
गम् to go, with सा, 602.

भागतं acc. sin. m. n. or nom. sin. n. of भागत m.f. n. happened, arrived; past p. p. of rt गम् with भा, 545.

सागत: nom. sin. m. of सागत m.f. n. come.

जागता nom. sin. f. or for जागतास् nom. pl. m. of जागत m.f. n. come.

षागतान् acc. pl. m. of षागत m. f. n. come.

ষাননাম্ acc. sin. f. of ষানন m.f. n. come, arrived, present; past p. p. of rt নম্ to go, with ষা, 545.

खागतायां loc. sin. f. of खागत m. f. n. come.

षागते loc. sin. m. or n. of खागत m.f. n. come.

জানন having come; past ind. p. of rt নদ্ to go, with জা, 564. b.

षागमत् he or she came; 3d sin. aor. of rt गम् to go, with षा, 602.

जागमनं nom. sin. of जागमन n. coming, ist cl. 104.

षागमनकारणं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; षागमन cr. coming, कारणं acc. sin. n. cause.

ষাসম্য having come to, having met; past ind. p. of rt সম্ to go, with prep. মা, 564. b, 602, 783. i.

মাৰস্ক tell thou, relate thou, describe thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt ৰঘ্ with মা, 2d cl. 320.

साचचसे he or she told; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt चस with जा, 320, 364.

स्राचरन् nom. sin. m. of साचरन् m. f. n. performing; pres. p. par. of rt चर् with सा, 524.

মাৰ্ট he relates, he describes; 3d sin. pres. of rt ৰম্ with সা, 2d cl. 320.

षानाया: nom. pl. of जानाय m. a preceptor. षानायान् acc. pl. of जानाय m. a preceptor. সাত্তর: nom. sin. m. clothed, clad; past p. p. of rt হয় to cover, with সা, 540.

जानगाम he came; 3d sin. perf. of rt गम् with जा, 602.

जानग्रुट् they came; 3d pl. perf. of rt गम् 602, 376.

षानुहाय he invited; 3d sin. perf. of rt दे to call, with षा, 373.e.

जातनायिन: acc. pl. of जातनायिन m. a traitor, a malignant man, an evil-doer.

आतिष्ठ undertake thou, practise thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt स्था with आ, 1st cl. 587.

चातिष्ठद्ध he set out; 3d sin. impf. of rt स्या with चा, 1st cl. 261.

स्रातिष्टेत् he may act; 3d sin. pot. of rt स्या with सा, 1st cl. 587.

ষানু : nom. sin. of ষানু : m.f.n. weak, incapable, unable, used with an infinitive.

Also, sick, diseased.

चातुरम् acc. sin. m. of चातुर m.f. n. sick.

ষান্য thou hast said; 2d sin. perf. of defective root ষ্ক্ , see 384. b.

ज्ञात्मजयम् acc. sin. m. his own victory; (comp. of ज्ञात्म 232, and जय victory.)

भात्मन् m. f. self, himself, herself, myself, &c., 146, 232.

स्रात्मनः gen. sin. of स्रात्मन् self, q. v.

स्रात्मनश् of himself, gen. sin. See last.

स्रात्मना ins. sin. of स्रात्मन् self, q.v.

आत्मनो gen. sin. of आत्मन् m. self, q. v.

श्वात्मप्रभांश् for श्वात्मप्रभान् self-luminous, self-glorious; श्वात्म cr. self, प्रभान् acc. pl. m. from प्रभा f. light, glory, 1st cl. 108.

स्रात्मभवम् acc. sin. his own essence; (comp. of स्रात्म own, 232, भवम् acc. sin. of भव m. being, existence.)

भारता nom. sin. m. of भारतन् m. self, 146. (In Book XXII. 16 he himself.)

स्नात्मन् acc. sin. of स्नात्मन् m. self, 146.

ज्ञात्मार्चे for (my) own sake; (comp. of ज्ञात्म for ज्ञात्मन् 57, 146, and जर्चे 791.) षादाय having taken, having received; past ind. p. of rt दा to give, with खा, 559, 783.i.

श्वादित्य for श्वादित्यस् nom. sin. of श्वादित्य m. the sun, 1st cl. 103.

जादित्य: for जादित्यस् nom. sin. of जादित्य m. the sun, 1st cl. 103.

सादित्या for स्नादित्यास् nom. pl. of स्नादित्य m. an Aditya, a deity of a particular class, being a form of the Sun. There are twelve Adityas, who are supposed to be the offspring of Kaśyapa and Aditi his wife. They are merely emblems of the Sun in each month of the year. Their names, according to some, are, सूर्यः, वस्णः, वेदरङ्गः, भानुः, इन्द्रः, रविः, गभितः, पमः, स्वर्णेरतः, दिवाकरः, मितः, विष्णुः. According to the Vishņu Puráṇa (p. 122, Wilson) they are, विष्णु, शक्, सायमन्, धृति, त्वष्ट्र, पूपन्, विवस्ता, सवितृ, मित्र, वर्षण, संशु, भगः. Most of these are names or epithets of the Sun itself.

चादित्यो nom. sin. of चादित्य m. the sun.

মাহিয় command thou, order thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt হিয় with মা, 6th cl. 583.

মাহিষ্টা nom. sin. m. of মাহিষ্ট m.f.n. commissioned, commanded; past p. p. of rt হিয় to point out, with মা, 539, 583.

षाधावमानाञ् nom. pl. m. of ष्राधावमान m.f.n. running, rushing onwards or at; pres. p. átm. of rt धाव with ष्रा, 526.

जाधास्य I will lay, I will place, I will attribute; 1st sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt धा with जा, 664.

साधिपत्यं acc. sin. n. sovereignty.

जाधिनिर् ins. pl. of जाधि m. anxiety, agony, pain.

भानय bring thou, fetch thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt नो with भा, 1st cl. 590. a.

ष्ठानयत् he brought, he took; 3d sin. impf. of rt नी with ष्ठा.

खानयताम् let him bring back; 3d sin. imp. átm. of rt नी with खा, 1st cl. 590. a.

ञ्चानयने loc. sin. of ञ्चानयन n. bringing, bringing back.

आनियपति he shall bring back; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt नी with सा. The more usual form is आनेपति; see 394. a, 590. a.

ज्ञानयेह for ज्ञानय इह by 32.

ষ্মানায্যাদাম he or she caused to be brought; 3d sin. perf. of rt नী in caus. with ষ্মা, 385. a, 590. a.

ষানাথ having caused to be brought, having caused to be introduced, having brought together, having convened; past ind. p. of rt নী in caus. with ষা, 566. a, 482.

ष्ठानृशंस्यम् nom. sin. n. mercy, absence of cruelty; abstract noun from धनृशंस not cruel, not given to injury; see 726, 80. LXXVII.

ञ्चानेतुं to bring, to be brought; inf. (act. and pass.) of rt नी with ञ्चा, see 869.

ञ्चापगां acc. sin. of ञापगा f. a river, 1st cl.

ষাपततां gen. pl. of ষাपतत् m.f.n. rushing onwards; pres.p.par.of rt पत् with ষা,524.

স্থাपतितम् nom. sin. n. of ञ्चापतित m. f. n. fallen upon, happened; past p. p. of rt पत् with ञा, 538.

आपदम् acc. sin. of आपद् f. calamity, 84. IV. आपना nom. sin. f. of आपन m. f. n. unfortunate, afflicted; obtained, acquired.

स्रापीडेर् ins. pl. of स्रापीड m. a wreath, a garland.

ज्ञापो nom. pl. of ज्ञप् f. water, (always declined in the plural, see 178.b.)

স্তামকাহিদি: ins. pl. m. of স্থামকাহিন্ m. f. n. trusty, confidential, 6th cl. 159.

भामद्द्यिंगै: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766, having proper gifts, or furnished with gifts (to Bráhmans); भाम cr. fit, suitable, obtained, furnished, दक्षिणै: ins. pl. m. from दक्षिणा f. a gift to a Bráhman at a sacrifice, 1st cl. 108.

আমৌনি he or she obtains, he or she incurs or will incur; 3d sin. pres. of rt আ্
5th cl. 681.

आपाधिता nom. sin. f. of आपाधित m. f. n. satisfied, comforted, refreshed; past p. p. of rt पे in caus. 549.

স্থানাত্ম having addressed or spoken to;
past ind. p. of rt নাত্ম with স্থা.

जाभ्याम् dat. du. of इदं this, 224.

आमन्त्य having saluted, having bid farewell to; past ind. p. of rt मन्त् with आ, 559.

भामायसारियों having the essence of the Veda, or flowing (musically) like the Veda, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; आम्राय cr. the Veda, सारियों acc. sin. f. of सारिन् possessed of the essence (sára), 6th cl. 159; or flowing, agt. of rt सृ 582. a.

ष्ठायतलोचना BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; खायत cr. long, लोचना nom. sin. f. from लोचन n. the eye, 108.

षायते ख्णा Bah. or Rel. comp. 766; सायत cr. long, and ईख्णा nom. sin. f. from ईख्णा n. an eye.

षायते खणाम् acc. sin. f. See last.

স্থামান for স্থামানম্ nom. sin. m. of স্থামান m. f. n. come; past p. p. of rt মা to go, with স্থা, 532, 644.

आयाति he comes; 3d sin. pres. of rt या to go, with आ, 2d cl.

षायानं acc. sin. m. of षायात् coming; pres. p. of rt या with षा, 644, 524.

श्रायानु let them come; 3d pl. imp. of rt या with आ, 644.

आयुक्तं acc. sin. m. of आयुक्त m. f. n. united, joined, obtained; past p. p. of rt युन् with आ, 530.

ष्ठायुष्मत् O long-lived one, voc. sin. of ष्ठायुष्मत् 5th cl. 140. See next.

आयुष्मती nom. du. m. of आयुष्मत् m. f. n. possessed of (long) life; a respectful mode of addressing kings and princes.

মামে nom. or acc. sin. n. or acc. sin. m. of মামে m. f. n. begun, undertaken; past p. p. of rt মে with মা, 601. a, 539. आरम् having commenced or undertaken; past ind. p. of rt रम् with आ, 559.

स्राराधने loc. sin. of साराधन n. the act of winning over or gaining, propitiating, honouring.

आराव: nom. sin. m. noise, tumult, cry.

आहरोह he or she ascended; 3d sin. perf. of rt हह with जा, 364.

षाहस having ascended; past ind. p. of rt हरू with था, 559.

आरोप having made to ascend, having caused to mount, having placed upon; ind. past p. of rt रह in caus. with आ, 566, 488.

स्रात: nom. sin. of स्राते m. f. n. grieved, pained; past p. p. of rt सह with स्रा, see 542.

आतेतरा nom. sin. f. of आतेतर m. f. n. more afflicted, more sad; see 191.

चातेस्य gen. sin. m. of चाते m. f. n. afflicted, tormented.

चाती nom. sin. f. of चाते m.f. n. afflicted, 542. See चाते:

आतीम् acc. sin. f. See आते:.

सातों nom. sin. m. afflicted. See साते:.

ञ्चाय voc. sin. O honourable man, O Sir.

स्रालयान् acc. pl. of सालय m. a house, a dwelling, 1st cl. 103.

ষালিক্সা having embraced; past ind. p. of rt লিক্স with ষা, 559.

স্থান্তীয়ন he or she faints away; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt লী with স্থা, 4th cl. 272.

षालोक्य having looked at; ind. past p. of rt लोक with षा, 559.

सावयोः of us two; gen. du. of मत् or अस्मत्, q. q. v. v.

सावजितं nom. sin. n. of सावजित m. f. n. inclined, poured down, made to flow downwards; past p. p. of rt वृज् with सा, 538.

आवतर ins. pl. of आवत m. a curl, a lock of hair that curls backwards in a horse, a peculiar mark. Avartas are locks, curls or twists of hair in certain forms on different parts of the body. In Book XIX. 14 they are apparently, forehead 1, head 2, chest 2, ribs 2, flanks 2, crupper 1. In the poem of Mágha, chap. v. 4, we have the adjective Avartinah applied to horses, on which the commentator observes, 'Avartinah signifies horses having the ten ávartas or marks of excellence; they are, two on the breast, two on the head, one on the forehead, two on the hollows of the ribs, two on the hollows of the flanks, and one on the crupper (prapáta); these are called the ten ávartas.' Avarta means an eddy or whirlpool, and is applied to the twists of hair on a horse resembling a whirlpool.

भावह convey thou (to thyself), take thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt वह with सा, 1st cl. 261.

आवार्य having concealed; past ind. p. of rt व in caus. with आ, 675, 481.

साविश्वत् he entered; 3d sin. impf. of rt विश्व with सा, 6th cl. 278.

মাবিষ্ট: nom. sin. m. of মাবিষ্ট m. f. n. entered, affected by; past p. p. of rt বিম্ with মা, 556.

स्नाविष्टम् acc. sin. m. of स्नाविष्ट m. f. n. affected by, filled with.

ज्ञाविष्टो nom. sin. m. of ज्ञाविष्ट m. f. n. affected by.

स्रावेद्यं nom. sin. n. of स्रावेद्य m. f. n. to be told, to be announced; fut. pass. p. of rt विद् in caus. with स्रा, 571; governing the genitive case by 859. a.

आवजन they went to, they approached; 3d pl. impf. of rt वन to go, with आ, 1st cl. 261.

भाशङ्कमाना nom. sin. f. of भाशङ्कमान m. f. n. fearing, apprehending; pres. p. átm. of rt शङ्क with भा, 526.

आश्रीवादै: ins. pl. of आश्रीवाद m. a blessing, benediction.

आशु ind. quickly, 717. e.

आश्चर्य nom. or acc. sin. n. a wonder, prodigy.

खाश्रमपदं acc. sin. of खाश्रमपद n. a hermitage, 1st cl. 104.

সাত্যনদন্তে Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; সাত্যন cr. a hermit's cell, a hermitage, দন্তেলন্ nom. or acc. sin. of মন্ত্ৰল n. a circle.

ञ्चान्रमान् acc. pl. of ञान्रम m. a hermitage.

স্বাস্থান্য nom. pl. of স্বাস্থান m. a hermitage, an anchorite's retreat, 1st cl. 103.

आश्रयेत he would incline to. See next.

ষাষ্ট্ৰবল্প he or it might attach itself or have recourse to; 3d sin. pot. of rt খি to serve, with ষা, ist cl.

মাপ্সিনা nom. sin. f. of মাপ্সিন m. f. n. having resorted to, standing upon; past p. p. of rt প্রি with মা, see 896. a.

স্থাস্থান্য comfort thou, console thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt স্থান্ in caus. with স্থা.

शाश्वासयत encourage ye, comfort ye; 2d pl. imp. of rt श्वस in caus. with श्वा, 481. In Book XII. 59, the plural seems used out of respect, or, as the Scholiast observes, from confusion and agitation of mind.

जाश्चासयह for जाश्चासयत् he consoled, he comforted, he caused to breathe; 3d sin. impf. of rt श्वस् in caus. with जा, 481.

ज्ञाश्वासयन्ती nom. sin. f. of जाश्वासयत् m.f.n. comforting, consoling; pres. p. See last.

ज्ञाश्वासयांस thou consolest; 2d sin. pres. ज्ञाश्वासयांम I (will) console; 1st sin. pres.

সাম্বান্ধ having consoled, having cheered;
past ind. p. of rt স্থান্ in caus. with সা.

आसं I was; ist sin. impf. of rt अस् 584.

जासते they sit, they remain; 3d pl. pres. of rt जास् 2d cl. 317, 292.

श्रासनेभ्य: abl. pl. of श्रासन n. a seat, 1st cl. 104. श्रासनेषु loc. pl. of श्रासन n. a seat, 1st cl. 104.

जाससाद he approached, he came to, he found; 3d sin. perf. of rt सह with जा, 375. a, 559. a.

ज्ञासाद्यद् for जासाद्यत् he or she approached or arrived at; 3d sin. impf. of rt सद with जा, 10th cl. 283.

चासादिता nom. sin. f. of चासादित m. f. n. met with, found.

wining having arrived at, having reached, having gone near to, having met with, having found, having experienced; past ind. p. of rt सह in caus. with आ, 599. a, 566.

जासीद for जासीत he or it was, there was; 3d sin. impf. of rt जस 584.

सामीन् for सामीत्. See last.

आसीना: nom. pl. m. of आसीन m. f. n. sitting, seated; pres. p. átm. of rt आस् 526. a.

षास्ते he or she sits; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt खास् 2d cl. 317.

षास्थाय having recourse to, having made use of; past ind. p. See next.

आस्यास्पित he or she will perform, will engage in, will observe; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt स्या with सा, 587.

जास्यास्य I shall have recourse to, I will make use of; ist sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt स्या with जा, 587.

ज्ञास्थितम् acc. sin. m. of ज्ञास्थित m. f. n. standing on; past p. p. of rt स्था with जा, 533, 896. a.

आस्यताम् let it be sat down; 3d sin. pres. of rt आस in pass. 463.

মার he said; 3d sin. perf. of defective root মহ, see 384. b.

আहता nom. sin. of आहतृ m. an offerer, one who offers or performs a sacrifice; agt. of rt ह with आ, 4th cl. 127.

ষাহাঁ to bring, to take away, to cause, to be taken up, to be picked up; inf. of rt হ with ষা. (N.B. The root মাৰ্ in pass. gives a pass. sense to the infinitive.)

स्त्राहवे loc. sin. of साहव m. battle, war.

खाहित: nom. sin. m. of खाहित. See last.

साहितम् nom. sin. n. of साहित m. f. n. placed, deposited, made, undertaken; past p. p. of rt भा with सा, 533.

आहुस they spoke, they said; 3d pl. perf. of defective root सह, see 384. b.

आहूप having challenged; past ind. p. of rt हे to call, with आ, 562. a.

आहते loc. sin. n. of आहत m. f. n. brought; past p. p. of rt ह with आ.

সাহ্ন having taken away; past ind. p. of rt & with স্থা, 560.

चाहेदं for चाह इदं by 32.

आहोसिद for आहोसित ind. a particle implying doubt.

आह्वादयते he or it rejoices; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt ह्वाइ in caus. with आ, 481.

स्रानम् acc. sin. of सहान n. a challenge, (lit. calling to,) 1st cl. 104.

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इক্ষাকুরুলন: nom. sin. m. born in the family of Ikshváku; (comp. of হক্ষাকু cr. Ikshváku, the first prince of the Solar dynasty, কুল cr. family, and ন m. f. n. born, see 580. b.

इङ्गिते: ins. pl. of इङ्गित n. a gesture, hint. इन्द्रित he or she wishes; 3d sin. pres. of rt इप् 6th cl. 637.

इच्छन्ति they desire, they wish; 3d pl. pres.

इन्छिमि thou wishest; 2d sin. pres. See next.

इन्डामि I wish, I desire; 1st sin. pres. of rt इप् 6th cl. 637.

इच्छेपास thou mayest wish; 2d sin. pot. of rt इप 6th cl. 637.

इतः hence, from hence. See इतस्.

इतश्रेतश्र ind. hither and thither, here and there, for इतस च इतस् च by 62 and 32.

इतस् ind. from hence, hence, here, hither, 719. इतस्ताः ind. hither and thither, here and

इतस्ततः ind. hither and thither, here and there; (comp. of इतस् and ततस्.)

इति ind. so, thus, to this effect, so saying, 717. e, 927.

इतो for इतस् ind. from hence.

इत्यथोचुस् for इति स्रथ जचुस् by 34 and 32.

इदं nom. or acc. sin. n. of इदं m. f. n. this. इन्दोर gen. sin. of इन्दु m. the moon.

इन्द्रपुरोगमाः preceded or led on by Indra, having Indra as their leader; इन्द्र cr. Indra, पुरोगमाः nom. pl. of पुरोगम m. a leader, 761. See next.

इन्द्रलोकम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; इन्द्र cr. Indra, लोकम acc. sin. of लोक m. the world, 1st cl. 103. The god Indra takes a very important position in each of the three periods of Hindú mythology. the Vedic period he is the great Being who inhabits the firmament, guides the winds and clouds, dispenses rain, and hurls the thunderbolt. In the Epic period he is a principal deity, taking precedence of Agni, Varuna, and Yama. In the Puránic period he is still a chief deity, only inferior in rank to the great Triad, Brahmá, Vishņu, and Siva. His heaven is called Svarga or Indraloka; his pleasure-garden or elysium नन्दन; his city (sometimes placed on Mount Meru, the Olympus of the Greeks) अमरावती; his palace वैजयना; his horse उच्चै: श्रवस; his charioteer मार्ताल; his thunderbolt वज्र; his elephant ऐरावत; his bow (the rainbow) शक्रधन्स.

इन्द्रसेनं acc. sin. of इन्द्रसेन m. Indrasena, son of Nala and Damayantí, 1st cl. 103.

इन्द्रसेनस्य gen. sin. See last.

इन्द्रसेनां acc. sin. of इन्द्रसेना f. Indrasená, daughter of Nala and Damayantí, ist cl. 105.

इन्द्रियाणां gen. pl. of इन्द्रिय n. an organ of sense.

इन्द्रों for इन्द्रस् nom. sin. of इन्द्र m. Indra, the god of the atmosphere.

इमं this; acc. sin. m. of इदं, (nom. अयं.) इमां this; acc. sin. f. of इदं, (nom. इयं.) इमानि these; acc. pl. n. of इदं. इमे these; nom. pl. m. of इदं, (nom. अयं.) इयम् she; nom. sin. f. of इदं 224. इयेप he desired, he wished; 3d sin. perf. of rt इष 367. इव ind. like, as, as if, as it were. इवाचलम् for इव अचलम् by 31. इवाभेषु for इव अभेषु by 31. इवार्केण for इव अर्केण by 31. इवासते for इव आसते by 31. इवैकाम for इव एकाम् by 33. इवोत्यितम् for इव उत्यितम् by 32. इवोड्नताम् for इव उड्नताम् by 32. इवोरगा: for इव उरगा: by 32. इप्भि: ins. pl. of इप m. an arrow. ₹ m.f.n. desired, wished, desirable, excellent, choice; past p. p. of rt ₹4 539. इप्ट acc. sin. m. of इप्ट m. f. n. desired, beloved. See last. इष्टा nom. sin. f. of इष्ट m. f. n. beloved. इष्टां acc. sin. f. of इष्ट beloved, q. v. इष्टे for इष्टेस ins. pl. of इष्ट, q.v.; ais to air, and r dropped by 65. a. इस्रा having sacrificed; past ind. p. of यज् 556, 597.

इह ind. here, 717. g. इहागत: nom. sin. m. come or arrived hither; (from इह, q.v., and आगत come.) इहागतम् for इह आगतम्. See above. इहागताम् for इह आगताम्. See above.

इहानेतुं for इह स्नानेतुं by 31. इहाभवत् for इह स्नभवत् by 31. इहेन्छिमि for इह इन्छमि by 32. इहेव for इह एव by 33.

इहोत्सहे for इह उत्सहे by 32.

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ईस्रणाम् acc. sin. f. from ईस्रण n. an eye. ईने he sacrificed; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt यन्, see 375. e. ईदृश for ईदृशम् m. f. n. such as this, such-like, 234. ईदृशम् nom. or acc. sin. n. of ईदृश m. f. n. such, such as this, see 234.

ईदृशे: ins. pl. m. of ईदृश m. f. n. such-like. ईप्सित: nom. sin. of ईप्सित m. f. n. desired, wished for; past p. p. of rt आप to obtain, in des. form, 550, 503.

ईप्सिताम् acc. sin. f. of ईप्सित. See last.

ईप्पितो nom.sin.m. desired, admired. See last. ईपियान् he went; nom. sin. m. of ईपियस

participle of perf. of rt \ 554, 645. \\
\frac{1}{2}\tag{ta: nom. sin. m. of \frac{1}{2}\tag{ta} n. f. n. sent

forth, uttered; past p. p. of rt ईर 538. ईरितम् nom. sin. n. said, uttered. See last.

ईशं acc. sin. of ईश m. a lord. ईश्वर voc. sin. of ईश्वर m. a lord, a master,

ist cl. 103. ईम्राणाम् gen. pl. of ईम्बर, q.v.

## उ.

বন m.f.n. addressed, spoken, spoken to;
past p. p. of rt বৰ 543, 650.

उक्तं nom. sin. n. of उक्त spoken, spoken to.

उक्तमाते on merely being uttered, immediately on being uttered; उक्त cr. uttered, spoken, माते loc. sin. of मात n. mere; see 919 and 840.

उक्तवती she spoke, nom. sin. f. of उक्तवत् m.f.n. who has spoken; past. act. p. of rt वच् 553.

उक्तवान् nom. sin. of उक्तवान् m.f.n. See last. उक्तम् nom. sin. m. spoken to, addressed. See last.

उत्तस्य gen. sin. of उत्त addressed.

उत्ता nom. sin. f. of उत्त. See last.

उत्ताः for उत्तास nom. pl. m. addressed.

उक्तास् nom. pl. m. addressed.

उक्ते on being addressed, on being spoken to; loc. sin.

उक्तो nom. sin. m. addressed.

বনা having said, having spoken; ind. p. of rt বৰ 556, 650.

उग्रभासनः strict in his orders, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; उग्र cr. severe, भासनः nom. sin. m. from भासन n. an order, command, 1st cl. 108.

उचिता nom. sin. f. of उचित m.f. n. accustomed, usual, well-known, (governing the genitive case at Book XXIII. 22.)

उचै: for उचैस् ind.loudly,in a loud voice,714. उचैर् for उचैस् ind. loud, loudly. See last,

उच्छिष्टं acc. sin. n. that which is left, the leavings (of food); from rt शिष् with उत्.

उच्छोपणम् acc. sin. n. of उच्छोपण m. f. n. that which dries or parches up; (उत् शुप् in caus.)

उच्छित: ins. pl. of उच्छित m. f. n. lofty, high, 1st cl. 103.

उचाते it is called; 3d sin. pres. of rt वच् in pass.

उत् prep. up, above, upwards, on, upon.

उत ind. an expletive, a redundant particle. उताहो interrog. p. or whether?

उताहोस्बिह् ind. or whether, (a particle of doubt or deliberation.)

उत्तमं acc. sin. m. or n. of उत्तम m. f. n. excellent.

उत्तमः nom. sin. m. of उत्तम excellent, fine.

उत्तमगन्धाद्धाः possessing abundantly the most delicate scent or delicious fragrance, Complex comp., see 772. a; उत्तम cr. best, गन्ध cr. fragrance, आद्धाः nom. pl. f. of आद्धाः m. f. n. abounding in, rich, possessing abundantly.

उत्तरं acc. sin. of उत्तर n. an answer.

उत्तरनं acc. sin. m. of उत्तरत् m. f. n. crossing over, passing, going over; pres. p. of rt तृ to cross, with उत्.

उत्तराम् acc. sin. f. of उत्तर m. f. n. northern, northerly.

उत्तरीयम् acc. sin. of उत्तरीय n. an upper garment.

उत्तस्यों he or she stood up; 3d sin. perf. of rt स्या with उत्, 587, 783. j.

Dd 2

- उत्तिष्ठ rise thou up, arise thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt स्था with उत्-
- उत्पित: nom. sin. m. arisen; past p. p. of rt स्था with उत्, 533, 783. j.
- उत्पितम् acc. sin. m. of उत्पित m. f. n. rising or towering over. See last.
- उत्पत्तते she springs up; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt पत् with उत्, 1st cl. 261.
- उत्पततो acc. pl. m. of उत्पतत् m. f. n. flying upwards, flying onwards. See next.
- उत्पतन: nom. pl. m. of उत्पतत् m. f. n. flying upwards; pres. p. of rt पत् with उत्, 524.
- उत्सर्गे loc. sin. of उत्सर्गे m. abandonment, ist cl. 103.
- उत्सपिति he or it rises up or becomes elongated; 3d sin. pres. of rt सृप् with उत्, 1st cl. 261.
- उत्ससर्जे he released, he let go; 3d sin. perf. of rt सृज् with prep. उत्, 625.
- उत्सहते he is able, he endures, he bears up; 3d sin. pres. See next.
- उत्सहे I am able, I shall be able, I can endure, (equivalent in Book IV. 15, 16, to can I dare (to plead)?) ist sin. pres. átm. of rt सह with उत्, 611. a.
- उत्साद्यने they are subverted, they are destroyed; 3d pl. pres. of rt सद in pass. with उत्.
- उत्सुका: nom. pl. m. of उत्सुक m.f. n. eager for, anxiously expecting, (governing the locative case in Book XXI. 7.)
- जत्मृज्य having abandoned, having cast off, having released, having let go, having shed; past ind. p. of rt मृज् with जत्, 559.
- उत्पृष्टवान् nom. sin. m. of उत्पृष्टवत् m. f. n. who has let fall, who has shed (as tears); past act. p. of rt मृज् with उत्.
- उत्तृष्टा nom. sin. f. of उत्तृष्ट m. f. n. left, abandoned, cast off, let go.
- जत्मधुकामं acc. sin. m. wishing to let go, wishing to put down; (comp. of उत्पष्ट

- for उत्प्रष्ट्म inf. of rt मृज् with उत्, 625, and काम, see 871.)
- उदकं nom. sin. of उदक n. water.
- उदकेस nom. sin. m. future time, 1st cl. 103. उदके loc. sin. of उदके m. future, future time.
- उदारः for उदारस् nom. sin. m. of उदार m.f. n. noble, generous, 1st cl. 103.
- उदारान् acc. pl. See last.
- उदाहतम् nom. sin. n. of उदाहत m. f. n. related, declared; past p. p. of rt ह with आ and उत्, 532, 593.
- जिद्दित ins. sin. m. of जिद्दित m. f. n. risen; past p. p. of rt इ with जत, 532.
- उद्दिश्य ind. pointing at, with reference to, see 924.
- उद्दूताम् acc. sin. f. of उद्दूत m. f. n. torn up, uprooted; past p. p. of rt ह with उत्, 50, 783.j.
- उद्यतः nom. sin. of उद्यत m.f. n. eager, in earnest, prepared.
- उद्यता: nom. pl. of उद्यत m. f. n. prepared, ready.
- उद्गमन् nom. sin. m. of उद्गमन् m. f. n. vomiting up; pres. p. of rt वम् with उत्, 524.
- विज्ञित thou fearest; 2d sin. pres. of rt विज्ञ् with उत्, 6th cl. 278. This verb governs the ablative case, see 855.
- उद्वेजते trembles; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt चित्र with उत्, 1st cl. This rt is generally in the 6th cl.; see last.
- उद्वेपते trembles, is agitated; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt वेप with उद्ग, 1st cl. 261.
- उन्मतं acc. sin. m. of उन्मत m. f. n. mad.
- उन्मत्तर्शना Bah. or Rel. comp. 767; उन्मत्त cr. mad, maniac-like, दर्शना nom. sin. f. from दर्शन n. aspect, 108.
- उन्मत्तरपा Bah. or Rel. comp. 766; उन्मत्त cr. a maniac, रूपा nom. sin. f. from रूप n. form, 108.
- उन्मत्तवह ind. like one mad, as if mad, like a maniac; (comp. of उन्मत mad, and affix वत्, see 724.)

उन्मन्नवेशा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; उन्मन्न cr. mad, a maniac, वेशा nom. sin. f. from वेश m. a dress, garb, 108.

उन्मता nom. sin. f. of उन्मत m.f. n. mad.

उन्मतां acc. sin. f. of उन्मत्त m. f. n. mad.

उन्मत्तेव for उन्मता इव by 32.

उन्मुखा for उन्मुखास nom. pl. m. of उन्मुख m. f. n. looking upwards, raising their faces upwards.

उप prep. to, towards, near, with.

उपकल्पिता: nom. pl. m. of उपकल्पित m. f. n. prepared, made ready; past p. p. of rt क्रूप with उप, 538.

उपगच्छित he comes to, he returns to; 3d sin. pres. of rt गम् with उप, 602.

उपगम्प having approached, having gone up to or near; past ind. p. of rt गम् with उप, 602, 559.

उपचक्रमे he or she endeavoured or attempted; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt क्रम् with उप, 364.

उपचर्ष having groomed or tended (the horses); past ind. p. of rt चा with उप, 559.

उपतस्थे he approached, he went to; 3d sin. perf. atm. of rt स्था with उप, 373.

उपतिष्ठति he or she goes near, or she stays with; 3d sin. pres. of rt स्था with उप, 587.

उपदेख्यामि I will instruct or shew; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt दिश् with उप, 411, 583,

उपपद्यते it is becoming, it is fitting; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt पद with उप, 4th cl.

उपपन्नं obtained, offered; acc. sin. n. See

उपपन्ना nom. sin. f. of उपपन्न m. f. n. obtained, gained.

उपपन्नान् acc. pl. m. See next and last.

उपपन्नो endowed with, nom. sin. m. of उपपन्न m.f.n.; past p. p. of पद with उप, 540.

उपपादयन् inferring, proving, establishing; pres. p. of rt पद् in caus. with उप, 525.

उपयों he went, he went near, he returned, he entered upon, he undertook; 3d sin. perf. of rt या with उप, 644.

συτά acc. sin. m. of συτα m. f. n. withdrawn or retired from.

उपिर ind. above, over, upon, towards, 917.

उपलिखतः nom. sin. of उपलिखत m. f. n. seen, observed; past p. p. of rt लख with उप, 538.

उपलप्स्पसे thou wilt obtain, thou wilt recover; 2d sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt लभ् with उप, 601.

ব্যক্তম having comprehended, having observed, having perceived; past ind. p. of rt লম্ with ব্য, 559.

उपलभ्येदं for उपलभ्य इदं by 32.

उपवनेषु loc. pl. of उपवन n. a grove, 1st cl.

उपविष्टं acc. sin. m. of उपविष्ट m. f. n. sitting down, seated; past p. p. of rt विश्व with उप.

उपविष्टो nom. sin. of उपविष्ट m. f. n. seated.

उपशिक्षित nom. sin. f. of उपशिक्षित m. f. n. learned, studied; past p. p. of rt शिख् with उप, 538.

उपशोभितं acc. sin.m. or n. adorned. See next.

उपशोभिनां acc. sin. f. of उपशोभिन m. f. n. adorned, beautified; past p. p. of rt शुभ with उप, 538.

उपसंस्कृतम् acc. sin. n. of उपसंस्कृत m. f. n. cooked, dressed; past p. p. of rt कृ with सं and उप, 783. s.

उपसम्प्राप्य having arrived at; past ind. p. of rt आप with सम् and उप, 559.

उपसर्षे having approached, for उपसृष्य; past ind. p. of rt सृष् with उप, 564.

उपस्थास्थत्श् they two shall stay with, they two shall attend upon; 3d du. 2d fut. of rt स्था with उप, 587.

उपस्थास्पित he or she shall stand near; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt स्था with उप, 587.

उपस्थित: nom. sin. m. of उपस्थित m. f. n. arrived, approached, standing or remaining near; past p. p. of rt स्था with उप, 533.

उपस्थितम् nom. sin. n. of उपस्थित. See last.

उपस्थितां acc. sin. f. See उपस्थित:.

उपस्पृश्य having sipped water; past ind. p. of rt स्पृश् with उप. The verb उपस्पृश means properly 'to touch,' and is applied to sipping water as part of the ceremony of purification. In the Mitákshara, on the subject of personal purification, the direction is द्विजो नित्यम् उपस्पृशेत् 'let the twice-born man (after evacuations) always perform the upasparśa;' i.e. says the commentator, आचमेत् 'let him sip water.' According to Professor Wilson the sense of the passage in Book VII. 4 is 'that Nala sat down to evening prayer (as Manu directs, "he who repeats it sitting at evening twilight &c.") after performing his purifications and sipping water, but without having washed his feet; such ablution being necessary, not because they had been soiled, but because such an act is also part of the rite of purification.'

उपान है to bestow, to make over; inf. of rt क with उप and आ, 459.

उपागमत् he or it approached; 3d sin. aor. of rt गम् with उप, 602.

उपागम्य having approached, having gone near or towards; past ind. p. of rt गम् with उप and আ, 602, 559.

उपातिष्ठद्ध he went to, he approached; 3d sin. impf. of rt स्था with उप, 587.

उपादाय taking, having taken; past ind. p. of rt दा with उप and आ, 559, 783. i.

उपानयत he brought, he brought nigh; 3d sin. impf. of rt नी with उप, 590. a.

उपायञ् nom. sin. m. a stratagem, plan.

उपायेन ins. sin. of उपाय m. a contrivance, plan, device, means.

ज्यायो for जपायस nom. sin. of जपाय m. a plan, contrivance, remedy, 1st cl. 103.

उपाविशत he sat down; 3d sin. impf. of rt विश् with उप, 6th cl. 278. उपासितुम् to wait upon, to do homage; inf. of rt आस to sit, with उप near, 459.

उपेतं acc. sin. m. of उपेत m. f. n. come near to, united, endowed with.

उपेयतु: they two arrived at, they two came to; 3d du. perf. of rt इ with उप.

उपेपियान् he had recourse to, he went to; nom. sin. m. of उपेपियस् m. f. n. participle of perf. of rt इ with उप, see 554, 645.

उपेद्यत he or she overlooked, he or she looked on; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt ईंख with उप, 1st cl. 605.

उभयं nom. sin. n. of उभय m. f. n. both, 238. कस्माइ उभयं नष्टं तव why have both (the circumstances before mentioned) been forgotten by you? i. e. the abandoning of your wife in the forest, and the leaving her unsupported.

उभयोर् gen. du. f. of उभय m. f. n. both.

उभी acc. du. m. of उभ m. f. n. both.

उरमा: nom. pl. of उरम m. a snake, a serpent, 1st cl. 103.

उरगेण ins. sin. of उरम m. a serpent, a snake. उरगेणायते खणाम, for उरगेण आयते खणाम.

বিল্লিজারিয় ins. pl. n. of বিল্লিজার m. f. n. soaring upwards, lit. making lines or marks on high; pres. p. par. of rt তিন্ with বন্, 524.

उवाच he spoke, he said; 3d sin. perf. of rt वच् 375. c, 650.

उवाचाय for उवाच अथ.

उवाचानवद्याङ्गीं for उवाच अनवद्याङ्गीं by 31.

उवाचासकृद् for उवाच असकृद्.

जवाचेदं for जवाच इदं by 32.

उवास he, she or it lodged or dwelt or encamped; 3d sin. perf. of rt वस् 375. c, 607.

उपितस् nom. sin. m. of उपित m. f. n. resided. See next.

उपिता nom. sin. f. of उपित m. f. n. dwelt;
past p. p. of rt वस् 543, 607; उपिता
श्रस्सि I have dwelt, see 895.

उपितो nom. sin. of उपित m. f. n. dwelt. (In Book IX. 10 he abided, see 896.)

उपाण ins. sin. of उपान् m. heat, 6th cl. 147. उपा having resided, having dwelt; past ind. p. of rt बस, see 565 and 556 note.

## 3

जनुः they said; 3d pl. perf. of rt वन्. See उवान.

जन्म they said ; 3d pl. perf. See last.

কঠো ind. after; (খন কঠো after this, from this time forward, henceforth, see 917, 719.)

जध्वेदृष्ट्रि BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; जध्वे cr. upwards, दृष्ट्रि nom. sin. f. of दृष्टि f. a look, 2d cl. 112.

कपतुर they two passed the night, (lit. they two lodged;) 3d du. perf. of rt वस् 375. c.

## च्यू

स्थाननं acc. sin. of स्थान m. Rikshavat, name of a mountain, lit. bear-having; (from स्था a bear, and नन्, affix, of possession.) The mountain of bears is part of the Vindhya chain, separating Malwa from Khandesh and Berár.

मृद्यांश् for मुद्यान् acc. pl. of मृद्य m. a bear, 1st cl. 103.

चुळति goes to; 3d sin. pres. of rt चु (substituting चुळ्), 1st cl. 261.

सृतां acc. sin. f. of सृत m. f.n. true, 1st cl. 187. सृतुपर्णे voc. sin. m. O Rituparņa. See next. सृतुपर्णे acc. sin. of सृतुपर्णे m. Rituparņa, name of a king of Ayodhyá.

चृतुपर्यनिवेशने TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; चृतुपर्य Rituparna, निवेशने loc. sin. of निवेशन n. dwelling, abode.

चृतुपर्णस्य gen. sin. of चृतुपर्णे m. Rituparņa. चृतुपर्णीय dat. sin. of चृतुपर्णे m. Rituparņa. चृतुपर्णे loc. sin. of चृतुपर्णे m. Rituparņa. चृतुपर्णेन ins. sin. of चृतुपर्णे m. Rituparņa, चृतुपर्णे nom. sin. m. Rituparņa, name of a king. सृते ind. except, besides, without; governing accusative case, 731.

सृद्धं acc. sin. n. of सृद्ध m. f. n. prosperous, thriving, rich.

সূত্রা acc. sin. f. of সূত্র m. f. n. rich. (In Book XII. 59 applied to the sound of Nala's voice.)

च्चिमसत्तमो TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; सृषि cr. a sage, सत्तमो nom. du. m. of सत्तम m. f. n. best, most excellent, superl. of सत् good, 191.

कृपीन् acc. pl. of कृपि m. a sage, a saint, a holy man.

## ₹.

एक cr. m. f. n. one, 200, 239.

एक for एकस् nom. sin. of एक m. f. n. one.

एकं nom. sin. n. or acc. sin. m. of एक one, 200.

एक: for एकस् one. See एक.

रकतः for रकतस् ind. on one side, on one part.

एकतरे loc. sin. n. of एकतर m. f. n. one of two, 236.

एकतो for एकतस् ind. in one manner, on one side, 719.

एकत ind. in one, in one place, together.

एकदेशं acc. sin. of एकदेश m. one part.

एकपाणेन ins. sin. m. in one game, in a single wager or stake; (comp. of एक one, and पाण stake.)

एकवसनं acc. sin. m. having only one garment; (comp. of एक cr. one, and वसन a garment, 761.)

एकवसना nom. sin. f. having only one robe. See last

एकवस्त्रताम् acc. sin. of एकवस्त्रता f. state of having a single garment; (from एक cr. one, and वस्त्रता abstract noun, 80. XXIII.)

एकचस्त्रसंचीताच् for एकचस्त्रसंचीतौ Com-PLEX COMP. 771; एक cr. one, चस्त्र cr. garment, संचीताच् nom. du. of संचीत m. f. n. clothed. एकवस्त्रा Bah. or Rel. comp. 761; एक cr. one, वस्त्रा nom. sin. f. from वस्त्र n. a garment, vest, 1st cl. 108.

एकवस्त्रार्थसंवीतं clothed in half a single garment, Complex comp. 771; एक cr. one, वस्त्र cr. vestment, अर्थ cr. a half, संवीतं acc. sin. m. clothed.

एकवासा for एकवासास् (66. a) nom. sin. m. wearing a single garment, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; एक cr. single, वासा nom. sin. m. from वासस् n. a vest, see 164. a.

रकविंशतितमः nom. sin. m. twenty-first, 211. रकस्य gen. sin. m. of एक m. f. n. one, 200. रकस्यापि for एकस्य श्रिप by 31.

eকা nom. sin. f. of ea m. f. n. one, alone. eকা acc. sin. f. of ea m. f. n. single, alone, solitary.

रकाकिनी nom. sin. f. of रकाकिन् m. f. n. alone, solitary, 6th cl. 159.

रकादशः nom. sin. m. eleventh, see 210.

एकानो ind. in private, secretly, 716.

रकार्यसमुपेतं COMPLEX COMP. 771; रक cr. one, one and the same, अर्थ cr. object, समुपेतं acc. sin. of समुपेत m. f. n. come, arrived, 1st cl. 103; past p. p. of rt इ with उप and सम्.

रकाहा ins. sin. n. in one day; (comp. of एक one, and सहन् n. a day, see 156.) एकन ins. sin. m. or n. of एक one, alone. एके कशस ind. one by one, singly. एको nom. sin. m. of एक m. f. n. one.

एतज् for एतत् this; nom. sin. n.

रतत् m. f. n. this; nom. or acc. sin. n. रतद् for रतत् this; acc. sin. n.

रतद्यम् on this account, for this cause; (comp. of रतद् and अये 760. d.)

रतया with her; ins. sin. f. of रतत् 223. रतिसन् in this, at this; loc. sin. of रतत् this, 223.

रतिसन् for रतिसन् in this, at this (52). रतों this; acc. sin. f. of रतत. रतान them, these; acc. pl. m. of रतत, q.v. रतानि these; acc. pl. n. of रतत, q. v. रताभ्यां with these two; ins. du. of रतत् 223.

रतावत ind. so far, to such an extent, 234, 713. a.

स्तावद nom. sin. n. of स्तावत m. f. n. thus much, so much, 234.

रतावान् nom. sin. m. of रतावत् m.f. n. thus much, so much.

एति he goes; 3d sin. pres. of rt इ 2d cl.

रते these; nom. pl. m. of रतत, q. v.

स्तेन by him; ins. sin. m. or n. of स्तत्, q. v. स्तौ these two; acc. du. m. of स्तत्.

एनं him; acc. sin. m. of एतत् 223.

रनां her; acc. sin. f. from nom. एषा. See एतत् 223.

रनाम her; acc. sin. f. See last.

एव ind. also, even, indeed, very, in like manner.

एवं ind. thus, so, in this manner, 717. c.

एवंडपं acc. sin. m. of एवंडप m. f. n. of such a form, of such a kind as this; (comp. of एवं ind. such, and डप n. form, 1st cl. 103.)

एवङ्गता nom. sin. f. of एवङ्गत m. f. n. in such a state, fallen into such a condition; (comp. of एवं so, and गत, q. v.)

रवङ्गताम् acc. sin. f. of एवंगत m. f. n. in such a state, in such a condition as this.

रवर्जुणं having such good qualities, possessing such virtues; (comp. of रवं ind. so, and गुण m. a quality, a virtue.)

रवमप्रमुखाविष्टा for रवम् अपि अमुखाविष्टा. रवमादीनि acc. pl. n. such-like, lit. beginning thus; see 764.

स्वाभिधास्यामि for स्व जभिधास्यामि by 31. स्वाभिभाषनो for स्व जभिभाषनो by 31. स्वाभ्यभाषत for स्व जभ्यभाषत.

रम for रमस् he, this; nom. sin. m. of रतत्, q.v. रमां of them, of these; gen. pl. of रतत्, q.v. रमों for रमस् he, this; nom. sin. m.

स्पिति he will go to; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt इ 645. efe come; 2d sin. imp. of rt इ with জা, see 311. a.

रे.

रेकामं acc. sin. n. attention, close attention to one object.

रेडात he wished, he desired; 3d sin. impf. of rt इष् 637.

ऐश्वर्षे nom. sin. n. supremacy, kingdom, dominion.

रेश्वर्यात् abl. sin. of रेश्वर्य n. kingdom, 1st cl. 104.

जाै.

स्रीपधं nom. sin. of स्रीपध n. a medicine.

可.

कं whom? acc. sin. m. of कि.

कः who? nom. sin. m. of किं.

कचित interrog. whether? See next.

कचिद्र for कचित् ind. an interrogative particle, equivalent to Latin an, whether? 717. b.

वाचन acc. sin. m. of कश्चन m. f. n. any, 229.

कतरन् for कतरत् (47) nom. sin. n. which of two things? whether of the twain? 236.

कत्यसे thou boastest; 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt कत्य 1st cl. 261.

कर्ष ind. how? in what manner?

कपञ्चन ind. any how, by any means, 230.

क्यपध्वं tell, say, relate; 2d pl. imp. átm. of rt क्य 286. a, 643.

कथयन् nom. sin. m. of कथयन् m. f. n. talking, speaking; pres. p. of rt कथ् 10th cl. 524.

कथयन्तीं acc. sin. f. of कथयत् m. f. n. speaking, talking. See last.

कथयना nom.du.m.of कथयन m.f.n. relating. कथयान: nom. sin.m.of कथयान m.f.n. telling, speaking; pres. p. átm.of rt कथ, see 527.

क्ययामास he or she said or told; 3d sin.
2d pret. of rt क्य 10 cl. 643.

कर्षायप्यन्ति they will relate; 3d pl. 2d fut. of rt कप् 10th cl.

क्यियामि I will speak of, I will tell of; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt क्य.

क्यपेंद्र he can tell, he may tell; 3d sin. pot. of rt कप्.

कथाने TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; कथा cr. conversation, अने loc. sin. of अन m. n. end.

किंपित nom. sin. n. of किंपित m. f. n. told, related; past p. p. of rt कप् 538.

कणिता nom. sin. f. of कणित. See last.

कथ्यमाने being said; loc. sin. n. of कथ्यमान pres. p. pass. of rt कथ्.

कदा ind. when ?

कदाचन ind. at some time or other, ever.

कदाचिह for कदाचित् ind. at some time or other, perchance, 230.

कदाचिन् for कदाचित्. See last.

कनकसम्मरुचिरं Тат. оп Dep. comp. 745; कनक cr. gold, स्तम्म column, रुचिरं acc. sin. m. of रुचिर shining, beautiful, 1st cl. 103.

कन्दरांश् for कन्दरान् (53) acc. pl. of कन्दर m. a ravine, a glen.

कन्दर्प for कन्दर्पस nom. sin. of कन्दर्प the god of love or Hindú cupid. He is also called Káma and Kámadeva, Manmatha or heart-agitator, Manasija or heart-born, Ananga or the bodiless. He was the son of Vishnu or Krishna by Lakshmi, who is then called Máyá or Rukminí. According to another account, he was produced in the heart of Brahmá. He is usually represented as a handsome youth, sometimes riding on a parrot and attended by nymphs, one of whom bears his banner, which consists of a fish (makara). Endeavouring to influence Siva with love for his wife Párvatí, he discharged an arrow at him, but Siva, enraged, reduced him to ashes by a beam of fire darted from his central eye. Hence his name, Ananga. His bow is made of

flowers, with a string formed of bees and five arrows, each tipped with the blossom of a flower which is devoted to a separate sense.

कन्यकाम् acc. sin. of कन्यका f. a girl, 1st cl. 105. कन्या f. a maiden, a girl, 1st cl. 105.

कन्यां acc. sin. of कन्या f. a maiden, a daughter.

कन्यारतं acc. sin. of कन्यारत n. a jewel of a damsel, a lovely girl; (comp. of कन्या cr. a maiden, and रत n. a gem.)

कन्यास् nom. pl. of कन्या f. a maiden, q. v.

कमलगभाभम् acc. sin. m. bright as the lotuscup; (comp. of कमल cr. lotus, गर्भ cr. cup, and আম m. f. n. from আমা f. light, beauty, 775. a.)

कमले घ्रणा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; कमल cr. lotus, ईस्रणा nom. sin. f. from ईस्रण n. an eye, see 108.

कम्पयन् for कम्पयन् (52) nom. sin. m. of कम्पयन् m. f. n. shaking, causing to tremble; pres. p. of कम्प in caus. 527.

करवाणि I must do, I can do; ist sin. imp.
of rt कृ 682; किं करवाणि what can I do?
(properly, let me do?) see 796.

करवामहे we must do, let us do; 1st pl. imp. átm. of rt कृ 683.

करिणां gen. pl. of करिन् m. an elephant, 6th cl. 159.

करिष्म for करिष्मे I will do, I will perform; 1st sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt क 683.

करिपति he will do, he will perform; 3d sin. 2d fut. par. of rt कृ.

करिष्यिस thou wilt do; 2d sin. 2d fut.of rt कृ.

करिष्माम I will do, I will perform; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt क.

करणम् ind. piteously, 713.

कर्णम् acc. sin. n. of कर्ण m. f. n. piteous, 1st cl. 187.

करें: ins. pl. of कर m. an elephant's trunk. करोमि I perform, I (will) do; 1st sin. pres. of rt  $\overline{7}$  682; (present with future signification 873.)

कर्कोटकं acc. sin. of कर्कोटक m. Karkotaka, the name of a Nága or serpent.

कर्कोटकविषं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; कर्कोटक cr. Karkotaka, विषं acc. sin. of विष n. poison.

कर्नोटको nom. sin. m. See कर्नोटकं.

किंगिकारध्वप्रमेश: DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 748; किंगिकार cr. the Karņikára-tree, धव cr. the Dhava-tree, Grislea tomentosa, प्रद्यों: ins. pl. of प्रद्य m. the Plaksha, a kind of fig-tree.

कर्तिच्यं nom. sin. n. of कर्तिच्य m. f. n. to be done; fut. pass. p. of rt कृ 569.

कहास्म I will make; 1st sin. 1st fut. of rt कृ 682.

कर्तुं to make, to do, to perform; inf. of rt क् 459, 682.

कर्तुकामा nom. sin. f. of कर्तुकाम m. f. n. desirous or willing to do; (comp. of कर्तु for कर्तुम inf. of rt क and काम, see 871.)

कर्तुम् to do, to be done; inf. of rt कृ 459. कर्म nom. sin. of कर्मन् n. action, business, 152.

कमेचेष्टाभिसूचितम् Complex comp. 771; कमे cr. action, चेष्टा cr. gesture, अभिसू-चितम् acc. sid. m. indicated, denoted.

कमेण: gen. sin. of कमेन n. a deed.

कमेणा ins. sin. of कमेन् n. an act, action.

कर्मीण loc. sin. of कर्मन् n. an action.

कषेयन् nom. sin. m. of कषेयन् m. f. n. pulling, picking, gathering; pres. p. of rt कृष् in caus. 525.

किंपिता nom. sin. f. of किंपित m. f. n. distracted; past p. p. of rt कृष् 538.

किंपितो nom. sin. m. of किंपित m. f. n. tormented, harassed.

कहिंचित् ind. ever, at any time; न कहिंचित् never, at no time, 718.

किं acc. sin. of किं m. Kali. See next.

কলি: nom. sin. m. Kali, the 4th Age of the world personified as a deity or evil genius.

किलना ins. sin. of किल m. Kali.

किलनापहृतज्ञानो for किलना सपहृतज्ञानो by 31.

कलिए for कलिस nom. sin. m. Kali.

किलसंत्रयात् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; किल cr. Kali, संत्रयात् abl. sin. of संत्रय m. entrance, the act of betaking one's self to.

कले O Kali; voc. sin. of किल m. Kali, 2d cl. 110.

कलेस् gen. sin. of किल m. Kali.

कली loc. sin. of कि m. Kali.

कत्यने he is fitted for; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt कृप, (governing dative case, see 853. a.)

कल्पं nom. or acc. sin. n. to-morrow.

क ल्याण O illustrious one; voc. sin. of कल्याण m.f.n. good, noble, illustrious, 1st cl. 103.

क ल्याणाभिजनं acc. sin. of noble family, BAH. or Rel. comp. 766; क ल्याण cr. noble, अभिजनं acc. sin. of अभिजन m. family.

कल्पाणि O excellent lady, O good lady, O noble lady, O happy fair one; voc. sin. of कल्पाणी f. of कल्पाण good.

कल्पाणी nom. sin. f. illustrious lady. See next.

कल्पाणीं acc. sin. f. of कल्पाणी f. of कल्पाण m.f.n. good, noble, generous, 1st cl. 106.

क ल्याणो nom. sin. m. noble. See क ल्याण.

कश् for कस् who? nom. sin. m. of किं, q. v.

कश्चन nom. sin. m. of किञ्चन any one, see 229.

कश्चासी for कस च ससी by 62 and 31.

काञ्चद any one, some one, for काञ्चत् nom. sin. m. of किञ्चित्.

कश्चिन् for कश्चित् (47) some one, a certain.

कश्मलम् nom. sin. n. dejection of mind, depression of spirits, lowness, weakness.

कष्टस् nom. sin. m. of कष्ट m. f. n. bad, destructive.

कष्टाम् acc. sin. f. of कष्ट m.f.n. evil, bad.

कस् nom. sin. m. who?

कस्मात् why? wherefore? abl. sin. m. or n. of कि 227.

कस्माद् for कस्मात् why?

कस्मिंश्चित् loc. sin. m. or n. of किञ्चित् some, any, certain.

कस्य of whom? gen. sin. of किम्.

कस्यचित् gen. sin. m. or n. of किचित् some, any, a certain one, 228.

कस्यचिद् for कस्यचित्, q. v.

कस्याद्य for कस्य अद्य by 31.

कस्यासि for कस्य असि by 31.

कस्पेदं for कस्प इदं by 32.

का who? what? nom. sin. f. of कि 227.

कांश्चिह acc. pl. m. of किञ्चित some, see 228.

काङ्कान they desire; 3d pl. pres. par. of rt काङ्का 1st cl. 261.

काङ्कितं nom. sin. n. of काङ्कित m.f.n. desired.

काङ्क I desire, I seek; ist sin. pres. átm. of rt कांद्य.

काचिद nom. sin. f. any woman, see 228.

काचिद्धि for काचिद् हि by 50.

काचनसन्निभम् Anom. comp. 777; काचन cr. gold, and सन्निभम् nom. sin. n. of सन्निभ m.f.n. like.

काचित् for काचित् acc. sin. f. of किचित् some, any, a certain, 228.

काननम् nom. sin. n. a wood, forest, grove.

कानने loc. sin. of कानन n. a forest, ist cl.

कानिचित् nom. or acc. pl. n. of किचित् any, some, 228.

कान्ता nom. sin. f. beloved, loved one.

कानिर् for कानिस् nom. sin. of कानि f. beauty, brilliancy, 2d cl. 112.

काम् acc. sin. f. of किम् whom? see 227.

काम m. love, the god of love (see note under कन्दर्भ), 1st cl. 103.

कामं acc. sin. of काम m. love.

काम ind. willingly.

कामगः nom. sin. m. one who comes accidentally or unexpectedly, a casual visitor, one who travels about without any specific purpose; (from नाम pleasure, and ग who goes.)

कामधुक् nom. sin. of कामदुह f. the cow of plenty, 8th cl. 182; (comp. of काम desire, and दुह who milks.) The cow of plenty was a fabulous cow (granting all desires) produced at the churning of the ocean by the Suras and Asuras, after the deluge, for the recovery or production of fourteen sacred things; see note under अमृतोपमां.

कामभोगै: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; काम cr. love, भोगै: ins. pl. of भोग m. enjoyment.

कामयेच् for कामयेत् he or she may desire; 3d sin. pot. of rt कम् 10th cl. 283.

कामचासिनीम् acc. sin. f. dwelling where one wishes; (comp. of काम wish, desire, and चासिन् m.f. n. a dweller.)

कामस् nom. sin. of काम m. love.

कामस्य gen. sin. of काम m. love, 1st cl. 103.

कामार्तेस् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; काम cr. love, and आर्ते m. f. n. pained, afflicted, sick, see 542.

कारणं acc. sin. of कारण n. cause, action.

कारणात् on account of, by reason of; abl. sin. of कारण n. cause; used adverbially.

कारणानारे loc. sin. n. on the occasion of a cause; (comp. of कारण cr. a cause, and अनार occasion.)

कारणेर ins. pl. of कारण n. a reason, cause. कारमामास he caused to be done, he performed; 3d sin. perf. of कृ in caus. 385. a.

कार्ष m. f. n. to be done, to be performed; fut. pass. p. of rt क् 682, 571. c.

कार्य n. an affair, business, matter, 1st cl. 104. कार्य nom. sin. n. of कार्य m. f. n. to be done.

कार्य acc. sin. of कार्य n. matter, business.

कार्यगौरवात TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; कार्य cr. business, affair, गौरवात abl. sin. of गौरव n. importance, urgency, weightiness.

कार्यवान having business (to transact); nom. sin. m. of कार्यवत् m. f. n., 5th cl. 140.

कार्या nom. sin. f. of कार्य m. f. n. to be made, to be done; fut. pass. p. of rt क् 571.

काल m. time, 1st cl. 103.

कालं acc. sin. of काल m. time.

कालः nom. sin. of काल m. time.

कालस्य gen. sin. of काल m. time; दोर्घस्य कालस्य after a long time.

काले loc. sin. of काल m. time, opportunity, 1st cl. 103, see 840.

कालो nom. sin. of काल m. time.

काषायवसना BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; काषाय cr. dark brown, red, reddish, वसना nom. sin. f. from वसन n. a garment, 108.

नाष्ट्रेश ins. pl. of नाष्ट्र n. wood, a stick, 1st cl. 104.

कासि for का असि by 31.

किं pron. what? who? which? 227.

निशुकाशोकवकुलपुनागैर DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 748; निशुक cr. the Kinsuka-tree (Butea frondosa); सशोक cr. the Asoka-tree (Jonesia Asoka); वकुल the Vakultree (Mimusops Elengi); पुनागैर ins. pl. of पुनाग the Punnága-tree (Rottleria tinctoria).

निचन nom. or acc. sin. n. anything, something, some place, see 229.

কি বিন pron. n. something, anything, any, 228.

किचिद्र for किचित् nom. sin. n. any.

किञ्चित् for किञ्चित् (47) any, some.

fক্ষনৰ voc. sin. m. O mischievous fellow, O you rogue; (often an expression of endearment or coquetry.)

निमु ind. how much less! what? a particle of interrogation.

किमर्थे ind. on what account? why? 791. किल ind. indeed, truly, that is to say.

किलेकत: for किल + एकत: by 33.

कीर्नीयणन्ति they shall celebrate; 3d pl. 2d fut. of rt कृत् 10th cl. 287.

कीर्ति acc. sin. of कीर्ति f. glory, fame.

कोतिर for कीतिस nom. sin. f. glory, renown.

कुञ्चर डोपिमहिषशाहै लखेमृगान DVAN. OR Agg. comp. 748; कुञ्चर cr. an elephant, डीपि for डोपिन (57) a panther, महिष cr. a buffalo, शादैल cr. a tiger, शुद्ध cr. a bear (32), मृगान acc. pl. of मृग m. a deer, 1st cl. 103.

कुष्डलीकृतम् acc. sin. m. coiled into a ring; (comp. of कुष्डल a collar, a ring, and कृत, see 788.)

कुण्डिनं acc. sin. of कुण्डिन n. Kundina, a city in Berar, also called Vidarbha, the capital of Bhíma, father-in-law of Nala.

कु गिडने loc. sin. n. See last.

कुतस् ind. wherefore? why?

कुत्हलात् abl. sin. of कुत्हल n. eagerness, joy, pleasure, fun, curiosity, 1st cl. 103.

कुपिता nom. sin. f. of कुपित m.f.n. enraged.

कुंपितो nom. sin. m. of कुंपित m. f. n. enraged, angry.

कुमारांश् for कुमारान् acc. pl. of कुमार m. a boy, youth, young man, ist cl. 103.

कुमारांग्र for कुमारान् च by 53.

कुम्भाः for कुम्भास् nom. pl. See next.

कुम्नास nom. pl. of कुम्म m. a water-jar.

कुररीम् acc. sin. of कुररी f. an osprey.

sovereign of the North-West of India and the country about Delhi. He was ancestor of both Páṇḍu and Dhṛita-ráshṭra. The patronymic derived from his name is applied to the sons of either, but more usually to those of the latter.

কুই do thou, perform thou, make thou, give thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt কৃ 682.

कुरुते he does; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt कृ 683. कुरुनन्दन voc. sin. m. O son of Kuru; (comp. of कुरु q. v., and नन्दन q. v.) ৰুক্ৰ make thou, perform thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt ক 683.

कुर्पात् he may do; 3d sin. pot. of rt कृ 682.

कुचाह he may perform, he may make, he or she may act; 3d sin. pot. of rt क 682.

कुर्पाम् I may do; 1st sin. pot. of rt कृ 682.

कुवेन्तीम् acc. sin. f. of कुवेत् m. f. n. making; pres. p. par. of rt कृ 524.

कुवेन्तु let them make, let them assume; 3d pl. imp. of rt कृ 682.

कुल acc. sin. n. a family.

कुलमानां gen. pl. of कुलम m. a destroyer of a family or tribe; (comp. of कुल a family, and म a destroyer.)

कुलतत्त्रचित् Complex comp. 770; कुल family, race, तस्र nature, true state, चित् nom. sin. of चिद्द m. one who knows, 138.

कुलधमा: nom. pl. the laws or duties of a tribe. See next.

कुलधमाश् nom. pl. m. the laws of tribe, the usages of tribe; (कुल a family or tribe, धर्मे law, Tat. or Dep. comp.)

कुलशीलसमन्वितान् Complex comp. 771; कुल family, breeding, शील cr. good temper or disposition, समन्वितान् acc. pl. m. endowed or endued with.

कुलशीलोपसम्पन Complex comp. 771; कुल cr. family, high birth, शील cr. good disposition, उपसम्पन voc. sin. of उपसम्पन m. f. n. endowed with.

कुलिस्त्रिय for कुलिस्त्रियस् nom. pl. f. the women of the family. See next.

कुलिस्त्रियः nom. pl.f. noble women; (comp. of कुल a family, a noble family, and स्त्री a woman, 123. b.)

कुलस्य gen. sin. of कुल n. a family.

कुलीनश् nom. sin. m. of कुलीन m. f. n. noble, well-born.

সুমান্ত nom. or acc. sin. n. well-being, health, prosperity, good fortune, welfare, freedom from calamity, 1st cl. 104. Used in salutation: Is it well? It is well. Hail!

- কুয়ালন্দ্ nom. sin. m. of কুয়াল m. f. n. well, in good health.
- कुशिलनो for कुशिलनस् nom. or acc. pl. m. of कुशिलन् m. f. n. well, healthy, prosperous, in good health, 6th cl. 159.
- कुश्रालिनौ nom. du. m. of कुश्रालिन् m. f. n. well, in good health, 6th cl. 159.
- कुशली nom. sin. m. of कुशितन् m. f. n. well, in good health.
- कुशलेर ins. pl. m. of कुशल m. f. n. clever, skilful, adept.
- कुशलो nom. sin. m. of कुशल m. f. n. clever, skilful.
- कूमैग्राहआस्पाकीशाँ Complex comp. 771; कूमै cr. turtles, ग्राह alligators, आस cr. fish, आकीशाँ acc. sin. f. of आकीशाँ m.f.n. filled with, crowded, thronged.
- कृच्छ्रम् acc. sin. of कृच्छ्र n. calamity, trouble. क्च्छ्रे loc. sin. m. or n. of क्च्छ्र m. f. n. diffi-
- cult, difficult to be passed, painful.
- कृष्णुंग ins. sin. m. or n. of कृष्णु painful, tormenting.
- कृतं nom. or acc. sin. n. of कृत m. f. n. done, performed.
- कृतकृत्यो nom. sin. m. one who has accomplished his object; (comp. of कृत done, and कृत्य n. that which is to be done, 767.)
- कृतिनश्चय: nom. sin. m. one who has made a resolution, determined, resolved; (कृत, निश्चय determination.)
- कृतवती nom. sin. f. of कृतवत् who has done. See next.
- कृतवनो they performed; nom. pl. m. of कृतवत. See next.
- कृतवांस् for कृतवान्, q. v.
- कृतवान nom. sin. m. of कृतवत् m. f. n. who has done, who has made, who has caused; past act. p. of rt क् 553, 897.
- कृतशीचम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; कृत cr. performed, शीचम् acc. sin. m. from शीच n. purification, ablution.

- कृता nom. sin. f. of कृत m. f. n. made; past p. p. of rt कृ 532.
- कृताचितिं acc. sin. f. See कृताचित्र.
- कृताञ्चलिः nom. sin. m. See next.
- কৃনান্সলিং for কৃনান্সলিম্ BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; কৃন cr. having made, অন্সলিং nom. sin. of অন্সলি m. reverential salutation with joined palms, 2d cl. 110.
- कृतानि nom. pl. n. of कृत done. See कृता.
- कृतार्थ: nom. sin. m. of कृतार्थ m.f.n. See last.
- कृतार्थों nom. sin. m. of कृतार्थे m. f. n. successful, having accomplished an object; (comp. of कृत effected, and अर्थ object, 767.)
- कृतास्त्रं acc. sin. m. of कृतास्त्र m. f. n. skilled in (the use of) weapons; (comp. of कृत formed, and अस्त्र n. a weapon.)
- कृताहाराम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; कृत cr. made, taken, आहाराम् acc. sin. f. from आहार m. a meal, food, 108.
- कृते loc. sin. n. being made, on its being done. कृते ind. by reason of, on account of, 731.
- कृत्यकाम् acc. sin. of कृत्यका f. a woman who is the fatal cause of injury or destruction, the fatal destroyer, the bane.
- কুনো having made, having done, having settled, having considered; past ind. p. of rt ক 682.
- कृत्व m. f. n. whole, entire, all, 1st cl. 187. कृत्वं acc. sin. m. or n. of कृत्व m. f. n. entire, whole.
- कृत्तां acc. sin. f. of कृत्त m. f. n. entire, whole. कृत्ते loe. sin. m. or n. of कृत्त m. f. n. entire.
- कृषा: for अकृषा: 2d sin. aor. átm. of rt कृ to do, to make, to place, 683. मा मन: कृषा: do not place thy mind, see 861. a, 880.
- कृपणा nom. sin. f. of कृपण m.f.n. miserable, wretched, poor, mean.
- कृपणां acc. sin. f. of कृपण m. f. n. wretched. कृपया ins. sin. of कृपा f. compassion.

कृपयाविष्टम् for कृपया साविष्टम् by 31.

कृपां acc. sin. of कृपा f. pity, compassion.

क्श m. f. n. thin, emaciated, 1st cl. 187.

क्शा nom. sin. f. of क्शा m. f. n. thin, emaciated, lean.

कृशां acc. sin. f. of कृश m. f. n. thin, emaciated.

कृशान acc. pl. of कृश m. f. n. slender, thin. कृष्णवस्त्रेना ins. sin. of कृष्णवस्त्रेन m. fire, 6th cl. 147; (lit. having or making a black path, from कृष्ण black, and वर्त्सन् path.)

कृषासाराभ्यां abl. du. n. of कृषासार m. f. n. black in the centre, spotted with black, having dark pupils; (from कृष्ण black, and सार essence.)

के who? nom. pl. of किं, q. v.

केचन nom. pl. of किञ्चित some, see 228.

केचिच for केचित nom. pl. m. some.

केचिद for केचित् nom. pl. m. of किचित् some, 228.

केतुभूतम् acc. sin. n. being or become a banner; (comp. of केतु m. a banner, and भूत m. f.n. become, past p. p. of rt भू 532,585.)

केनचिंद by some, by some one, 228.

केशिनि voc. sin. of केशिनी f. Keśiní.

केशिनी nom. sin. f. Keśini, name of a maidservant or female attendant.

केशिनों acc. sin. f. Keśiní. (Fine-haired.) केशिन्या ins. sin. f. by Keśiní. See केशिनी. केतवेन ins. sin. of केतव n. gambling, gaming.

कैश्चिद् for केश्चित् ins. pl. m. of किञ्चित् some.

कैश्चिन् for केश्चित् ins. pl. by some; (from किश्चित्.)

कोट्यो nom. pl. of कोटि f. a krore or ten millions, 199. b.

कोपः nom. sin. m. anger.

कोपं acc. sin. of कोप m. anger, 1st cl. 103.

कोपम् acc. sin. of कोप m. anger.

कोपसमन्यित: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; कोप cr. anger, समन्यित: nom. sin. m. affected by. कोज्ञलाधिप: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; कोज्ञल cr. Kośala, खिषप: nom. sin. m. king, sovereign.

कोशलान् acc. pl. of कोशल m. pl. Kośala, the name of a country or its inhabitants. In the sin. it is also fem. See next.

कोशलायाम् loc. sin. of कोशला f. a country described in the Rámáyana (V. 5) as the district round Ayodhyá or Oude. According to some it is also the name of a town. In the Brahmánda-purána Kośala is mentioned as beyond the Vindhya mountains.

कोनेय voc. sin. of कोनेय son of Kuntí, a name of Yudhishthira, (to whom Vṛihadaśva relates the story of Nala,) or of either of the three elder Páṇḍava princes, who were the reputed sons of Páṇḍu by Kuntí; (from कुन्ती patronymic, 80.XIV.)

कौमारं nom. sin. n. childhood, youth.

कौर्य voc. sin. m. O descendant of Kuru. कौर्य voc. sin. of कौर्य m. descendant of Kuru, 1st cl. 103.

कौशलेन ins. sin. of कौशल m. king of Kośala. क्रतुभिर् for क्रतुभिस् ins. pl. of क्रतु m. a sacrifice.

क्रतुभिश्(ins.pl. of क्रतु m. a sacrifice, 3dcl. 111. क्रतुमुख्यानां gen. pl. of the principal sacrifices; (comp. of क्रतु m. a sacrifice, and मुख्यानां gen. pl. of मुख्य chief.)

क्रत्नां gen. pl. of क्रतु m. a sacrifice, 3d cl. 111.

क्रन्दमानाम् acc. sin. f. of क्रन्दमान m. f. n. weeping, wailing, crying aloud for help; pres. p. dtm. of rt क्रन्द 526.

ক্সমাম Tat. or Dep. comp. 740, received by succession or hereditary descent; ক্সম cr. succession, মামম্ acc. sin. of মাম m. f. n. received, obtained; past p. p. of rt আપ with ম, 539.

क्रमेण ind. in order, successively, 714.

त्रियताम् let it be done, let it be set, let it be placed; 3d sin. imp. of कृ in pass. 701.

क्रुध्यन्ति they are angry; 3d pl. pres. of rt क्रुध् 4th cl. 272.

क्रोड्सम् to be angry; inf. of rt क्रुप् 4th cl.

क्रोधसमन्वितः Tat. or Dep. comp. 740; क्रोध cr. anger, समन्वितः nom. sin. of समन्वित m. f. n. filled with.

क्रोधाद abl. sin. of क्रोध m. anger.

क्रोज्ञात she screams; 3d sin. pres. of rt नुज्ञा 1st cl. 261.

क्रोचित्र DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 748; क्रोचि cr. herons, कुरीश ins. pl. of कुरर m. an osprey.

क्रमं acc. sin. of क्रम m. weariness, 1st cl. 103. क्रान्तो nom. sin. m. of क्रान्त m. f. n. wearied, fatigued.

ক্লিম্মন he or she is annoyed or distressed, he or she is tormented or harassed; 3d sin. pres. of ক্লিম্ in pass. 463.

क्कीवयह for क्कीवयत् like a base man, like a weak-minded, effeminate person; (from क्कीव an impotent man, and वत् 724.)

क्रैचं acc. sin. of क्रैच n. weakness.

哥 ind. where? 717. g.

দ্রবি ind. anywhere, somewhere, in some place or other, 717. g, 230.

क्षचिद्र ind. somewhere, anywhere.

क्वािंप ind. anywhere, 230.

स्य m. a moment, an instant.

स्पो loc. sin. of स्पा m. a moment, 1st cl. 103. स्पोन instantly, presently, soon, in a short time; ins. sin. of स्पा, used adverbially, 714. स्पोनाय for स्पोन स्प by 31. See the words.

स्तियस्य gen. sin. of स्नितय m. a Kshatriya, a man of the second or military caste. See next.

स्रातियाः for स्रातियास् nom. pl. of स्रातिय m. a soldier, a man of the second or military caste. See note under विशाम्पते. Kshatriyas or warriors slain in battle are transported to Indra's heaven by the

Apsarasas or nymphs of Svarga. Thus in Manu VII. 89 it is said, 'Those rulers of the earth who, desirous of defending each other, exert their utmost strength in battle, without ever averting their faces, ascend after death directly to heaven.' In Book II. 19 of the Nala, Indra means to say, 'Why are no warriors slain now-a-days, that I see none arriving in heaven to honour as my guests?'

सन्तयं nom. sin. n. of सन्तय m. f. n. to be pardoned; fut. pass. p. of rt सन् 569.

धानुम् to pardon, to excuse; inf. of rt धाम् 459.

समन्तु let them pardon, let them excuse; 3d pl. pres. of rt सम् 1st cl. 261.

समयामास he asked to be pardoned, he excused himself; 3d sin. perf. of rt सम् in caus. 490, 487. a.

द्यमान् acc. pl. of द्यम m. f. n. capable, powerful.

स्माचान् nom. sin. of स्माचन् m. f. n. patient. स्पं acc. sin. of स्प m. end, termination.

धितिपतिश् for श्वितिपतिस् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; श्विति cr. the earth, पतिश्

चितिम् acc.sin.of चिति f.the earth, 2dcl.112. चिती loc. sin. of चिति f. the earth, the ground, 2d cl. 112.

क्षिप्रं ind. quickly, soon, 713.

खुन्न्मान्यितम् COMPLEX COMP. 771; खुत् for खुथ् cr. hunger (42), तृषा cr. thirst, ऋन्यितम् acc. sin. m. of ऋन्यित m. f. n. possessed of, afflicted with, distressed by.

सुत्परोतम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; सुत् for सुध् cr. hunger (42), परीतम् nom. sin. m. of परीत affected by, filled with.

ञ्जुत्मिपासापरिञ्चान्तौ Complex comp. 771; ञ्चुत् cr. for ञ्चुथ् (42) hunger, पिपासा cr. thirst, परिञ्चान्तौ nom. du. of परिञ्चान्त m. f. n. worn, wearied; past p. p. of rt ञ्चम् 546.

खुत्पिपासापरीताङ्गी Complex comp. 771; स्नुत् for खुध् cr. hunger, पिपासा f. thirst, परीत cr. affected, खङ्गी nom. sin. f. from खङ्ग n. the body.

खुन्पिपासाता nom. sin. f. afflicted with hunger and thirst; (comp. of खुत for खुध cr. 42, hunger, पिपासा cr. thirst, आता nom. sin. f. pained, afflicted, 542.)

सुद्रं acc. sin. n. mean, little, low. See next. सुद्र: nom. sin. of सुद्र m. f. n. vile.

सुद्रेण ins. sin. of सुद्र m. f. n. base, vile. सुध्या ins. sin. of सुधा f. hunger, 1st cl. 105. सुध्यान्तित for सुध्या सन्तित by 31.

सुधा ins. sin. of सुध f. hunger, 8th cl. 177. सुधान्यित: nom. sin. m. famished with hunger; (from सुधा cr. hunger, and अन्यित m. f. n. possessed.)

खुधातेस्य gen. sin. m. of खुधाते m. f. n. hungry; (from खुधा cr. hunger, and आते pained, 542.)

सुधाविष्ट: Тат. он Dep. сомр. 740; सुधा cr. hunger, आविष्ट: nom. sin. of आविष्ट m. f. n. affected by.

सुधितं acc. sin. m. of सुधित m. f. n. hungry. सुधित: nom. sin. m. of सुधित m. f. n. hungry. स्मेनतं nom. sin. n. of स्मित्र m. f. n. better, happier.

ह्योमी nom. sin. m. of छ्योमन् m. f. n. safe, well, prosperous.

### ख.

खगमांस् for खगमान् acc. pl. of खगम m. a bird, (lit. sky-goer,) 1st cl. 103.

खगा for खगास nom. pl. of खग m. a bird, 1st cl. 103.

खन्न म acc. sin. of खन्न m. a sword, 1st cl. 103. खन्न न ins. sin. of खन्न m. a sword, cimeter. खम् acc. sin. of ख n. the sky, heaven, 1st cl. 104. खल् ind. indeed.

बाद्य devour thou, eat thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt बाद्द 10th cl. 283.

से loc. sin. of ख n. the sky, heaven.

लेचर: nom. sin. m. a bird; (from खे loc. sin. of ख the sky, and चर going.)

स्पात: nom. sin. m. of स्पात m. f. n. called, styled, celebrated; past p. p. of rt स्पा 532.

#### ग.

ন (at the end of compounds) going; agent from rt নন্.

गन्छ go thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt गम् 1st cl. 602.

गर्कात he or she goes; 3d sin. pres. of rt गम् 1st cl.

गळनम् acc. sin. m. of गळत् m. f. n. going; pres. p. par. of rt गम् 524.

गर्कान they go; 3d pl. pres. of rt गम् 1st cl. 602, 270.

गळनी nom. sin. f. of गळत m. f. n. going, proceeding on; pres. p. par. of rt गम् 524. गळनोम् acc. sin. f. going. See last.

गळन्यपराङ्मुखाः for गळनि स्रपराङ्मुखाः by 34.

गन्डामो we (will) go; 1st pl. pres. (with fut. signification 873) of rt गम् 270, 602.

गच्छावो for गच्छावस् we two (will) go; 1st du. pres. of rt गम् 1st cl. 602.

गर्जेत he or she may or should go; 3d sin. pot. of rt गम् 1st cl. 602.

गर्छद्द he may or should go, let him go. See last.

गच्छेयं I may go, I can go; 1st sin. pot. of rt गम् 1st cl. 602.

गच्छेनाम् for गच्छ एनाम् by 33.

गजान acc. pl. of गज m. an elephant, ist cl.

ग्जेन्द्रविक्रमो BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; गजेन्द्र cr. the prince of elephants, विक्रमो nom. sin. of विक्रम m. valour.

गनै: ins. pl. of गन m. an elephant.

गण m. a troop, a flock, a number.

गणयन् nom. sin. of गणयत् m.f. n. counting ; pres. p. par. of rt गण् 10th cl. 524.

गणयस्त्र count thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt गण् 10th cl. 283. गणयस्वास्य for गणयस्व अस्य by 31.

गणियना having reckoned; past ind. p. of rt गण 558.

गणान् acc. pl. of गण m. a troop, a flock, a number.

गणित: nom. sin. m. of गणित m. f. n. calculated, reckoned; past p. p. of rt गण 538.

गणित loc. sin. n. of गणित m. f. n. reckoned, numbered, counted; past p. p. of rt गण् 538.

শন gone, departed; he went; past p. p. of rt গদ্ to go, 545, 896.

गतः for गतस् nom. sin. See last.

गतज्ञमा Bah. or Rel. comp. 766; गत cr. gone, removed, ज्ञामा nom. sin. f. from ज्ञाम m. fatigue, weariness.

गतचेतन: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; गत cr. gone, deprived of, चेतन: nom. sin. m. from चेतना f. sense, mind, 1st cl. 108.

गतचेतसम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; गत cr. gone, चेतसम् acc. sin. m. from चेतस् n. the mind, senses, consciousness, 7th cl. 163.

गतज्ञरो BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; मत er. gone, freed from, जारो nom. sin. of जार m. fever, trouble, affliction.

गतवान् nom. sin. m. of गतवत् m. f. n. who went, who has gone; past act. p. of rt गम् 553, 897.

गतसङ्ख्या BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; गत cr. gone to, fixed on, सङ्कल्या nom. sin. f. from सङ्कल्या m. thought, affection. मां गत-सङ्कल्या with thoughts or affections fixed on me. So in S'akuntalá (Act III), तहतेन स्राभिलामेण.

गतसत्था for गतसत्थास् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; गत er. gone, सत्था nom. pl. of सत्य m. from सत्य n. strength, spirit, 108.

गतमोहृदा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; गत cr. gone, सोहृदा nom. sin. f. from सोहृद n. friendship, 108, (bereft of friends.)

गताः nom. pl. m. of गत m. f. n. gone, (they went, going to,896;) past p. p. of rt गम् 545.

गतासून acc. pl. m. of गतासु m. f. n. dead, expired; (गत gone, असु breath.)

मितं acc. sin. of मित f. gait, bearing, 2dcl. 112.

मते loc. sin. m. of मत m. f. n. gone.

गतेषु being gone, having gone; loc. pl. of गत m. f. n. gone.

मतो nom. sin. m. gone, departed. See गत. मतौ nom. du. m. of गत gone, departed.

সন্ধা having gone; past ind. p. of rt মৃদ্ 602, 556.

गत्वाघापराम् for गत्वा ऋष ऋपराम् by 31.

मन्नवं nom. sin. n. of मन्नवा m. f. n. to be travelled, to be gone; fut. pass. p. of rt मन् 569.

गना he or it will go, he will travel; 3d sin.

1st fut. of rt गम्.

गनासि thou wilt go; 2d sin. 1st fut. of rt गम् 602.

गनुम् to go; inf. of rt गम् 459.

गन्धवो nom. sin. of गन्धवे m. a Gandharva or celestial musician. These are demigods or angels who inhabit Indra's heaven, and form the orchestra at the banquets of the gods. They are described as witnesses of the actions of men, and are sixty millions in number.

गम: for ञ्चगम: 2d sin. aor. of rt गम्, used with मा or मास्म for the imperative; as, मास्म गम: do not go, 889.

गमने loc. sin. of गमन n. going, advancing. गिमपानि they will go. See next.

गिमपानि I shall or will go; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt गम् 602.

गमारें ind. deeply, 713.

गरीयो nom. sin. n. of गरीयस् m. f. n. more heavy, heavier, worse, worst, 194, 167.

गहत्मनाः for गहत्मनास् nom. pl. m. of गहत्मन् a bird, (lit. possessed of wings,) 5th cl. 140.

गवां gen. pl. of मो f. a cow, an ox, 133. Used in Nala VII. 6 as the name given to the ordinary dice, as distinguished from the नुष or principal die. गहने loc. sin. m. or n. of गहन m.f. n. dense, thick, impenetrable.

गातविरूपताम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; गात cr. limbs, body, वैरूपताम् acc. sin. f. deformity.

गाताणि nom. pl. of गात n. a limb, a member.

गातेषु loc. pl. of गात n. a limb.

गातैर ins. pl. of गात n. a limb.

गायाभिर् for गायाभिस् ins. pl. of गाया f. a song, a chant.

गायित he sings, he repeats; 3d sin. pres. of rt मै 1st cl. 268.

गायमाना for गायमानास् nom. pl. of गायमान m. f. n. singing; pres. p. átm. of rt गै 1st cl. 595. a, 524.

निरं acc.sin.of निर्f. speech, voice, 8th cl. 180.

गिर: acc. pl. of गिर्त. speech, word, 8th cl. 180.

गिरम् acc. sin. of गिर् f. speech, 8th cl. 180. गिरा ins. sin. of गिर् f. voice, speech, 8th cl. 180.

गिराव for गिरौ loc. sin. of गिरि m. a mountain, 2d cl. 110.

गिरिक्टानि TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; गिरि cr. a mountain, कूटानि nom. pl. of कूट n. a peak, a summit, 1st cl. 104.

गिरिगुहाम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; गिरि cr. a mountain, गुहाम् acc. sin. of गुहा f. a cave, a cavern.

गिरिनदीम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; गिरि cr. a mountain, नदीम् acc. sin. of नदी f. a river.

गिरिराजम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; गिरि cr. a mountain, राजम् acc. sin. for राजानं from राजन् m. a king, 151. a.

गिरिश्रेष्ठम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743. b; गिरि cr. a mountain, श्रेष्ठम् acc. sin. m. of श्रेष्ठ m. f. n. best.

गिरोंश for गिरीन् (53) acc. pl. of गिरि.

गिर gen. sin. of गिरि m. a mountain, 2d cl. 110.

गुण m. quality, virtue, excellence, 1st cl. 103.

गुणवान nom. sin. m. of गुणवान m. f. n. excellent, good, possessed of advantages or excellencies (guna), 5th cl. 140.

गुणांस for गुणान acc. pl. of गुण m. quality, virtue, merit, excellence.

गुणान् acc. pl. of गुण m. quality, virtue.

गुणै: for गुणैस ins. pl. of गुण quality, virtue. गुणैर for गुणैस ins. pl. of गुण quality, virtue.

गुमान् acc. sin. f. of गुम m. f. n. guarded;

गुन्नाम् acc. sin. f. of गुन्न m. f. n. guarded; past p. p. of rt गुप् 556.

गुरुन् acc. pl. m. of गुरु m. f. n. venerable, dearly valued.

गुल्मेर ins. pl. of गुल्म m. a bush, a shrub, ist cl. 103.

गूढश nom. sin. of गूढ m. f. n. hidden, concealed; past p. p. of rt गुह 539.

गृहम् acc. sin. of गृह n. a house.

मृहाण take thou, receive thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt यह 9th cl. 699.

मृहान् acc. pl. of मृह m. a house, a wife. (When मृह is used in the plural, it signifies generally home, and is always masculine.)

गृहीतनामा nom. sin. one who has gained a name, BAH. on REL. comp. 766; गृहीत cr. taken, received, नामा nom. sin. m. from नामन n.a name, 6th cl. 154.

गृहीत्वा having taken, having taken up, having raised; past ind. p. of rt ग्रह 699.

गृहे loc. sin. of गृह n. a house, 1st cl. 104.

मुस्तानि he takes; 3d sin. pres. of यह 9th cl. 699.

मुह्तीध्वं take ye; 2d pl. imp. átm. of rt मह 9th cl. 699.

मेहं nom. sin. n. a house.

गोपायिन they guard, they protect; 3d pl. pres. of rt गुप् 1st cl. 271.

गोन्ना nom. sin. m. of गोन्नृ m. a protector, guardian, 4th cl. 127.

गोसहस्रेण ins. sin. n. with a thousand kine; (comp. of गो a cow, ox, and सहस्र a thousand, 206.)

यसते he devours, he consumes; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt यस 1st cl. 261.

ग्रस्ताम् acc. sin. f. of ग्रस्त m. f. n. seized; past p. p. of rt ग्रस् 539.

ग्रस्थमाना nom. sin. f. of ग्रस्थमान m. f. n. being seized; pres. p. pass. of rt ग्रस् 528.

ग्रस्यमानाम् acc. sin. f. See last.

यहां for यहास nom. pl. of यह m. a planet. यहोतुं to catch, to take; inf. mood of rt यह 699, 459.

ग्रहीप्पामि I will take, I will take up; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt ग्रह 399. a.

ग्रामं acc. sin. of ग्राम m. a village.

ग्रामान् acc. pl. of ग्राम m. a village.

ग्रामिपुता: Тат. ок Dep. сомр. 743; ग्रामि for ग्रामिन् (57) cr. a villager, पुता: nom. pl. of पुत m. a son, a boy.

ग्रामेण ins. sin. of ग्राम m. a village.

ग्राम्यगनान् KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; ग्राम्य cr. tame, lit. village-born, गनान् acc. pl. of गन m. an elephant.

ग्राहेण ins. sin. of ग्राह m. a serpent.

ग्राहेणानेन for ग्राहेण अनेन by 31.

ग्राहो nom. sin. of ग्राह m. a serpent.

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धातयित he or it kills; 3d sin. pres. of rt हन् in caus., see 488.

चोरं acc. sin. n. of चोर m. f. n. frightful, awful, 1st cl. 187.

योरान् acc. pl. m. of योर m. f. n. terrible, ist cl. 187.

घोरायां loc. sin. f. of घोर m. f. n. terrible, dreadful, 1st cl. 187.

घोरे loc. sin. m. or n. of घोर m. f. n. terrible, 1st cl. 104.

घोषयामास he proclaimed; 3d sin. perf. of rt युष् 10th cl. 385. a.

योगांस for घोषान् acc. pl. of घोष m. a station of herdsmen.

मतो acc. pl. m. of मत् m. f. n. striking, killing; pres. p. of rt हन् 524.

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₹ ind. and, also, both, 727.

चक्रवाकोपकृजिताम् Тат. or Dep. comp. 740; चक्रवाक cr. the Cakraváka or Brahmany duck, उपकृजिताम् acc. sin. f. of उपकृजित m. f. n. made resonant with cooing or the cry (of the Cakraváka).

चित्रिर they made, they showed; 3d pl. perf. átm. of rt कृ 683.

चक्रे he made; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt कृ 683.

चस्रमे he endured, he bore; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt सम् 364.

चर्काप acc. pl. of चयुस n. the eye, 7th cl. 165. चचाल he, she or it moved; 3d sin. perf. of rt चल to move, 364.

चतुर: acc. pl. m. of चतुर four, 203.

चतुरो acc. pl. m. of चतुर four, see 203.

चतुर्थः nom. sin. of चतुर्घ m. f. n. fourth, 209.

चतुर्थे loc. sin. of चतुर्थ m.f.n. fourth, 209.

चतुर्देशः nom. sin. m. fourteenth, 210.

चतुर्देशो having four tusks; (comp. of चतुर् four, and दंशो nom. sin. m. from दंशा f. a tusk, 108.

चतुर्विश्रातितमः nom. sin. m. twenty-fourth,

चत्वार for चत्वारस् nom. pl. of चतुर four, see 203.

चन्द्रमाः nom. sin. of चन्द्रमस् m. the moon, 7th cl. 163.

चन्द्रलेखा nom. sin. f. digit of the moon. See next.

चन्द्रलेखाम् acc. sin. f. of चन्द्रलेखा f. a crescent or digit of the moon; (comp. of चन्द्र the moon, and लेखा a line, streak.)

चन्द्रलेखेव for चन्द्रलेखा इव by 32.

चन्द्राभवज्ञं BAH. or REL. comp. 761; चन्द्र cr. the moon, आभ cr. like, वज्ञं acc. sin. m. from वज्ञ n. the face, 108.

चरित he roams, he wanders, he or it moves; 3d sin. pres. of rt चर् 1st cl. चरिन they wander about, they go; 3d pl. pres. of rt चर् 1st cl. 261.

चान् nom. sin. m. of चात् m. f. n. going, moving; pres. p. of rt चर् 524.

चरामः we wander over; ist pl. pres. of rt चर ist cl. 261.

चरामि I commit, I act; ist sin. pres. of rt चर.

चरितम् acc. sin. of चरित n. act, action.

चरितवत: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; चरित cr. performed, practised, वत nom. sin. m. from वत m. n. a vow, an act of devotion.

चरितानि acc. pl. of चरित n. an act, action.

चिर्मित he or she will wander; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt चर् 1st cl. 261.

चलो nom. sin. m. of चल m. f. n. fickle, changeable, moveable.

चाह्यान् for च सद्यान्, q. q. v. v.

चाचलान् for च अचलान्, q. q. v. v.

चातुर्वेग्यस्य gen. sin. of चातुर्वेग्यं n. the four castes, 1st cl. 104. See note under विशाम्पते

चादित्यः for च आदित्यः by 31.

चाह्रतद्शेना: for च अह्रतद्शेना: by 31.

चानघा: for च अनघा: by 31.

चानुत्रमां for च अनुत्रमां by 31.

चानुभूयास्य for च अनुभूय अस्य by 31.

चानेन for च अनेन by 31.

चान्यह for च अन्यह by 31.

चात्मन् for च अत्मन् by 31.

चापरे for च अपरे by 31.

चापि for च अपि by 31.

चामदक्षिणै: for च आमदिष्णिः by 31.

चाप्पश्चमेधेन for च खपि खम्मेधेन by 31 and 34.

चापस्य for च अपि अस्य by 31, 34.

चाप्पुपलिख्तः for च ऋपि उपलिख्तः 31,34.

चाप्रजः for च अप्रजः by 31.

चाभवन् for च अभवन् by 31.

चाभ्यागता for च अभ्यागता by 31.

चामीकरप्रस्थम् acc. sin. m. like gold; (comp. of चामीकर gold, and प्रस्थ like.)

चारितकवचान् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761;

चारित cr. virtuous conduct, कयचान् acc. pl. from कवच m. armour, mail (cased in the armour of chastity.)

चारूदर्शने voc. sin. f. O thou of lovely aspect; (from चारू beautiful, and दर्शन sight.)

चारू पद्मविशालाधीम् Complex comp. 771; चारू cr. beautiful, पद्म cr. a lotus, विशाल cr. large, अर्थो acc. sin. of अर्थो f. from अद्म m. (in comp.) an eye, 778.

चारु वृत्तपयोधराम् Complex comp. 771; चारु cr. beautiful, वृत्त cr. round, पयोध-राम् acc. sin. f. from पयोधर m. a woman's breast, 108.

चारसवाङ्गशोभन O thou who art fair and beautiful in every limb, Complex comp. 771; चारु cr. fair, handsome, सर्वे cr. all, every, सङ्ग cr. limb, शोभन voc. sin. m. of शोभन m. f. n. beautiful.

चारुहासिनी sweetly smiling; nom. sin. f. See next.

चाहहासिनीम् sweetly smiling, KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; चाह cr. sweet, sweetly, हासिनीं acc.sin.of हासिनीf. smiling, 1st cl. 106; (from हासिन agt. of rt हस् 582. a.)

ৰাভিত্যি nom. pl. n. of ৰাছ m. f. n. beautiful, 3d cl. 114.

चासकृत् for च असकृत् by 31.

चासि for च असि by 31.

चासीत् for च आसीत् by 31.

चास्मान् for च अस्मान् by 31.

चास्माभिर् for च अस्माभिर् by 31.

चास्मिन् for च छस्मिन् by 31.

चास्या for च अस्यास् by 31.

चाहम् for च छहम् by 31.

चिकी पैनी nom. sin. f. of चिकी पैन m. f. n. desirous of doing, wishing to perform; pres. p. of rt कृ in des. 502, 525.

चिकोपेमाणस् nom. sin. m. of चिकोपेमाण m.f.n. anxious to perform, wishing to do; pres. p. átm. of rt कृ in des. 502, 528.

चिकोपेंसि thou dost desire to do; 2d sin. pres. of rt कृ in des. 502. चिकोधितम् nom. sin. n. design, intention, (what is wished to be done;) see 502, 550.

चित्रप्रमाथिनी TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 739; चित्र cr. heart, soul, mind, प्रमाथिनी nom. sin. f. of प्रमाथिन m.f. n. agitating, afflicting; (agt. from rt मन्य 693. a, with प्र;) 6th cl. 159.

चিता: acc. pl. f. of चित्र m. f. n. variegated, 1st cl. 105, 187.

चिन्तयध्वं think ye; 2d pl. imp. átm. of rt चिन्त् 10th cl. 641.

चिनायन् nom. sin. m. of चिनायत् m. f. n. thinking on; pres. p. of rt चिना 10th cl. 641.

चिनायनी thinking, reflecting; nom. sin. f. of चिनायन्.

चिनायन्याः gen. sin. f. of चिनायत् m. f. n. thinking of.

चिन्तयानस्य gen. sin. m. of चिन्तयान m. f. n. thinking of; pres. p. átm. of rt चिन्त् 10th cl. 527.

चिनायामास he or she thought on, pondered on, considered; 3d sin. perf. of rt चिना 10th cl. 385. a.

चिनायित्वा having thought on, having considered; ind. past p. of rt चिना 10th cl. 558.

चिनाये I think on; 1st sin. pres. átm. of rt चिना 10th cl. 641.

चिनापरा lost in thought, TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 744; चिना cr. thought, परा nom. sin. f. of पर m. f. n. principally engaged in, 1st cl. 187.

चिनापरास् nom. pl.m. thoughtful. See last. चिनाम् acc. sin. of चिना f. thought, anxiety. चिनातो nom. sin. m. of चिनात m. f. n. thought of, contrived, devised; past p. p. of rt चिना 538.

चिन्वन्तो nom. pl. m. of चिन्वत् m.f. n. seeking for, searching through; pres. p. of rt चि 5th conj. 524.

चिरम् ind. for a long time, for a long while.

चिरविप्रोधिताम् acc. sin. f. long banished, long absent; (comp. of चिर long, and विप्रोधित dwelling away.)

चिराद for चिरात् ind. after a long time, for a long while.

चिद्रभूतो nom. sin. m. of चिद्रभूत m. f. n. become a mark, (Book XVII. 7,) formed into a mark.

चेत् ind. if.

चेतसा ins. sin. of चेतस् n. the mind, the heart. चेतो acc. sin. of चेतस् n. mind, heart, 7th cl. 164. चेदं for च इदं by 32.

चेदिपतेर Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; चेदि cr. Ćedi, पतेर gen. sin. of पति m. a lord, 121. Ćedi is the name of a country, perhaps the same as the modern Ćandail. It is often named in the marriage of Rukminí, extracted from the Harivansa by M. Langlois, Monumens de l'Inde, p. 96.

चेदिपुरीं acc. sin. of चेदिपुरी f. Ćedi-pur, i. e. the city of Ćedi; (comp. of चेदि and पुरी a city.)

चेदिराजपुरीं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; चेदि cr. Ćedi, राज cr. king, पुरीं acc. sin. of पुरी f. a city.

चेदिराजस्य gen. sin. m. of the king of Ćedi; (comp. of चेदि cr. Ćedi, and राजस्य gen. for राजः 151.)

चेन्द्रपुरोगमाः for च इन्द्रपुरोगमाः by 32.

चेष्टमानम् acc. sin. of चेष्टमान m. f. n. struggling; pres. p. átm. of rt चेष्ट् 1st cl. 526.

चेह for च इह by 32.

चेहागते for च इह आगते by 32 and 31.

चैतस्य for च एतस्य by 33.

चैनं for च एनं by 33.

चैव for च एव by 33.

चैवाहम् for च एव अहम् by 33, 31.

चैवोग्रशासनः for च एव उग्रशासनः by 33 and 32.

चैषा for च एपा by 33.

चोक्तं for च उक्तं by 32.

चोत्तमगन्धाद्याः for च उत्तमगन्धाद्याः by 32.

चोद्यमाना for चोद्यमानास् nom. pl. m. of चोद्यमान m.f. n. being urged; pres. p. of rt चुद्र in caus. pass. 496.

चित्रवा for चित्रवा by 48. b.

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चकुनान् for शकुनान् (by 49) acc. pl. of शकुन m. a bird, 1st cl. 103.

छक्तो for शको able, q. v.

छ्चीम् for श्रचीम् acc. sin. of श्रची f. the wife of Indra, 1st cl. 106.

छन्देन ins. sin. of छन्द n. will, wish.

ছন: nom. sin. m. covered, clothed, clad;
past p. p. of rt ছাই 540.

হুपितुं for श्रापितुं (49) to curse; inf. of rt श्रप् 459.

द्याया nom. sin. f. a shadow.

ञ्चायाडितीयो Anom. comp., see 777. b; ञ्चाया cr. shadow, डितीयो nom. sin. m. of डितीय m. f. n. accompanied by, (lit. doubled, made two.)

छायेवानुगता for छाया इव अनुगता by 32,31.

জিলা having cut, having cut off; past ind. p. of rt জিল্ল 556.

चिन्दिन they cut, they cleave; 3d pl. pres. of rt चिद्द 7th cl.

छुचि: for भुचि: (49) nom. sin. m. of भुचि m. f. n. pure.

ह्यो for जूरो (49) nom. sin. a hero, q. v.

जूतम् for भृतं (49) acc. sin. n. of भृत m. f. n. cooked, boiled; past p. p. of rt आ 532.

चेतुं to cut, to cut off; inf. of rt चिद्र 459.

छोनम् for शोनम् sorrow, q. v.

जुता having heard; ind. p. of rt शु 556,676.

खुत्वानवद्याङ्गी for खुत्वा खनवद्याङ्गी by 31. होय: for श्रेय: (49) nom. sin. n. better.

छ्रेयो for श्रेयो (49) nom. sin. n. better.

ज.

ज (at the end of compounds) denotes arising, born, produced; (agt. of rt जन to be born.)

जगाद he uttered, he recited; 3d sin. perf. of rt गद्ध 364.

जगाम he or she went; 3d sin. perf. of rt गम् 376, 602.

जगामैकां for जगाम एकां by 33.

नामतुर they two went, they both had recourse; 3d du. perf. of rt गम्, see 376.

जग्मुर they went; 3d pl. perf. of rt गम् 376.

नगाह he or she took hold of, he seized, he caught; 3d sin. perf. of rt ग्रह 9th cl. 699.

नग्राहानगरो for नग्राह अनगरो by 31.

जग्राहायतलोचना for जग्राह जायतलोचना by 31.

जबुर they perceived, they observed, they knew; 3d pl. perf. from rt जा 688, 373.

নাতিলা nom. sin. f. of নাতিল m. f. n. having clotted or entangled hair.

जन acc. sin. of जन m. a man, people.

जननी nom. sin. f. a mother, a parent.

जनपदं acc. sin. of जनपद m. an inhabited country.

जनपदे loc. sin. of जनपद m. the country (as distinct from the town).

जनमध्यं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; जन cr. men, मध्यं acc. sin. of मध्य n. the midst.

जनयामास he begat; 3d sin. perf. of rt जन in caus. 385. a.

जनसंसत्सु TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; जन cr. men, संसत्सु loc. pl. of संसद् f. an assembly, 138.

जनसङ्ख्ये Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; जन cr. men, सङ्ख्ये loc. sin. of सङ्ख्य m. destruction.

जनस्य gen. sin. of जन m. a person, a human being, people.

जना for जनास् nom. pl. of जन m. a man, ist cl. 103.

जनाधिप voc. sin. m. O lord of men.

সনাখিদ: nom. sin. m. a sovereign, (lit. lord of men; comp. of সন cr. a man, and স্থাধিদ m. a lord.)

जनाधिपा: nom. pl. m. See last.

जनार्णेव: nom. sin. m. host of men, (lit. sea of men; from जन cr. men, and अर्थोच m. the ocean.)

जनास nom. pl. of जन m. a man, people.

जिन्न्याः gen. sin. of जिन्ति f. a mother, 106; see 859. a.

जनेन ins. sin. of जन m. a man, people.

जनैर ins. pl. of जन m. a man, a person.

जन्म nom. sin. of जन्मन् n. birth, 6th cl. 153.

जन्मानरकृतम् nom. sin. n. committed in another birth; (comp. of जन्म cr. birth, अनार cr. another, 777.b, and कृत, q.v.)

नमुद्रीपे loc. sin. of नमुद्रीप m. Jambudvípa, the central division of the world. India is so called in the Puráṇas.

जञ्चामलोधषदिसालवेत्नसमाकुलं Complex comp. 771; जञ्च cr. the Jambu or rose-apple (34), आम cr. the Mango-tree, लोध cr. the Lodhra or Lodh, a kind of tree (Symplocos racemosa), the bark of which is used in dyeing, खिद्र the Khadira or Catechu-tree, the exudation of which is used in medicine, साल cr. the Sál-tree, चेत cr. a cane, a ratan, समाकुलम् acc. sin. n. of समाकुल m. f. n. crowded.

जयम् acc. sin. of जय m. victory.

जयेम we may conquer; ist pl. pot. of rt जि ist cl.

जयेयु: they may conquer; 3d pl. pot. of rt जि 1st cl.

जरा nom. sin. f. old age.

जलं nom. or acc. sin. of जल n. water, 1st cl. 104.

जलदागमे TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; जलद cr. a cloud (water-giver), आगमे loc. sin. of आगम m. approach, arrival.

जलमातेण by mere water, on mere water;

(from जल cr. water, and मातेण ins. sin. of मात, see 919.)

जवं acc. sin. of जव m. speed, velocity.

जवनेर् ins. pl. m. of जवन m.f. n. fleet, swift.

जवयुक्तान् acc. pl. m. fleet, swift, (lit. possessed of fleetness; from जव cr. velocity, and युक्त possessed of.)

जवेन ins. sin. of जव m. rapidity, speed.

जवेनाभिससार for जवेन स्राभिससार by 31. जहांसि thou dost desert; 2d sin. pres. of rt हा 3d cl. 665.

जह में he rejoiced; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt हम् 364.

जातरूपपरिष्कृतान् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; जातरूप cr. gold, परिष्कृतान् acc. pl. m. of परिष्कृत m. f. n. adorned; past p. p. of कृ with परि, 783. o, 532.

नातमङ्गल्पः Bah. or Rel. comp. 767; नात cr. arisen, experienced, felt, सङ्गल्पः nom. sin. of सङ्गल्प m. thought, desire, love, 1st cl. 103.

जातस्य gen. sin. n. of जात m. f. n. born.

जाता nom. sin. f. of जात m. f. n. born.

जातिथमा: nom. pl. m. the laws of caste, the usages of caste; (जाति caste, धर्मे law, usage, Tat. or Dep. comp.)

जातिसम्पन्नाम् acc. sin. f. of noble race, endowed with (high) birth; (comp. of जाति cr. race, and सम्पन्न accomplished, endowed with.)

जातु ind. ever; न जातु never.

নানানি he knows; 3d sin. pres. of rt রা oth cl. 688.

নানামি I know, I understand; ist sin. pres. of rt রা.

जानाम्यत्येर् for जानामि अत्येर् by 34.

जानीत know ye; 2d pl. imp. of rt ज्ञा.

जानीय ye know; 2d pl. pres. of rt ज्ञा.

जानीयां may I recognise; 1st sin. pot. of rt जा 9th cl. 688.

जानीयाद he may know, he may recognise; 3d sin. pot. of rt ज्ञा 9th cl. 688.

जानीप thou knowest; 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt ज्ञा 9th cl. 688.

जानीहि ascertain thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt जा. जानुभिस ins. pl. of जानु n. the knee.

जायते he, she or it is produced or born; 3d sin. pres. of rt जन् 4th cl.

जियांसनो nom. pl. m. of जियांसत् m. f. n. desirous of killing; pres. p. par. of rt हन् in des. 503, 525.

जिज्ञासमानो nom. sin. m. desirous of knowing, testing or proving; pres. p. átm. of rt ज्ञा in des. 500. b, 528.

जितम् nom. sin. n. of जित m. f.n. conquered; past p. p. of rt जि 532.

जितस्वर्गा for जितस्वर्गास् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; जित cr. conquered, won, gained, स्वर्गास् nom. pl. f. from स्वर्गे m. heaven, 108.

जितन ins. sin. of जित m.f.n. conquered.

जितेन्द्रियेर BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; जित cr. conquered, subdued, इन्द्रियेर ins. pl. m. from इन्द्रिय n. an organ of sense.

जितो nom. sin. m. of जित m. f. n. conquered, beaten. In Book XII. 83 जित is followed by an accusative: thus, जितो राज्यं वसूनि च deprived (in play) of his kingdom and his wealth.

নিবা having conquered, having won; past ind. p. of rt নি 556. With double accusative; as, নিবা অন্ট having won the kingdom from Nala.

जिहोपेंच: nom. pl. m. of जिहोपें m.f.n. wishing to seize, desirous of taking; des. adj. from rt ह 502, 593, 82. VII.

जिसेर for जिसेस ins. pl. m. of जिस m. f. n. dishonest, vicious, (lit. crooked,) 1st cl. 103.

जीमूतस्वनसिन्नाम् like the sound of a cloud, Anom. comp. 777; जीमूत cr. a cloud, स्वन cr. sound, सिन्नमाम् acc. sin. f. of सिन्नम m. f. n. like, resembling. नीयते he is conquered, he is beaten; 3d sin. pres. pass. of rt नि 590, 463.

नोर्गान acc. pl. n. of नीर्ग m. f. n. old, worn out.

जीय live thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt जीय 1st cl. 603.

जीवित he or she lives; 3d sin. pres. of rt जीव 1st cl. 603.

जीवतु let him live; 3d sin. pres. of rt जीव् 1st cl. 603.

जीवत्वसुखजीविकाम् for जीवतु असुखजीवि-ंकाम् by 34.

जीवन्तीं acc. sin. f. of जीवन m. f. n. living; pres. p. of rt जीव 524.

जीवितेन ins. sin. of जीवित n. life, 1st cl. 104. जीवितेना प्यस for जीवितेन अर्थम by 31.

जुष्टं acc. sin. n. of जुष्ट m. f. n. frequented by, resorted to.

जेता he will conquer; 3d sin. 1st fut. of rt जि 590.

র (at the end of compounds) denotes knowing, acquainted with; (agt. of rt রা.)

রানদার loc. sin. n. on its being ascertained merely (where they are); comp. of রান cr. known, and দার merely, see 919.

ज्ञातिद्रव्यविनाकृताः Complex comp. 771; ज्ञातितः.kindred, द्रव्य cr. substance, wealth, विनाकृताः nom. pl. m. deprived of.

ज्ञातिभ्यो abl. pl. of ज्ञाति m. a relation, 2d cl. 110.

রানিমু loc. pl. of রানি m. a kinsman, a relative; 2d cl. 110; see 861.

ज्ञातीन acc. pl. of ज्ञाति m. a kinsman, a relative, 2d cl. 110.

बातुम् to know, to ascertain; inf. mood of rt ज्ञा 459, 688.

ज्ञानं acc. sin. of ज्ञान n. knowledge.

ज्ञानस्य gen. sin. of ज्ञान n. knowledge.

ज्ञायते he or it is known; 3d sin. pres. of rt ज्ञा in pass. 463.

ज्ञास्यामि I will ascertain, I will know; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt ज्ञा 688.

होय: nom. sin. m. of होय m. f. n. to be known; fut. pass. p. of rt हा 571. a.

क्रेयम् nom. sin. n. of तेय m.f. n. to be known, to be ascertained; fut. pass. p. of rt जा.

### 预.

िम्हिस्तकागणनादितं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; निहस्तिका cr. a cricket, गण cr. a multitude, swarm, नादितम् sounding, resounding, resonant; past p. p. of rt नह in caus. 566.

### ₹.

त for ते dat. sin. of न्वत् thee, or nom. pl. m. of तत् he, that, 36.

त इमे for ते इमे (36) they themselves, the very same, 220. a.

तच् for तत, q.v.

तच छुत्वा for तत् श्रुत्वा by 49. See the words.
तडागं acc. sin. of तडाग n. a pool, a lake.
तडागानि acc. pl. of तडाग n. a tank, 1st cl. 104.
तत् pron. m. f. n. he, she, it, that, 220.
तत् that; acc. sin. n. of तत्. See last.

तत् ind. therefore, 713. a.

ततः for ततस्, q. v.

ततः प्रभृति ind. from that time forward, thenceforward.

ततश् for ततस्, q. v.

ततस् ind. then, afterwards, thence.

तनस्तनः ind. hither and thither; compare इतस्तनः.

ततो for ततस thence, afterwards.

नतो for तस्मान् ind. than this, than that.

निष्यात् ind. at that very moment, at the very instant; (from तत् 220, and खण moment, 715.)

নহা acc. sin. of নহা n. truth, exact state. নহাৰ voc. sin. m. O truth-knower; (comp. of নহা divine truth, and হা a knower, 580.)

तस्त्रेन truthfully; ins. sin. of तस्त्र n. truth,

तत्पराया for तत्परायास् gen. sin. f. of तत्पर m. f. n. devoted, devotedly attached.

तत्यापं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; तत् cr. he (of him), पापं acc. sin. of पाप n. sin, crime, 1st cl. 104.

तिन्मयं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; तत् cr. he (of him, to him), प्रयं acc. sin. of प्रिय n. a kindness, a favour.

तत ind. there, in that place, 720.

तिस्यों nom. du. m. of तिस्य m.f. n. abiding there; (comp. of तित there, 720, and स्थ standing, dwelling, 580.)

तताय for तत अथ by 31.

ततावसकाभून् for तत + अवसका + अभूत् by 31 and 47.

ततावसह for तत अवसह by 31.

ततासनेषु for तत श्रासनेषु by 31.

त्वैनं for त्व एनं by 33.

तत्वेच for तत्व एव by 33.

तथा ind.thus, so, likewise, in like manner, 913. तथा गतं acc. sin. m. of तथा गत m. f. n. in such a condition; (comp. of तथा so, and गत gone.)

तथापि ind. nevertheless, still,

तथायम् for तथा खयम् by 31.

तथायानं for तथा आयानं by 31.

तथार्ययानि for तथा ऋर्ययानि by 31.

নখাছিয়া nom. sin. f. of নখাছেয় m. f. n. of such a form; (comp. of নখা such, so, and ছেয়, q. v.)

तथारूपेयम् for तथारूपा इयम् by 32.

तपाविषे acc. sin. m. or n. or ind. in such a manner, of such a kind, 713.

तथाविधः nom. sin. m. of तथाविध m. f. n. of such a sort or kind.

तथाविधां acc. sin. f. of तथाविध m. f. n. in such a state or plight.

तथेत्युक्ता for तथा इति उक्का by 32 and 34. तथेव ind. even so, just so, so also, in like manner.

तथैवासीद for तथा एव जासीत् by 33 and 31. तथोक्ता for तथा उक्ता by 32. तथोत्साई acc. sin. m. making such great effort; (from तथा so, and उत्साह effort.)

तथ्यम् acc. sin. of तथ्य n. truth, 1st cl. 104. तह् for तत् that, therefore; nom. n. of तत्, q. v.

nदननारा nom. sin. f. of तदननार m. f. n.
next to him, nearest to him; (comp. of
तद्द 220, and अननार without interval.)

तद्यस्यां acc. sin. f. of तद्यस्य m. f. n. in that condition; (comp. of तद्द 220, and अवस्था state.)

तदा ind. then, 722.

तदाकारां having that appearance or aspect, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; तद cr. that, आकारां acc. sin. f. from आकार m. form, appearance, 1st cl. 103.

तदातस्य for तदा आतस्य by 31.

तहु: सम् acc. sin. n. that grief, or grief for her, or her grief; (comp. of तह for तत् 220, and दु:स grief, q. v.)

तदूपं nom. sin. n. the form itself; (comp. of तत् 220, and रूप n. form.)

तडिद्यम् BAH. or Rel. comp. 762; तद् he, 220, विद्यम् nom. sin. m. from विद्या f. knowledge, 108, (possessing his knowledge.)

तन् for तत् (47) nom. sin. n. that.

तनयां acc. sin. of तनया f. a daughter.

तनयाभ्यां by or from (my) two children; ins. or abl. du. of तनय m. a child, 1st cl. 103. (The two children alluded to in Book XIII. 34 are Indrasena and Indrasena, who had been sent by Damayantí to her father at Vidarbha.)

तनुमध्यमा Bah. or Rel. comp. 766; तनु cr. slender, graceful, मध्यमा nom. sin. f. from मध्यम m. the waist, middle.

तनुमध्यां Bah. or Rel. comp. 766; तनु cr. slender, मध्यां acc. sin. f. from मध्य n. waist, 1st cl. 108.

तन्द्रों acc. sin. of तन्द्रा f. weariness, fatigue. तपः nom. sin. of तपस् n. penance, selfmortification, 7th cl. 164.

तपसा ins. sin. of तप स n. penance, devotion.

तपसि loc. sin. of तपस् n. devotion.

तपस्परिनमु for तपसि खरिनमु by 34.

तपस्तिनी nom. sin. f. of तपस्तिन् m. f. n. devout, pious; poor, wretched, miserable, 159.

तपोधनाः nom. or voc. pl. m. rich in devotion; (comp. of तपस् devotion, penance, 64, and धन n. wealth.)

तपोवनम् acc. sin. n. penance-grove, sacred wood; (comp. of तपस् penance, 64, and वन n. a wood.)

तपोवृद्धान् acc. pl. m. grown old in devotion; (comp. of तपस् devotion, penance, 64, and वृद्ध grown, increased.)

तम् him; acc. sin. m. of तत् m. f. n. he, she, it, 220.

तया by her, with her; ins. sin. f. of तत्. तथेयं for तया इयं by 32.

तयोः for तयोस् of those two; gen. du. of तत्। तयोद् for तयोस् of those two; gen. du. of तत्।

तरसा ins. sin. of तरस n. speed, velocity. तरुश्रेष्ठं acc. sin. of तरुश्रेष्ठ m. the best of trees, see 743. b.

तर्केयामास he or she considered, he suspected, he conjectured; 3d sin. perf. of rt तर्के 10th cl. 385. a.

तकियाना having considered, having reflected; past ind. p. of rt तन् 10th cl. 558.

तल्ला nom. sin. n. the mark of him; (comp. of तल for तत् 48, 220, and लक्ष्य a mark, 743.)

तव of thee; gen. sin. of त्वत्, q. v.

तवान्य for तव अन्य by 31.

तस्यतुः they two stood; 3d du. perf. of rt स्या 587.

तस्यु: they stood; 3d pl. perf. of rt स्या.

तस्युर for तस्युस they stood; 3d pl. perf. of rt स्या 373.

तस्यों he stood; 3d sin. perf. of rt स्या 373, 587.

तसाद from that, than that, therefore, on that account; abl. sin. of तत्, see 829.

तसान् for तसात् (47) therefore.

तिसंस् for तिसन् (53) in that; loc. sin. m. or n.

तिसान् for तिसान् (52) in that; loc. sin. तस्मे to him; dat. sin. m. of तत् m. f. n. he, she, it, 220.

तस्य of him; gen. sin. of तत्, q. v.

तस्या for तस्यास् of her; gen. sin. f. of तत्. तस्याः of her; gen. sin. f. of तत् m. f. n. he, she, it, 220.

तस्यादृढतरं for तस्य खदृढतरं by 31. तस्याप्रनेयस्य for तस्य खप्रनेयस्य by 31.

तस्याञ् of her; gen. sin. f.

तस्यास् of her; gen. sin. f.

ता for तास (66. a) they; nom. or acc. pl. f. of तत्, q. v.

तां her; acc. sin. f. of तत् m. f. n. he, she, it, 220.

तांस for तान् them, those, by 53.

ताद्ग् nom. sin. f. or n. of ताद्श् m. f. n. such, such-like, such as that, 234, 181.

तान् them, those; acc. pl. m. of तत् 220.

तानि those; acc. pl. n. of तत् he, she, it, 220. तानीह for तानि इह by 31.

तापसा for तापसास nom. pl. of तापस m. a hermit, a devotee. In Book XII. 96 तापसाडनाहिता: is an irregularity, see तापसानाहिता:

तापसा: nom. pl. of तापस m. a hermit.

तापसाध्युषितं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; तापस cr. a hermit, अध्युषितं acc. sin. n. of अध्युषित m. f. n. inhabited; past p. p. of rt वस with अधि, 607, 543.

तापसानहिता: is a violation of the usual rule of Sandhi, 66. a. By that rule the two words should be separated, तापसा (for तापसास nom. pl.) अन्तहिता:.

तापसार्यम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; तापस cr. a hermit, an ascetic, घरायम् acc. sin. n. a wood, a forest, 1st cl. 104. तापसे: ins. pl. of तापस m. a devotee.

तापसैर् for तापसैस् ins. pl. of तापस m. an ascetic.

तापसेश् ins. pl. of तापस m. a hermit.

ताभिश् for ताभिस् by them; ins. pl. f. of तत्। ताव for तौ (37) those two; acc. du. m. of तत् 220.

तावत् ind. so long.

ताविन nom. pl. n. of तावत् m.f. n. so many, 234.

तास they; nom. pl.f. of तत् he, she, it, 220. तिरमांशु: nom. sin. m. the sun; (from तिरम hot, and अंशु a ray, 766.)

तियो loc. sin. of तिथि m. f. a lunar day. The month is divided into thirty tithis or lunar days, which are personified as nymphs. In the laws of Manu are various directions concerning fortunate and unfortunate days of the month; thus IV. 114, 'The dark lunar day or day of new moon (अमावास्या) destroys the spiritual teacher, the fourteenth destroys the learner, the eighth and the day of the full moon destroys all remembrance of scripture, for which reason he must avoid reading on those lunar days.' Hence the Hindús are careful to wait for an auspicious day before commencing any action of importance.

तिष्ठ stay thou, remain thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt स्था 587.

तिष्ठताम् gen. pl. m. of तिष्ठत् m.f. n. standing; pres. p. of rt स्था 1st cl. 269, 587, 524.

तिष्ठति he stands, he or it remains; 3d sin. pres. of rt स्या 1st cl. 587.

fases loc. pl. m. of fase m. f. n. being present; pres. p. par. of rt स्पा 524, 587.

नोक्स्णम् acc. sin. n. of नोक्स्ण m. f. n. sharp, noxious, virulent.

तीन्नरोमसमाविष्टा Complex comp. 771; तीन्न cr. fierce, रोम cr. anger, समाविष्टा nom. sin. f. of समाविष्ट m. f. n. possessed by, affected by, filled with. तीव्रशोकसमाविष्टा Complex comp. 771; तीव cr. severe, excessive, शोक cr. sorrow, समाविष्टा nom. sin. f. filled with, penetrated by.

नीनशोकाता Complex comp. 771; तीन er. excessive, poignant, शोक er. grief, खाती nom. sin. f. of खाते m. f. n. afflicted, 542. त ind. but, 728. a.

तुस्पं nom. or acc. sin. n. of तुस्प m. f. n. equal. तुस्पताम् acc. sin. of तुस्पता f. equality.

तुस्पशीलवपोयुक्तां COMPLEX COMP. 771; तुस्प cr. equal, शील cr. good disposition, वयो cr. for वयस age, 64, युक्तां acc. sin. f. of युक्त m. possessed of.

तुल्पाकृतीन् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; तुल्प cr. similar, षाकृतीन् acc. pl. m. from षाकृति f. form, 2d cl. 119.

तुल्याभिजनसंवृताम् Complex comp. 771; तुल्य cr. equal, सभिजन birth, family, rank, संवृताम् acc. sin. f. of संवृत m. f. n. surrounded by, possessed of.

तुस्पो nom. sin. of तुस्प m. f. n. equal, 1st cl. 187; see 826.

तृष्टि for तृष्टिस् nom. sin. f. satisfaction, pleasure.

तूरी ind. quickly.

त्यारें ind. silent, silently.

नृणमुप्टिं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; तृण cr. grass, hay, मुप्टिं acc. sin. of मुप्टि f. a handful. तृण: ins. pl. of तृण n. grass, any gramineous

plant. In Nala XIII. 28 it may mean a bamboo, reed, &c.

तृतीय: nom. sin. of तृतीय m. f. n. third, 208. तृतीयो for तृतीयस् nom. sin. m. third.

तृमा nom. pl. m. of तृम m. f. n. satisfied; past p. p. of rt तप 539.

तृषित: nom. sin. m. of तृषित m. f. n. thirsty. ते they, those; nom. pl. m. of तत्, q. v.

ते of thee, by thee, from thee, to thee; gen. sin. or dat. sin. of न्वत् or युप्तत्, q.v.

तेजसा ins. sin. of तेजस n. glory, splendour, beauty, might, power, dignity, spirit, virtue, 7th cl. 164. तेजस्वी nom. sin. m. of तेजस्विन् m. f. n. glorious, illustrious, 159.

तेजोवलसमन्यितान् Complex comp. 771; तेजो cr. for तेजस् spirit, बल cr. strength, समन्यितान् acc. pl. m. endowed with.

तेजोबलसमायुक्तान् Complex comp. 771; तेजो for तेजस् (64) er. spirit, fire, बल er. strength, समायुक्तान् acc. pl. m. endowed with, possessing.

तेन by him, by that; ins. sin. m. or n. of तत्. तेनांधे for तेन खंधे by 31.

तेनैव for तेन एव by 33.

तेभ्यः for तेभ्यस् to them; dat. pl. of तत्, q.v. तेषां of them, of those; gen. pl. m. of तत्, q.v. तेषां in them; loc. pl. m. of तत्, q.v.

तेर for तैस by them, by those; ins. pl. m. or n. of तत्.

तोयम् acc. sin. of तोय n. water.

तोरणेन ins. sin. of तोरण m. n. an arch, an arched gateway, 1st cl. 103.

तोषयामास he pleased, gratified; 3d sin. perf. of rt तुष् to be pleased, in caus. 490.

तौ those two; nom. du. m. of तत्, q.v.

त्यक्तनीवितयोधिन: COMPLEX COMP. 771; त्यक्त cr. abandoned, sacrificed, नीवित cr. life, योधिन: nom. pl. of योधिन m. a fighter, (agt. from rt युध् 582. a,) 6th cl. 159.

त्यक्तवान् who has abandoned, (he left, he deserted;) nom. sin. m. of त्यक्तवत् past act. p. of rt त्यज्ञ 553, 897.

त्यक्तिश्रियम् acc. sin. f., BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; त्यक्त cr. abandoned, deserted, श्रियं acc. sin. of श्री f. fortune, 123.

त्यक्ता nom. sin. f. of त्यक्त m. f. n. abandoned, deserted; past p. p. of rt त्यज् 539.

त्यतुं to abandon; inf. of rt त्यज्.

त्रकामस् nom. sin. m. wishing to abandon, desirous of leaving; see 871.

মন্ধা having abandoned, having deserted, having quitted; past ind. p. of rt মন্ 556, 596.

त्यजन्तु let them abandon; 3d pl. imp. of rt त्यज्.

त्यनेषाः thou wouldest abandon; 2d sin. pot. átm. of rt त्यन्.

त्यज्ञेयं I may abandon; 1st sin. pot. of rt त्यज्. त्य: nom. pl. of ति three, see 202.

तयोदशः nom. sin. m. thirteenth, 210.

त्रयोविंशतितमः nom. sin. twenty-third, 211.

तातुम् to rescue, to save; inf. of rt ते 268,459. तायध्वं save yourselves; 2d pl. imp. útm. of

rt ते 1st cl. 268. ताहि preserve thou, rescue thou; 2d sin.

imp. 1st cl. 267. Irregular for तायख.

নিংমাম্মা: O lords of the immortals, TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; নিংমা cr. a god, an immortal, ইম্মা: voc. pl. of ইমা m. a lord, ist cl. 103.

तिदिवं acc. sin. of तिदिव m. n. heaven, ist cl. 104.

faua for three nights, Dvi. or Col.

तोन् acc. pl. m. of ति m. f. n. three, 202.

तैलोकां acc. sin. of तैलोका n. the three worlds collectively, i. e. heaven, earth, and the lower regions.

तैलोक्ममकारक: Тат. ок Dep. сомр. 745; तैलोक्म cr. the three worlds, or heaven, earth, and the lower regions, भय cr. fear, कारक: nom. sin. m. a causer, maker.

तैलोक्सराज्यस्य gen. sin. of the sovereignty of the three worlds; (तैलोक्स the three worlds or triple realm, राज्य kingdom; Тат. ок Дер. сомр. 743.)

न्बं thou, you; nom. sin. of न्बन् or युमात् 219. न्बन् nom. sin. of न्बन् f. the skin.

निकापदग्धः TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; निव् for नित् cr. thy, 49, 219, छाप for आप cr. (49) curse, दग्धः nom. sin. m. burnt, consumed; past p. p. of rt दह 539.

निच्छापाद abl. sin. through thy curse; (from निच्छापाद abl, sin. through thy curse; (49, 743.)

त्वचापि for त्वम् च ऋषि by 60 and 31.

त्वत pron. used as cr. thou, you; also abl. sin. from you, than you, 219.

त्वानुत ind. on thy account, by means of thee, through thee; (comp. of त्वात thou, 219, and कृते 731, 917.)

त्वत्त for त्वत्तस् from thee, see 719.

त्वतः for त्वत्रस् from thee; (त्वत् 219, with affix तस् 719.)

नित्रों for नित्रस् from thee, for नित्; (affix तस् 719.)

त्वनमतीक्षिणी nom. sin. f. waiting for thee; (comp. of त्वत् 219, and मतीक्षिन् m. f. n. expecting, looking for, 159.)

न्तसिन्धी TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; न्तत् cr. thee, सिन्धी loc. sin. of सिन्धि f. presence, proximity.

न्बद्ध than thee; abl. sin. 219, 829.

न्बद्रन्यं acc. sin. m. other than thee.

न्बद्धेम् ind. on thy account; (comp. of न्बद्ध for न्वत् 219, and अर्थे 791.)

न्बद्धें ind. on thy account, respecting thee, about thee; (comp. of न्बद् for न्बत् 219, and अर्थे 791.)

त्वदीयम् nom. sin. n. of त्वदीय m. f. n. thine, thy, 231.

त्वन्येन for तु अन्येन by 34.

त्वब्रुवन् for तु अब्रुवन् by 34.

त्वभ्यपूजयन् for तु अभ्यपूजयन् by 34.

त्वम् thou, you; nom. sin. of त्वत् or युप्पत् 219.

त्वमपोवं for त्वम् ऋषि एवं by 34.

त्वया by thee; ins. sin. of त्वत् or युष्मत् 219. त्वयाधर्मकृष्के for त्वया अधर्मकृष्के by 31.

न्वयार्खे for न्वया अरखे by 31.

त्विष in thee; (Book XIII. 67, with thee, at thy house;) loc. sin. of त्वत् or युप्पत्. त्वयोक्तं for त्वया उक्तं by 32.

त्वयोत्मृष्टा for त्वया उत्मृष्टा by 32.

निर्ते he hastens on; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt निर् 1st cl. 261.

न्दरमाण्या ins. sin. f. of न्दरमाण m. f. n. hastening. (By thee, in thy haste.)

न्दरमाणस् nom. sin. m. of न्दरमाण m. f. n. hastening; pres. p. átm. of rt न्द्र 526.

न्दरमाणा nom. sin. f. hastening, running quickly.

त्वरमाणो nom. sin. m. of त्वरमाण m. f. n. hastening.

त्वरमाणोपचक्रमे for त्वरमाणा उपचक्रमे by 32. See both words.

न्वरान्नित: nom. sin. m. in haste, quick, lit. possessed of haste; (त्वरा cr. haste, and अन्वित possessed of.)

निर्देश nom. sin. f. of निर्देश m. f. n. hurrying, hastening, quick, swift; (properly past p. p. of rt निर्देश)

निर्ता: nom. pl. m. of निर्ता m. f. n. hurrying, hastening, quick, swift.

न्वरितो for न्वरितस् nom. sin. m. of न्वरित m. f. n. hurrying, hastening, quick.

न्वर्यमाणो nom. sin. m. of न्वर्यमाण m. f. n. being urged; pres. p. of न्वर् in pass. 528.

त्वा thee; acc. sin. of त्वत thou, 219.

rai thee; acc. sin. of ran thou, 219.

लाभिगम्याहं for ला अभिगम्य अहं by 31. लाम thee; acc. sin. of लत् thou, 219.

## द.

₹ (at the end of compounds) denotes giving, causing, a giver; (agt. of rt ₹1.)

देष्ट्रिभ्यः abl. pl. of देष्ट्रिन् m. an animal having tusks, tusked, a boar, &c., 6th cl. 159.

दश्चाम् acc. sin. of दश्च m. f. n. upright, 1st cl. 105.

হয়িতাঘে acc. sin. of হয়িতাঘে m. the Southern region, the Southern road or direction; (from হয়িতা the South, and ঘঘ a road.) হয়িতা 'the South' is properly that which is on the right hand. The Southern region means here the land to the South of the Narmadá or Nerbudda river. The word Dakshin is now corrupted into Deccan.

दिख्यापय: nom. sin. See last.

दिख्यावताम् gen. pl. of दिख्यावत् m. f. n. having gifts, accompanied by presents or

fees to Bráhmans; (from दিল্মাৰ present to a Bráhman, and বন্ possessed of.)

द्धिणे ind. towards the South, 716.

द्राधारणं nom. sin. of द्राध्यारण n. punishment.

दराडभयात् Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; दराड cr. rod, भयात् abl. sin. of भय n. fear, 1st cl. 104. See note under यम:

द्शिडिभ: ins. pl. of द्शिडन् m. a warder, a door-keeper, 6th cl. 159.

दराद्भ स nom. sin. m. to be punished, punishable; fut. pass. p. of rt दराइ 571.

दत्तं nom. sin. n. of दत्त m. f. n. given; past p. p. of rt दा 533. a.

दत्ता nom. sin. f. of दत्त m. f. n. given, 533. a. दत्त्वा having given; past ind. p. of rt दा 556. ददर्श he or she saw; 3d sin. perf. of rt दश 364, 604.

ददशीय for ददर्श खप by 31.

ददशीष्ट्रतदर्शनान् for ददश सहुतदर्शनान् by 31. ददशीष्ट्रममगडलम् for ददशी साष्ट्रममगडलम् by 31.

दहु: they gave; 3d pl. perf. of rt दा 663, 373. दृद्भा: for दृद्भास they saw. See next.

ददृशुर for ददृशुस they saw, they beheld; 3d pl. 2d pret. of rt दृश 604.

दद्भो he or she saw; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt दृश् 364, 604.

दरों he gave; 3d sin. perf. of rt दा 663, 373. दथ: they applied, they placed; 3d pl. perf. of rt था 373, 664. मनो दथ: they applied their minds, they entertained the idea, they resolved.

दिनिभि: ins. pl. of दिनान् m. an elephant, 159. दिनो: ins. pl. of दिना m. a tusk, a tooth, 1st cl. 103.

दमं acc. sin. of दम m. Dama, brother of Damayantí, 1st cl. 103.

दमः nom. sin. of दम m. temperance, self-restraint, 1st cl. 103.

दमनं acc. sin. of दमन m. Damana, brother of Damayantí, 1st cl. 103.

दमनः for दमनस् nom. sin. m. Damana. दमनो for दमनस् nom. sin. of दमनm. Damana. दमयन्ति voc. sin. of दमयन्ती, q. v.

दमयन्ती f. Damayantí, daughter of Bhíma and wife of Nala, 1st cl. 106.

दमयन्तीं acc. sin. of दमयन्ती.

दमयनीसकाशे TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; दम-यनी cr. Damayantí, सकाशे loc. of सकाश, used adverbially, in the presence of.

दमयन्तीसखीगणात् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; दमयन्ती cr. Damayantí, सखी cr. friend, गणात् abl. sin. of गण m. troop, company.

दमयन्यनवद्याङ्गी for दमयन्ती जनवद्याङ्गी by

दमयन्त्रर्थे for the sake of Damayanti; (comp. of दमयन्त्री and ऋषे, see 760. d, 791.)

दमयन्त्रचें ind. for the sake of Damayantí, in search of Damayantí; (comp. of दमयन्ती and अर्थे 731.)

दमयन्या ins. sin. of दमयन्ती, q. v.

दमयन्या for दमयन्यास् gen. sin. of दमयन्ती, q. v.

दमयन्यां loc. sin. of दमयन्ती, q. v.

दमयन्याः gen. sin. of दमयन्ती, q. v.

दमयन्याम् loc. sin. of दमयन्ती, q. v.

दमयन्यास् gen. sin. f. of दमयन्ती, q. v.

दमयन्येकवस्त्राय for दमयन्ती एकवस्त्रा अथ by 34 and 31.

दमयन्ये dat. sin. to Damayantí.

दमशौचसमन्वितै: Тат. ок Dep. comp. 740; दम cr. self-command, शौच cr. purity, समन्वितै: ins. pl. of समन्वित m. f. n. endowed with.

दयां acc. sin. of दया f. compassion, pity. दियतं acc. sin. m. of दियत m. f. n. beloved, dear, cherished.

दियत: nom. sin. m. of दियत m.f. n. beloved. दियतान् acc. pl. m. of दियत m.f. n. beloved, dear.

दरीज्ञ acc. pl. of दरी f. a glen, 1st cl. 106. दर्शनलालसाम् acc. sin. f. longing to see, ardently desirous of beholding; (comp. of ব্যাবিল: seeing, and নানমা f. earnest longing, ardent desire, 761, 108.)

दश्य shew thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt दृश् in caus. 604, 704.

दशैयात्मानं for दशैय आत्मानं by 31.

दर्शियतासि thou shalt shew; 2d sin. 1st fut. of rt दृश् in caus. 704.

दशियन्ता having shewed, having exhibited; past ind. p. of rt दृश in caus. 558.

दश acc. pl. of दशन् ten, 204.

दशिभर् ins. pl. of दशन् ten, 204.

दशमः nom. sin. m. of दशम m. f. n. tenth, 209.

दशमे loc. sin. n. of दशम m.f. n. tenth, 209.

दशाणीधिपते: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; दशाणी cr. the country of Dasarna, अधि-पते: gen. sin. of अधिपति m. a sovereign,

त्याणेषु loc. pl. m. of द्याणे (declined in pl.) in Dasárna, a country lying on the S. E. of the Vindhya mountains, in central Hindústán. It is mentioned in the Megha-dúta (verse 24), and its capital is there said to be Vidisa. According to Professor Wilson, it may possibly correspond with the modern district Chattís-garh, as this place is so named, from its containing a number of forts (chattís 'thirty-six'), and Dasárna is derived from dasa 'ten' and rina (arna) 'a stronghold.'

दष्टस्य gen. sin. m. of दष्ट m. f. n. bitten; past p. p. of rt देश 539.

दहित he or it burns; 3d sin. pres. of rt दह 1st cl. 610.

दसने he is burnt; 3d sin. pres. of rt दह in pass. 463.

दसनम् acc. sin. m. of दसत् m.f. n. burning; pres. p. par. of rt दह 4th cl. 524.

दसमानः being consumed, being burnt; pres. p. of rt दह in pass. 528.

दसमानस्य gen. sin. m. of दसमान m. f. n. being consumed.

दसमाना nom. sin.f. of दसमान m.f. n. being consumed, being burnt, being tormented.

दसमानाम् acc. sin. f. of दसमान m. f. n. being parched.

दसमानो for दसमानस् nom. sin. m. being consumed, being burnt.

दास्यं nom. sin. of दास्य n. cleverness, 1st cl.

दाता nom. sin. m. of दातृ m. f. n. liberal, generous, a giver.

दाना he will give; 3d sin. 1st fut. of rt दा 663. दानं nom. sin. of दान n. liberality, 1st cl. 104. दानं acc. sin. of दान m. Dánta, brother of Damayantí, 1st cl. 103.

दारको two children; nom. or acc. du. of दारक m. a child, 1st cl. 103.

दाहणः nom. sin. m. of दाहण m. f. n. dreadful, grievous.

दारुणतरं acc. sin. m. of दारुणतर m. f. n. more dreadful, more terrible, 191.

दारुणाकृति: Bah. or Rel. comp. 766; दारुण cr. terrible, dreadful, ष्राकृति: nom. sin. m. from ष्राकृति f. form, 119.

दाहणाम् acc. sin. f. of दाहण m. f. n. fearful, terrible.

दाहणे loc. sin. m. or n. of दाहण m. f. n. terrible, fearful, 1st cl. 187.

दाहणो nom. sin. m. of दाहण m. f. n. terrible. दिरि: ins. pl. of दार (always in m. pl.) a wife, 103.

दारेस् ins. pl. of दार m. pl. a wife.

दावं acc. sin. of दाव m. a forest-fire.

दाविविविज्ञितम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; दाव cr. fire, विविज्ञितम् acc. sin. m. free from, lit. abandoned by.

दासन्वम् acc. sin. of दासन्व n. slavery.

दासीनां gen. pl. of दासी f. a slave, a femaleservant, 1st cl. 106.

दास्यामि I will give; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt दा. दिग्वाससम् acc. sin. m. of दिग्वासस् m.f.n. naked, (lit. having space or sky for vesture; from दिश् (43. e) a quarter of the sky, and वासस् a garment, raiment.) दिद्धाः nom. pl. of दिद्धाः m. f. n. desirous of seeing, 3d cl. 111; an adj. formed from the des. form of rt दृश्, see 500. c. and 82. VII.

दिद्धुर nom. sin. m. of दिद्धु m. f. n. desirous of seeing; des. adj. from rt दृश् 500. c, 82. VII.

दिवं acc. sin. of दिव् f. heaven; see 180. b. दिवा ind. by day, 714.

दिवानिशम् acc. sin. n. or ind. day and night, DVAN. OR AGG. COMP., see 753.

दिवारात्रम् ind. day and night, 753.

दिचि loc. sin. of दिच् f. the sky, heaven, 8th cl. 180. b.

दिविस्पृग्भिर ins. pl. of दिविस्पृश् m. f. n. touching the sky; (comp. of दिवि, see last, and स्पृश् m. f. n. touching, 8th cl. 181.)

दियोकस: nom. pl. of दियोकस् m. a deity, a celestial, an inhabitant of heaven, (lit. one whose dwelling is in heaven; from दिय cr. heaven, and खोकस् a habitation, 33, 762.)

दियं acc.sin.n.of दिया m.f.n. divine, celestial. दिया काननदर्शनम् in aspect like to a celestial grove, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; दिया cr. divine, कानन cr. a grove, दर्शनम् acc. sin. of दर्शन n. aspect.

दिव्यद्शैनिवश्रुत O thou that art known by thy divine aspect, Complex comp. 771; दिव्य cr. divine, दर्शन cr. aspect, विश्रुत voc. sin. of विश्रुत m. f. n. celebrated, well-known, 1st cl. 103.

दियमानुषं nom. sin. n. divine or human; (comp. of दिया divine, and मानुष human.) दियाश acc. pl. f. of दिया m. f. n. celestial, divine, 1st cl. 105, 187.

दिश: gen. sin. of दिश f. a region, quarter, point of the compass, 8th cl. 181.

दिश: acc. pl. of दिश् f. a quarter of the sky, region, 181.

दिशम् acc. sin. of दिश् f. a region, 8th cl. 181.

нh

दिशो acc. pl. of दिश f. a quarter.

दिष्टं acc. sin. n. of दिष्ट m. f. n. pointed out; past p. p. of rt दिश् 539.

বিষ্ণা ind. How fortunate! Mayest thou be fortunate! Hail to thee! I congratulate thee. An exclamation used in congratulating another on any piece of good fortune.

दीन m.f.n. dejected, miserable, 1st cl. 187. दीनम् acc. sin. m. of दीन m.f.n. miserable. दीनमानसः BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; दीन cr. miserable, मानसः nom. sin. m. the mind.

दीना nom. sin. f. of दीन m. f. n. miserable.

दीना for दीनास nom. pl. m. of दीन miserable. दीनां acc. sin. f. of दीन m. f. n. miserable.

दोभाम् acc. sin. f. of दोभ m. f. n. glowing, blazing, kindled.

दीर्घकालम् for a long period; (comp. of दीर्घ long, and कालम् acc. sin. of काल m. time, see 821.)

दीर्घवाहुर for दीर्घवाहुस BAH. OR REL. comp. 761; दीर्घ cr. long, वाहुर nom. sin. of वाहु m. an arm.

दीर्घस्य gen. sin. m. of दीर्घ m. f. n. long. दीर्घते he or it is rent or torn; 3d sin. pres. of rt दू in pass. 468.

दीव्य play thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt दिव् to play, 4th cl. 275.

दीव्यतः gen. sin. m. of दीव्यत् m. f. n. playing; pres. p. of rt दिव् 4th cl. 524, 275.

दोव्यमानम् acc. sin. m. of दीव्यमान m. f. n. playing, gambling; pres. p. átm. of rt दिव् 4th cl. 275, 526.

दोव्याव let us two play, let both of us play; ist du. imp. of rt दिव् 4th cl. 275.

दीव्यावेत्पन्नवीह for दीव्याव इति सन्नवीह by

दुःखं nom. or acc. sin. of दुःख n. sorrow, affliction.

दुःखं acc. sin., used adverbially, painfully, sorrowfully, 713.

दुःखतरं nom. sin. n. of दुःखतर m. f.n. more painful, more grievous.

दु:खतरम् acc. sin. of दु:खतर n. more grievous (thing), greater sorrow or suffering.

दुःखपरीतात्मा Complex comp. 771; दुःख cr. sorrow, anguish, परीत cr. pervaded, affected by, आत्मा nom.sin.m.the soul,147.

दु:खशोकसमन्यता Complex comp. 770; दु:ख cr. pain, शोक er. sorrow, समन्यिता nom. sin. f. of समन्यित m. f. n. possessed of, filled with.

दुःखस्य gen. sin. of दुःख n. sorrow, affliction. दुःखात् abl. sin. of दुःख n. pain.

दुःखाइ abl. sin. of दुःख n. pain, suffering, ist el. 104.

दुःखाता nom. sin. f. of दुःखाते m. f. n. afflicted, pained; (comp. of दुःख pain, and धाते 542.)

दुःखाती for दुःखातीस् nom. pl. of दुःखाती m. f. n. afflicted.

दुःखातीम् acc. sin. f. of दुःखाते afflicted.

दु:खातों nom. sin. m. of दु:खाते afflicted with pain, suffering misery; (from दु:ख cr. misery, and आते pained, 542.)

दु:चित: nom. sin. m. of दु:चित m. f. n. afflicted; past p. p. of rt दु:ख् 538.

दुःखितया ins. sin. f. of दुःखित m. f. n. afflicted, pained.

दुःचितस्य gen. sin. m. of दुःचित m. f. n. afflicted, 1st cl. 103.

दु: खितस्याभवत् for दु: खितस्य अभवत् by 31.

दु: खिता nom. sin. f. of दु: खित m.f.n. afflicted. दु: खितां acc. sin. f. of दु: खित m.f.n. afflicted.

द्र: खितो for द्र: खितस् nom. sin. m. afflicted.

दु:खेन ins. sin. of दु:ख n. sorrow, pain,

दु:सहो nom. sin. m. difficult to be borne, irresistible; (comp. of दूर 726. d, 71. a, and सह m. f. n. bearable.)

दुर्गम् acc. sin. n. of दुर्ग m. f. n. difficult of access, pathless.

हुभैषां acc. sin. f. of दुभैषे m. f. n. difficult of approach, not to be violated; (from हुर 726. d, and धर्ष.)

दुष्करं acc. sin. n. difficult or painful act.

दुष्करं nom. sin. n. of दुष्कर m.f. n. painful, difficult, bad.

दुष्कृतं nom. sin. n. sin, crime, evil action; (comp. of दुर 726. d, and कृत, q. v.)

दुष्टं acc. sin. m. of दुष्ट m. f. n. wicked.

दुष्टभावेन BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; दुष्ट cr. wicked, depraved, भावेन ins. sin. of भाव m. nature, state, 1st cl. 103.

दुष्टासु loc. pl. f. of दुष m. f. n. corrupted.

दुहितरम् acc. sin. of दुहितृ f. a daughter, 4th cl. 128.

दुहिता nom. sin. of दुहितृ f. a daughter.

दुहितुस् gen. sin. of दुहितृ f. a daughter.

दृहितृ f. a daughter, 4th cl. 129.

दुहित में ind. for the sake of (his) daughter; (comp. of दुहितृ a daughter, and अमें 760. d, 791, 34.)

हूत for दूतस nom. sin. m. a messenger.

दूताञ् for दूतास् nom. pl. of दूत m. a messenger.

दूती nom. sin. f. a female-messenger.

दूतीम् acc. sin. of दूती f. a female-messenger.

दूतो for दूतस् nom. sin. of दूत m. a messenger, an ambassador, 1st cl. 103.

हरे ind. far off, at a distance, 716.

दृढं ind. excessively, very.

दृढवत: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; दृढ cr. strict, firm, faithful, वत: nom. sin. from वत m. n. a vow.

दूश्य to be seen, worthy to be seen; fut. pass. p. of rt दृश् 573. b.

दुश्यते he or she is seen; 3d sin. pres. pass. of rt दुश 604, 463.

दूष्यने they are seen; 3d pl. pres. pass. of rt दृश्.

दृश्यसे thou art seen; 2d sin. pres. of rt दृश् in pass. 463.

दृश्ये: ins. pl. of दृश्य to be seen, q. v.

दृष्टं nom. sin. n. of दृष्ट m. f. n. seen; past p. p. of rt दृश.

दृष्ट: nom. sin. m. of दृष्ट m. f. n. seen.

दृष्पूर्व: nom. sin. m. seen before. See next. दृष्पूर्वस seen before; nom. sin. m. of दृष्पूर्व;

दृष्ट cr. seen, पूर्वस nom. sin. m. of पूर्व before, 1st cl. 103.

दृष्टपूर्वा nom. sin. f. seen before.

दृष्टवती nom. sin. f. of दृष्टवत् m. f. n. who has seen; past act. p. of rt दृश 553.

दृष्टवन्तो who have seen; nom. pl. m. of दृष्टवत्. See next.

दृष्टवान who has seen, (he saw;) nom. sin. m. of दृष्टवन past act. p. with sense of past tense, 553, 897.

दृष्टस् nom. sin. m. of दृष्ट m. f. n. seen; past p. p. of rt दृश्.

दृष्टा nom. sin. f. of दृष्ट m. f. n. seen.

दृष्टास् nom. pl. f. of दृष्ट m. f. n. seen.

दृष्टिर् for दृष्टिस् nom. sin. of दृष्टि f. sight, eye-sight, 2d cl. 112.

दृष्टी nom. sin. m. of दृष्ट m. f. n. seen, observed; past p. p. of rt दृश् 604, 539.

दृशा having seen, having beheld; past ind. p. of rt दृश to see, 556, 604.

दृष्ट्वाशोकतर for दृष्ट्वा अशोकतर by 31.

दृष्ट्रेमां for दृष्ट्या इमां by 32.

दृष्ट्वेव for दृष्ट्वा एव by 33.

देदीपमानां acc. sin. f. of देदीपमान m. f. n. shining brightly or intensely, see 507. a.

देयं nom. sin. n. of देय m. f. n. to be given.

देयो nom. sin. m. of देय m. f. n. to be given; fut. pass. p. of rt दा 571. a.

देव m. a god, ist cl. 103.

देव voc. sin. of देव m. a god, 1st cl. 103.

देवं acc. sin. of देव m. a god.

देवगन्धर्वमानुषोरगराश्वसान् Dvan. or Agg.

comp. 748; देव cr. a god; गन्धर्व cr. a Gandharba or celestial musician, see note under गन्धर्यो; मानुष cr. a man; उर्ग cr. a serpent, see under नाग; राह्मसान् acc. pl. of राह्मस m. a demon, 1st cl. 103, see under राह्मसी.

देवता nom. sin. f. a deity, a goddess.

देवता: nom. or acc. pl. of देवता f. a god, a deity, 105.

देयतानां gen.pl. of देवता f. a deity, 1st cl. 105.

देवताभ्यचेनपरो TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; देवता cr. a deity, अभ्यचेन cr. worship, परो nom. sin. of पर m. f. n. devoted to.

देवतायतनानि nom. pl. n. of देवतायतन n. a temple; (comp. of देवता a deity, and आय-तन n. an abode.)

देवदुन्दुभयो TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; देव cr. gods, दुन्दुभयो nom. pl. of दुन्दुभि m. a drum.

देवदूतम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; देव cr. a god, दूतम् acc. sin. of दूत m. a messenger, 1st cl. 103.

देवने loc. sin. of देवन n. play, gaming, gambling, playing (with dice), 1st cl. 104.

देवनेन ins. sin. of देवन n. playing, gambling. देवपतिर् for देवपतिस् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; देव cr. a god, पतिर् nom. sin. of पति m. a lord, 2d cl. 110.

देयराजसमद्युति: equal in glory to the king of the gods, Anom. comp. 777; देव cr. a god, राज for राजन cr. a king, 57, सम cr. equal, द्युति: nom. sin. m. from द्युति f. brightness.

देवराजस्य TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; देव cr. a god, राजस्य for राज्ञः (by 778 and 151) gen. sin. of राजन् a king.

देवराइ nom. sin. of देवराज् m. the king of the gods, Indra; (comp. of देव a god, and राज् a king, 176. e.)

देवरूपिणीम् acc. sin.f. having a divine form; (comp. of देव cr. god, and रूपिन् m. f. n. having a form, see 85. VI.) देविलङ्गानि TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; देव cr. a god, लिङ्गानि acc. pl. of लिङ्ग n. a mark, characteristic, 1st cl. 104.

देवसिन्नधी TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; देव cr. a god, सिन्नधी loc. sin. of सिन्नधि f. presence, 2d cl. 112.

देवा for देवास nom. pl. of देव a god.

देवा: for देवास nom. pl. of देव a god.

देवान् acc. pl. of देव m. a god.

देवानां gen. pl. of देव m. a god.

देवाज्ञ nom. pl. of देव m. a god.

देवास nom. pl. of देव m. a god.

देवि voc. sin. of देवी f. a queen, 1st cl. 106. देवी nom. sin. f. a goddess, a queen, 1st cl. 106.

देवीं acc. sin. of देवी f. a queen.

देवेन ins. sin. of देव m. play, sport, gambling, 1st cl. 103.

देवेभ्यः dat. pl. of देव m. a god.

देवेभ्यो for देवेभ्यस् dat. pl. of देव m. a god.

देवेषु loc. pl. of देव m. a god.

देवै: ins. pl. of देव m. a god.

देवैर for देवैस ins. pl. of देव m. a god.

देवैस ins. pl. of देव m. a god.

देशं acc. sin. of देश m. a region, a place.

ইয়কালয়া knowing the (proper) place and time, Complex comp. 770; (from ইয়া cr. place, কাল cr. time, রা nom. sin. f. of র m.f. n. knowing, see 580.)

देशात abl. sin. of देश m. a country.

देशातिषयो TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; देश cr. a country, ऋतिषयो nom. pl. of ऋतिषि m. a guest, 110.

देशो nom. sin. of देश m. a country, 1st cl. 103. देहं acc. sin. of देह m. n. the body.

देहस्य gen. sin. of देह m. n. the body, 1st cl. 103, 104.

देहस्यास्य for देहस्य अस्य by 31.

देहा for देहास nom. pl. of देह m. the body. देहि give thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt दा. देहिनो for देहिनस gen. sin. of देहिन m. the embodied soul, the spirit.

देही nom. sin. of देहिन m. the soul. देहे loc. sin. of देह m. n. the body, 1st cl. 103, 104.

देत्यदानवमदेनं an epithet of the god Indra; देत्य a Daitya or demon, दानव a Dánava, a demon or giant, मदेनं acc. sin. of मदेन m. the destroyer, (lit. the crusher, agt. from rt मृद्द 582.c.) The Daityas and Dánavas, like the Titans, were a kind of demon or giant who waged perpetual war with the gods. See note under अमृतोपमां

देवतपर: nom. sin. a worshipper of the gods; (comp. of देवत cr. a god, and पर: m. devoted to.)

देवदोपाद TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; देव cr. destiny, fate, दोपाद abl. sin.of दोप m. fault.

देवमानुषंnom. sin. n. divine or human; (comp. of देव divine, and मानुष human, see 765.) देवात abl. sin. of देव n. fate, fortune, 1st cl. 103.

देवन ins. sin. of देव n. fate, destiny; or ins. sin. of देव m. f. n. divine.

दैवेनाक्रम्य for दैवेन स्नाक्रम्य by 31. दोला nom. sin. f. a swing, 1st cl. 105. दोलेव for दोला इव by 32.

होषं acc. sin. of दोष m. fault, crime.

दोषतः for दोषतस् ind. of a fault, of evil intentions; (from दोष with affix तस्, see 719.)

दोपञ्च nom. sin. m. fault, crime, sin. दोपेश ins. sin. of दोष m. fault, crime. दोपेद ins. pl. of दोष m. a crime, fault.

दोषों for दोषस् nom. sin. of दोष m. fault, blame, 1st cl. 103.

दौरान ins. sin. of दौरा n. a message, a mission, embassy.

दौरोनागत्म for दौरोन जागत्म by 31. द्युति acc. sin. of द्यूति f. brilliancy, beauty. द्यूतम् nom. sin. of द्यूत n. game, gaming. द्यते loc. sin. of द्यूत m. n. game, play, gambling, gaming with dice, 1st cl. 103, 104.

द्रश्यांस thou shalt see; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt दृश् 604.

द्रश्यमे thou shalt or wilt see ; 2d sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt दृश्.

द्रश्यामि I shall or will see; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt द्र्म 604.

द्रविणं nom. sin. n. property.

द्रविणेन ins. sin. of द्रविण n. property, wealth.

द्रयं nom. sin. of द्रय n. property, 1st cl. 104.

द्रश he shall or will see, he will visit; 3d sin.
ist fut. of rt द्रश 604.

द्रष्टुं to see; inf. of rt दृश् 604, 459.

दुतं ind. quickly.

दुम: nom. sin. of दूम m. a tree.

दुमम् acc. sin. of दुम m. a tree.

होशं acc. sin. of द्रोण m. Drona, name of a Bráhman, who was the instructor of both Kurus and Pándavas in the art of war.

हयोर gen. and loc. of हि two, 201.

द्वादशः nom. sin. m. twelfth, 210.

द्वादशे loc. sin. m. of द्वादश m.f. n. twelfth, 210.

हापरं acc. sin. of हापर m. the third Age of the world personified as a deity, 1st cl. 103.

द्वापरेण ins. sin. See last.

sift loc. sin. of sit f. a door, a gate, 8th cl. 180.

द्वाविंश्वातितमः nom. sin. m. the twentieth, 211.

डिन: nom. sin. m. a Brahman or twice-born man; see note under डिनसत्तम:.

द्विजनिषेवितां TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; द्विज cr. a bird, निषेवितां acc. sin. f. of निषेवित m.f. n. resorted to, inhabited by.

द्विजसन्तम:nom.sin.m. best of Bráhmans, best of the twice-born. The first three classes or castes (see note under विशास्पते) are called Dvija or twice-born. The first birth is from the natural mother, the second from the ligation of the sacri-

ficial cord. (Manu II. 169.) This cord, called Yajnopavíta, was made of three strings of cotton (Manu II. 44), and suspended over the left shoulder of men of the first three classes at various ages, in token of their second or spiritual birth.

द्विजसत्तमम् acc. sin. m. best of the twiceborn; (from द्विज cr. a twice-born man, and सत्तम best, see 743. b.)

हिजसत्तमाः O best of Bráhmans; voc. pl.m. हिजात् abl. sin. of हिज m. a Bráhman.

हिजातय: nom. pl. of हिजाति m. a Bráhman, 2d cl. 110.

डिजातिजनवासलः a friend to the Bráhman race, 745; डिजाति cr. twice-born, a Bráhman, जन cr. a person, वासल fond of, friendly to.

हिजान acc. pl. of हिज m. a bird, (twiceborn, first in the shell and then from it.)

डिजान् acc. pl. of डिज m. a Bráhman.

द्विजोत्तमम् acc. sin. m. best of Bráhmans.

डिजोत्तमाः voc. pl. m. O best of Bráhmans. डितोयं acc. sin. m. of डितोय m. f. n. second, 208.

डितीयं ind. a second time, 713.

डितीय: for डितीयस् nom. sin. of डितीय m. f. n. second, 208.

डितीयो for डितीयस् nom. sin. m. of डितीय m. f. n. second.

डिया ind. in two ways, in two parts, in two directions, 723.

द्विधेव for द्विधा इव by 32.

डिपदां gen. pl. of डिपाइ m. a man, a biped, 5th cl. Observe—डिपाइ becomes डिपइ in acc. pl. and other vowel cases; see 145.

डिमताम gen. pl. of डिमत् m. an enemy, 5th cl. 136. As a present participle this word means hating, see 657.

हे acc. du. f. of हि two, 201.

हैरचेन ins. sin. of हैरच n. single combat in chariots.

ही nom. du. of हि two.

휙.

धनं acc. sin. of धन n. wealth, money.

धनानि acc. pl. of धन n. wealth, property, riches, ist cl. 104.

धनुः for धनुस् nom. sin. n. a bow.

धनेन ins. sin. of धन n. wealth.

धन्तिनां gen. pl. of धन्तिन् m. an archer, a bow-man, 6th cl. 159.

थयानां for हयानां (50) gen. pl. of हय a horse.

धरणीतले on the surface of the earth; (from धरणी cr. earth, and तले loc. sin. of तल n. surface, 743.)

र्था पानि they shall continue, they shall remain; 3d pl. 2d fut. of rt भू 1st cl. 393. c.

धर्मे for धर्मेस् nom. sin. m. duty.

धर्में acc. sin. of धर्मे m. virtue, justice.

धर्मेज voc. sin. m. of धर्मेज m. f. n. knowing (one's) duty; (comp. of धर्मे cr. duty, and ज 688, 580.)

धर्मेज्: nom. sin. m. a knower of duty.

धर्मेजस्य gen. sin. of धर्मेज m. f. n. knowing (one's) duty.

धर्मेजा: nom. pl. m. of धर्मेज m. f. n. knowing (their) duty, righteous.

धर्मज्ञो nom. sin. of धर्मज्ञ m. f. n. knowing (one's) duty, virtuous.

धर्मतः for धर्मतस् ind. justly, religiously, righteously, 719. b.

धर्मभूतां gen. pl. of धर्मभृत् m. a maintainer of justice; (comp. of धर्म cr. justice, and भृत agt. of rt भृ to maintain, 84, 1.)

धर्मेवत्सल voc. sin. O thou that lovest virtue; (comp. of धर्मे cr. and वत्सल m. f. n. fond.)

धर्मीवच् for धर्मीवह m. one who knows his duties, 5th cl. 137, see 49; (comp. of धर्म and विद 84, 1.)

धर्मवित् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; धर्म cr. duty, वित् nom. sin. m. of विद् knowing, 5th cl. 137.

धर्मेस् nom. sin. m. duty.

धर्मात्मा nom. sin. m. of धर्मात्मन् m. f. n. vir-

tuous, pious, pious-minded; (comp. of धर्म virtue, piety, and स्नात्मन् soul, 147.)

धनात्मानं acc. sin. m. See last.

धमीन acc. pl. of धर्म m. duty, 1st cl. 103.

धनार्धदिशिन: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; धर्म cr. justice, duty, अर्थ cr. object, wealth, interest, दिशेन: gen. sin. m. of दिशेन् regarding, looking to, 6th cl. 159.

धर्मे loc. sin. of धर्मे m. law, usage, duty, virtue. धर्मेण ins. sin. of धर्मे m. right, justice, virtue, 1st cl. 103.

धर्मेणासि for धर्मेण स्रसि by 31.

धर्मेषु loc. pl. of धर्म m. virtue, duty, 1st cl. 103. धर्मों for धर्मेस् nom. sin. of धर्म m. duty.

धम्पें acc. sin. m. lawful, consistent with duty.

थम्पीद् abl. sin. n. of धर्मी lawful, just, consistent with duty.

भविषान् to insult, or, with pass. sense, to be insulted, to be ill-treated; inf. of rt भूप 10th cl. 459, 869.

धरिता: nom. pl. m. or f. of धरित m. f. n. smitten, overcome, violated; past p. p. of rt भृष 538.

भर्षितास् nom. pl. m. or f. of भर्षित ill-treated, smitten, overcome, violated.

भाताins.sin.of भातृ m. the Creator,4th cl.127. भातीम् acc. sin. of भाती f. a nurse, 1st cl. 106.

धारपति he supports; 3d sin. pres. of rt भू 10th cl. 285.

धारयतों acc. sin. f. of धारयत् m. f. n. maintaining, supporting; pres. p. of rt भू 10th cl. 524, 285.

भारयन्ति they support, they maintain; 3d pl. pres. of rt धू 10th cl. 285.

धारपामास he restrained; 3d sin. perf. of rt भू 285, 385. a.

धारियतुं to bear, to support, to hold; inf. of rt भ 10th cl. 285.

भावत run ye; 2d pl. imp. of rt भाव् 1st cl. 261.

थावताधुना for धावत अधुना by 31.

भावति he or she runs; 3d sin. pres. of rt भाव 1st cl. 261.

धावन्तो nom. pl. m. of धावत् m. f. n. running; pres. p. par. of rt धाव् 1st cl. 524.

भास्पानि I will cause, I will make, I will place; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt भा 664.

fu for fe for, by 50.

धिरण्यसदृश्चदान् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; धिरण्य for हिरण्य (50) cr. gold, सदृश cr. like, resembling, इदान् acc. pl. of इद m. a wing, 1st cl. 103; see 51. a.

धीमत: gen. sin. m. of धीमत m. f. n. wise.

धोमान nom. sin. m. of धोमत m. f. n. wise, intelligent, lit. possessed of understanding, 5th cl. 140.

भोरं acc. sin. m. or n. of धीर m. f. n. wise, sensible, grave, sedate, sober.

भीरस् nom. sin. m. a wise man, a sensible man.

धूमनालेन Tat. or Dep. comp. 740; धूम cr. mist, cloud, smoke, नालेन ins. sin. of नाल m. a multitude, a mass, film.

धूयमानो nom. sin. m. of धूयमान m. f. n. being agitated, being fanned; pres. p. of rt धू in pass. 528.

धृतम् for हतम् taken, seized, by 50.

भृतिर nom. sin. of भृति f. constancy, 2d cl. 112. भैषे nom. sin. of भेषे n. firmness, strength.

ध्यात्वा having pondered, having reflected; past ind. p. of rt धे 536, 556.

ध्यानतत्पराम् acc. sin. f. lost in thought; (comp. of ध्यान reflection, meditation, and तत्पर engaged in, intent on.)

धानपरा lost in meditation, TAT. OR DEP. comp. 744; धान cr. meditation, परा nom. sin. f. of पर m. f. n. principally engaged in, devoted to, 1st cl. 187.

भियते it is fixed, it is held; 3d sin. pres. of rt भू in pass. 463.

भियसे thou livest, thou survivest; 2d sin. pres. of rt शू in pass. (The pass. of शू to hold is thus used, i. e. to be held in life.) भुनं nom. sin. n. or acc. sin. m. or n. of भुन m. f. n. certain, 187.

भुवम् ind. certainly, assuredly, 713.

धुवाणि nom. pl. n. of धुव m. f. n. perpetual, continual, constant.

धुनो nom. sin. m. of धुन m. f. n. certain, inevitable.

न.

न ind. not, no, nor, neither.

नः us, to us, for जस्मान् or जस्मभ्यं acc. or dat. pl. of मत्, (nom. जहं.)

नकं ind. by night, 713. b.

नस्रताणि nom. pl. n. of नस्रत n. a constellation, a star, 1st cl. 104.

नग m. a tree, a mountain.

नगरं acc. sin. of नगर n. a city, town.

नगरसिम्मतम् acc. sin. m. equal to a town; (comp. of नगर cr. a town, and सिम्मत m. f. n. of equal measure or extent.)

नगराभ्यासे in the neighbourhood of the city; (from नगर cr. and अभ्यासे ind. near, 731.)

नगरों acc. sin. of नगरो f. a city.

नगरे loc. sin. of नगर n. a city.

नगा for नगास nom. pl. of नग m. a tree.

नगाग्राह् Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; नग cr. a mountain, अग्राह् abl. sin. of अग्र n. summit, top.

नगान् acc. pl. of नग m. a tree.

नग्नम् acc. sin. m. of नग्न m. f. n. naked.

नचिराह् ind. in no long time, in a short time, soon; (comp. of न not, and चिराह 715.)

नदतो gen. sin. m. of नदत्त m. f. n. sounding, thundering; pres. p. of rt नद् 524.

नदी nom. sin. f. a river.

नदीं acc. sin. of नदी f. a river.

नदी: acc. pl. of नदी f. a river, 1st cl. 106.

नदीम् acc. sin. of नदी f. a river, 1st cl. 106. नदीम् acc. pl. of नदी f. a river, 1st cl. 106.

नडान् acc. pl. m. of नड m. f. n. furnished, provided with; past p. p. of rt नह 556.

नद्याः gen. sin. of नदी f. a river.

ननु whether? particle of interrogation, 717. b.

नन्दन voc. sin. of नन्दन m. a son.

नन्दने loc. sin. of नन्दन n. the paradise or elysium of Indra, see note under इन्द्रलोकम्.

नभिंस loc. sin. of नभस् n. the sky, the atmosphere, 7th cl. 164.

नभस्तलात् abl. sin. of नभस्तल the sky, the lower sky; (from नभस् sky, and तल n. lower surface.)

नमस् ind. salutation; नमस् तेऽस्तु Hail to thee!

नमस्तारम् acc. sin. of नमस्तार m. homage, salutation, 1st cl. 103.

नमस्कृत्य having saluted; past ind. p. of नमस्कृ.

नर m. a man, 1st cl. 103.

नरः nom. sin. of नर m. a man.

नरकाय dat. sin. of नरक m. n. hell, the place of torment.

नरके loc. sin. of नरक m. n. hell, the infernal regions, 1st cl. 103.

नर्वर: nom. sin. m. an excellent or illustrious man; (comp. of नर cr. a man, and वर best.)

नरवरोत्तमम् acc. sin. m. the best of excellent men; (comp. of नर cr. a man, वर cr. excellent, उत्तमम् acc. sin. of उत्तम m. f. n. best, 743. b.)

नरवाहिना ins. sin. n. of नरवाहिन् m. f. n. carried by men; (comp. of नर a man, and वाहिन् a bearer.)

नरवीरस्य gen. sin. of नरवीर m. a hero, a heroic man, a hero of a man.

नरवाप्र KARM. OR DES. COMP. 758; नर cr. a man, व्याप्र voc. sin. of व्याप्र m. a tiger, 1st cl. 103, (i. e. O chief of men, see next.)

नरज्ञादूँलो KARM. OR DES. COMP. 758; नर cr. a man, ज्ञादूँलो nom. sin. of ज्ञादूँल m. a tiger, (i. e. most illustrious of men.) The names of animals denoting superiority are often placed at the end of compounds; so पुरुषसिंह: a man-lion, नर्षभ: a man-bull.

नरश्रेष्ठ O best of men, TAT. OR DEP. COMP.

743; नर cr. a man, श्रेष्ठ voc. sin. of श्रेष्ठ m. f. n. best, 1st cl. 103.

नरस्य gen. sin. of नर m. a man.

नरस्यातस्य for नरस्य जातस्य by 31.

नराणाम् gen. pl. of नर m. a man.

नराधिप voc. sin. m. O lord of men.

नराधिप: nom. sin. m. lord of men; (comp. of नर a man, and अधिप m. a lord.)

नराधिपम् acc. sin. m. lord of men.

नराधिषै: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नर er. a man, ऋधिषै: ins. pl. of ऋधिष m. a lord, 1st cl. 103.

नरेन्द्रस्य gen. sin. of नरेन्द्र m. chief of men. नरेभ्यश् abl. pl. of नर m. a man.

नरेश्वर TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नर cr. a man, ईश्वर voc. sin. of ईश्वर m. a lord, ist cl. 103.

नरेश्वरे TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नर cr. man, ईश्वरे loc. sin. of ईश्वर m. lord, 1st cl. 103. नर + ईश्वर = नरेश्वर by 32; see, with reference to the locative case, 819. a.

नरेषु loc. pl. of नर, q. v.

नरो nom. sin. m. a man.

नरोज्ञम O best of men, voc. sin.; (from नर cr. a man, and उज्ञम m. f. n. best, 743. b.) नरोज्ञम: nom. sin. m. most excellent of men. नल m. NALA, king of Nishadha, 1st cl. 103. नल voc. sin. of नल m. Nala.

नलं acc. sin. of नल Nala.

नलः for नलस् nom. sin. of नल Nala.

नलदर्शनकाङ्क्या TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; नल cr. Nala, दर्शन cr. seeing, looking for, काङ्क्या ins. sin. of काङ्का f. desire.

ਜਲਜ਼ਸ਼ਜ਼ੰ acc. sin. m. named Nala, see 154. ਜਲਧੜੀ TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; ਜਲ cr. Nala, ਪੜੀ f. the wife.

नलमार्गेषे TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नल cr. Nala, मार्गेषे loc. sin. of मार्गेष n. searching for.

नलवाजिषु TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नल

cr. Nala, याजिषु loc. pl. of याजिन् m. a horse, 159.

नलश् for नलस् nom. sin. of नल Nala.

नलशङ्कपा Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; नल cr. Nala, शङ्कपा ins. sin. of शङ्का f. suspicion.

नलशासनं acc. sin. n. See next.

नलशासनात (as if) at the command of Nala, Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; नल cr. Nala, शासनात abl. sin. of शासन n. command, 1st cl. 104.

नलसन्नियौ TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नल Nala, सन्नियौ loc. sin. of सन्निधि f. presence.

नलसारिष: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नल cr. Nala, सारिष: nom. sin. of सारिष m. a charioteer.

नलिसिड्स्य TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; नल cr. Nala, सिडस्य gen. sin. of सिड m. f. n. prepared, dressed.

नलस्याद्येषु for नलस्य श्रद्योषु by 31.

नलस्यानयने for नलस्य ज्ञानयने by 31.

नलस्यामित्रघातिनः for नलस्य खमित्रघातिनः by 31.

नलस्याराधने for नलस्य ज्ञाराधने by 31. नलस्यायाय for नलस्य ज्ञयाय by 31.

नलस्येष्टाम् for नलस्य इष्टाम् by 32.

नलामात्येषु TAT. or DEP. comp. 743; नल cr. Nala, अमात्येषु loc. pl. of अमात्य m. a minister, 1st cl. 103; see 861.

नलाय dat. sin. of नल m. Nala. नलायाष्ट्री for नलाय खड़ी by 31.

লকাত্মান্ Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; নক cr. Nala, অত্মান্ nom. pl. m. horses. With reference to Book XXI. 3, it should be borne in mind that the horses of Nala had been before conducted to king Bhíma's city Vidarbha, by Nala's charioteer Várshņeya.

नले loc. sin. of नल Nala.

नलेंगुचै: for नल इति उचै: by 32, 34.

नलो for नलस् nom. sin: of नल Nala.

नलोपाख्यानं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नल cr. Nala, उपाख्यानं nom. sin. of उपा- स्यान n. a tale, story, 1st cl. 104. ज + उ = जो by 32.

नलोपाख्याने loc. sin. of नलोपाख्यानं, q.v. नवमः nom. sin. of नवम m.f.n. ninth, 209. नवां acc. sin. f. of नव m.f.n. new, young. नवानि acc. sin. n. of नव m.f.n. new.

नइयते he or it is destroyed or lost; 3d sin. pres. of rt नश् 4th cl. 463.

नष्टम् nom. sin. n. of नष्ट m. f. n. lost, forgotten; past p. p. of rt नश् 539.

नष्टकपो Bah. or Rel. comp. 767; नष्ट cr. destroyed, lost, रूपो nom. sin. m. from रूप n. form, 108.

नष्टमंत्रा Bah. or Rel. comp. 767; नष्ट cr. lost, perished, संज्ञा nom. sin. f. consciousness, mind, thought.

नष्टा for नष्टास् nom. pl. of नष्ट m. f. n. destroyed; past p. p. of rt नश् 539.

नष्टात्मा Bah. or Rel. comp. 766; नष्ट cr. lost, deprived of, स्नात्मा nom. sin. of स्नात्मन् m. soul, mind, sense.

नष्टे loc. sin. of नष्ट m. f. n. destroyed, lost. नाकाले for न खकाले by 31.

নাম m. a serpent, a demigod with a human face and the tail of a serpent. These fabulous beings are said to have sprung from Kadrú, the wife of Kaśyapa, and to have been created to people Pátála or the regions below the earth. The chief of these creatures is sometimes called Sesha or Ananta and Vásuki. The word নাম also means 'an elephant.'

नामं acc. sin. of नाम m. a serpent. See last. नाम: nom. sin. m. a serpent. See नाम.

नागराजं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नाग cr. a serpent, राजं acc. sin. king, see 151.

नागराजस् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नाग cr. a serpent, राजस् nom. sin. a king, 151.

नागराजस्य gen. sin. m. of the king of the serpents. See last.

नागराजानं acc. sin. the king of the ser-

pents; नाग cr. a serpent, राजानं acc. sin. of राजन् m. a king, 6th cl. 149.

नागानां gen. pl. of नाग m. an elephant.

नागे loc. sin. of नाग m. a serpent.

नागेन्द्रो Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; नाग cr. a serpent, इन्द्रो nom. sin. m. chief.

नागेर ins. pl. of नाग m. a serpent.

नातिचराम्यहम् for न ष्रतिचरामि ष्रहम् by 31 and 34.

नातिस्वस्थेव for न श्रतिस्वस्था इव, q. q. v. v. नात्मानं for न श्रात्मानं by 31.

नात for न भव by 31.

नाय voc. sin. of नाय m. a lord, guardian, husband, 1st cl. 103.

दादम acc. sin. of नाद m. sound.

नादयन nom. sin. m. of नादयत् m. f. n. causing to resound; pres. p. of rt नह in caus. 527.

नादान् acc. pl. of नाद m. a cry.

नाद्य for न अद्य by 31.

नानाधातुश्रतेर Complex comp. 770; नाना ind. various, धातु cr. a mineral, श्रतेर ins. pl. of शत n. a hundred, see 206.

नानाधातुसमाकीर्थं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; नाना ind. various, धातु cr. mineral, समाकीर्थं acc. sin. m. of समाकीर्थं m. f. n. filled with; past p. p. of rt कृ with सम् and खा, 531.

नानापिख्यगणाकीर्णम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; नाना ind. various, पिछा for पिछान् cr. (57) a bird, गण cr. a flock, खाकीर्णम् acc. sin. n. of खाकीर्ण m. f. n. filled with; past p. p. of rt कृ with खा, 534.

नानापश्चिनियेवितम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; नाना cr. various, पश्चि cr. birds, नियेवितम् acc. sin. n. resorted to, frequented by.

नानामृगगणेर by flocks of various animals; (comp. of नाना ind. various, मृग cr. an animal, गणेर ins. pl. of गण m. a flock.)

नानुधावसि for न अनुधावसि by 31.

नानुबंधाति for न अनुबंधाति by 31.

नान्य: for न खन्य: by 31.

नाप्पवारयत् for न खिप खवारयत् by 31 and 34.

नाप्राप्तकालो for न जप्राप्तकालो by 31. नाविभ्यत for न जविभ्यत by 31.

नाभिचराम्यहं for न अभिचरामि अहं by 31 and 34.

नाभिनन्दित for न स्रभिनन्दित by 31. नाभ्यजानान् for न स्रभ्यजानात् by 31 and 47. नाभ्यभाषत for न स्रभ्यभाषत by 31.

नाम ind. by name, certainly, indeed. नामत: for नामतस ind. by name, 719.

नामसु loc. pl. of नामन् n. a name, 6th cl. 152.

नामारिमदेनं for नाम ऋरिमदेनं by 31. नामारिहा for नाम ऋरिहा by 31.

नामाहम् for नाम अहम् by 31.

नाम्यतां let it be bent, let it be drawn (as a bow); 3d sin. imp. of rt नम् in caus. pass. 496.

नायम् for न अयम् by 31.

नारद for नारदस् nom. sin. of नारद Nárada. See next.

नारदः nom. sin. of नारद m. Nárada, usually regarded as one of the ten Rishis or Prajápatis first created by Brahmá, and called his sons. He is described as a friend of the god Krishna, as a celebrated lawgiver, and as the inventor of the viņá or lute. Nárada is mentioned in Manu I. 34, 35, as one of the 'ten lords of created beings, eminent in holiness.' In the Hindú plays Nárada usually acts as a kind of messenger of the gods. See Vikramorvasí end of Act V, and S'akuntalá end of Act VI. He is constantly employed in giving good counsel. He is by some considered to belong to the order of Devarshis, and by others to the Brahmarshis; see note under ब्रह्मिभ्यश्.

नारहस्य gen. sin. of नारह. See last. नारी nom. sin. f. a woman, 1st cl. 106. नारी णां gen. pl. of नारी a woman. नारी दां acc. sin. an excellent woman, KARM. OR DES. COMP. 758; नारी cr. a woman, दां acc. sin. of दा a jewel, a gem.

नारीयाक्यानि TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नारी cr. a woman, a wife, याक्यानि acc. pl. of याक्य n. a word.

नाया for नायास gen. sin. of नारी f. a woman, 106.

নায়াযেন্দান he will remove or destroy, he will cause to perish; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt নয় in caus. 481, 620.

नाश्यिष्यामि I will cause to perish or remove; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt नश् in caus.

नाष्ट्रयेत् for न जाष्ट्रयेत् by 31.

नाश्चासयसि for न आश्वासयसि by 31.

नाश्वासयस्यद्य for न जाश्वासयसि जद्य by 31 and 34.

नासं for न जासं by 31.

नास्ति for न सस्ति by 31.

नाहम् for न छहम् by 31.

नाहतुँ for न आहतुँ by 31.

नाहुष: nom. sin. of नाहुष m. descendant of Nahusha, mentioned in Manu VII. 41.

नि prep. in, within, into; on, upon.

नि: for निर् when followed by श or स 71.

नि:शब्दस्तिमिते BAH. OR REL. FORM OF DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 765; नि:शब्द cr. noiseless, स्तिमिते loc. sin. m. of स्तिमित m.f.n. still, motionless. This compound agrees with अधरात्रसमये.

नि:श्वस्य sighing; past ind. p. of rt श्वस् to breathe, with निर out, 559.

नि:श्वासपरमा constantly addicted to sighing, TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 744; नि:श्वास cr. sighing, परमा nom. sin.f. of परम m.f.n. principally engaged in.

नि:संश्यं ind. certainly, without doubt, 713. नि:सृत: nom. sin. m. of नि:सृत m. f. n. came out, passed out; past p. p. of rt सृ with निर, 896.

निकुञ्चान् acc. pl. of निकुञ्च m. an arbour. निकृतस् nom. sin. m. of निकृत m. f. n. afflicted, injured, wronged. निकृता nom. sin. f. of निकृत. See last.

निकृतिप्रजेर for निकृतिप्रजेस by (men) versed in dishonesty or well acquainted with vice; (comp. of निकृति cr. wickedness, and प्रजेर ins. pl. m. of प्रज m. f. n. wise, learned.)

निकृतो nom. sin. m. of निकृत m. f. n. afflicted, injured; past p. p. of rt कृ with नि, 532.

নিষ্কিষ্ম having given in charge, having entrusted or deposited in a place of safety; past ind. p. of rt ষ্মিষ্ with নি, 559.

निस्तेपो nom. sin. of निस्तेप m. a pledge, something deposited as a compensation.

निगृह्तीच्च hold thou in, check thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt ग्रह with नि, 9th cl. 699.

निगृद्ध having restrained; past ind. p. of rt यह with नि, see 565.

नितम्बांश for नितम्बान् acc. pl. of नितम्ब m. the side or protuberant flank of a mountain, a precipice, 1st cl. 103.

नित्यं ind. constantly, continually, always. नित्यं acc. sin. m. of नित्य m. f. n. constant.

नित्यः nom. sin. m. of नित्य m. f. n. eternal, perpetual, constant.

नित्यजातं acc. sin. m. constantly born; (comp. of नित्य and जात, q. v.)

नित्यशो for नित्यशस् ind. constantly, perpetually, 725.

नित्यस्य gen. sin. m. of नित्य m. f. n. eternal. निद्र्या ins. sin. of निद्रा f. sleep, 1st cl. 105. निद्र्यापहता for निद्र्या खपहता by 31.

निद्रान्धा for निद्रान्धास् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; निद्रा cr. sleep, अन्धास् nom. pl. of अन्धाः m.f.n. blind.

निधनं acc. sin. of निधन m. death, 1st cl. 103. निन्दनस् nom. pl. m. of निन्दत् m.f. n. blaming, censuring, speaking slightingly of.

निपतिते loc.sin.m. of निपतित m.f.n. fallen; past p. p. of rt पत् with नि, 538.

निपेतुर for निपेतुस् they fell down; 3d pl. . 2d pret. of rt पत् with नि. See next.

निपेतुस they alighted; 3d pl. perf. of rt पत् with prep. नि, 375. a. निषद्धां acc. sin. f. of निषद्ध m. f. n. bound, impeded, obscured; past p. p. of rt बन्ध with नि, 539.

निनोध know thou, understand thou, learn thou, attend thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt बुध् with नि, 1st cl. 261. This verb seems only used in the imp. when नि is prefixed.

निवोधास्मान् for निवोध ससान् by 31.

निबोधेदं for निबोध इदं by 32.

निभृतो nom. sin. m. of निभृत m. f. n. concealed, hidden, secret.

निमित्तं acc. sin. of निमित्त n. a sign, token, omen, prodigy.

নিদিন্নানি acc. pl. of নিদিন্ন n. an omen, a sign of some future event (such as a quivering sensation or throbbing of the skin in the eyelid, arm, &c.)

निमेषेण ins. sin. of निमेप m. winking or twinkling of the eye, 1st cl. 103.

नियतं ind. certainly, inevitably, constantly.

नियतै: ins. pl. of नियत m. f. n. self-restrained, self-denying.

नियोध्ये I will enjoin; 1st sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt युज् with नि, 670.

नियोगाइ abl. sin. of नियोग m. injunction, command, order, 103.

निर् prep. out, forth, without, deprived of.

निरनुक्रोश: nom. sin. m. without pity, merciless; (comp. of निर 726. e, and अनुक्रोश pity.)

निरपायो nom. sin. of निरपाय m.f.n. free from harm or evil, unharmed; (निर्pre-fixed to अपाय 726.e.)

निरुडिंग्नमनाः BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; निरुडिंग्न cr. undisturbed, मनाः nom. sin. f. from मनस् n. the mind, see 164. a.

নির্মন loc. sin. n. of নির্মন m. f. n. lonely, uninhabited, unfrequented by men; (from নিয় 726. e, and নন m. a man.)

निर्जित: nom. sin. m. of निर्जित m. f. n. subdued; past p. p. of rt जि with निर्, 532.

निर्जितश् nom. sin. m. of निर्जित m.f. n. conquered, beaten; past p. p. of rt जि with निर, 532.

निर्जितारिंगणः Complex Rel. comp. 771; निर्जित cr. one who has conquered, खरि cr. an enemy, गणः nom. sin. of गण m. a collection, number, host.

निर्जितो for निर्जितस् nom. sin. m. conquered. See निर्जित:

निर्फरांश् for निर्फरान् (53) acc. pl. of निर्फर m. a cascade, waterfall, 1st cl. 103.

निनीयता nom. sin. f. the state of being without a guardian, widowhood.

निर्मेलखादुसिलिलम् Complex comp. 771; निर्मेल cr. clear, free from dirt, 726. e, खादु cr. sweet, सिलिलं acc. sin. n. from सिलल n. water.

निर्विचेष्टम् acc. sin. m. of निर्विचेष्ट m. f. n. unresisting; (from निर् 726. e, and वि-चेष्टा effort, exertion.)

निविशेषाकृतीन् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; निविशेष cr. without difference, precisely alike, आकृतीन् acc. pl. m. from आकृति f. form, 2d cl. 119.

निवृता for निवृतास nom. pl. m. of निवृत m.f. n. happy, at ease.

निवृति: nom. sin. f. happiness, gladness.

निवत्सिति he shall dwell or inhabit; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt वस् with नि, 413, 607.

नियतिंतुं to turn back; inf. of rt वृत् with नि. नियस्य having put on (as a garment); past ind. p. of rt यस 2d cl. with नि, 559.

निवारणे loc. sin. of निवारण n. prevention, ist cl. 104; see 828.

निवारियतुम् to restrain; inf. of rt वृ in caus. with नि, 459, 481.

निवासये: thou shouldest put on, put thou on; 2d sin. pot. of rt वस in caus. with नि, 481.

निवृत्तः nom. sin. m. of निवृत्त m. f. n. ended, finished; past p. p. of rt वृत् with नि, 539.

निवृत्तहृद्यः with relenting heart, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; निवृत्त cr. turned back,

हृदयः nom. sin. m. from हृद्य n. heart, 1st cl. 108.

निवेदय tell thou, inform thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt विद् in caus. with नि, 481, (governing genitive case by 859. a.)

निवेद्यतां let it be announced or made known; 3d sin. imp. of rt विद् in caus. pass. with नि, 496, 583.

निवेशनम् acc. sin. of निवेशन n. a house, dwelling.

निवेशने loc. sin. of निवेशन n. a house, an abode.

निवेशाय dat. sin. of निवेश m. entering; see 811.

নিয় prep. for নিয় when followed by ব 71.b.
নিয়ান্য having perceived, having heard, having observed; past ind. p. of rt
য়ান্ with নি, 559.

निशयान he or she sighed; 3d sin. perf. of rt श्वस to breathe, with नि, 364.

निशां acc. sin. of निशा f. the night.

নিয়াৰে: nom. sin. m. the moon; (from frain night, and ৰাই the maker.)

निशाकाले TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; निशा cr. night, काले loc. sin. of काल m. time.

निशायां loc. sin. of निशा f. the night.

निशास acc.pl.of निशा f.the night, 1st cl. 105. निश्चित ins. sin. n. of निश्चित m.f.n. sharp, sharpened.

निश्चन्नाम he went out; 3d sin. perf. of rt क्रम् to step, with निर (71. b), see 364.

निश्चयम् acc. sin. of निश्चय m. certainty, resolution, resolve, determination.

निश्चितं ind. certainly, plainly, distinctly.

निश्चिता nom. sin. f. of निश्चित m. f. n. fixed, settled.

निश्चित having decided; past ind. p. of rt चि with निर्, 560.

निश्वस्य for निःश्वस्य sighing, q.v.

निषध m. declined in pl. निषधास nom. Nishadha, a country in the S. E. division of India, ruled over by Nala. निमधवंशस्य gen. sin. m. of the race of Nishadha; (comp. of निमध cr. and वंश m. a race, 743.)

निषधाधिष:TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; निषध cr. Nishadha, the country ruled over by Nala, श्रधिष: nom. sin. m. a lord.

निषधाधिपतिर् for निषधाधिपतिस् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; निषध cr. Nishadha, अधिपतिर nom. sin. of अधिपति m. a lord, 2d cl. 110.

निषधाधिपतेर् for निषधाधिपतेस् gen. sin. of the lord of Nishadha.

निषधाधिषतेश् for निषधाधिषतेस् gen. sin. of the lord of Nishadha.

निषधाधिषे loc. sin. m. in the lord of Nishadha.

निषधान् acc. pl. of निषध m. Nishadha.

निषधानां gen. pl. of निषध m. Nishadha.

निषधेश्वर voc. sin. m. O lord of Nishadha; (comp. of निषध and ईश्वर m. a lord.)

निषधेषु loc. pl. of निषध m. Nishadha.

निपसाद he sank down; 3d sin. perf. of rt सह (70) with नि, 364, 599. a.

নিহনী ছাম্ BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; নিহন cr. killed, সমাম্ nom. pl. of সম m. a camel.

निहत्य having slain; past ind. p. of rt हन् with नि, 560.

नीतो nom. du. m. of नीत m. f. n. taken, conducted.

नीलाध्रसंवृताम् Complex comp. 771; नील cr. black, dark, अध cr. clouds, संवृताम् acc. sin. of संवृत m. f. n. obscured, concealed.

नु ind. what? a particle of interrogation, 717. b.

नूनं ind. assuredly, certainly, in all probability, 717.

नुप m. a king, 1st cl. 103.

नृप voc. sin. of नृप m. a king.

नृपं acc. sin. of नृप m. a king.

नुपः nom. sin. of नृप m. a king.

नुपति m. a king, 2d cl. 110, 121.

नृपति: nom. sin. of नृपति m. a king.

नृपतिम् acc. sin. of नृपति m. aking, 2dcl. 110.

नृपतिर for नृपतिस् nom. sin. of नृपति m. a king.

नृपतिशासनात् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नृपति cr. a king, शासनात् abl. sin. of शासन n. an order, decree.

नृपते O king; voc. sin. of नृपति m. a king. नृपते: gen. sin. of नृपति m. a king.

नृपश्रेष्ठो nom. sin. m. the best of kings; see 743. b.

नृपमुता Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; नृप cr. a king, मुता nom. sin. f. a daughter.

नृपसुपां TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नृप cr. a king, सुपां acc. sin. of सुपा f. a daughter-in-law.

नृपाः for नृपास् nom. pl. of नृप m. a king. नृपात्मना TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नृप cr. a king, आत्मना nom. sin. f. a daughter.

नृपै: ins. pl. of नृप m. a king.

नृशंस voc. sin. m. of नृशंस m. f. n. cruel.

নুষ্
 did acc. sin. n. of নুষ্
 m. f. n. cruel, wicked; in Book XIX. 5 an unholy act. A second marriage in a woman is an unlawful act. (Compare Manu V. 160, 161.) 'A virtuous wife ascends to heaven, though she have no child, if after the decease of her lord she devotes herself to pious austerity; but a widow who, from a wish to bear children, slights her deceased husband by marrying again, brings disgrace on herself here below, and shall be excluded from the seat of her lord.'

न्यां gen. pl. of नृ m. a man, 4th cl. 128. b. नेता nom. sin. of नेतृ m. a leader, 4th cl. 127. नेता he shall lead; 3d sin. 1st fut. of rt नी 590. a.

नेताभ्यां ins. or abl. du. of नेत n. the eye, ist cl. 104; (formed from rt नी to lead, by 80. VII.)

नेदुर they sounded; 3d pl. impf. of rt नद 375. a.

नैकत for न एकत by 33.

ने कदु:खदाम् acc. sin. f. the causer of many sorrows; (comp. of ने क cr. many, see ने कान, दु:ख cr. sorrow, and दाम् acc. sin. f. of द m. f. n. giver, 580.)

नैकवर्णेर BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; नैक cr. many, various (न not, एक one, 33), वर्णेर ins. pl. of वर्ण m. colour, 1st cl. 103.

नैकांश् for नैकान् (q.v.) by 53.

नैकान् acc. pl. of नैक m. f.n. various, many; (comp. of न not, and एक one, 33.)

नेकाञ्च acc. pl. f., 1st cl. 105. See last. नेनं for न एनं by 33.

नैपुनेपु loc.pl.of नेपुन n.skill, anything which requires skill, a delicate matter, 104.

नैराञ्यात् abl. sin. of नैराञ्य n. despair.

नैव for न एव by 33.

नैवं for न एवं by 33.

नेपथ m. a name of Nala, as king of Nisha-dha, 1st cl. 103; see also 80. XXXV.

नैषध voc. sin. m. O Nala.

नैषधं acc. sin. of नैषध m. Nala.

नैपधस्य gen. sin. of नैपध m. Nala.

नैपथस्याहं for नैषथस्य छहं by 31.

नेषथा: nom. pl. the people of Nishadha.

नैषधाद abl. sin. of नैषध m. Nala.

नैमधानां gen. pl. of नैमधा: pl. the people of Nishadha.

नेषधान्वेषणे TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; नेषध cr. Nala, अन्वेषणे loc. sin. of अन्वे-षण n. seeking, searching for, see 863.

नैषधाय dat. sin. of नैषध Nala.

नैषधे loc. sin. of नैषध m. Nala.

नैषधेन ins. sin. of नैषध m. Nala.

नो acc., dat. or gen. pl. us, to us, of us; same as अस्मान्, अस्मभ्यं, अस्माकं, (from nom. अहं I, 218.)

नोत्तरं for न उत्तरं by 32.

नोत्सहे for न उत्सहे by 32.

नोडिजस्यमरप्रभे for न उडिजिस खमरप्रभे by 32 and 34.

नौ us two, to us two, of us two; same as आवां, आवाभ्यां, आवयोस्, (from nom. आहं 218.)

न्यग्रोधेश ins. pl. of न्यग्रोध m. the Indian fig-tree, ist cl. 103.

न्ययक्त he restrained; 3d sin. impf. of rt यम् with नि, 1st cl. 270.

न्यवर्तेत was dwelling on, was occupied in; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt वृत् with नि, 1st cl. 598.

न्यवसत् he dwelt; 3d sin. impf. of rt वस् with नि, 1st cl. 607.

न्यवसद् for न्यवसत् he dwelt. See last.

न्यवेद्यत् he or she recounted or related or represented; 3d sin. impf. of rt विद् to know, in caus. with prep. नि, 479, 861.

न्यवेदयद he or she announced. See last. न्याच्यं acc. sin. n. of न्याच्य m. f. n. just,

proper, 1st cl. 187.

### ч.

पह्मिणं acc. sin. of पह्मिन् m. a bird.

पश्चिन् m. a bird, (lit. having a paksha or wing,) 6th cl. 159.

पच five; nom. or acc. pl. of पचन् 204.

पचद्शः nom. sin. the fifteenth, 210.

पञ्चम: nom. sin. of पञ्चम m. f. n. fifth, 209.

पञ्चित्रं तितम: nom. sin. the twenty-fifth, 211.
पञ्चशीषा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 768; पञ्च
for पञ्चन five (57), शीषा for शीषास nom.

pl. m. from जीम n. a head, 1st cl. 108.

पचाशद्भिर् ins. of पचाशत fifty.

पञ्चोनं nom. sin. n. of पञ्चोन m. f. n. minus five, less by five; (comp. of पञ्च five, and जन less.)

परं acc. sin. of पर m. a garment.

पटस् nom. sin. m. a garment.

पटे loc. sin. of पट m. a garment.

पणः nom. sin. of पण m. a stake at play, ist cl. 103.

पर्याकालम् Тат. or Dep. comp. 743; पर्या cr. playing with dice, कालम् acc. sin. of काल m. time, 1st cl. 103.

पणानः we will play, let us lay down (our) stakes; ist du. pres. (used for imperative) of rt पण् ist cl. 261.

पणावहें we two will play, let us two stake; ist du. pres. átm. (used for imperative) of rt पण् ist cl. 261. (In Book XXVI. 6 this verb is joined with the gen. du. प्राच-योश् we will play for our lives, let us stake our all.)

पणितो nom. sin. of पणित m. f. n. staked, played for; past p. p. of rt पण् 538.

पणेन ins. sin. of पण m. a stake, a wager, a game.

परिस्ताः nom. pl. of परिस्त m.f. n. learned, wise; a pundit, a scholar.

पततां gen. pl. of पतत् m. f. n. falling; pres. p. par. of rt पत् to fall, 524.

पतनां let him fall; 3d sin. imp. átm. of rt पत् 1st cl. 261.

पतित he or she falls down; 3d sin. pres. of rt पत् 1st cl. 261.

पतिक्षा ins. pl. of पतिवन् m. a bird, 6th cl. 159.

पतिन they fall; 3d pl. pres. of rt पत् 1st

पताकाध्वजमालिनम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 765; पताका cr. a flag, ध्वज cr. a banner, मालिनम् acc. sin. m. of मालिन् m. f. n. having garlands, 159. In this compound मालिनम् agrees with नगरम्, which must be considered as masculine.

पतिं acc. sin. of पति m. a husband, 121.

पतिता nom. sin. f. of पतित m. f. n. fallen; past p. p. of rt पत् to fall, 538.

पतिता for पतितास nom.pl.m. of पतित m.f.n. fallen; past p. p. of rt पत् 538. At Book

XII. 14 **पतिता** must be translated they fell; see 896.

पतितानि nom. pl. n. of पतित m. f. n. fallen. पतितान्यपि for पतितानि अपि by 34.

पतिन्वे loc. sin. of पतिन्व n. the state of a husband, the state of wedlock, 1st cl. 104; देवं पतिन्वे वर्यस्व choose the god for thy husband.

पतिदशैनलालसाम् BAH. OR REL.COMP. 761; पति cr. husband, दशैन cr. seeing, लाल-साम् acc. sin. of लालसा longing desire.

पतिना ins. sin. of पति m. a husband, 121.
This word when it stands alone is generally declined like सखि (120), but in p. 114, l. 19, it follows अग्नि.

पतिम् acc. sin. of पति m. a husband.

पतिर for पतिस् nom. sin. of पतिm. a husband.

पतिराज्यविनाकृता Complex comp. 771; पति cr. a lord, a husband, राज्य cr. a kingdom, विनाकृता nom. sin. f. of विनाकृत m. f. n. deprived of.

पतिलालसा Bah. or Rel. comp. 761; पति cr. a husband, लालसा f. longing, eager desire.

पतिव्रता nom. sin. f. a woman faithful to her husband; (from पति cr. a husband, and व्रत a vow.)

पितज्ञताम् acc. sin. f. of पितज्ञता. See last. पितज्ञोकाकुलां TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; पित cr. lord, husband, ज्ञोक cr. sorrow, आकुलां acc. sin. f. of आकुल m. f. n. agitated, disturbed.

पत्नी nom. sin. f. a wife.

पताणां gen. pl. of पत n. a leaf.

पताहारेस ins. pl. feeding on leaves; पत cr. leaf, आहारेस ins. pl. of आहार m. food, 761.

पणि loc. sin. of पणिन् m. a road, a way;

पदम् acc. sin. of पद n. a step, a foot.

पदातिजनसङ्खला: Тат. ок DEP. сомр. 740;

पदाति cr. a foot-man, a pedestrian, जन cr. a person, a man, सङ्कुलाः nom. pl. of सङ्कुल m. f. n. mingled, confused.

पदातिभिः ins. pl. of पदाति m. a foot-soldier, a foot-man.

यदाह for पदान् abl. sin. of पद n. a step, a foot.

पदानि acc. pl. of पद n. a footstep, 1st cl. 104. पदे loc. sin. of पद n. a step.

पद्मां ins. pl. of पद् m. a foot, 5th cl. 138.

पसनामलन अधनदम्भोडुमुरापृतं COMPLEX COMP. 771; पसन cr. a plant, the lotus, see next; सामलन cr. a plant (Emblic myrobalan); अस cr. a kind of fig-tree; नदम्म cr. the kadamba-tree (Nauclea kadamba); उडुम्चर cr. the uḍumbara, a kind of fig-tree, see note under शाल &c.; सापृतं acc. sin. n. of सापृत m. f. n. filled with.

पद्मिनभेद्यम् Bah. or Rel. comp. 761; पद्म cr. a lotus, निभ cr. like, ईश्वणम् acc. sin. m. from ईश्वण n. the eye. The lotus is as favourite a subject of allusion and comparison with Hindú poets as the rose is with Persian. Its varieties, blue, white, and red, are numerous, and bear some resemblance to our water-lily.

पद्मिनभेद्यणा Bah. or Rel. comp. 761; पद्म cr. a lotus, निभ cr. like, resembling, ईद्यणा nom. sin. f. from ईद्यण n. the eye, 108.

पन्नसङ्खाशो Anom. comp. 777; पन cr. a lotus, सङ्खाशो nom. sin. m. like.

पन्नसौगन्धिकम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; पन्न cr. lotuses, सौगन्धिकम् acc. sin. n. of सौगन्धिक m. f. n. fragrant.

पिसनीम् acc. sin. of पिसनी f. a lotus-pool. पिसन्याः gen. sin. of पिसनी f. a lotus-pool, a lotus-lake, 1st cl. 106.

पन्या for पन्यास् nom. sin. of पणिन् m. a road, 162.

पन्याः nom. sin. of पणिन् m. a road. पन्यानं acc. sin. of पणिन् m. a road. पन्यानो nom. pl. of पियन् m. a road, 6th cl. 162. पन्नगः nom. sin. m. a serpent, a snake.

पपान he or it fell; 3d sin. perf. of rt पन् 364. पप्रच्य he or she asked; 3d sin. perf. of rt प्रच्य 381.

पप्रचानामयं for पप्रच जनामयं by 31.

पप्रजुस they asked, they enquired; 3d pl. perf. of rt प्रज 381.

पयोष्णी f. Payoshņí, a river that rises in the Vindhya mountains. It is mentioned in the Brahmáṇḍa-Puráṇa.

पर m.f. n. great, excessive, best, chief, highest; other, another, an enemy.

परं nom. sin. n. or acc. sin. m. or n. of पर, q.v. परकृतं acc. sin. m. done by another, committed by another; (comp. of पर another, and कृत done, 740.)

परनाप voc. sin. m. O harasser of thy foes; (पर an enemy, तप who torments.)

परन्तपः nom. sin. m. See last.

परपुरज्ञपः conqueror of the cities of his enemies; (comp. of पर cr. an enemy, पुरं acc. sin. of पुर n. a city, जयः nom. sin. m. who conquers, see 739. c.)

chief, highest, great, q.v.

परमं acc. sin. m. or n. of परम m. f. n. high, greatest, highest, 1st cl. 187.

परमदारुणा nom. sin. f. very dreadful; (comp. of परम cr. highest, most, and दारुण, q. v.)

परमदुःखितः nom. sin. m. deeply afflicted; (comp. of परम excessive, and दुःखित pained.)

परममन्युमान् deeply distressed; (comp. of परम cr. excessive, मन्यु cr. anguish, distress, wrath, -मान् nom. sin. of the possessive affix मत् 140, 84.VI.)

परमया ins. sin. f. of परम m. f. n. excessive, highest.

परमशोभनम् acc. sin. m. very glorious. See next.

परमशोभनाम् very brilliant, very beautiful; K k (comp. of परम high, very, श्रोभनां acc. sin. f. of श्रोभन m. f. n. bright, beautiful.)

परमसंह ष्टा nom. sin. f. exceedingly rejoiced; (comp. of परम cr. very much, and संहष्ट pleased, past p. p. of rt हुए with सं.)

परमा nom. sin. f. of परम m. f. n. highest, excellent.

परमां acc. sin. f. of परम m. f. n. highest, superior, excellent, 1st cl. 187.

परमाङ्गना nom. sin. f. an excellent or noble woman. See next.

परमाङ्गनाः Karm. or Des. comp. 755; परम cr. best, excellent, खङ्गनाः nom. pl. of खङ्गना f. a woman, 1st cl. 105.

परमो nom. sin. m. of परम highest.

परमा ins. sin. f. of पर m. f. n. great, excessive, परवीरहा nom. sin. m. the slayer of the warriors (champions) of the enemy; (comp.

of पर cr. an enemy, वीर cr. a warrior, हा nom. sin. of हन् m. a killer, 157. b.)

परव्यहिवनाज्ञानम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; पर cr. an enemy, व्यह cr. array, ranks, विनाज्ञानम् acc. sin. of विनाज्ञान m. a destroyer.

परस्परतः ind. mutually, 719. b.

परस्परमुखीमणी TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; परस्पर cr. one another, मुख cr. happiness, रिमणी nom. du. m. of रिमिन् m. f. n. desiring, seeking, 159, agt. of rt इम् 582. a.

परस्परहतास् Тат. оп Dep. сомр. 740; परस्पर cr. one another, हतास् nom. pl. of हत m. f. n. killed, past p. p. of rt हन् 545.

परसम् acc. sin. n. another's property; (comp. of पर another, and ख n. that which is one's own, 232.)

परा prep. back, backward; over.

परां acc. sin. f. of पर m. f. n. highest.

पराजयः nom. sin. m. defeat. In Book XIII. 34 this word is used in the sense of turning away from, desertion, and governs an ablative case.

पराजितः nom. sin. m. of पराजित m. f. n. conquered.

परार्थम् for the sake of another; (comp. of पर cr. another, and अर्थ, see 760. d.)

परार्थे for the sake of others; (comp. of पर another, and अर्थे 731.)

परासुर for परासुस nom. sin. m. of परासु m. f. n. dead, expired; (from पर away, remote, and असु m. breath.)

परि prep. round, about; entirely.

परिगम्य having gone round; past ind. p. of rt गम् with परि, 602.

परिग्लानस्य gen. sin. of परिग्लान m. f. n. exhausted, languid; past p. p. of rt ग्रै to be weary, with परि, 536.

परिघोपना: Anom. comp. 777, 32; परिघ cr. an iron-bar, an iron-club or mace, उपमा: nom. pl. of उपम m. f. n. like, resembling, 1st cl. 103. So in Sakuntalá, Act II, नगरपरिघमांशुंबाहुर having an arm long as the bar of a city-gate.

परिचयों acc. sin. f. of परिचया f. service, attendance upon, devotion, veneration.

परिचारकै: ins. pl. of परिचारक m. an attendant.

परिचारिकाम् acc. sin. of परिचारिका f. an attendant, servant, waiting-maid.

परिच्छिद्य having cut off; past ind. p. of rt छिद्द with परि, 559.

परिचातो nom. sin. m. of परिचात m. f. n. ruined, lost; past p. p. of rt च्यु 532.

परिणिष्टा nom. sin. f. perfect skill or conversancy.

परित्यक्ता nom. sin. f. of परित्यक्त m. f. n. deserted, abandoned; past p. p. of rt त्यज्ञ with परि, 539.

परित्यागो nom. sin. of परित्याग m. desertion, abandonment.

परिदस्तते is burnt up, is inflamed; 3d sin. pres. of rt दह in pass. with परि.

परिदेवना nom. sin. f. lamentation.

परिदेवितम् acc. sin. of परिदेवित n. complaint, lamentation, 1st cl. 104. परिधानेन ins. sin. of परिधान n. a lower garment, an under garment.

परिधावन for परिधावन (52) nom. sin. m. of परिधावन m. f. n. running or roaming about; pres. p. of rt धाव with परि, 524.

परिध्वंसम् acc. sin. of परिध्वंस m. disaster, distress, ruin.

परिपप्रच he asked, he enquired; 3d sin. perf. of rt प्रच् to ask, with परि, 631.

परिपालयन् nom. sin. m. of परिपालयन् m. f. n. protecting, governing; pres. p. par. of rt पाल with परि, 524.

परिप्रेप्सो: gen. sin. m. of परिप्रेप्सु: m. f. n. desirous of obtaining; (des. adj. formed from साप् with प्र and परि, see 82.VII, 503.)

परिभ्रुता nom. sin. f. of परिभ्रुत m. f. n. overwhelmed; past p. p. of rt मु with परि, 532.

परिश्रष्टमुखेन BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; परिश्रष्ट cr. fallen, deprived of, मुखेन ins. sin. m. from मुख n. joy, pleasure, 104.

परिवासरान् acc. pl. of परिवासर m. a year.

परिवारिता nom. sin. f. of परिवारित m. f. n. surrounded, encircled; past p. p. of rt वृ in caus. with परि.

परिवृता nom. sin. f. of परिवृत m. f. n. surrounded.

परिवृतागळत् for परिवृता खगळत् by 31.

परिशक्तिन् to suspect; inf. of rt शङ्क with परि, 459.

परिशुच्चित he or it dries up or is dried up; 3d sin. pres. of rt श्र्म with परि, 4th cl.

परिश्राने loc. sin. m. of परिश्रान m. f. n. wearied; past p. p. of rt श्रम् 546.

परिमोडशे: ins. of परिमोडश m. sixteen complete, exactly sixteen, (Used at Book XXVI. 2 for मोडशन्.)

परिष्त्रस्य having embraced or clasped; past ind. p. of rt सञ्ज with परि, 559.

परिसङ्घान् acc. pl. m. of परिसङ्घ m. f. n. resonant on all sides; past p. p. of rt युप् with सं and परि, 539.

परिस्वन for परिस्वन acc. sin. n. flowing down; pres. p. of rt सु with परि, 524.

परिहासो nom. sin. of परिहास m. joke, sport. परिहीनस् nom. sin. m. of परिहीन m. f. n. deprived of, destitute of, (governing abl.)

परीक्षां acc. sin. f. of परीक्षा f. trial, examination.

परीक्षितो nom. sin. m. of परीक्षित m. f. n. tried, examined; past p. p. of rt ईख with परि, 538.

परीता nom. sin. f. of परीत m. f. n. affected by. परेण ins. sin. m. or n of पर m. f. n. great, highest; best, excellent; another, other, 238. a.

परेण ind. beyond, above, over.

परेगापकृते for परेग अपकृते by 31.

परोत्रात.m.of परm.f.n. highest, greatest. परोश्चं acc. sin. n. of परोश्च m.f.n. beyond or out of sight, imperceptible, invisible.

परोक्षता nom. sin. f. imperceptibleness, the state of being unperceived or unknown.

पर्णादं acc. sin. of पर्णाद m. Parnáda, name of a Bráhman.

पर्णादवचनं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; पर्णाद cr. Parņáda, वचनं acc. sin.n. speech, words.

पर्णादस्य gen. sin. of पर्णाद् m. Parnáda. पर्णादो nom. sin. m. Parnáda, name of a Bráhman.

पर्णानि nom. pl. of पर्ण n. a leaf, 104.

पणीहारेस् ins. pl. feeding on leaves, पण cr. leaf, साहारेस् ins. pl. of साहार m. food, 761.

पर्येचरत he went round; 3d sin. impf. of rt चर to go, with परि, 1st cl. 261.

पर्यचिन्तपत् he reflected, he thought about; 3d sin. impf. of rt चिन्त् with परि, 10th cl. 283, 641.

पर्यदेवयत he or she bewailed or lamented; 3d sin. impf. of rt देव with परि, 10th cl. 283.

पर्यथावत he or she ran about; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt थाव् with परि, 1st cl. 261.

K k 2

पर्यपतन् they fell, they stooped down; 3d pl. impf. of rt पत् with परि, 1st cl. 261.

पर्पपृद्धत् he or she enquired about; 3d sin. impf. of rt प्रद्ध 6th cl. with परि, 631.

पर्याप्तः nom. sin. m. of पर्याप्त m.f.n. sufficient.

पर्युपासन् for पर्युपासन् he or she attended upon, waited on; 3d sin. impf. of rt आस with उप and परि, 2d cl. 317. a. This verb is properly of the átmane-pada only.

पयुषितं acc. sin. n. of पयुषित m. f. n. stale, profitless, flat, idle, low.

पर्वतम् acc. sin. of पर्वत m. a mountain.

पवेतराइ for पवेतराइ (41) TAT. OR DEP. comp. 743; पवेत cr. a mountain, UZ nom. sin. of राज् m. a king, 8th cl. 176.e.

पनेतज्ञ nom. sin. of पनेत m. Parvata, one of the ten Rishis or sages, a friend and rival of Nárada; see note under नारदः.

पर्वतच्छेष्ठ voc. sin. m. O best of mountains, 743. b.

पर्वतस्य gen. sin. of पर्वत m. a mountain, ist cl. 103.

पवेतस्यायवा for पवेतस्य अथवा by 31.

पनितांज्ञ for पनितान् acc. pl. of पनित m. a mountain.

पवैतान् acc. pl. of पवित m. a mountain.

पञ्चनापीडितं acc. sin. m. loaded with buds, TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; पञ्चन cr. a bud, and आपीडित m. f. n. laden, oppressed.

पललानि acc. pl. of पलल n. a pool, ist cl.

पवनः nom. sin. m. wind, breeze.

पञ्चाइ ind. afterwards, hereafter, 715.

पश्चिमाम् acc. sin. f. of पश्चिम m. f. n. western, evening; पश्चिमा वेला the evening time, the close of day.

पश्यत्स gen. sin. m. of पश्यत् m. f. n. seeing, looking on; pres. p. of rt दृश् 524.

पश्यताम् of them looking; gen. pl. m. of पश्यत् m. f. n., pres. p. par. of rt दृश् to see, 524.

पश्यित he sees; 3d sin. pres. of rt दुश् 604.

पञ्यन्ति they see; 3d pl. pres. of rt दृश् 1st cl. 604.

पञ्चामस् we see; ist pl. pres. of rt दृश् ist cl. 604.

पश्यामि I see, I experience or feel; 1st sin. pres. of rt दृश् 1st cl. 604.

पश्याम्यस्मिन् for पश्यामि ऋस्मिन् by 34.

पश्येषास् thou mayest see; 2d sin. pot. átm. of rt दृश् 604.

पश्येम we may see, we should see; ist pl. pot. of rt दृश् ist cl. 604.

पश्येषं I may see; 1st sin. pot. of rt दृश् 1st cl. 604.

पांशुगुरिस्तः: ТАТ. OR DEP. COMP. 740; पांशु cr. dust, गुरिस्तः: nom. sin. of गुरिस्त m.f. n. covered; past p. p. of rt गुरास् 538.

पांशुध्वसिश्राहिहा Bah.or Rel.comp. 761; पांशु cr. dust, ध्वस destroyed, spoilt, injured, fallen, श्रिरोहहा nom. sin. f. from श्रिरोहह m. the hair of the head.

पांशुभिश् ins. pl. of पांशु m. dirt, dust, 3d cl.

पाटयामास he clove asunder; 3d sin. perf. of rt पर in caus. 481, 385. a.

पाणि acc. sin. of पाणि m. the hand. पाणिभ्यां ins. du. of पाणि m. the hand, 110. पाण्डव O son of Pándu; voc. sin. of पाण्डव m. पाण्डवणा Ван. оп Rel. comp. 766; पाण्ड cr. pale, वर्णा nom. sin. f. from वर्ण m. colour, hue, complexion, 1st cl. 108.

पातमं acc. sin. n. sin, crime. पादधावनम् TAT. OR DEP. comp. 743; पाद cr. feet, धावनम् acc. sin. n. washing.

पादयो: gen. du. of पाद m. a foot, 1st cl. 103. पादरजसा TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; पाद cr. a foot, रजसा ins. sin. of रजस n. dust, 7th cl. 164.

पादाव for पादौ (37) acc. du. of पाद m. a foot. पानीयांचे for the sake of water, see 760. d,791. पापं nom. or acc. sin. of पाप n. sin, crime.

पाप: nom. sin. m. of पाप m.f. n. wicked, evil. पापकृतं nom. sin. n. evil deed, bad action;

(comp. of पाप and कृत, q. q. v. v.)

पापवृद्धिना BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; पाप cr. wicked, sinful, वृद्धिना ins. sin. m. from वृद्धि f. the mind, 119.

पापमति: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; पाप cr. sinful, depraved, मति: nom. sin. m. from मति f. the mind, see 119.

पापस nom. sin. m. of पाप m. f. n. wicked. पापां acc. sin.f. of पाप m. f. n. wicked, sinful. पापाइ abl. sin. of पाप n. sin.

पापो nom. sin. m. of पाप m. f. n. evil, wicked. पारं acc. sin. of पार m. the opposite side, the further bank or shore, the end.

पारगः See वेदपारगैः

पारिपदः nom. sin. m. a spectator, a person present at an assembly.

বাৰ্য voc. sin. O Arjuna. (Partha is a name of Arjuna, as one of the three sons of Pritha.)

पार्चिव voc. sin. of पार्चिव m. a king.

पार्चिवं acc. sin. of पार्चिव m. a king, 1st cl. 103. पार्चिवः nom. sin. of पार्चिव m. a king.

पार्चिवनन्दिनी TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; पार्चिव cr. a king, नन्दिनी nom. sin. f. a daughter, (lit. giver of joy.)

पार्चिवर्षेभ voc. sin. m. O most illustrious of kings! See पुरुपर्षेभ and 758.

पार्चिवश्रेष्ठः TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743. b; पार्चिव cr. a king, श्रेष्ठः nom. sin. m. of श्रेष्ठ m. f. n. best, most excellent.

पार्थिवसुतां TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; पार्थिव cr. a king, सुतां acc. sin. of सुता f. a daughter, 1st cl. 105.

पार्चिवाः for पार्चिवास् nom. pl. of पार्चिव, q.v. पार्चिवात्मज्ञाम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; पार्चिव cr. a king, and स्नात्मज्ञाम् acc. sin. f. of स्नात्मज्ञा a daughter, own daughter.

पार्थिवानां gen. pl. of पार्थिव m. a king. पार्थिवाञ्च nom. pl. of पार्थिव m. a king, 1st cl. 103.

पार्थिवेन्द्रेषु loc. pl., KARM. OR DES. COMP. 758; पार्थिव cr. king, इन्द्रेषु loc. pl. of - इन्द्र m. chief, 1st cl. 103.

पावक: nom. sin. m. fire.

पाज्ञवम् nom. sin. n. of पाञ्चव m. f. n. belonging to animals or beasts; (from पणु an animal, see 80. XII.)

पार्श्वोपपार्श्वयो: Dvan. or Agg. comp. 752; पार्श्व cr. the side, the ribs, the flank, उप-"पार्श्वयो: loc. du. of उपपार्श्व the other flank, (? the false or short rib, the lesser ribs.)

पितरं acc. sin. of पितृ m. a father, 4th cl.128. पितरः nom. pl. of पितृ m. a father.

पितरकोभी for पितरं च उभी by 60 and 32. पितरो for पितरस nom.pl. of पितृ m. a father.

पिता nom. sin. of पितृ m. a father, 128.

पितामहाः nom. pl. of पितामह m. a grandfather.

पितामहान् acc. pl. of पितामह m. a grandfather.

पितु: abl. sin. of पितृ m. a father, 128.

पितृर gen. sin. of पितृ m. a father, 128.

पितृस gen. sin. of पितृ m. a father, 128.

पितृन् acc. pl. of पितृ m. a father.

पिता ins. sin. of पितृ m. a father.

पिमुं acc. sin. of पिमु m. a mole, freckle.

पिमुना ins. sin. of पिमु m. a mole, freckle.
पिमुमब्बादनम् acc. sin. n. covering the mole;
(comp. of पिमु a mole or freckle, and मन्द्रा-

दन covering, agt. of rt छह with प, 582.c.) पिमुर nom. sin. of पिमु m. a freckle, mole in the skin.

पित्रस् nom. sin. of पित्रु m. a mark, freckle. पिशाची nom. sin. f. a spirit, a female imp. See next.

पिशाचोरगराञ्चसान् DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 748; पिशाच cr. an imp, an elf, a sprite, उरग cr. a serpent, राञ्चसान् acc. pl. of राञ्चस an evil spirit, see note under राञ्चसी. The Pisáća is a kind of evil spirit, mentioned several times by Manu, (see I. 37, 43; V. 50; XII. 44.) He is classed with Rákshasas and Yakshasa, who are described as eating flesh-meat and unclean food.

पीडा nom. sin. f. pain, suffering.

पौड्यमानः nom. sin. m. of पौड्यमान m.f.n. being afflicted; pres.p.pass. of rt पौड् 528.

पोड्यमानस् nom. sin. of पीड्यमान m. f. n. being pained, being afflicted.

पीनश्रोणिपयोधराम् Complex comp. 771; पीन swelling, full, round, श्रोणि cr. the hip, पयोधराम् acc. sin. f. from पयोधर m. the breast of a woman; see 108.

पीना for पीनास् nom. pl. m. of पीन m.f. n. muscular, robust, 1st cl. 103; (past p. p. of rt प्याय् or पे 547.)

पुष्पं acc. sin. of पुष्प m. f. n. sacred, holy, pure.

पुरायकृत nom. sin. m. acting piously, virtuous; (comp. of पुराय cr. pure, holy, and कृत m. a doer, 84, 1.)

पुराय जला BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; पुराय cr. pure, जला nom. sin. f. from जल n. water.

पुरस्थोन for पुरस्थान स् nom. sin. m. Punyasloka, a name of Nala. This name means properly 'celebrated in sacred song,' and is applied to other kings celebrated in Hindú poetry, as, for example, to Yudhishthira.

पुरमञ्जोक voc. sin. m. O Nala! See last.

पुरायश्चोकं acc. sin. of पुरायश्चोक m. Nala.

पुर्यश्चोकदिदृश्चया TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; पुर्यश्चोक cr. Punyasioka, a name of Nala, दिदृश्चया ins. sin. of दिदृश्चा f. desire of seeing, a noun formed from the desiderative of दृश् 500. c.

पुरुषश्चोत्रपराङ्मुखान् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 742; पुरुषश्चोत्र cr. Nala, पराङ्मुखान् acc. pl. m. of पराङ्मुख m.f. n. averse to, having the face averted, 1st cl. 103.

पुर्यम्बोकस्य gen. sin. of पुर्यम्बोक m. Puṇyaśloka.

पुरायश्चोकिति for पुरायश्चोक इति by 32.

पुष्पां acc. sin. f. of पुष्प m.f. n. pure, bright, 1st cl. 103.

पुरायाहवाचने TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743;

पुरमाह cr. a holyday, वाचने loc. sin. of वाचन n. declaration, proclamation; 'on the declaration of a holyday.'

पुराषे loc. sin. of पुराय m.f.n. pure, 1st cl. 187.

पुत्र m. a son. This word is properly written पुत्त, and is said to mean 'deliverer from hell.' Since the son delivers (तायते) his father from the hell called पुत्, he was therefore named पुत्त by Brahmá. (Manu IX. 138.) This accounts for the extreme desire entertained by the Hindús for male offspring. Thus Bhíma, like Daśaratha in the Rámáyana, and many others, performed the holiest acts for the sake of obtaining a son. The son alone by the offering of the funeral libation (śráddha) is supposed to procure rest for the departed spirit of the father.

पुतं acc. sin. of पुत m. a son.

पुत्रनिवेशने TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; पुत cr. son, निवेशने loc. sin. of निवेशन n. habitation, abode.

पुत्रयो: gen. du. of पुत m. a son, a child.

पुत्तचत् ind. like a son, as a son; (from पुत a son, affix चत् 724.)

पुतस्य gen. sin. of पुत m. a son.

पुतान् acc. pl. of पुत m. a son.

पुतास् nom. pl. of पुत m. a son.

पुतियों acc. sin. of पुतियों f. one who has borne male children.

पुतौ acc. du. m. of पुत m. a son, a child.

पुनः for पुनर् ind. again.

पुन: पुन: for पुन:पुनर ind. again and again. पुनर ind. again.

पुनरागमनं nom. sin. n. coming back again, returning; (comp. of पुनर again, and आगमन coming.)

पुनलीभान् for पुनलीभान् (47) abl. sin. of पुनलीभ m. recovery, obtaining again; (comp. of पुनर again, and लाभ acquisition.)

पुनश् for पुनर् ind. again.

पुनांसं acc. sin. of पुंस m. a man, 7th cl. 169.

पुमान nom. sin. of पुंस m. a man, a male; see 169.

पुरम् acc. sin. of पुर n. a city.

पुराष्ट्राणि DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 748; पुर cr. a city, राष्ट्राणि nom. pl. of राष्ट्र n. a kingdom, a country, 1st cl. 104.

पुरवासिन: nom. pl. m. of पुरवासिन् m. a citizen, a dweller in the city; (comp. of पुर cr. and वासिन्, q. q. v. v.)

gui ind. before, formerly, 714.

ytifu acc. pl. of yt n. a city.

पुराणो nom. sin. m. of पुराण m. f. n. ancient, existing of old.

पुरातनम् acc. sin. n. of पुरातन m. f. n. old, former.

पुराह abl. sin. of yt n. a city.

पुरों acc. sin. of पुरो f. a city.

पुरुष m. a man, 1st cl. 103.

पुरुषं acc. sin. of पुरुष m. a man.

पुरुषः nom. sin. of पुरुष m. a man.

पुरुषपेभ voc. sin. m. O excellent man! (comp. of पुरुष a man, and भूषभ a bull, used in comp. to denote eminent, see 758.)

पुरुषपेभम् acc. sin. m. See last.

पुरुपन्यात्र voc. sin. m. O excellent man! See पुरुपन्यात्रेर.

पुरुषव्यात्रस् nom. sin. m. an excellent man. See पुरुषव्यात्रेर.

पुरुषव्याघे loc. sin. m. See next.

पुरुषचाभैर KARM. OR DES. COMP. 758; पुरुष cr. a man, चाभैर ins. pl. of चाम a tiger; (used in comp. to denote excellent, eminent;) see 758.

पुरुपशादूलम् acc. sin. m. chief of men; (lit. tiger of men;) see 758.

पुरुषा for पुरुषास् nom. pl. m. of पुरुष m. a man.

पुरुषान् acc. pl. of पुरुष m. a man.

पुरुषेर for पुरुषेस ins. pl. of पुरुष m. a man, a servant, 1st cl. 103.

पुरुषो for पुरुषस् nom.sin.m. a man, a servant. पुरे loc. sin. of पुर n. a city, 1st cl. 104.

पुरेव for पुरा इव by 32.

प्रोक्ताम् acc. sin. f. of प्रपोक्त m. f. n. formerly spoken; (comp. of प्रपा formerly, and उक्त spoken, q. v.)

पुरोगमा: nom. sin. pl. of पुरोगम m.f.n. going before, travelling in front; (comp. of पुरस् in front, 64, and गम going.)

पुरोत्तमम् acc. sin. n. the best of cities, the mighty city; (comp. of पुर cr. city, and उत्तम, see 743. b.)

पुलिनहीपशोभिनां COMPLEX COMP. 771; पुलिन cr. sandbanks, shoals, होप cr. islands, शोभिनां acc. sin. f. of शोभिन m. f. n. adorned, beautiful.

पुष्करम् acc. sin. of पुष्कर m. See next.

पुष्करस्य gen. sin. of पुष्कर m. Pushkara, name of a king, the brother of Nala, ist cl. 103.

पुष्करस्याद्याः for पुष्करस्य सद्याः by 31.

पुष्करेणीवम् for पुष्करेण एवं by 33.

पुष्क लम् acc. sin. n. of पुष्क ल m.f. n. much, great.

पुष्पभङ्गः nom. sin. m. a festoon of flowers; (पुष्प a flower, भङ्ग a bend.)

पुष्पवृष्टि: Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; पुष्प cr. flowers, वृष्टि: nom. sin. f. a shower. The showering of flowers by some unseen heavenly beings on the head of the 'happy pair' on every auspicious occasion is a favourite device in the machinery of Hindú epics. So in Raghu-vansa II. 60 no sooner has king Dilípa offered himself to die for the sacred cow of his Bráhmanical preceptor, than a shower of flowers falls on him. Sítá's innocence was similarly attested.

पुष्पाणि nom. or acc. pl. of पुष्प n. a flower, 104.

पुष्पितं acc. sin. m. of पुष्पित m. f. n. blooming, flowering, flowery, in flower.

पूजया ins. sin. of पूजा f. honour, worship. पूजयामास he or she worshipped; 3d sin. perf. of rt पूज् 10th cl. 385. a.

पूजियत्वा having honoured; past ind. p. of rt पूज् 10th cl. 558.

पूजियमिति he will honour; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt पूज् 10th cl. 491.

पूजा nom. sin. f. worship, honour, homage. पूजां acc. sin. of पूजा f. worship, homage.

पूजाहीव् for पूजाहीं (37) acc. du. of पूजाही m. f. n. worthy of honour.

पूजित: nom. sin. m. honoured. See next. पूजिता: nom. pl.m. of पूजित m.f.n. honoured, past p. p. of rt पूज 538.

पूजितो nom. sin. m. of पूजित m.f. n. honoured; worshipped; past p. p. of rt पूज् 538.

पूरवनो filling; nom. pl. m. of पूरवत् pres. p. of rt प् 10th cl. 640, 524.

पूरयन for पूरयन (52) nom. sin. m. of पूरयत m. f. n. filling; pres. p. of rt पू 10th cl. 285, 524.

पूर्णेचन्द्रिनभां Anom. comp. 777; पूर्णे cr. full, चन्द्र cr. moon, निभां acc. sin. f. of निभ m. f. n: like, resembling.

पूर्णंचन्द्रनिभाननाम् Complex comp. 771; पूर्णं cr. full, चन्द्र cr. moon, निभ cr. like, खाननाम् acc. sin. f. from खानन n. the face, the countenance; see 108.

पूर्णंचन्द्रप्रभाम् Complex comp. 770; पूर्णं cr. full, चन्द्र cr. moon, प्रभाम् acc. sin. f. of प्रभा f. lustre.

पूर्णी for पूर्णीस् nom. pl. m. of पूर्ण m. f. n. full, filled.

पूर्णेन्दुवदनो BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; पूर्ण cr. full, इन्दु cr. moon, वदनो nom. sin. m. from वदन n. the face.

पूर्व ind. formerly, before, at first.

पूर्व दृष्टस् nom. sin. m. before seen; (comp. of पूर्व before, and दृष्ट, q. v.)

पृद्धन्या for पृद्धन्यास gen. sin. f. of पृद्धत् m. f. n. asking, enquiring; pres. p. of rt प्रद्ध 631, 524.

पृद्धामि I ask; 1st sin. pres. of rt प्रद्ध 6th cl. 631; see 873.

पृद्धेथा: thou mayest ask, ask thou; 2d sin. pot. átm. of rt प्रद्ध 6th cl. 631.

पृद्ध्यमाना nom. sin. f. of पृद्ध्यमान m. f. n. being asked; pres. p. pass. of rt प्रद्ध्

पृथिवी f. the earth, 1st cl. 106.

पृथिवीं acc. sin. of पृथिवी f. the earth.

पृणियोधित: nom. pl. of पृणियोधित m. an 'earth-possessor,' a king, 5th cl. 136; (पृणियो the earth, धित् a possessor.)

पृथ्विगेपित: nom. sin. m. lord of the earth, a king; (पृथ्विगे the earth, पित a lord.)

पृथिवीपतिम् acc. sin. m. lord of the earth. पृथिवीपते voc. sin. of पृथिवीपति m. lord of the earth, 2d cl. 110, 121, 743.

पृथियोपालः nom. sin. m. protector of the earth, a king. See next.

पृथिवीपालाः nom. pl. m. protectors of the earth. See next.

पृथिवीपालास् Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; पृथिवी cr. the earth, पालास् nom. pl. of पाल m. a protector, 1st cl. 103.

पृथिवीम् acc. sin. of पृथिवी f. the earth. पृथिव्यां loc. sin. of पृथिवी f. the earth.

पृथुचावैचितेद्यगः COMPLEX COMP. 771; पृथु cr. wide, large, चार्च for चार (34) cr. beautiful, अचित cr. curved, bent, ईक्षगः nom. sin. m. from ईक्षग n. the eye, 1st cl. 108.

पृथुप्रोचान् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; पृथु cr. broad, wide, प्रोचान् acc. pl. of प्रोच m. the nose or nostril (of a horse).

पृथुलोचन BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; पृथु cr. broad, large, लोचन voc. sin. from लोचन n. the eye.

पृथुश्रीर् for पृथुश्रीस् BAH. OR REL. COMP.

766; पृषु cr. great, wide, श्रीर nom. sin. of श्री f. prosperity, fortune, 123.

पृष्ट: nom. sin. m. of पृष्ट m. f. n. asked; past p. p. of rt पञ् 544.

पृष्ठा having asked; past ind. p. of rt प्रच् 556. पृष्ठतो ind. for पृष्ठतस् (64) behind, from behind, see 719. b.

पौता: nom. pl. of पौत m. grandson, son's son. पौतान acc. pl. of पौत m. a grandson.

पौरजना: nom. pl. of पौरजन m. a citizen. पौरजनो nom. sin. of पौरजन m. a citizen.

पौरजानपदाञ् DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 748; पौर cr. a citizen, जानपदाञ् nom. pl. of जानपद m. an inhabitant of the country, country-person, rustic, country-folk.

पौरा for पौरास nom. pl. of पौर m. a citizen. पौरांच्य for पौरान् च by 53.

पौरागाम् gen. pl. of पौर m. a citizen.

पौरान् acc. pl. of पौर m. a citizen.

पौर्णमासीम् acc. sin. of पौर्णमासी f. day of full moon.

N prep. before, forward, onward, on, forth.

प्रकल्पितः nom. sin. m. of प्रकल्पित m. f. n. fitted, arranged, placed.

प्रकारेर for प्रकारेस ins. pl. of प्रकार m. kind, manner, ist cl. 103.

प्रकाशनां acc. sin. of प्रकाशना f. glory, brightness.

মনুহুদ্দ turn thou, fix thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt ক with ম, 683.

प्रकृतयः for प्रकृतयस् ministers and citizens; nom. pl. of प्रकृति f. any requisite of regal administration.

प्रकृतयो for प्रकृतयस् nom. pl. ministers and citizens, 2d cl. 112. See last.

प्रकृष्टम् acc. sin. m. of प्रकृष्ट m. f. n. extended, drawn out, long (as a road).

प्रकोपाइ abl. sin. of प्रकोप m. anger, 1 st cl. 103. प्रश्वालनं nom. sin. n. washing, cleaning.

प्रशालनाथीय for the sake of washing; (comp. of प्रशालन washing, and अधीय dat. sin. for the sake of.)

मसास्य having washed, having cleansed; having rinsed (the mouth); past ind. p. of rt खल with प्र, toth cl. 559. Washing the mouth after food (XXIII. 23), which Damayantí in the height of her emotion does not forget, is a duty strictly enjoined in the Indian law. See Manu V. 145: 'Having slumbered, having sneezed, having eaten, having spitten, having told untruths, having drunk water, and going to read sacred books, let him, though pure, wash his mouth.'

प्रष्ट्यामि I will ask; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt प्रच् 631.

प्रस्थायमाने nins. sin. n. of प्रस्थायमान m. f. n. being celebrated, being talked about, spoken about; pres. p. of स्था in pass. with प्र, 528, 465. a.

মবিনুহি gather thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt বি
to collect, with ম, 5th cl. 583.

पनुत्रशु: they cried out; 3d pl. perf. of rt कुश् 364.

प्रज्ञता for प्रज्ञतास् nom. pl. m. of प्रज्ञत m. f. n. concealed, disguised; past p. p. of rt छह with प्र, 540.

प्रचाश् nom. pl. m. disguised. See last.

प्रयाती nom. sin. of प्रयात m. f. n. banished, expelled, fallen, degraded; past p. p. of rt यु with प्र, 532.

মন্ত্ৰাল he or she blazed or kindled; 3d sin. perf. of rt অল with ম, 364.

प्रजञ्चालेव for प्रजञ्चाल इव by 32.

प्रजा for प्रजास acc. pl. of प्रजा f. people, subjects, 1st cl. 105.

प्रजाकाम: for प्रजाकामस् desirous of offspring, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 762; प्रजा cr. offspring, काम: nom. sin. of काम m. desire, 1st cl. 103.

प्रजाकामस् nom. sin. m. desirous of offspring. प्रजाचे for the sake of offspring, Adv. comp. 791. See note under पुत.

प्रचलितस् nom. sin. m. of प्रचलित m. f. n. blazed forth; past p. p. of rt चल with प्र, 538, 896.

प्रसमे I salute, I bow before; 1st sin. pres. átm. of rt नम् with प्र, 1st cl. 261, 58.

प्रसम्य having bowed before; past ind. p. of rt नम् with प्र.

प्रणयम् acc. sin. of प्रणय m. affection, love, favour, 1st cl. 103.

प्रयास shew thou affection, give thy affection, bestow thy love; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt नो with प्र, 1st cl. 590. a, 58.

प्रणञ्जान they perish, they are destroyed; 3d pl. pres. of rt नश् with प्र, 4th cl. 58.

प्रसार्थ nom. sin. n. of प्रसार m. f. n. lost; past p. p. of rt नश् with प्र, 539.

प्रशेदुर they called out, they uttered cries; 3d pl. perf. of rt नद with प, 375. a.

प्रतस्ये he or she set out, proceeded or went onward; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt स्था with प्र, 364, 587.

usanta ind. toward, to; with regard to, about, concerning, 729, 730. c. In these senses generally a postposition. As a preposition it means against, back, back again.

प्रतिगृद्य having received; past ind. p. of rt यह with प्रति, 565.

प्रतिजग्नुर they returned or went back; 3d pl. perf. of rt गम् with प्रति, 602.

प्रतिजयाह he received or took in return; 3d sin. perf. of rt ग्रह with प्रति, 699.

प्रतिजानामि I assent to, I agree to; 1st sin.
pres. of rt ज्ञा with प्रति, 9th cl. 688.

प्रतिज्ञाय having promised; past ind. p. of rt ज्ञा with प्रति, 559.

प्रतिपत्नलुपस्य Anom. comp. 777; प्रतिपद् the first day of the moon's increase, कलुपस्य gen. sin. of कलुप m. f.n. opaque, dark.

प्रतिपत्कलुषस्येन्दोर् for प्रतिपत्कलुषस्य इन्दोर् by 32.

मितिपत्स्यसे thou wilt recover, thou wilt be restored to; 2d sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt पह with मिति, 405.

प्रतिपद्यस्त gain thou, win thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt पद with प्रति, 4th cl. 272.

प्रतिपद्यत he may find out, he may ascertain;

3d sin. pot. átm. of rt पद with प्रति, 4th cl. 272.

प्रतिपञ्चामि I behold, I look upon; ist sin. pres. of rt दृश् with प्रति, ist cl. 604.

प्रतिपाणः nom. sin. m. a counter-game, a counter-stake.

प्रतिपाणाय dat. sin. for a counter-game, for a counter-stake. See last.

प्रतिपाणो nom. sin. of प्रतिपाण m. a stake, a counter-stake, a thing staked against another thing, 1st cl. 103.

प्रतिबन्धेन ins. sin. of प्रतिबन्ध m. hindrance, impediment (for a hindrance).

प्रतिवृपाद he may answer, he may reply to; 3d sin. pot. of rt बू with प्रति, 2d cl. 649.

प्रतिभयं acc. sin. n. of प्रतिभय m. f. n. fearful, terrible.

प्रतिभाषसे thou dost answer or speak in reply; 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt भाष् with प्रति, 1st cl. 261.

प्रतियोत्सामि I shall fight against; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt युथ् with प्रति.

प्रतिवचस् nom. sin. n. an answer, 7th cl. 164. प्रतिवचो for प्रतिवचस् acc. sin. of प्रतिवचस् n. an answer.

प्रतिवाक्यं acc. sin. of प्रतिवाक्य n. an answer. प्रतिवाक्ये loc. sin. of प्रतिवाक्य n. an answer.

प्रतिश्रयः nom. sin. m. abode, dwelling.

प्रतिश्रुत्य having promised; past ind. p. of rt श्रु with प्रति, 560.

प्रतिष्ठितः nom. sin. m. of प्रतिष्ठित m. f. n. famous, celebrated.

प्रतीश्च wait thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt इंश्व with प्रति, 605.

प्रतिश्चे I expect, I wait for, I look toward; 1st sin. pres. dtm. of rt ईस with प्रति.

प्रत्यक्षं ind. in the sight of, visibly, 713.

प्रसद्धनं the power of perceiving the (godhead) present (in the sacrifice), Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; प्रसद्ध cr. visible, present to the eye, दर्शनं nom. sin. of दर्शन n. perception, seeing, 1st cl. 104.

प्रापनन्दत he attended, he gave heed to, he

saluted; (in Book XXIV. 44) he fondled; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt नन्द् with प्रति, 1st cl. 261.

प्रत्यभापत he or she answered or addressed, he spoke to; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt भाष् with प्रति, 1st cl. 261.

प्रत्यवेदयत् he declared, he made known; 3d sin.impf.of rt विद् in caus. with प्रति, 481.

प्रत्यवेदयन् they announced; 3d pl. impf.

प्रताख्याता for प्रताख्यातास् nom. pl. m. of प्रताख्यात m. f. n. rejected, refused; past p. p. of rt ख्या with खा and प्रति, 532.

प्रतास्थासि thou rejectest, thou refusest; 2d sin. pres. of rt स्था with सा and प्रति, 2d cl. 307.

प्रतास्यास्यास thou wilt refuse, thou shalt reject; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt स्था with आ and प्रति.

प्रत्याह he answered; 3d sin. perf. of defective rt सह with प्रति, 384. b.

प्रताहरन्ती nom. sin. f. of प्रताहरत् uttering; pres. p. par. of rt ह with आ and प्रति, 34, 524.

प्रताहत्य having recovered or taken back; past ind. p. of rt ह with आ and प्रति, 560.

प्रमुवाच he or she answered; 3d sin. perf. of rt वच with प्रति (34), see 375. c.

प्रत्यवाचाय for प्रत्युवाच अथ by 31.

प्रत्युस् they answered; 3d pl. perf. of rt वच with प्रति, 375. c, 650.

प्रतेस having returned; past ind. p. of rt इ with जा and प्रति, 560.

प्रथम m. f. n. first, 208.

प्रथमं ind. at first.

प्रदर्श he gave; 3d sin. perf. of rt दा with प्र,

प्रदथ्मी he thought; 3d sin. perf. of rt धी with प, 374, 595. b.

प्रदातवा: nom. sin. m. of प्रदातवा m. f. n. to be given, to be granted; fut. pass. p. of rt दा with प्र, 569.

प्रदाय having given, having given away; past ind. p. of rt दा with प्र, 559, 663. प्रदायास्य for प्रदाय सस्य by 31.

प्रदिशनु let them show, let them point out; 3d pl. imp. of rt दिश with प, 6th cl. 583.

प्रदीमा nom. sin. f. of प्रदीम m. f. n. set on fire, inflamed; past p. p. of rt दीप with प्र.

प्रदीमेव for प्रदीमा इव by 32.

महुद्भुद्धः they ran away, they fled; 3d pl. perf. of rt दू 592, 368.

प्रदुष्पित they are corrupted; 3d pl. pres. of rt दुष् with प्र, 4th cl.

पदेशित nom. sin. m. of पदेशित m. f. n. urged, directed; past p. p. of rt दिश् in caus. with प, 549.

पदुते loc. sin. m. of पदुत m. f. n. fled, having fled; past p. p. of rt दू with प, 532, 896.

प्रथमितृम् to force, to violate; inf. of rt भूष् 10th cl. with प्र, 459.

प्रधावय ye do run away; 2d pl. pres. of rt धाव् with प्र, 1st cl. 261.

प्रपन्नं acc. sin. m. or n. of प्रपन्न. See next.

प्रपत्ना nom. sin. f. of प्रपत्न m. f. n. taken refuge with, gone towards, arrived at; past p. p. of rt पद with प्र, 540.

प्रपन्नास्मि for प्रपन्ना छस्मि by 31.

प्रपत्नो nom. sin. m. of प्रपत्न m. f. n. gone towards, depending on (as a refuge).

प्रपञ्चित्र ins. pl. of प्रपञ्चत m. f. n. looking, foreseeing; pres. p. of rt दृश with प्र.

प्रपञ्चित्त they see, they discover; 3d pl. pres. of rt दृश् with प्र, 604.

प्रपञ्चानि I see, I foresee; ist sin. pres. of rt दृश् with प्र.

प्रभवा ins. sin. of प्रभा f. splendour, brightness, beauty.

प्रभां acc. sin. of प्रभा f. light, lustre.

प्रभावेन ins. sin. of प्रभाव m. power.

प्रभाषितम् acc. sin.n. of प्रभाषित m.f. n. spoken, uttered; past p. p. of rt भाष् with प्र, 538.

प्रभाषेषं I may speak to, I may converse with; 1st sin. pot. of rt भाष with प्र, 1st cl. 261.

My m. a lord, a master, a king, 3d cl. 111.

प्रभुं acc. sin. of प्रभु m. a lord, noble.

प्रभ: nom. sin. of प्रभु m. a lord, noble, illustrious, 3d cl. 111.

प्रभूत यवसेन्धनम् Complex comp. 771; प्रभूत cr. abundant, abounding in, यवस cr. meadow-grass, fresh grass, इन्धनम् acc. sin. n. of इन्धन n. wood (for fuel).

प्रभो O king, O lord; voc. sin. of प्रभु.

प्रमत्तस्य gen. sin. of प्रमत्त m.f. n. not observing, not noticing, inattentive, careless.

प्रमदावने in the private pleasure-grounds, Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; प्रमदा cr. a woman, वने loc. sin. of वन n. a grove, a garden, 1st cl. 103. This word properly denotes a garden set apart for the females of the palace.

प्रमाणं nom. sin. of प्रमाण n. authority, proof; an authority, a judge, 1st cl. 104; the nom. sin. n. is often used in apposition to a masculine or feminine noun in the plural. प्रमाणं भवनस् your honours are the authority, i. e. it is yours to decide.

प्रमाणात् abl. sin. of प्रमाण n. proof.

प्रमुखे ind. in front, opposite.

प्रमुचन: nom. pl. of प्रमुचत् m.f.n. uttering, emitting; pres. p. par. of rt मुच् with प्र, 6th cl. 524.

प्रमृष्टमणिजुराङलाः Сомрых сомр. 771; प्रमृष्ट cr. polished, rubbed, bright, मणि cr. a gem, a jewel, जुराङलाः nom. pl. from কুয়াङ n. an earring, 1st cl. 108.

प्रयतः nom. sin. m. of प्रयत m. f. n. dutiful, pious, self-restrained.

प्रयतन्तु let them strive; 3d pl. imp. of rt यत् with प्र, 1st cl. 261. This root is more commonly used in átmane-pada.

प्रयत्त्रयम् nom. sin. n. of प्रयत्त्रय m. f. n. to be endeavoured; fut. pass. p. of rt यत् with प, 569. Observe—प्रयतितय् would be the usual form.

प्रयमो he set out for, he departed, he proceeded; 3d sin. perf. of rt या with प्र.

प्रयाणे loc. sin. of प्रयाण n. the crupper (?) or the hind part or haunch of a horse or other animal.

प्रयात loc. sin. m. of प्रयात m. f. n. gone towards, advanced, advancing; past p. p. of rt या with प्र, 532, 896. a.

प्रयुज्य having performed; past ind. p. of rt युज् with प्र, 559.

प्रयोजनम् nom. sin. n. object, occasion, business.

प्रहरीद he wept, he burst into tears; 3d sin. perf. of rt रह with प्र, 364.

प्रलभया for प्रलभयास् nom.pl.m.of प्रलभय m.f.n. to be deceived; fut. pass. p. of rt लभ् with प्र, 569.

मलमो nom. sin. m. of मलम m.f.n. deceived; past p. p. of rt लभ् with म, 539.

प्रलापानि acc. pl. n. from प्रलाप a lamentation.

प्रवद्स speak thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt वह with प्र.

प्रवर्तनां let it proceed; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt वृत् with प्र, 1st cl. 598.

प्रवर्तेस thou dost act; 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt वृत् with प्र, 1st cl. 598.

प्रविश he or she entered; 3d sin. perf. of rt विश with प्र, 364.

प्रविशनं acc. sin. m. of प्रविशत् m. f. n. entering; pres. p. par. of rt विश् with प्र, 524.

प्रविश्वनतीं acc. sin. f. of प्रविश्वत् m. f. n. entering; pres. p. par. of rt विश् with प्र, 524.

দবিয়াদি I enter; (in Book XXI. 10) I throw myself into; 1st sin. pres. of rt বিয় with ম, 6th cl. 278.

प्रविज्य having entered; past ind. p. of rt विज्ञ with प्र, 559.

प्रविष्ट: nom. sin. of प्रविष्ठ entered, (with the sense in Book IV. 25 of I entered, 896.)

प्रविष्टा nom. sin. f. of प्रविष्ट m. f. n. entered; past p. p. of rt विञ्च with प्र, 539, 896.

प्रविष्टो for प्रविष्टस् nom. sin. m. of प्रविष्ट m.f. n. entered. प्रवेह्यसि thou shalt enter; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt विश्व with प, 411.

प्रवेष्ट्यसीति for प्रवेष्ट्यसि इति by 31.

प्रवेह्मामि I shall or will enter; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt विञ् with प्र, 411.

प्रवेशयामास he or she caused to enter; 3d sin. 2d pret. of rt विश् in caus. with प्र, 490.

प्रवेश्यताम् let him be caused to enter, let him be introduced; 3d sin. pres. of rt विश् in caus. pass. with प्र, 496.

प्रवेष्टुं to enter; inf. of rt विश् with प्र, 459.

प्रशंसिद्धर् ins. pl. of प्रशंसत् m.f.n. praising; pres. p. par. of rt शंस with प्र, 524.

पश्चंसु: for प्रश्नांसुस they praised; 3d pl. perf. of rt शंस with प्र to praise, 364.

प्रशास्य they praised. See last.

प्रशाखिका: nom. pl. of प्रशाखिका f. a small branch or twig.

प्रशाने loc. sin. m. of प्रशान m.f.n. tranquillised, made quiet; past p. p. of rt शम् 546.

प्रशासतम् acc. sin. m. of प्रशासत् m. f. n. governing, ruling; pres. p. par. of rt शास with प्र, see 141. a.

प्रशासिता nom. sin. of प्रशासितृ m. a ruler, 4th cl. 127.

प्रथ्यो nom. sin. m. to be asked, to be consulted; fut. pass. p. of rt प्रच्छ 569, 631.

प्रसङ्घा nom. sin. m. attachment for, fondness for; (governing the loc. sin.)

प्रसन्नसिललां BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; प्रसन्न cr. clear, सिललां acc. sin. f. from सिलल n. water.

प्रसन्नो for प्रसन्नस् nom. sin. of प्रसन्न m. f. n. graciously disposed, propitious, pleased; past p. p. of rt सद्ध with प्र, 540.

प्रसादं acc. sin. of प्रसाद m. favour, kindness.

प्रसीदतु let him be favourable; 3d sin. imp. of rt सह with प्र, 1st cl. 599. a.

प्रस्थापयामास he or she despatched, he or she sent; 3d sin. 2d pret. of rt स्था in caus. with प्र.

प्रस्थाप्य having despatched; past ind. p. of rt स्था in caus. with प्र, 566.

प्रस्थितं acc. sin. m. of प्रस्थित m. f. n. proceeding onward; past p. p. of rt स्था with प, 587, 896. a.

प्रस्थिता for प्रस्थितास् nom. pl. m. of प्रस्थित m. f. n. set out, setting out.

प्रस्थिता: nom. pl. m. of प्रस्थित m. f. n. setting out, departing; प्रस्थिता: स्म we are about to set out; see स्म for समस्.

प्रस्थितो nom. sin. m. of प्रस्थित m. f. n. set out, departed.

प्रहसन् nom. sin. m. of प्रहसन् m. f. n. laughing, smiling; pres. p. of rt हस with प्र, 524.

प्रहसन्ति they mock, they laugh at; 3d pl. pres. of rt हस् with प्र, 1st cl. 261.

पहसन् for प्रहसन् (q.v.) nom. sin. m. of प्रहसन् m. f. n. smiling, see 52.

महस्य having smiled or laughed; past ind. p. of rt हस् with म, 559.

प्रहस्येन्द्रो for प्रहस्य इन्द्रो by 32.

प्रहास्पति he or it shall cease, he or it shall depart; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt हा with प्र, 665.

महरः nom. sin. m. of महर m. f. n. joyful, rejoiced.

प्रहण्ननसः BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; प्रहण्ट cr. rejoiced, मनसः nom. pl. m. from मनस् n. the mind, 7th cl. 163.

पहणाना BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; प्रहण् cr. rejoiced, स्नात्मा nom. sin. m. mind, 146.

महष्टेन ins. sin. of महष्ट m. f. n. delighted, pleased, rejoiced; past p. p. of rt हुप् with म, 539.

प्रहृष्टेनानारात्मना for प्रहृष्टेन अनारात्मना by

पाक्रोशह for पाक्रोशत he or she called out to, she shrieked out; 3d sin. 1st pret. of rt कुश with प, 1st cl. 261.

মার: nom. sin. m. of মার m. f. n. wise, intelligent.

प्राज्ञायत he was known; 3d sin. 1st pret. of rt ज्ञा in pass. with प्र.

দাস্ত্রলথ: nom. pl. of দাস্ত্রলৈ m. f. n. joining the hands respectfully.

पाञ्चलिस् for पाञ्चलिस् nom. sin. m. or f. of पाञ्चलि m. f. n. joining the hands reverentially, 2d cl. 110.

प्राणमातां acc. sin. of प्राणमाता f. support of life, subsistence; (comp. of प्राण breath, and याता support.)

प्राणयोश् gen. or loc. du. of प्राण m. life, (in this sense often used in the plural.)

प्राणा for प्राणास् nom. pl. of प्राण m. breath, ist cl. 103.

प्राणांश् for प्राणान् acc. pl. of प्राण m. breath, life.

प्राणान् acc. pl. of प्राण m. breath. (The plural प्राणान् may be used to denote life.)

प्राचन ins. sin. of प्राच m. life, breath.

प्राणेश्वरम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; प्राण cr. life, ईश्वरम् acc. sin. m. lord.

प्रातिष्ठत् he proceeded, he travelled on; 3d sin. impf. of rt स्था with प्र, 587.

प्रातिष्ठद् for प्रातिष्ठत्. See last.

मादात he or she gave; 3d sin. aor. of rt दा with म, see 438.

प्रादाद for प्रादात he gave; 3d sin. aor.

प्राद्भवह for प्राद्भन he or she ran towards, he or she fled or ran away; 3d sin. impf. of rt हु with प्र, 1st cl. 592.

माद्रवन् for माद्रवत् (47) he ran on, he ran away. See last.

সাप he or she obtained; 3d sin. perf. of rt স্থাप with স, 364. a.

দাস m. f. n. reached, obtained, gained; past p. p. of rt আঘ with দ, 681.

प्राप्त acc. sin. m. of प्राप्त m. f. n. arrived.

पাসকালেদ্ acc. sin. m. the time arrived, the time come; or, as a Bah. comp., who or what has reached his or its time; (comp. of पाম cr. arrived, and কালেদ্ acc. sin. of কাল m. time, 1st cl. 103.)

पाসকালम্ ind. opportunely, choosing the right time. See last.

पाप्तयौवनाम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; प्राप्त cr. reached, attained, यौवनां acc. sin. f. from यौवन n. youth, bloom, 1st cl. 108.

प्राप्तवती nom. sin. f. of प्राप्तवत m. f. n. obtained, incurred; past act. p. of rt आप with प्र, 553. प्राप्तवती असि thou hast incurred, see 897.

प्राप्तवत्यसि for प्राप्तवती स्नसि by 34.

प्राप्तवत्यहम् for प्राप्तवती सहम् by 34.

प्राप्तचं nom. sin. n. of प्राप्तच m. f. n. to be possessed, to be obtained; fut. pass. p. of rt आप with प्र, 569.

দামা nom. sin. f. of দাম m. f. n. reached, arrived at.

प्राप्ता for प्राप्तास् nom. pl. m. of प्राप्त m. f. n. arrived.

प्राप्तृम् to obtain; inf. of rt आप with प्र, 459,681.

দাম loc. sin. of দাম m. f. n. obtained, arrived; past p. p. of rt স্থাব্ with দ, 539.

দামী nom. sin. m. of দাম m. f. n. reached, arrived, obtained.

মামানি he or she obtains or possesses; 3d sin. pres. of rt স্থাব্ with ম, 681.

प्राप्त having obtained, having reached; past ind. p. of rt आप with प्र, 559.

प्राप्स्यति he or she will obtain or incur; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt साप with प्र, 681.

प्राप्स्यत्वनुव्रता for प्राप्स्यति अनुव्रता by 34.

प्राप्स्यिस thou wilt obtain; 2d sin. 2d fut.

प्रापाद he went, he proceeded; 3d sin. impf. of rt या with प्र, 2d cl. 644.

प्रार्थियनो nom. pl. m. of प्रार्थियत् m. f. n. asking for, seeking, soliciting, wooing; pres. p. par. of rt अर्थ with प्र, 10th cl. 642, 141.

प्राचियेद् he may demand; 3d sin. pot. of rt अर्थ with प, 10th cl. 283.

प्रार्थितं nom. sin. n. of प्रार्थित m. f. n. de-

sired, sought, required; past p. p. of rt अर्थ with प्र, 538.

प्राचतत he or it proceeded, he or it went on; 3d sin. impf. of rt वृत with प्र.

प्राविश्वत् he entered; 3d sin. impf. of rt विश् with प्र, 6th cl. 278.

माविशद for माविशत he entered. See last. मावृणोद he put on, he covered (himself); 3d sin. impf. of rt वृ with म, 5th cl. 675.

মাহ্য having tasted; past ind. p. of rt অস্
to eat, with ম, 559.

मासादगता nom. sin. f. gone to (the roof of) the palace; (comp. of मासाद cr. palace, and गत gone, 545; see also 739. a.)

प्रासादगतापश्यद् for प्रासादगता अपश्यद् by 31.

प्रासादतलम् Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; प्रा-साद cr. palace, तलम् acc. sin. of तल n. surface. In this compound तल denotes the flat-terraced roof.

प्रासादस्या nom. sin. f. standing on the palace; (comp. of प्रासाद a palace, and स्य staying, 580.b.)

प्रासादस्याञ् nom. pl. m. or f. standing on the palace; (comp. of प्रासाद cr. palace, and स्थ staying, 580.b.)

मास्यापगद् he or she sent or despatched, he dismissed; 3d sin. impf. of rt स्था in caus. with म, 483.

प्रास्वद् he or it flowed; 3d sin. impf. of rt सू with पा, 1st cl. 261.

प्रियं voc. sin. m. of प्रियं m. f. n. dear, kind. प्रियं a kindness, a favour; acc. sin. n. of प्रियं m. f. n. kind, favourable, dear.

प्रियं acc. sin. m. or n. of प्रिय m. f. n. dear, agreeable.

प्रियकारियो nom. sin. f. of प्रियकारिन m. f. n. doing what is pleasing, acting kindly; (from प्रिय dear, and कारिन, 159.)

प्रियद्शेन BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; प्रिय

cr. pleasant, दर्शन voc. sin. m. from दर्शन n. aspect, 108.

प्रियविनाकृतम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; प्रिय cr. dear, beloved, विनाकृतम् nom. sin. n. abandoned, deserted.

प्रिया nom. sin. f. dear one, beloved one.

प्रियां acc. sin. f. of प्रिय m. f. n. dear, beloved. प्रियालताल खर्जुरहरीतकी विभीतकै: DVAN.

OR Agg. COMP. 748; प्रियाल cr. the Priyala, a tree commonly called Piyal (Buchanania latifolia), ताल cr. the palmyra or palm-tree, खनूर cr. the date-tree, हरीतकी cr. yellow myrobalan (Terminalia chebula), विभीतके: ins. pl. of विभीतक m. beleric myrobalan (Terminalia belerica).

प्रियास्तीत्मव्रयोः for प्रिया स्रस्ति इति स्ववीः by 31 and 34.

प्रियेर ins.pl.m. of प्रिय m.f.n. dear, cherished. भोत: nom. sin. m. of भीत m. f. n. pleased, satisfied.

प्रोति: nom. sin. of प्रोति f. joy, pleasure, 2d cl. 112.

मोतिम् acc. sin. of मोति f. happiness, joy. मोतिस् for मोतिम् nom.sin.f.pleasure,delight. मोतिम् nom. sin. of मौति f. joy, pleasure.

प्रीतेन ins. sin. m. of प्रीत m. f. n. pleased. प्रीतो nom. sin. m. of प्रीत m. f. n. pleased.

प्रोती nom. du. m. of प्रीत m. f. n. pleased, delighted; past p. p. of rt प्री 532.

भीत्या ins. sin. of मीति f. joy, pleasure.

प्रीयमाणः nom. sin. of प्रीयमाण m. f. n. being pleased; pres. p. pass. of rt प्री 528.

प्रेक्षमाणायाः gen. sin. of प्रेक्षमाण m. f. n. looking on; pres. p. átm. of rt ईख with प्र, 526.

प्रेष्ट्य having observed; past ind. p. of rt ईख with **u**, 559.

प्रेषयानास he or she sent; 3d sin. perf. of rt इष in caus. with प्र, 385.

प्रेमियतुम् to send; inf. of rt इष् in caus. with प्र, 481, 459.

प्रेपितं nom. sin. n. of प्रेपित m. f. n. sent; past p. p. of rt इप् with प्र, 538.

प्रेषित: nom. sin. of प्रेपित m. f. n. sent.

प्रेष्पतां acc. sin. of प्रेष्पता f. servitude.

प्रेचा: nom. pl. of प्रेच m. a messenger, servant.

प्रोक्ता nom. sin. f. of प्रोक्त m. f. n. addressed; past p. p. of rt वच् with प, 543.

मोहुष्टां acc. sin. f. of मोहुष्ट m.f. n. resonant, resounding.

### 邛.

फलं nom. sin. n. fruit, consequence, result.

फलपुष्पोपशोभिता: Complex comp. 771; फल cr. fruits, पुष्प cr. flowers, उपशोभिता: nom. pl. m. of उपशोभित m. f. n. adorned.

फलमूलानि Dvan. or Agg. comp. 748; फल cr. fruit, मूलानि acc. pl. of मूल n. a root, 1st cl. 104.

দান মুলাম্নাম্ acc. sin. f. feeding on fruits and roots; (comp. of দাল cr. fruits, মূল cr. roots, and অম্বন eating, an eater.)

फलवन्तं acc. sin. m. of फलवत् m. f. n. bearing fruit, frugiferous, covered with fruit, 140.

फलसहस्रे nom. du. n. two thousand fruits; (comp. of फल fruit, and सहस्र a thousand, 206.)

फलानि nom. pl. of फल n. fruit, 104.

#### व.

विश्वजः acc. pl. of विश्वज् m. a merchant, a trader, 8th cl. 176.

विश्वा for विश्वज्ञस् nom. pl. of विश्वज्ञ m. a merchant.

वधातां acc. sin. of वधाता f. destruction, fitness to be killed, 1st cl. 105.

वधाज्ञ nom. sin. m. of वधा m. f. n. to be killed, worthy of death, to be put to death; fut. pass. p. of rt वध् 571.

बन्धुजनः nom. sin. m. kinsfolk, relations.

बन्धुजनेन ins. sin. of बन्धुजन m. kinsfolk;

(comp. of ৰন্ধু a kinsman, a relative, and বন a person.)

वन्धुवनीञ् nom. pl. of बन्धुवर्गे m. the whole body of (one's) relations; (comp. of बन्धु a kinsman, and वर्गे a class, tribe.)

वन्धून् acc. pl. of वन्धु m. a relation, kinsman.

नभूव he or she was or became; 3d sin. 2d pret. of rt भू 585.

ৰল n. an army, a force, 1st cl. 104.

ਕਲੇ acc. sin. of ਕਲ n. power.

बलवृत्तिष्द्रन Complex comp. 770; बल cr. name of a demon, वृत्त cr. name of another demon, निष्द्रन voc. sin. of निष्द्रन m. a slayer, a killer, 1st cl. 103, 582. c. See next.

ৰকৰ্মনা a name of Indra, as the destroyer of two demons called Bala and Vritra; (Complex comp. 770; ৰক cr. name of a demon, ব্য name of another demon, হা nom. sin. of হন m. a slayer, 6th cl. 157.)

ৰাজন m. f. n. strong, powerful, 6th cl. 159. ৰাজন nom. sin. m. of ৰাজন m. f. n. strong, mighty, 6th cl. 159.

बलेन ins. sin. of बल n. an army.

बलैंर for बलैस ins. pl. of बल, q.v.

बहवः nom. pl. m. of बह m. f. n. many.

बहवो for बहवस् nom. pl. of बहु m.f.n. many.

बहु nom. sin. n. of बहु m. f. n. much.

बहु ind. much, exceedingly, 713.

बहुक ल्याण voc. sin. m. O most noble; (comp. of बहु cr. much, and कल्याण noble.)

बहुतिये loc. sin. m. or n. of बहुतिय m. f. n. many, much.

बहुधा ind. in many ways, much, 723.

बहुपुष्पफलोपेतं COMPLEX COMP. 771; वह cr. many, पुष्प cr. flowers, फल cr. fruits, उपेतं acc. sin.n. of उपेत m.f. n. possessed of, having.

बद्धवद्धप्रलापिनः Complex comp. 770; बहु cr. much, अबद्ध unmeaning, foolish, प्रलापिनः gen. sin. m. of प्रलापिन् m. f. n. talking, speaking, agt. of Ry with y, 582. a.

बहुभिर् for बहुभिस् ins. pl. m. of बहु m. f. n. many, 3d cl. 110.

बहुमता nom. sin. f. much loved; (comp. of बहु much, and मत m. f. n. esteemed, loved, 545.)

बहुमतो for बहुमतस् nom. sin. m. much esteemed, much valued.

बहुमूलफलान्विताः COMPLEX COMP. 771; बहु cr. many, मूल cr. a root, फल cr. a fruit, खन्विताः nom. pl. of खन्वित m. f. n. provided with, furnished with.

बहुला for बहुलास acc. pl. f. of बहुल many, see 821.

बहुला: nom. pl. m. of बहुल m.f. n. many.

बहुविधे: ins. pl. m. of बहुविध m. f. n. of various kinds, of many sorts, 1st cl. 103.

बहुच्यालिन्मेविते Complex comp. 771; वहु cr. many, च्याल cr. a snake (also a wild beast), निमेविते loc. sin. of निमेवित m.f. n. infested by, inhabited by; past p. p. of rt सेव् with नि, 70, 538.

बहुश for बहुशस् ind. very much.

बहुशः for बहुशस् ind. often, frequently.

बहु शो for बहु शस ind. much, exceedingly, 725. बहुन् acc. pl.m. of बहु m.f.n. many, 3d cl. 110.

बान्धवान् acc. pl. of बान्धव m. a relation, a kinsman.

ৰালক acc. sin. of ৰালক m. a son, a child, ist cl. 103.

बालको nom. du. m. of बालक m. f. n. young. बालभावे loc. sin. of बालभाव m. state of childhood, childhood; (comp. of बाल a child, and भाव state.)

ৰালা nom. sin. of ৰালা f. a girl, a maiden, ist cl. 105.

ৰালা nom. sin. f. of ৰাল m. f. n. young.

बाला for बालास् nom. pl. of बाल m. a youth, a child.

बाल्पाद abl.sin.of बाल्प n.childhood, infancy.

बाह्य: nom. pl. of बाहु m. an arm, 3d cl. 110. बाह्यार gen. du. of बाहु m. an arm, 3d cl. 110. बिभिष् thou bearest or wearest, thou possessest; 2d sin. pres. of rt भू 3d cl. 332, 583.

वृद्धि acc. sin. of वृद्धि f. the mind, intellect, 2d cl. 112; वृद्धि प्रकृष्ण turn thy mind or thy thoughts, make up thy mind.

वृद्धिः nom. sin. f. the mind; वृद्धिं कृ to set the mind on, to direct the mind towards anything.

वृद्धिपूर्वेशि nom. pl. n. preceded by intention, intentionally, designedly; (comp. of बुद्ध mind, intention, and पूर्व preceded by, 777.d.)

वृद्धिर्मितः वृद्धिस् nom. sin. f. mind, 2d cl. 112. वृद्धिसम्मितः TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; वृद्धि cr. understanding, सम्मितः ins. pl. m. of सम्मित m. f. n. corresponding to, conformable to, of equal measure with.

वुद्धा ins. sin. of वृद्धि f. mind, 2d cl. 112. बुद्धाय for बुद्धा ऋष by 31.

वृद्धा having become awake, having awaked; past ind. p. of rt वृध.

बुध्यसे thou knowest; 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt बुध् 4th cl. 614.

बुध्येत he or she may know; 3d sin. pot. átm. of rt बुध् 4th cl. 614.

बुध्येथास् thou mayest know or learn, know thou; 2d sin. pot. átm. of rt बुध् 4th cl. 614.

बुबुधे he or she awoke; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt बुध् 614.

ब्रवोमि I say, I tell; 1st sin. pres. of rt ब्र्2d cl. 649.

ब्रह्मएयः nom. sin. m. of ब्रह्मएय m. f. n. religious, pious.

ब्रह्मणो for ब्रह्मण्यस् nom. sin. m. of ब्रह्मण्य m. f. n. religious, pious, 1st cl. 103.

ब्रह्मिश्चश्च abl. pl. of ब्रह्मिण. a Brahmarshi, a divine or Brahmanical saint, 2d cl. 110. According to the Vishņu Purána there are three kinds of Rishis or saints: 1.

Brahmarshis or saints who are sons of Brahmá, and dwell in his sphere, such as Maríći, Atri, Vasishtha, &c.; 2. Devarshis or semi-divine saints, dwelling in the sphere of the gods; 3. Rájarshis or royal saints, such as Viśvámitra and others who were kings and men of the second class, but who gained the rank of Rishi by the practice of austerities. Four other classes of Rishis are enumerated in the Amarakosha, viz. 1. Maharshis, great saints; 2. Paramarshis, most excellent saints; 3. Kándarshis, saints who teach a particular Kánda or section of the Vedas; 4. S'rutarshis or inspired saints.

त्रसर्पिर् for त्रसर्पिस् nom. sin. of त्रसर्पि m. a divine saint.

ब्रायणस् nom. sin. m. a Bráhman or man of the first class; see note under विशास्पते.

ब्राह्मणा for ब्राह्मणास् nom. pl. of ब्राह्मण m. a Bráhman.

बाद्यणांज् for बाद्यणान् (53) acc. pl. of बाद्यण m. a Bráhman.

बाद्यणाः nom. pl. of बाद्यण m. a Bráhman. बाद्यणान् acc. pl. of बाद्यण m. a Bráhman.

बासणाञ् for बासणास् nom. pl. of बासण m. a Bráhman.

ब्राह्मणास् nom. pl. of ब्राह्मण m. a Bráhman. ब्राह्मणेन ins. sin. of ब्राह्मण m. a Bráhman.

ब्राह्मणे and sin of ब्राह्मण m. a Bráhman.

ब्राह्मणो nom. sin. of ब्राह्मण m. a Bráhman. ब्रुवित loc. sin. m. of ब्रुवत् m. f. n. speaking;

pres. p. of rt \$ 524, 649.

बुवतो acc. pl. m. of बुवत् m. f. n. saying; pres. p. of rt ब्रू.

मुचन् nom. sin. m. of मुचन् m. f. n. saying; pres. p. of rt मू.

बुवनं acc. sin. m. of बुवन् m. f. n. saying; speaking; pres. p. par. of rt बू 649, 524.

बुवन्यास gen. sin. f. of बुवन m. f. n. speaking, saying. The more usual feminine would be बुवनी, see 141. c.

ब्रुवाणस् nom. sin. m. of ब्रुवाण m.f. n. speaking; pres. p. átm. of rt ब्रू 526.

बुवाणान् acc. pl. m. of बुवाण m. f. n. speaking; pres. p. átm. of rt ब्रू 526.

ब्र्यात he may say; 3d sin. pot. of rt ब्रू. See 649.

ब्र्याश् for ब्र्यास् say thou, thou mayest say; 2d sin. pot. of rt ब्र् 2d cl. 649.

ब्र्यास्त may ye speak, speak ye; 2d pl. benedictive of rt ब्रू 442.

ब्रहि tell thou, say, speak; 2d sin. imp. of rt ब्रू 2d cl. 649.

# ਮ.

भक्ता nom. sin. f. of भक्त m. f. n. devoted to, attached to, faithful.

भक्ताहम् for भक्ता छहम् by 31.

শক্তি acc. sin. of শক্তি f. devotion, 2d cl. 112.

শল্পনি he devours; 3d sin. pres. of rt শল্পনি cl. 643. b. In Book XII. 20 the present may have a future sense, he will devour; see 873.

भक्ष्यत्येष for भक्ष्यति एष by 34.

भस्यो for भस्पस् nom. sin. of भस्य m. f. n. to be eaten, eatable.

भगवंस् for भगवन् voc. sin. of भगवन् m. f. n. venerable, holy, 53.

भगवताम् gen. pl. of भगवत् m.f.n. reverend, venerable.

भगवन् for भगवन् voc. sin. of भगवन् m. f. n. venerable, holy, 52.

भगिनीम् acc. sin. of भगिनी f. a sister.

भगिन्या for भगिन्यास् gen. sin. of भगिनी f. a sister.

भजमानाम् acc. sin. f. of भजमान m. f. n. courting, waiting on; pres. p. átm. of rt भज 526.

भज्ञांस thou honourest; 2d sin. pres. of rt भज्ञ 1st cl. 261.

भद्रं ind. good, well, health. Exclam. भद्रं ते May it be well with thee! Health to thee! Hail! Good luck! भद्रे O good lady! voc. sin. f. of भद्र m. f. n. good, 1st cl. 105.

भयं nom. sin. n. fear, danger, cause of fear.

भयकतीरं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; भय cr. fear, कतीरं acc. sin. of कतृ m. a causer, 4th cl. 127.

भयङ्करी nom. sin. f. of भयङ्कर m. f. n. causing fear, formidable, frightful; (comp. of भय fear, and कर causing, 739. c.)

भयविद्धला Tat. or Dep. comp. 740; भय cr. fear, विद्धला nom. sin. f. agitated.

भयशोकसमाविष्टा Complex comp.771; भय cr. fear, शोक cr. sorrow, समाविष्टा nom. sin. f. of समाविष्ट m. f. n. affected by, filled with.

भयसन्त्रस्तमानसा Complex comp. 771; भय cr. fear, सन्त्रस्त cr. terrified, scared, मानसा nom. sin. f. from मानस n. the mind, 108.

भयात् abl. sin. of भय n. fear.

भयाद abl. sin. of भय n. fear.

भयावाधं acc. sin. m. undisturbed by fear, unexposed to danger; (comp. of भय cr. fear, and जवाध undisturbed, 726, 740.)

भयाते acc. sin. m. of भयाते m. f. n. frightened, terrified; (comp. of भय fear, and आते afflicted, 542.)

भरतश्रेष्ठ voc. sin. m. O best of the descendants of Bharata; see note under भारत.

भास support thou, maintain thou, take thou into (thy) service; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt भू ist cl. 261.

भतेचा nom. sin. f. of भतेचा m. f. n. to be supported; fut. pass. p. of rt भू 569.

ਮਨੀ nom. sin. of ਮਨ੍ਹੇ m. a husband, 4th cl. 127. ਮਨੀ ਰੱ acc. sin. of ਮਨ੍ਹੇ m. a husband, 4th cl. 127.

ਮਰ੍ਹੋ: gen. or abl. sin. of ਮਰ੍ਹੇ m. a husband.

ਮਜ਼੍ਰੋਵ gen. or abl. sin. of ਮਜ਼੍ਰੇ m. a husband.

भृतृद्शीनकां ख्या TAT. on DEP. comp. 745; भृतृ cr. husband, दशीन cr. seeing, कां ख्या ins. sin. of कां खा f. desire.

भृतृदशैनलालसाम् Влн. ок Rel. сомр. 761;

भर्तृ cr. husband, दर्शन cr. seeing, sight, लालसां acc. sin. f. of लालसा f. longing, eager desire.

भतृभिज्ञ ins. pl. of भतृ m. a husband.

भृतराज्यापहरणं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; भृते cr. a husband, राज्य cr. kingdom, अप-हरणं nom. sin. n. seizure, taking away.

भर्तृ व्यसनपीडिता TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; भर्तृ cr. a husband, व्यसन cr. calamity, पी-डिता nom. sin. f. pained, afflicted, grieved.

भृतृशोकपरा Tat. or Dep. comp. 745; भृतृ cr. husband, शोक cr. grief, परा nom. sin. f. of पर absorbed, wholly engrossed.

भृतिशोकपरीताङ्गी Complex comp. 771; भृति cr. a husband, शोक cr. grief, परीत cr. affected by, सङ्गी nom. sin. f. from सङ्ग n. a limb, 1st cl. 108.

মনূ জানা নি দাবি না TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; দনূ cr. a husband, জান cr. sorrow, অনি-দীৱিনা nom. sin. f. of অনি দীৱিন m. f. n. afflicted; past p. p. of rt দীৱ্ with অনি, 538.

भतृहीनाम् acc. sin. f. deserted by her husband, TAT. on DEP. comp. 740; भतृ cr. a husband, हीनाम् acc. sin. f. of हीन m. f. n. abandoned, quitted.

ਮੜੀ ins. sin. of ਮਜ਼ m. a husband.

মৰ be thou, become thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt মু 585.

भवतः of you, of your highness; gen. sin. of भवत् 233.

भवताम् gen. pl. of भवत् you, your honour, 233.

भवती nom. sin.f. your ladyship, her ladyship.

भवत let (her) be; 3d sin. imp. of rt भू 585.

भवत्सु loc. pl. of भवत् pron. you, your honour, 233.

भविद्वर् for भविद्वस् by you, by your honours; ins. pl. of भवत् 233.

भवनं acc. sin. of भवन n. a mansion, a palace, a residence, 1st cl. 104. भवना: for भवनास् your honours; nom. pl.
of भवत m., 233.

भवनास् your honours; nom. pl. of भवत् m.,

भवान् nom. sin. of भवत् m. your honour, your highness; honorific pronoun, 233.

भवाशोक for भव अशोक by 31.

भवितव्यं it is to be; nom. sin. n. of भवितव्य fut. pass. p. of rt भू 569, see 902. a.

भविता he, she or it will be or become; 3d sin. 1st fut. of rt মু 585.

भवितासि thou wilt be; 2d sin. 1st fut. of rt भू 585.

भवितास्येक for भवितासि एकस् by 34 and 66.

भवितेति for भविता इति by 32.

भविष्यति he will be, there will be; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt भू 585.

भविष्यसि thou wilt be; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt भू.

भविष्याम: we shall be; 1st pl. 2d fut. of rt भू. भविष्याम I shall exist, I shall or will be; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt भू 585. In Book XXIV. 14 Damayantí uses the word भविष्याम with reference to what Nala had said at Book V. 32.

भविष्याम्यद्याहम् for भविष्यामि खद्य खहम् by 34 and 31.

भवेज् for भवेत् he or she may be, may there be, 48.

भवेत he or she may be, may there be; 3d sin. pot. of rt भू 585.

भवेत्रु for भवेत् तु, q. q. v. v.

भवेषा for भवेषास् thou mayest become, thou shouldest become; 2d sin. pot. átm. of rt भू 1st cl. 586.

भवेद for भवेत he or she may be, may there be.

भवेन् for भवेत् he may be, may there be, 47.

भवेयुर for भवेयुस् they may be; 3d pl. pot. of rt भू 585.

भागधेयं nom. sin. of भागधेय n. destiny, fortune, 1st cl. 104. भाङ्गासुरि acc. sin. of भाङ्गासुरि m. the son of Bhangásura.

भाङ्गासुरिनृपाञ्चया TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; भाङ्गासुरि cr. the son of Bhangásura, नृप cr. a king, आज्ञया ins. sin. of आज्ञा f. order, command.

भाङ्गासुरिर् for भाङ्गासुरिस् nom. sin. of भाङ्गा-सुरि m. the son of Bhangásura, see 81.VI.

भाति he, she or it shines; 3d sin. pres. of rt भा 2d cl. 307.

HITA voc. sin. of HITA m. a descendant of king Bharata, a name applied to Yudhishthira, to whom the story of Nala is related by the sage Vrihadasva. Bharata was the son of Dushyanta and Sakuntala. His empire extended over a great part of India, whence India is called Bharatavarsha.

भारतीं acc. sin. f. of भारती f. speech.

भाषेया ins. sin. of भाषा f. a wife, 1st cl. 105.

भाषा f. a wife, 1st cl. 105.

भाषाम् acc. sin. of भाषा f. a wife, 1st cl. 105.

भाषांसमं Anom. comp. 777; भाषां cr. a wife, समं nom. sin. n. of सम m. f. n. equal to.

भार्येयं for भाषा इयं by 32.

भावं acc. sin. of भाव m. state, property, ist cl. 103.

भाव: nom. sin. of भाव m. mind, soul.

भाविनि O lady! O noble lady! voc. sin. of भाविनी f., 1st cl. 106.

भाविनी nom. sin. f. a lady, a noble lady.

भाविनो nom. sin. f. of भाविन् m. f. n. illustrious.

भावो for भावस् nom. sin. of भाव m. existence.

भाषसे thou speakest; 2d sin. pres. átm.

भाष्यमाणो nom. sin. m. of भाष्यमाण m. f. n. being addressed; pres. p. of rt भाष् to speak, in pass. 528.

भासि thou shinest; 2d sin. pres. of rt भा 2d cl. 307.

भिषजाम् gen. pl. of भिषज् m. a physician, 8th cl. 176.

भीत: nom. sin. of भीत m.f. n. terrified, alarmed.

भीता nom. sin. f. of भीत m. f. n. terrified; past p. p. of rt भी 532.

भीतां acc. sin. f. of भीत m. f. n. terrified, alarmed.

भीता: nom. pl. m. of भीत m. f. n. terrified, alarmed.

भोतो for भीतस् nom. sin. m. of भीत m. f. n. terrified, alarmed.

भीम m. BHÍMA, a proper name; m. f. n. terrible, terrific.

भीम: for भीमस् nom. sin. of भीम m. Bhíma.

भीमनन्दिनीम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; भीम cr. Bhíma, नन्दिनीम् acc. sin. of नन्दिनी f. a daughter.

भीमपराक्रम: nom. sin. m. See next.

भीमपाक्रमम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; भीम cr. terrible, formidable, पराक्रमम् acc. sin. m. valour, might.

भीमपराक्रमान् acc. pl. See last.

भीमपुत्तिकाम् Тат. ок Dep. сомр. 743; भीम cr. Bhíma, पुतिकाम् acc. sin. of पुतिका f. a daughter, a favourite daughter.

भीमरूपांश् for भीमरूपान् (53) BAH. OR REL. comp. 766; भीम cr. terrific, terrible, रूपान् acc. pl. m. from रूप n. form, 1st cl. 108.

भीमवचनाइ Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; भीम cr. Bhíma, वचनाइ for वचनात् abl. sin. of वचन n. order, command.

भीमशासनात् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; भीम cr. Bhíma, शासनात् abl. sin. of शासन n. order, summons, invitation, 1st cl. 104.

भीमसुता nom. sin. f. the daughter of Bhíma, i. e. Damayantí.

भीमस्य gen. sin. of भीम m. Bhíma, q.v. भीमान् acc. pl. m. of भीम m. f. n. terrible. भीमाय dat. sin. of भीम m. Bhíma, q.v. भीमे loc. sin. of भीम m. Bhíma, q.v. भीमो for भीमस् nom. sin. of भीम m. Bhíma, q. v.

भोह O timid one; voc. sin. of भोह f. (125) from भोह m. f. n. timid.

भोमं acc. sin. m. Bhíshma, great-uncle to Duryodhana, and leader of the Kuru army.

भुंत्र enjoy thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt भुज् 7th cl. 346, 668. a.

भुजनं acc. sin. of भुजन m. a snake, a serpent. भुजन्नं acc. sin. of भुजन्न m. a serpent.

भुजियां acc. sin. of भुजिया f. a slave-girl, a maid-servant, a hand-maid.

भुज्ञीय I should eat, I should enjoy; 1st sin. pot. átm. of rt भुज् 7th cl.

भुज्ञीयां I may eat; 1st sin. pot. of rt भुज् 7th cl. 668. a.

भुवनं acc. sin. of भुवन n. the world.

भुवि loc. sin. of भू f. the earth, the ground, 125. a.

भूतग्रामा: Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; भूत n. a living being, a spirit, ग्रामा: nom. pl. of ग्राम m. a multitude, a collection.

भूतले loc. sin. of भूतल n. the ground, the earth, 1st cl. 104; (lit. the surface of the earth, from भू cr. the earth, and तल n. surface, 743.)

ट्रात्साखी Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; भूत cr. a being, a spirit, साद्यो nom. sin. of साधिन m. a witness, 159. With reference to Book XXIV. 32, compare the law of ordeal mentioned Asiatic Researches, vol. i. p. 402: 'On the trial by fire, let both hands of the accused be rubbed with rice in the husk, and well examined; then let seven leaves of the Asvattha (the religious fig-tree) be placed on them, and bound with seven threads, saying these words; Thou, O fire, pervadest all beings; O cause of purity, who givest evidence of virtue and of sin, declare the truth in this my hand.'

भूतस्य gen. sin. of भूत m. n. a living being, a spirit, 1st cl. 103.

भूतानि nom. or acc. pl. of भूत n. a being, a human being, a creature, a spirit.

মূৰা having been, having become; past ind. p. of rt মু 585.

भूमाव for भूमी loc. sin. of भूमि f. the earth. भूमि acc. sin. of भूमि f. land, region.

भूमिप voc. sin. O king.

भूमिपते O king! lit. O lord of the earth! (भूमि cr. the earth, पते voc. of पति lord, 121, 743.)

भूमिष्ठो for भूमिष्ठस् nom. sin. m. of भूमिष्ठ m.f.n. standing on the ground; (comp. of भूमि cr. the ground, and ष्ठ (for स्य by 70) m.f.n. standing, 580, 744.)

भूमो loc. sin. of भूमि f. the ground, 2d cl. 112. भूग for भूगस ind. again, again and again. भूगः for भूगस ind. again.

भूयम् ind. again, still more, more and more. भूयो for भूयम् ind. again, still more, further on.

भूरिद्श्यिणै: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; भूरि cr. many, abundant, दश्चिणै: ins. pl. m. from दश्चिणा f. a gift, 1st cl. 108.

भूषणं nom. sin. n. an ornament.

भूषणानि acc. pl. of भूषण n. an ornament, 1st cl. 104.

भूषणेर for भूषणेस ins. pl. of भूषण n. an ornament, 1st cl. 104.

সূনিम্ acc. sin. of সূনিf. hire, wages, 2d cl. 112. সুয়া ind. exceedingly, very much, 713.

সূম্বাহ্যদ্ acc. sin. n. very terrible; (comp. of সূম cr. exceedingly, and হাহ্য m.f. n. terrible.)

সূত্যু: বিলা nom. sin. f. very much afflicted; (comp. of সূত্ৰ exceedingly, and दু: বিলা pained.)

সূত্যাণীতিন: nom. sin. m. very much afflicted; (comp. of সূত্ৰ excessively, and पोতিন pained.)

भेषजं 'nom. sin. of भेषज n. a medicine, a remedy.

भेद्यम् acc. sin. n. mendicity, beggary, begging.

भैमि voc.sin.f.of भैमी f. Damayantí, 1st cl. 106. भैमी nom. sin. f. daughter of Bhíma, i. e. Damayantí.

भैमीं acc. sin. of भैमी f. Damayantí.

भैम्या ins. sin. of भैमी f. Damayantí.

मेर for भेपीर 2d sin. aor. of rt भी 3d cl. 666; मा भेर fear not, see 889.

भो भो interj. Ho! Hark! Listen!

भोहें to eat, to suffer, to possess; inf. of rt

भोस्पते thou shalt enjoy, thou shalt possess; 2d sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt भुज्.

भोगवतीम् acc. sin. of भोगवती f. the capital of the Nágas or serpents in the subterranean world, 1st cl. 106.

भोगाः nom. pl. m. enjoyments. See next.

भोगान् acc. pl. of भोग m. enjoyment, that which is enjoyed, a feast, a banquet,

भोगेर ins. pl. of भोग m, enjoyment.

भोजनीयम् nom. sin. n. food.

भोजने loc. sin. of भोजन n. food; (in Book XXII. 12 the dressing of food.)

भंज्ञियणामि I will cause to fall; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt भंज्ञ in caus. 481.

भ्रमति he wanders, he or it whirls or turns round; 3d sin. pres. of rt भ्रम् 1st cl. 261.

भ्रमन्ति they wander about; 3d pl. pres. of rt भ्रम् 1st cl. 261.

ਸੁੱਦੇ acc. sin. n. of ਸੁੱਦ m. f. n. fallen; past p. p. of rt ਸੰਗ੍ਰ 544.

ਖ਼ੲ: nom. sin. m. of ਖ਼ੲ m. f. n. fallen.

भ्रष्टराज्यं BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; भ्रष्ट cr. fallen from, deprived of, राज्यं acc. sin. m. from राज्य n. a kingdom.

ਸਦਾ nom. sin. f. of ਸਦ m. f. n. fallen, separated from; past p. p. of rt ਸੰਗ੍ 544.

भ्राजमान for भ्राजमानस nom. sin. of भ्राज-मान m. f. n. shining; pres. p. átm. of rt भ्राज 526. भाजमानं acc. sin. of भाजमान m. f.n. shining ; pres. p. átm. from rt भाज 1st cl. 526.

भ्राजमानो for भ्राजमानम् nom. sin. m. of भ्राजमान m. f. n. shining, brilliant; pres. p. átm. of rt भ्राज 526.

भातरं acc. sin. of भातृ m. a brother.

भातरश nom. pl. of भात m. a brother.

भाता nom. sin. of भातृ m.a brother, 4th cl. 127.

भातुर for भातुस of a brother. See next.

भात्स gen.sin. of भातृ m. a brother, 4th cl. 128. भात्न acc. pl. of भातृ m. a brother.

भावा ins. sin. of भातृ m. a brother.

भुवोर gen. du. of भू f. an eye-brow, 125. a.

## म.

मंस्यित he or she will think of; 3d sin. 2d fut. par. of rt मन् 4th cl. 617. This verb is properly conjugated in the átmane-pada.

मंस्यने they will imagine; 3d pl. 2d fut. átm. of rt मन् to think, to suppose.

मघवन् voc. sin. of मघवन्. See next.

मघवा nom.sin.of मघवन् a name of Indra, 155.

मघवान् nom. sin. of मघवन् a name of Indra.
Note, that the nom. of this noun is either
मघवा or मघवान्. In the latter case it is
declined like a noun in वत्.

मङ्गलेन ins. sin. of मङ्गल n. good fortune. मङ्गलेनाशु for मङ्गलेन आशु by 31.

मद्धरीरे loc. sin. n. in my body; (from मत् 218, and जारीर body, 49, 743.)

मज्जेद let him sink, he may be plunged, 6th cl. 633.

দাঁঅসমু: nom. sin. m. Mani-bhadra, the king of the Yakshas, the tutelary deity of travellers and merchants, probably another name for Kuvera the god of wealth.

मणिभद्रो nom. sin. m. Mani-bliadra.

मगडनाहाम् acc. sin. f. worthy of ornaments; (comp. of मगडन an ornament, and अहं worthy.)

मतं nom. sin. n. of मत m. f. n. approved; past p. p. of rt मन् 545. मति acc. sin. of मति f. an intention, design, 112.

मति: nom. sin. f. purpose, determination.

मितिभेदो nom. sin. m. difference of opinion; (comp. of मित cr. opinion, and भेद difference, 743.)

मितर for मितस nom. sin. m. opinion.

मल्तात् abl. sin. m. made (uttered) by me; (comp. of मत् 218, and कृत made.)

मल्ते on my account; (from मत् 218, and कृते for the sake of, 731.)

मत्तवारणविक्रमः BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; मत्त cr. mad, वारण cr. an elephant, विक्रमः nom. sin. m. strength, might.

मत्तो for मत्तस् ind. from me; (मत् 218, with affix तस् 719.)

माप्रसादान् for माप्रसादान् abl. sin. through the favour of me, through my favour.

मत्प्रसृतम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 742; मत् from me, 218, प्रसृतम् nom. sin. n. of प्रसृत m.f.n. produced.

मन्दा having considered, having imagined; past ind. p. of rt मन्.

मत्तकाशे in my presence; (comp. of मत् 218, and सकाशे, see 716.)

मत्समः nom. sin. m. equal to me; (comp. of मत् 218, and सम equal.)

मत्समक्षं in the presence of me, in my sight; (comp. of मत् and समझं see 731.)

मत्समो nom. sin. m. like to me, equal to me; (comp. of मत् 218, and सम m. f. n. equal.)

मद्रमस्यणांचलाम् Tat.or Dep. comp. 745; मद् cr. the juice that flows from an elephant's temples (when in rut), प्रस्वण cr. oozing, trickling, साविलाम् acc. sin. f. of साविल m. f. n. turbid. On each side of the elephant's temples there is an aperture about the size of a pin's head, whence in the season of rut a juice exudes, which is called mada or dána. Whilst it flows the elephant is called matta, and at other times nirmada. The

fragrance of this fluid is frequently alluded to in Hindú poetry. See Wilson's Megha-dúta, l. 132. 'Its scent is compared to the odour of the sweetest flowers, and is supposed to deceive and attract the bees.'

महीयेन ins. sin. of महीय m.f. n. my, mine, 231. महोत्बढाः nom. pl. m. furious with passion or heat; (comp. of मद cr. passion, and उत्कढ furious.)

महृहे loc. sin. in my house; (comp. of मत् 218, and गृह q.v.)

महक्ता devoted to me; (from मह 218, and भक्ता nom. sin. f. of भक्त m. f. n. devoted.) महक्तेयम् for महका इयं by 32.

महाग्यसङ्ख्यात् Tat. or Dep. comp. 745; मह for मत् cr. my, 218, भाग्य cr. fortune, संख्यात् abl. sin. of संख्य m. destruction, ruin, decay, decline, consumption.

महचः acc. sin. n. my words; (comp. of मत् 218, and वचस् n. speech, 7th cl. 164.)

महिहीना nom. sin. f. separated from me; (from मह 218, and विहीना nom. sin. f. of विहीन m. f. n.)

मधुरभाषियां acc. sin. f. sweetly speaking; (from मधुर cr. sweet, and भाषियां acc. sin. f. of भाषिन speaking, 582. a.)

मधुरां acc. sin. f. of मधुर m. f. n. sweet, 1st cl. 187.

मधुसूदनः nom. sin. m. slayer of (the demon) Madhu, a name of Vishņu.

मध्यं acc. sin. of मध्य n. the middle, the midst. मध्यमकञ्चायां KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; मध्यम cr. middle, कञ्चायां loc. sin. of कञ्चा f. an enclosure, court-yard.

मध्ये ind. in the midst, in the middle, 716. मन: for मनस् nom. or acc. sin. n. the mind,

मन: for मनस् nom. or acc. sin. n. the mind, heart, 164.

मनस् n. the mind, the heart, 7th cl. 164. मनसस् gen. sin. of मनस् n. the mind, 164. मनसा ins. sin. of मनस् n. mind, thought; (मनसा रुपि even in thought.)

मनसापि for मनसा ऋपि by 31.

मनांसि acc. pl. of मनस् n. the mind, 7th el. 164.

नतः nom. sin. of नत् m. name of a great legislator, the holy, mythological ancestor of the Hindús, 3d cl. 110. In the Indian version of the Deluge, Manu is the survivor of the human race, and the second ancestor of mankind. The first Manu is named Svayambhuva or Sváyambhuva, sprung from Brahmá the self-existing. From him came six descendants or other Manus, each giving birth to a race of his own. The Hindús firmly believe their great code of laws to have been promulgated in the beginning of time by Manu, whom they consider not only the oldest, but the noblest of legislators.

मनुजन्यात्र voc. sin. O most illustrious of men! see 758.

मनुजा for मनुजास nom. pl. of मनुज m. a man. मनुजा: nom. pl. of मनुज m. a man.

मनुजात्मने Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; मनुज cr. a man, आत्मने voc. sin. of आत्मना f. a daughter, 1st cl. 105.

मनुजाधिप voc. sin.m. O king of men; (comp. of मनुज cr. a man, and अधिप q.v.)

मनुजाधिपते: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; मनुज cr. a man, ऋधिपते: gen. sin. of ऋधिपति m. a sovereign, 2d cl. 110.

मनुजेन्द्राणां TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; मनुज er. a man, इन्द्राणां gen. pl. of इन्द्र m. chief, 1st cl. 103.

मनुष्पं acc. sin. of मनुष्प m. a man, 1st cl. 103. मनुष्पाणां gen. pl. of मनुष्प m. a man.

मनुष्येन्द्र voc. sin. m. O chief of men; (comp. of मनुष्य a man, and इन्द्र chief.)

मनो for मनस् nom. or acc. sin. of मनस् n. the mind, 7th cl. 164.

मनोजवान् swift as thought; (comp. of मनस् for मनो cr. mind, thought, जवान् acc. pl. of जव m. speed, 761.)

मनोभिस् ins. pl. of मनस् n. the mind, the heart, 7th cl. 164.

मनोविशुडिम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; मनस् for मनो cr. mind, विशुडिम् acc. sin. of विशुडि f. purity, 2d cl. 112.

मनोहरै: ins. pl. n. of मनोहर m. f. n. charming, pleasant; (lit. mind-captivating, from मनस् 164, and हर noun of agency of rt ह 580.)

मनोहारि acc. sin. n. enchanting the soul; (comp. of मनो for मनस् cr. the mind, and हारि acc. sin. n. from हारिन् m. f. n. a seizer, captivating, agt. of rt ह 582. a.)

मन्तिणः nom. pl. of मन्तिन् m. a minister, 6th cl. 159.

मन्तिभि: ins. pl. of मन्तिन् m. a minister, a counsellor of state, 6th cl. 159.

मन्द for मन्दस् nom. sin. m. foolish, vile, wicked.

मन्दे ind. slightly, little; slightingly, disparagingly, 713.

मन्द्रपत्रस्य BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; मन्द er. dull, stupid, प्रज्ञस्य gen. sin. of प्रज्ञ m. from प्रज्ञा f. understanding, 108.

मन्द्रप्रज्ञेन BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; मन्द् cr. foolish, dull, प्रज्ञेन ins. sin. m. from प्रज्ञा f. understanding, 108.

मन्दभाग्याइ Karm. or Des. comp. 755; मन्द cr. evil, bad, भाग्याद for भाग्यात् abl. sin. of भाग्य n. fate, luck.

मन्दस्य gen. sin. m. of मन्द् m. f. n. wicked, good for nothing.

मन्दात्मा Bah. or Rel. comp. 761; मन्द er. foolish, wicked, खात्मा nom. sin. of खात्मन् mind, soul, 6th cl. 147.

मन्दो for मन्दस् nom. sin. m. foolish, wicked. मन्मर्थं acc. sin. of मन्मय m. love, 1st cl. 103;

see note under कन्द्रपे.

मन्मथस्य gen. sin. of मन्मथ m. the god of love, 1st cl. 103; see last.

मन्यते he imagines, he thinks; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt मन् 4th cl.

मन्यसे thou thinkest, thou thinkest of, thou thinkest (fit); 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt मन् 4th cl. 684, 617.

मन्युना ins. sin. of मन्यु m. grief, sorrow, anger, 3d cl. 110.

मन्युपरीतेन TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; मन्यु cr. anger, परीतेन ins. sin. of परीत m. f. n. filled with, affected by.

मन्ये I believe, I think, I imagine; 1st sin. pres. átm. of rt मन् 4th cl. 617.

मम of me; gen. sin. of मत् or अस्मत्, q. v.

ममदु: they crushed, they trampled down; 3d pl. perf. of rt मृद; but ममृदु: is the usual form, see 364.

ममाचस्व for मम जाचस्व by 31.

ममाद्यायं for मम खद्य अयं by 31.

ममान्तिकम् for मम खनिकम् by 31.

ममापि for मम ऋषि by 31.

ममाभी ऋणम् for मम खभी ऋणम् by 31.

ममास्ति for मम छस्ति by 31.

मम्दे he rubbed, he bruised or crushed; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt मृद्ध 364.

ममैप for मम एप by 33.

ममोपरि for मम उपरि by 32.

मरणं nom. sin. of मरण n. death.

मरणाद्ध abl. sin. of मरण n. death.

मत्यें acc. sin. of मत्यें m. a mortal.

मर्त्यानाम् gen. pl. of मर्त्य m. a mortal, 103.

मत्यों for मत्येस् nom. sin. of मत्ये m. a mortal, 1st cl. 103.

मया by me; ins. sin. of अस्मत् 218.

मयासकृत् for मया असकृत् by 31.

मिय in me; loc. sin. of अस्मत् 218. At Books XIII. 65, XV. 7, it denotes with me or at my house.

ਸਲਂ acc. sin. of ਸਲ n. dust, dirt.

मलदिग्धाङ्गीम् Complex comp. 771; मल cr. mire, dust, दिग्ध cr. smeared, defiled, सङ्गीम् acc. sin. f. from सङ्ग n. a limb, the body, 108.

मलपद्मानुलिप्ताङ्गीम् Complex comp. 771; मल cr. dirt, पङ्क cr. mud, mire, অনুলিম cr. besmeared, অङ्गीम् acc. sin. of अङ्गी f. from অङ्ग n. a limb, 108.

- मलपङ्किनी nom. sin. f. covered with dust and mire; (from मल cr. dirt, and पङ्किन् muddy, 159.)
- मिलिन: nom. sin. m. of मिलिन m. f. n. dirty, covered with dirt.
- मिलिना nom. sin. f. dirty, covered with mud and dust.
- नितनं acc. sin. f. of मिलन m. f. n. dirty, dusty, tarnished, (the lustre of whose beauty was tarnished,) lit. dirty.
- मलेन ins. sin. of मल n. dirt, dust, want of brightness.
- महत् m. f. n. great, 5th cl. 142.
- महत् nom. or acc. sin. n. of महत् m. f. n. great, 142.
- महतः gen. sin. m. or n. of महत् m. f. n. great. महता ins. sin. m. or n. of महत् m. f. n. great.
- महति loc. sin. m. or n. of महत् m.f. n. great.
- महती nom. sin. f. of महत् m. f. n. great.
- महत्या ins. sin. f. of महत m. f. n. great.
- महद्र for महत् nom. or acc. sin. n. of महत् great.
- महद्धानम् acc. sin.m. a long journey; (comp. of महद, anomalously used for महा 778, and अध्वन a road.)
- महर्षिभिस् by the great sages, (KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; महा cr. great, for महत् by 778, चृषिभिस् ins. pl. of चृषि m. a sage, 2d cl. 110; जा + जृ = घर by 32.)
- महर्षिर् for महर्षिस् nom. sin. m. the great sage. See last.
- महर्षीणाम् gen. pl. of महिष्टे m. a great sage or saint; (from महा for महत् 778, and मृष्टि m. a sage, 32.)
- महाकायः KARM. or Des. comp. 755; महा for महत् (778) cr. great, कायः nom. sin. of काय m. body.
- महाघोरे loc. sin. n. of महाघोर m. f. n. very terrible; (comp. of महा 778, and घोर terrible.)
- महाजवान् Bah. or Rel. comp. 761; महा great, 778, जवान् acc. pl. of जव m. speed, velocity, fleetness.

- महातपा: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; महा for महत् cr. great, 778, तपा: nom. sin. m. from तपस् n. penance, devotion, 164. a.
- महातेजा: nom. sin. m. of महातेजस् m. f. n. of great glory, very glorious, 7th cl. 164.a, 778.
- महात्मन् m. f. n. high-minded, magnanimous, (BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; महा for महत्त cr. great, 778, खात्मन् mind, soul, 6th cl. 147.)
- महात्मन: gen. sin. of महात्मन् m. f. n. magnanimous, great-minded, 6th cl. 147.
- महात्मना ins. sin. of महात्मन् m. f. n. nobleminded.
- महात्मनां gen. pl. of महात्मन् m. f. n. greatminded, 6th cl. 147.
- महात्मानं acc. sin. of महात्मन् m. f. n. highminded.
- महात्मानश् nom. pl. m. of महात्मन् m. f. n. high-minded.
- महात्मानौ nom. du. m. of महात्मन् high-minded.
- महाद्युति: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; महा for महत् great, 778, and द्युति: nom. sin. m. from द्युति f. lustre, glory.
- महाद्युते voc. sin. O most illustrious. See last. महान् nom. sin. m. of महत् great, q. v.
- महानसाच् for महानसात् abl. sin. of महानस m. n. a kitchen.
- महानुभाषान् acc. pl. m. of महानुभाष m. f. n. magnanimous; (comp. of महा for महत् great, and अनुभाष disposition.)
- महानं acc. sin. m. of महत् m. f. n. great.
- महाप्राज्ञी very wise, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; महा for महत् cr. great, 778, प्राज्ञी nom. du. of प्राज्ञ m. a wise man, 1st cl. 103.
- महावलः nom. sin. m. of great strength, very powerful, 778.
- महाबाहु: strong-armed, BAH.OR REL.COMP. 766; महा for महत् cr. great, 778, बाहु: nom. sin. of बाहु m. an arm, 3d cl. 110.
- महावाहो voc. sin. m. Olong-armed, Ostrong-armed, O valiant one. See last.

महाबुद्धे voc. sin. m. O great-minded one; (comp. of महा great, 778, and बुद्धि mind, reason, intellect, 119, 761.)

महाभागस् nom.sin.m.greatly blessed, gifted, or endowed. See next.

महाभागा nom. sin. f. of महाभाग m. f. n. highly fortunate, greatly blessed, of exalted virtue; (from महा for महत् great, 778, and भाग portion.)

महाभाग: voc. pl. m. O greatly blessed! महाभागे voc. sin. f. O greatly blessed!

महाभागै: ins. pl. m. of महाभाग m. f. n. highly blessed.

महाभागो for महाभागस् nom. sin. m. greatly blessed.

महाभुज voc. sin. m. O mighty armed; (comp. of महा great, 778, and भुज the arm, 766.)

महामते voc. sin. m. or f. O high-minded one; (comp. of महा great, 778, and मित the mind, 119.)

महामना: nom. sin. m. or f. of महामनस m. f.n. high-minded; (comp. of महा for महत् great, 778, and मनस् the mind, see 164. a.)

महायशा: nom. sin. m. of महायशस् m. f. n. of great renown, very glorious; (comp. of महा great, 778, and यशस् fame, 164. a.)

महाराये in the vast forest, (KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; महा for महत् cr. great, 778, सरायोशिट.sin.of सराया.aforest,1st cl.104.)

महार्यः nom. sin. of महार्यण. a great warrior; (lit. one who fights in a large car, comp. of महा for महत् 778, and रय m. a chariot.) (The size of the chariot was anciently regulated by the rank of the warrior.)

महार्या: nom. pl.m. great warriors. See last.
महाराज voc. sin. m. O great king, (KARM.
or Des. comp. 755; महा for महत् cr.
great, 778, राज for राजन् voc. sin. of
राजन् a king, 6th cl. 151.)

महाराजः nom. sin. m. a great king.

महाराजम् acc. sin. of महाराज m. a great king. See last.

महाराजेति for महाराज इति by 32.

महावने loc. sin. in the great forest; (comp. of महा 778, and वन n. a wood.)

महावीर voc. sin. m. O great hero; (comp. of महा 778, and चीर m. a hero.)

महावीर्यस् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; महा great, 778, वीर्यस् nom. sin. m. from वीर्य n. valour, heroism.

महावती very devotional, great devotees, (BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; महा for महत् cr. great, 778, ब्रती nom. du. m. from ब्रत n. a religious vow, 1st cl. 104.)

महाश्रेल voc. sin. O great mountain, (KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; महा for महत्त great, 778, शैल voc. sin. of शैल m. a mountain, ist cl. 103.)

महाशैलः nom. sin. m. great mountain. See last.

महासार्च acc. sin. m. a great caravan; (comp. of महा 778, and सार्च m. a caravan.)

महासार्थे loc.sin.m.inagreat caravan. See last.

महासिंहा: KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; महा for महत् cr. great, सिंहा: nom. pl. of सिंह m. a lion, 1st cl. 103.

महासनम् acc. sin. m. loud-sounding; (comp. of महा great, 778, and सन sound, 766.)

महाहनु: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; महा for महत् great, 778, हनु: nom. sin. m. of हनु m. the jaw.

महाहनून acc. pl. m. See last.

महिषांञ् for महिषान् acc. pl. of महिष m. a buffalo, ist cl. 103.

महिषीम् acc.sin.of महिषी f.a queen, 1st cl. 106. महिष्पा ins. sin. of महिषी f. a queen royal.

महीं acc. sin. of मही f. the earth.

महोकृते ind. for the sake of the earth; (मही the earth, and कृते on account, 731, 791.)

महोिद्यतः nom. pl. of महोिद्यत् m. a king, a sovereign, 5th cl. 136.

महीिखतां gen. pl. of महीिखत् m. a king.

महीतले loc. sin. of महीतल n. the surface of the ground, the ground; (comp. of मही cr. the earth, and तल n. surface, 743.)

महोधर voc. sin. of महोधर m. a mountain, ist cl. 103.

महीपति: for महोपतिस् nom. sin. m. a king, (TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 744; मही cr. the earth, पति: nom. sin. of पति a lord.)

महीपते voc. sin. m. O king! see 121.

महीपते: gen. sin. m. of a king, see 121.

महीपाल m.a king, lit. earth-protector; (from मही the earth, and पाल a guardian.)

महीपालं acc. sin. of महीपाल m. guardian of the earth.

महोपाल: nom. sin. m. a king, earth-protector. महोपालान् acc. pl. of महीपाल m. guardian of the earth.

महीपालो nom.sin.m.a king, earth-protector. महीभृत: gen. sin. of महीभृत m. a mountain. महीम् acc. sin. of मही f. the earth.

महेन्द्रं acc. sin. of महेन्द्र m. the great chief; (comp. of महा 778, and इन्द्र 32, 755;) a name applied to the god Indra.

महेन्द्राद्याः nom. pl. m. of whom the great Indra is the first, (BAH. OR REL. COMP. 764. b: महेन्द्र cr. the great Indra, आद्याः nom. pl. m. of आद्य m. f. n. first, 1st cl. 103.)

महेश्वरा: nom. pl. m. great lords, (KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; महा for महत् great, 778, ईश्वरा: nom. pl. of ईश्वर lord, 1st cl. 103.)

महोत्सवे loc.sin.of महोत्सव m. a great festival; (comp. of महा 778, and जन्सव a festival.)

महौजस: nom. pl. m. of महौजस m. f. n. of great might, very mighty; (comp. of महा great, and खोजस power, strength, 776.)

मा me; acc. sin. from nom. अहं I, 218.

मा negative, dissuasive or prohibitive particle, not, do not; often used with the 3d pret., the augment being dropped, as मा गुनः do not grieve, see 889, 717. a.

मां me; acc. sin. from nom. अहं I, 218.

मांसं nom. or acc. sin. of मांस n. meat, flesh.

माचिरं ind. without delay, quickly; (from मा prohib. not, and चिर long.)

मातः for मातर् voc. sin. O mother!

मात्र O mother! voc. sin. of मातृ 129.

मातरं acc. sin. of मातृ f. a mother, 129.

मातिलर् for मातिलस् nom. sin. m. Mátali, the charioteer of Indra; compare Sakuntalá Act VII, and Raghu-vansa XII. 86.

माता nom. sin. of मातृ f. a mother, 129.

मातुः for मातुस gen. sin. of मातृ f. a mother. मातुर for मातुस gen. sin. of मातृ f. a mother, 129.

मातुला: nom.pl. of मातुल m. a maternal uncle. मातुलान् acc.pl. of मातुल m. a maternal uncle.

मातृष्यसा Tat. or Dep. comp. 743, maternal aunt; मातृ cr. a mother, घ्यसा for खसा (70) nom. sin. of खस् f. a sister, 129. a.

माता ins. sin. of मातृ f. a mother, 129.

मानद O giver of honour; voc. sin. m. of मानद m. f. n.; (comp. of मान honour, and द who gives, 580.)

मानयास thou regardest, thou respectest; 2d sin. pres. of rt मन् 10th cl. 283.

मानुष m. a man, a human being, 1st cl. 103. मानुषं acc. sin. of मानुष m. a man, 1st cl. 103. मानुषं nom. sin. n. of मानुष m. f. n. human.

मानुष: nom. sin. m. a man.

मानुषा: nom. pl. of मानुष m. a man.

मानुषी nom. sin. f. a woman, a female mortal. मानुषी nom. sin. f. of मानुष m. f. n. human.

मानुषीं acc. sin. of मानुषी f. a woman.

मानुषीं acc. sin. f. of मानुष m. f. n. human.

मानुषेषु loc. pl. of मानुष m. a man, mankind. मानुष्यं acc. sin. n. of मानुष्य m. f. n. human.

माम् me; acc. sin. from nom. sin. अहं.

माया nom. sin. f. magic, sorcery, witchcraft. मारिष voc. sin. of मारिष m. a venerable or excellent person.

माहतः nom. sin. m. the wind.

मार्गे acc. sin. of मार्गे m. a path, a road. मार्गेणे loc. sin. of मार्गेण n. searching for. मार्गेमाचा nom. sin.f. of मार्गेमाच m.f.n. seeking for; pres. p. átm. of rt मार्ग 526.

मागा for मागास nom. pl. of माग m. a path, a road, a way.

मार्गाणां gen. pl. of मार्ग m. a path, a road.

मार्गामि I seek; 1st sin. pres. of rt मार्ग् 1st cl. 261.

मार्गाम्यपराजितम् for मार्गामि खपराजितम् by 34.

मासं acc. sin. of मास m. a month, (for a month, 821.)

मासान् acc. pl. of मास m. a month, see 821.

नास prohibitive particle (मा स्म), used with the 3d preterite, after rejection of the augment, and equivalent to do not.

मिलं nom. sin. of मिल n. a friend, 1st cl. 104. मिल द्रोहे loc. sin. m. in the injury of a friend; (मिल cr. a friend, द्रोह m. injury.)

मियुनं acc. sin. of नियुन n. a couple, a pair, a brace; a pair of children, twins, a pair of gifts, &c., 1st cl. 104.

मिथ्या ind. falsely, untruly, 717. e.

निष्टकती TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; निष्ट cr. a sweetmeat, a dainty, कती nom. sin. m. of कतृ m. a maker, 127. (Lit. a maker of dainties, a skilful cook.)

मुक्त: nom. sin. m. of मुक्त m. f. n. released, emitted, sent forth; past p. p. of rt मुच् 628, 539.

मुक्तकेशीम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; मुक्त cr. dishevelled, loose, केशीम् acc. sin. f. from केश hair, 108.

मुखं nom. or acc. sin. of मुख n. the mouth, the face, the countenance.

मुखतः for मुखतस् ind. in the face, in the mouth, from the mouth; (मुख with affix तस, 719.)

मुखात abl. sin. of मुख n. the mouth, the face.

मुखानि nom. n. of मुख n. the face, the countenance, 1st cl. 104.

मुख्यशः ind. principally, 725. In Book

VIII. 21 it is used for मुख्य पु loc. pl. of मुख्य principal.

मुख्यानि nom. or acc. pl. n. of मुख्य m. f. n. excellent, 1st cl. 104, 187.

मुख्यर ins. pl. of मुख्य m.f. n. chief, excellent.

মুখা let him let go, let him set free, let him allow to depart, let him release; 3d sin. imp. of rt মুখ 6th cl. 281, 628.

मुदं acc. sin. of मुद्द f. joy.

मुदा ins. sin. of मुद्द f. joy, delight.

मुद्तिाः nom. pl. m. or f. of मुद्ति m. f. n. rejoiced, delighted.

मुदितो nom. sin. m. of मुदित m.f. n. rejoiced, joyful; past p. p. of rt मुद्द 538.

मुदितौ nom. du. m. of मुदित m. f. n. joyful, happy.

मुनिभि: ins. pl. of मुनि m. a saint, a hermit, 2d cl. 110.

मुद्दे he rejoiced, he was delighted; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt मुद्द 364.

मुप्टिभि: ins. pl. of मुप्टि m. the fist, 2d cl. 110. मुप्पान्ती nom. sin. f. of मुप्पात stealing, cap-

tivating; pres. p. of rt मुप् 9th cl. 524. मुह: for मुह्म् ind. repeatedly, again and again.

मुह्र for मुहुस ind. repeatedly.

मुहूर्ते acc. sin. m. for a moment, for a short time, 821. मुहूर्त is properly a space of forty-eight minutes.

मुद्धांत he is troubled, bewildered, or perplexed; 3d sin. pres. of rt मुह 4th cl. 612.

मृढ O fool; voc. sin. of मृढ m. a fool.

मूढेन ins. sin. m. of मूढ m. f. n. foolish.

मूढो for मूढस् nom. sin. m. of मूढ m. f. n. foolish, 1st cl. 103.

मूर्त acc. sin. of मूत्र n. urine, 1st cl. 104.

मृतिमान nom. sin. m. of मृतिमत् m. f. n. corporeal, possessing a material form, incarnate, 5th cl. 140.

मूर्या ins. sin. of मूर्ति f. form, figure, image, 2d cl. 112.

मूर्भि loc. sin. of मूर्धन् m. the head, 6th cl. 149, 150.

मृगजीयन: nom. sin. m. one who lives by hunting, a hunter; (from मृग an animal, a wild beast, game, and जीवन living.)

मृगडिजान् Dvan. or Agg. comp. 748; मृग cr. an animal, a wild beast, द्विजान् acc. pl. of द्विज m. a bird, 1st cl. 103.

मृगपिद्याः Dvan. or Agg. comp. 748; मृग cr. an animal, पिद्याः acc. pl. of पिद्यन् m. a bird, 6th cl. 159, 58.

मृगपिश्चपु Dvan. or Agg. comp. 748; मृग cr. an animal, पश्चिषु loc. pl. of पश्चिन् m. a bird, 6th cl. 159.

मृगयध्वं seek ye, hunt ye for, search ye out; 2d pl. imp. átm. of rt मृग् 10th cl. 283.

मृगयसे thou dost seek, thou searchest for; 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt मृग् 10th cl. 283.

मृगयाणेनins. sin. m. of मृगयाण m. f. n. searching for; pres. p. átm. of rt मृग् 1st cl.

मृगियतुं to search for; inf. of rt मृग् 10th cl.

मृगियपन्ति they shall search for, they shall seek; 3d pl. 2d fut. of rt मृग् 10th cl. 491.

मृगराद TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; मृग cr. a beast, राद nom. sin. of राज m. a king, a monarch, 8th cl. 176. e.

मृगव्याधम् acc. sin. m. See next.

मृगव्याभो TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; मृग cr. an animal, wild beast, व्याभो nom. sin. of व्याभ m. a hunter.

मृगचालनिषेविते Complex comp. 771; मृग cr. an animal, a wild beast, चाल cr. a serpent, निषेविते loc. sin. n. of निषेवित m. f. n. infested, haunted by; past p. p. of rt सेव् with नि (70), 538.

দৃশয়াবাদ্ধি voc. sin. of দৃশয়াবাদ্ধী having eyes like those of a young deer or fawn; (from দৃশয়াব cr. a young deer, and স্বস্থা substituted for সাল্ল the eye, see 778.)

দ্যাত্ম voc. sin. O best of beasts, O chief of animals, Tat. or Dep. comp. 743. b;

मृग cr. a beast, श्रेष्ठ voc. sin. of श्रष्ठ m. f. n. best.

मृगासाम् gen. pl. of मृग m. a beast, 1st cl. 103. मृगेन्द्र O king, monarch, or chief of beasts. मृगेन्द्रेह for मृगेन्द्र + इह by 32.

म्णालीम् acc. sin. of मृणाली f. a fibre of the stalk of a lotus, a lotus-stalk.

मृतं acc. sin. m. of मृत m. f. n. dead, dying; past p. p. of rt मृ.

मृतस्य gen. sin. n. of मृत m. f. n. dead.

मृत्युं acc. sin. of मृत्यु m. death.

मृत्युर for मृत्युस nom. sin. of मृत्यु m. death, 3d cl. 110.

मृदिता nom. sin. f. of मृदित m. f. n. trampled on, crushed; past p. p. of rt मृद 538.

मृदुपूर्वे ind. blandly, softly, coaxingly, see 792. मृदुपूर्वेषा commencing softly; (from मृदु cr. soft, mild, and पूर्वेषा ins. sin. f. of पूर्वे m.f.n. first, preceding; see 777. d. and 792.)

मृद्यमानानि nom. sin. n. of मृद्यमान m. f. n. being crushed, being bruised; pres. p. pass. of rt मृद्ध 528.

मृथे loc. sin. n. of मृथ n. war, battle.

मृष्टमिललाम् Bah. or Rel. comp. 766; मृष्ट cr. clean, bright, pure, सलिलाम् acc. sin. f. from सलिल n. water, 1st cl. 108.

मे to me, of me; dat. or gen. sin. of मत् or अस्मत्, q.v.

मेघनाद for मेघनादे loc. sin. at the sound of rain; (from मेघ a cloud, and नाद sound.)
The Indian peacock is very restless at the approach of the rains, in which it is observed to take delight. Its circular movements are a frequent subject of allusion with Hindú poets, and are often by them compared to dancing; thus S'akuntalá Act IV, 'The peacock on the lawn ceases its dance.' Megha-dúta (l. 215): 'Pleased on each terrace, dancing with delight, The friendly peacock hails thy grateful flight.' Málati-Mádhava (p. 108): 'As pleased the peafowl hail the bow of

heaven,' &c. Compare also Raghu-vansa XIV. 69.

मेधिन घोषी BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; मेघ cr. a cloud, निर्घोषी nom. sin. m. sound; 'sounding like a thunder-cloud.'

मेचस्प gen. sin. of मेघ m. a cloud.

मेदिनों acc. sin. of मेदिनी f. the earth.

मेदिन्याम् loc. sin. of मेदिनी f. the earth, ist cl. 106.

मेने he or she thought; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt मन् 375. a, 617.

मोस्र्यित्वा having released; past ind. p. of rt मोस्र् 10th cl. 559.

मोस्यांस thou shalt be liberated; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt मुच् in pass. 628, 463. The parasmai-pada terminations are here used in the passive verb, see 461. e. note.

मोचियत्वा having loosed, having unharnessed; past ind. p. of rt मुच् in caus. 549.

मोदस rejoice thou, take thou pleasure; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt मुद्र 1st cl. 261.

मोहयन nom. sin. m. of मोहयत m. f. n. bewildering, depriving of sense, stupefying; pres. p. of rt मुह in caus. 527.

मोहित: nom. sin. m. of मोहित m. f. n. infatuated; past p. p. of rt मुह् in caus. 612, 549.

मोहिता nom. sin. f. of मोहित m. f. n. bewildered, stupefied, infatuated.

चियते he, she or it dies; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt मृ 6th cl. 626.

म्रानसग् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; म्रान cr. drooping, faded, सग् nom. sin. of सन् f. a garland, a chaplet, 8th cl. 176.

म्रेड्य तस्करसेवितम् Complex comp. 771; म्रेड्य cr. a wild man, a barbarian, तस्कर cr. a robber, सेवितम् acc. sin. n. of सेवित m.f.n. infested by; past p.p. of rt सेव् 538.

य.

य for यस who; nom. sin. m. of यत् m. f. n., 226.

यं acc. sin. m. of यत् m. f. n. who, which, 226. -

पद्माराइ nom. sin. m. the king of the Yakshas; (comp. of पद्म cr. a Yaksha, and राइ for राइ (41) nom. sin. of राइ m., 8th cl. 176.e.) The Yaksha was a kind of demi-god, attendant on Kuvera, the god of wealth, and employed by him in the care of his gardens &c. situated on mount Kailása. The Yakshas were supposed to be much courted by the Apsarasas or nymphs of Indra's heaven, but that they had wives of their own is clear from the Meghadúta. Their name is said to be derived from yaksh 'to worship,' either because they worship Kuvera, or are themselves worshipped by men.

यञ्चाधियः Тат. оп Dep. сомр. 743; यञ्च er. a Yaksha, a kind of demi-god, see last, खिथाः nom. sin. a lord, a sovereign.

यद्यो nom. sin. f. a Yakshí, the wife of a Yaksha. See last.

यक्षेषु loc. pl. of यक्ष m. a Yaksha. See last. यक्षो nom. sin. of यहा m. a Yaksha, 1st cl. 103. See last.

यच् for यत् nom. sin. n. what.

यक्ततु let him curb, let him guide; 3d sin. imp. of rt यम् 1st cl. 270.

यजमानश् for यजमानस् nom. sin. of यजमान m. f. n. sacrificing; pres. p. átm. of rt यज् 597. (It means sometimes a master.)

यहे loc. sin. of यह m. sacrifice, 1st cl. 103. यहेषु loc. pl. of यह m. a sacrifice, 1st cl. 103.

यहैर for यहैस ins. pl. of यह m. a sacrifice.

यत् pron. m. f. n. who, which, what, 226. यत् acc. sin. n. of यत् who, which, what, 226.

यत ind. since, because, inasmuch as, that, 713. a.

यत strive thou, make effort; 2d sin. imp. of rt यत् ist cl. 261. The more usual form is यतस्व, this root being generally in the átmane-pada.

यत: for यतस् as, because, since.

यतध्वं strive ye, take pains, make ye effort; 2d pl. imp. átm. of rt यत् 1st cl. 261.

यतस ind. as, in the same way as, because.

यतिष्पे I will strive; ist sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt यत् 415. b.

यत्कृते ind. on whose account, by reason of whom; (comp. of यत् 526, and कृते on account of, 791, 917.)

यत m. effort, exertion, pains, trouble.

यतं acc. sin. of यत m. effort.

यत ind. where, wherever, because, since, wherefore, that.

यत्नसायम्म्रातिष्ठयाम् acc. sin. f. having (my) dwelling wherever evening (falls); यत where, सायम् evening, प्रतिष्ठयाम् acc. sin. f. from प्रतिष्ठय m. a dwelling, 108.

यथा ind. so that, that, as, so as, 721.

यथाकामं ind. according to will, according to pleasure, at pleasure; (from यथा as, and काम desire, 760.)

यथागतं as they came, Adv. comp. 760; यथा ind. as, गतं acc. sin. n. of गत gone, went, see 760.

यथातस्म ind. according to the truth; (comp. of यथा as, and तस्त्र truth, see 760.)

यथातर्थं ind. truly, circumstantially; (in Book XXI. 25) for such a purpose.

यथातपं acc. sin. n. narrative, circumstantial account. This compound may also be regarded as indeclinable (from यथा and तथा 721), circumstantially.

यथातथा ind. in any way, any how.

यथात्य for यथा जात्य by 31.

यथान्यायं according to truth, justice, fitness or propriety, justly, fitly; (from यथा as, and न्याय justice, fitness, see 760.)

यथायं for यथा अयं by 31.

यथाई ind. worthily, properly, suitably; (comp. of यथा as, and छई worthy, 760.)

यथावन् for यथावत् (48) ind. truly, exactly, rightly.

यथावत् ind. according to usage, suitably, fitly.

यथावन् for यथावन् ind. justly, according to rule.

यथाविधि ind. according to rule, fitly, see 760.

यणावृत्तं ind. as (it) happened, as took place, circumstantially; (from यणा as, and वृत्त happened, occurred, took place, 760.)

যথাসন্ত ind. according to faith, in all faith, in all fidelity; (comp. of যথা as, and সভা f. faith, see 760.)

यथासङ्गम् ind. at the moment of contact, at the moment of (his) approach, opportunely; (from यथा as, and सङ्ग contact, meeting, 760.)

यथासत्म् ind. according to the truth, truthfully, see 760.

यणामुखं ind. happily, conveniently, pleasantly; (from यणा as, and सुख pleasure, 760.)

यथाहम् for यथा छहम् by 31.

यथेन्द्रिस for यथा इन्द्रिस by 32.

यथेदं for यथा इदं by 32.

यथेयं for यथा इयं by 32.

यथेरितम् for यथा ईरितम् by 32.

यथैव for यथा एव by 33.

यथोक्तं Adv. comp. 760; as said, as spoken, according to what was said, according to request; (comp. of यथा as, and उन्न said.)

यथोक्तानि nom.pl.n. of यथोक्त m.f.n. as said. यथोत्साई ind. with as great effort as possible, 760; (from यथा as, and उत्साह effort.)

यह ind. that, inasmuch as, 713.

यदा ind. when, as soon as.

यदि ind. if, 727. e.

यदिवा ind. whether, whether or no, 728. b.

यदिवाप्ययेकाम: for यदिवा ऋषि अर्थेकाम:

यदृद्ध्या ind. spontaneously; (ins. sin. of यदृद्धा.)

यद्यपि ind. although, if even.

यद्यवुद्धापि for यदि ऋवुद्धा ऋपि by 34, 31.

यद्यस्मिन् for यदि स्निस स्निम्न by 34. यन् for यत् (47) that, 920. b.

यना nom. sin. of यन्त m. a driver, a charioteer. यम: nom. sin. of यम m. Yama, the god of justice, presiding over the different Narakas or hells, son of Súrya, the sun, regent of the south and of the lower world. He is the judge of departed souls (corresponding to the Greek god Pluto or Minos), and as such is identified with death. His abode is in the infernal city of Yama-pur, whither the Hindús believe that a departed soul repairs, and receiving a just sentence from Yama, ascends to Svarga or descends to Naraka, or assumes on earth the form of some animal according to its deserts. As god of punishment, Yama is represented bearing a cord or noose (पाञा) as well as a दराइ or rod.

यमस् nom. sin. of यम m. Yama, 1st cl. 103. See last.

यमो nom. sin. of यम m. Yama, the god of death. See last.

यया by which; ins. sin. f. of यत् 226.

ययातिर for ययातिस् nom. sin. of ययाति m. Yayáti, a celebrated king of India, fifth of the Lunar race, 2d cl. 110.

ययु: they went; 3d pl. perf. of rt या 644. ययुर् for ययुस् they went; 3d pl. perf. of rt या 373.

यथैतज्ञ for यया एतत् by 33 and 48. a. ययौ he went; 3d sin. perf. of rt या 644. यज्ञ for यस who; nom. sin. of यत् 226.

यज्ञ: for यज्ञास acc. n. of यज्ञास glory, fame. यज्ञास n. glory, fame, 7th cl. 164.

यज्ञासा ins. sin. of यज्ञास् n. fame, fair fame, good character, virtue, 7th cl. 164.

यशस्त्रिन O illustrious lady! voc. sin. f. of यशस्त्रिन m. f. n. famous, 159.

यश्चिनी nom. sin. f. noble, illustrious; (from यश्च fame, and affix विन् 85. IX.)

यश्चेषं for यस् च एवं by 62 and 33.

यष्टा nom.sin.of यष्ट्र m.a sacrificer, 4th cl.127. यस्मिन् loc. sin. of यत् m.f. n. who, which, what, 226.

यस्य of whom; gen. sin. of यत् m. f. n., 226. यस्याभिज्ञापाद् for यस्य क्षभिज्ञापाद् by 31. यस्याहं for यस्य क्षहं by 31.

या who; nom. sin. f.

यां acc. sin. f. of यत् m. f. n. who, which, 226. याचते dat. sin. m. of याचत् m. f. n. asking, soliciting; pres. p. of rt याच् to ask, 524.

यातं acc. sin. m. of यात m. f. n. gone, going; past p. p. of rt या 532, 896. a.

याति he, she or it goes; 3d sin. of rt या 2d cl. 317, 644.

यातु let him go, let it pass; 3d sin. imp. of rt या to go, 2d cl. 644.

यातुं to go; inf. of rt या 459.

याते loc. sin. m. of यात m. f. n. gone; past
p. p. of rt या to go, 532, 644.

यातो nom. sin. m. of यात m.f. n. arrived at, restored to; past p. p. of rt या to go, 532. यात्येताम for याति एताम by 34.

यात्वा having gone; past ind. p. of rt या 556. यान् acc. pl. m. of यत् m. f. n. who, which, 226.

यानं acc. sin. of यान n. a vehicle, a carriage. यानयुग्यस्य of (or about) his yoked chariot;

(comp. of यान cr. a vehicle, a carriage, and युग्यस्य gen. sin. of युग्य m.f. n. capable of being yoked.)

यानि nom. pl. n. of यत् who, which, 226.

यानेन ins. sin. of यान n. a vehicle.

यानि they go to; 3d pl. pres. of rt या 2d cl. 644.

यान्तो nom. pl. m. of यात् m. f. n. going; pres. p. par. of rt या, see 524.

याम् acc. sin.f. of यत् m.f. n. who, which, 226. यावच् for यावत् as long as.

यावत ind. as long as, as much as, whilst.

याज्ञ nom. pl. f. of यत् m. f. n. who, which, what, 226.

यास् nom. pl.f. of यत् m.f.n. who, which, 226.

यासावद्य for या असी अद्य by 31 and 37. यास्यित he, she or it will go; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt या 644.

यास्यिम thou wilt go; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt या 644.

यास्पानि I will go; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt या. याहि go thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt या 2d cl. 644. युक्तं nom. sin. n. or acc. sin. m. of युक्त m.f. n. fit, fitting; yoked, joined; endowed with, possessed of.

युक्तः nom. sin. m. of युक्त m. f. n. endowed with, possessed of, invested with, skilled, practised, clever; past p. p. of rt युक्त 539. युक्त स nom. sin. m. of युक्त m. f. n. possessed

of, endowed with. युका: nom. pl. m. of युक्त m. f. n. possessed

of, endowed with. युज्यस्व be thou prepared, prepare thyself, gird thyself; 2d sin. imp. of rt युज् in pass.

पुतं acc. sin. n. of पुत m. f. n. possessed of, filled with; past p. p. of rt पु 532.

युता nom. sin. f. of युत m. f. n. endowed with, possessed of; past p. p. of rt यु 532.

युद्धं acc. sin. of युद्ध n. war, battle.

युद्धशूतम् nom. sin. n. the game of war or single combat; (comp. of युद्ध battle, and झूत game.)

युडाच् for युडात् abl. sin. of युड n. war. युडाय dat. sin. of युड n. battle.

युद्धे loc. sin. of युद्ध n. war, battle.

पुधिष्टर voc. sin. m. O Yudhishthira! Yudhishthira was the elder of the five Pándu princes, and leader in the great war between them and the Kurus. It is to him that the sage Vṛihadaśva relates the story of Nala. (In the Mahá-bhárata he is commonly designated राजा.)

युध्यस्व fight thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt युध् 4th cl.

युग्तं acc. sin. m. of पुयुत्तु m.f. n. desirous of fighting, pugnacious; (adj. formed from the des. of युप्.)

युवस्यविरवालाञ् DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 748; युव for युवन (57) cr. young men, स्थाविर cr. old men, बालाञ् nom. pl. of बाल m. a child, a boy, 1st cl. 103.

युमात् pron. thou, you, 219.

यूपभ्रष्टाम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 742; यूप cr. a herd, a flock, भ्रष्टाम् acc. sin. f. of भ्रष्ट m. f. n. strayed, wandered.

यूयज्ञो for यूयज्ञस् ind. in herds, in flocks, in troops; (from यूय a herd, affix ज्ञास 725.) य्यं you; nom. pl. of युष्मत् 220.

ये who; nom. pl. m. of यत्.

येन by whom, by which, by what reason, because, since; ins. sin. m. or n. of यत्.

येन केन ins. sin. m. by any whatsoever; (rel. pron. joined to the interrogative, 226, 227.)

येषां of whom; gen. pl. m. of यत्.

योस्पत्ते thou wilt be joined, thou shalt or wilt become possessed of; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt युज् in pass., see 702.

योस्ये I will unite, I will join; 1st sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt युज् 670.

योगं acc. sin. of योग m. occupation, employment.

योजनं acc. sin. of योजन n. a yojana, a measure of distance equivalent to nine miles, or (according to some) five miles, 823.

योजनञ्जातं acc. sin. n. a hundred yojanas; (comp. of योजन a yojana, or about five miles, and ञात a hundred, 206.)

पोनप yoke thou, harness thou; 2d sin.imp. of rt युन् in caus: 481.

योजयामास he yoked, he put to; 3d sin. 2d pret. of rt युन in caus. 490.

योजयामि I (will) yoke or will harness; 1st sin. pres. of rt युज् in caus. 481.

योजियाना having yoked; past ind. p. of rt युज् 10th cl. 558; see also page 248.

योत्स for योत्से (36) I will fight; 1st sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt युध्.

योडा nom. sin. of योडू m. a fighter, a warrior, a combatant, 4th cl. 127.

योपिदृतम् nom. sin. n. a jewel of a woman, i. e. a most excellent woman; (comp. of योपित् f. a woman, and रत्न n. a gem.)

योवनं nom. sin. n. youth, manhood, the bloom or prime of youth.

## ₹.

रंस्पते he shall take pleasure or enjoy himself; 3d sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt रम् 410, 433.

रंस्पसे thou shalt enjoy thyself, thou shalt take thy pleasure; 2d sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt रम् 410, 433.

रक्तानाभ्यां abl. du. n. of रक्ताना m. f. n. having red corners; (from रक्त red, and अन an extremity, 766.)

ষো defend thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt ষো 1st cl. 261.

रक्षणीया nom. sin. f. of रक्षणीय m. f. n. to be protected; fut. pass. p. of rt रख् 570.

যেলু let them preserve; 3d pl. imp. of rt যে 1st cl. 261.

মো nom. sin. f. preservation, deliverance.

रिक्षणञ्चा nom. pl. of रिद्यन् m. a guardian, 159. रिक्षता nom. sin. m. of रिद्यन् m. f. n. a protector, a guardian, 4th cl. 127.

रस्यमाणा nom. sin. f. of रस्यमाण m.f. n. being guarded; pres.p. of rt रख in pass. 528.

रङ्गम् acc. sin. of रङ्ग m. an arena, stage.

रजः खेदसमन्वितः TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; रजस् for रजः cr. dust, खेद cr. perspiration, समन्वितः nom. sin. m. of समन्वित m. f. n. possessed of, possessing.

रजनों acc. sin. of रजनो f. the night.

ন্যে Hacc. sin. of ন্যে f. a rope, a cord; hanging, 3d cl. 112. It is to be noted with reference to Book IV. 4, that hanging was not considered by the Hindús an undignified mode of self-destruction. See Hindú Theatre II. 237 and 299.

रणविशारदम् acc. sin. m. skilled in war; (comp. of रण cr. war, and विशारद m. f. n. learned, skilled, 744.)

रणाद for रणात abl. sin. of रण m. n. battle.

Two loc. sin. of Tw m. n. war, battle.

নৈ acc. sin. of নে m. f. n. devoted to, delighting in; past p. p. of rt নে 545.

र्तत f. enjoyment, pleasure, 2d cl. 112.

Thi acc. sin. of The enjoyment, pleasure.

रतीम् acc. sin. of रती f. Ratí, the wife of Kámadeva or Manmatha (god of love).

स्तं nom. sin. of स्त n. a jewel, a gem.

रत्नकोषनिचयैः Complex comp. 770; रत cr. jewels, कोष cr. treasure, gold or silver, निचयै: ins. pl. of निचय m. a heap.

रत्नगर्भगृहोचिताम् Anom. comp. 777; रत्न-गर्भे cr. filled with jewels, गृह cr. a house, उचिताम् acc. sin. f. of उचित m. f. n. fit for, worthy of, suited to.

रतभूतां acc. sin. f. of रतभूत m. f. n. one who is a gem or jewel; (comp. of रत a gem, and भूत past p. p. of rt भू 531.)

रत्नराशिद for रत्नराशिस TAT. OR DEP. comp. 743; रत cr. jewels, राशिद nom. sin. m. a heap, a quantity, a collection.

र्षं acc. sin. of र्ष m. a chariot.

रणयोपं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; रण cr. a chariot, योपं acc. sin. of योप m. sound, rumbling or rattling noise.

द्यापेण ins. sin. m. See last. The scene at the commencement of Book XXI reminds us of the watchman reporting the rapid approach of Jehu, 'the driving is like the driving of Jehu, the son of Nimshi, for he driveth furiously.'

रपनिघोंपं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; रप cr. a chariot, निघोंपं acc. sin. of निघोंप m. sound, rattling.

रचिनयोंप: nom. sin. m. See last.

रथनिर्घोमो for रयनिर्घोमस् nom. sin. m. the rattling of the chariot.

रणनिस्ताः TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; रण cr. a chariot, निस्ताः nom. sin. m. a sound.

रथम् acc. sin. of रथ m. a chariot.

रथनरं an excellent chariot; (comp. of रथ

cr. chariot, and TI acc. sin. of TI m. f. n. excellent, choice, best.)

रथवाहक: nom. sin.m. a charioteer, the driver of a chariot; (from रथ cr. chariot, and वाहक: one who conveys.)

খেয়ালাদ্ Tat. or Dep. comp. 743, a coach-house; খে cr. a chariot, য়ালাদ্ acc. sin. of য়ালা f. a house.

रथात abl. sin. of रथ m. a chariot.

रियनम् acc. sin. of रियन् m. a warrior who is borne in a chariot, a charioteer.

रथे loc. sin. of रथ m. a chariot.

रथेन ins. sin. of रथ m. a chariot.

रथोत्रमं acc. sin. m. the best of chariots, 743. b.

रथोत्रमात् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743. b; रयटर. chariot, उत्तमात् abl. sin. of उत्तम m.f.n. best.

रथोपस्य for रथोपस्य loc. sin. on the charioteer's seat (lower than the main body of the car).

रथोपस्याद् abl. sin. of रघोपस्य m. the charioteer's seat for driving, driving-box.

रणोपस्ये loc. sin. m. on the charioteer's seat; (from रथ a chariot, and उपस्थ a seat.)

रमणीयेषु loc. pl. of रमणीय m. f. n. pleasant, agreeable, 1st cl. 103.

sant, delightful, charming.

स्या nom. sin. f. of स्य m. f. n. pleasant.

रम्यां acc. sin. f. of रम्य m. f. n. pleasant.

स्यान् acc. pl. m. of स्थ m. f. n. pleasant.

মেন্ধ he governed, he protected; 3d sin. perf. of rt হন্ন 364.

যো he or she shone; 3d sin. perf. of rt ান্ 364.

रिवं acc. sin. of रिव m. the sun, 2d cl. 110. रिवसोमसमप्रभ: Complex comp. 771; रिव cr. the sun, सोम cr. the moon, सम cr. equal to, प्रभ nom. sin. m. from प्रभा f. light, lustre, glory, 1st cl. 108.

रिइमिभज्ञ ins. pl. of रिइम m. a rein. रङ्मीन् acc. pl. of रिङ्म m. a rein, 110. रहिता nom. sin. f. of रहित m. f. n. deprived of, separated from, (governing instrumental case); past p. p. of rt रह.

रहिता for रहितास nom.pl.f.of रहित m.f.n. abandoned, deserted; past p.p. of रह 538.

रहो for रहस् ind. secretly, in private.

राद्यसी nom. sin. f. a Rákshasí or female Rákshasa, a fairy. The Rákshasa is a spirit or demon who appears to be of various descriptions. As a kind of Titan, or enemy of the gods, he assumes a gigantic superhuman form, after the manner of Rávana and others. He is sometimes represented as the guardian (रधकः) of the treasure of Kuvera, the god of wealth; and sometimes as a cannibal imp or goblin, haunting cemeteries, devouring human beings, impeding sacrifices, and disturbing religious people in their devotions. In this last character the Rákshasas appear to have waged continual war with men, as the Daityas or Dánavas did with the gods.

रागं acc. sin. of राग m. affection, love.

रागो for रागस् nom. sin. m. passion, 1st cl. 103.

राजंस for राजन् O king; voc. sin., q. v.

राजते shines; 3d sin. pres. útm. of rt राज् 1st cl. 261.

राजन् O king; voc. sin. of राजन् m. a king, 149. In the Mahá-bhárata राजन्in the vocative is often applied to Yudhishthira, the eldest of the Pándu princes, to whom the sage Vṛihadaśva relates the story of Nala.

राजन O king; voc. sin. for राजन by 52.

राजपुतं acc. sin. m. of राजपुत m. a prince, a king's son.

राजपुताञ्च nom. pl. of राजपुत m. a king's son, a prince; (from राज for राजन् a king, 57.b, and पुताञ्च nom. pl. of पुत m. a son, 743.)

राजपुतीं acc. sin. of राजपुती f. a princess, a king's daughter; (comp. of राजfor राजन् a king, 57. b, and पुती f. a daughter.)

राजप्रेषेर TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; राज for राजन् (57. b) a king, प्रेष्टर ins. pl. of प्रेष्ण m. a servant, messenger.

राजभिक्तपुरस्कृत: Тат. он Dep. comp. 740; राज for राजन (57. b) cr. king, भिक्त cr. devotion to, loyalty, पुरस्कृत preceded by, placed in front, adorned.

राजभायों TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; राज for राजन cr. a king, 57, भायों acc. sin. of भायों f. a wife, 1st cl. 105.

राजनाता nom. sin. f. the royal mother, the mother of the king, queen-mother; (comp. of राज for राजन cr. a king, 57, and माता nom. sin. of मातृ 129, 743.)

राजमातुर gen. sin. f. of the royal mother. See last.

राजमातेदम् for राजमाता इदम् by 32.

राजमागी: nom. pl. m. the royal roads or streets; (from राज for राजन् a king, 57, and मार्गे m. a road.)

राजवेभस्य gen. sin. of राजवेभ m. the chief of kings, see 758.

राजवेश्वन: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; राज for राजन् (57) cr. the king, वेश्वन: gen. sin. of वेश्वन् n. a house, a dwelling, 6th cl. 152.

राजवेश्मनि loc. sin. n. in the palace of the king. See last.

राजशादूल voc. sin. m. O great king; (lit. O tiger of a king, from राज for राजन 57. b, and शादूल a tiger, see 758.)

राजसिनित Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; राज for राजन (57) cr. a king, सिनित acc. sin. of सिनित f. assembly, congress, 2d cl. 112.

राजसु among kings; loc. pl. m. of राजन् m. a king, 148.

राजस्याश्वमेधानां Dvan. or Agg. comp. 748; राजस्य cr. a royal sacrifice, performed only by a universal monarch, खश्चमेधानां gen. pl. of सश्चमेध the Asvamedha or horse-sacrifice, see note under सश्चमेधन. Great sacrifices were per-

formed by kings in celebration of auspicious events, especially after marriage, in the hope of securing issue, when largesses (दिश्वा) were distributed to the Bráhmans and officiating priests.

राजा nom. sin. of राजन m. a king, 148.

राजानं acc. sin. of राजन् m. a king, 148.

राजान: nom. pl. of राजन m. a king.

राजानो for राजानस् nom. pl. m. kings, 148. राजापसद् voc. sin. O fallen king, O degraded king; (comp. of राज for राजन् a king, 57.b, and अपसद m. an outcast.)

राजेन्द्र voc. sin. m. O chief of kings; (comp. of राज for राजन 57. b, 148, and इन्द्र chief.)

राजेन्द्रो nom. sin. m. chief of kings.

राज: gen. sin. of राजन m. a king, 148.

राज्ञ gen. sin. of राजन m. a king, 148.

राज्ञस् gen. sin. of राजन् m. a king, 148.

राज्ञा ins. sin. of राजन् m. a king, 148.

राज्ञां gen. pl. of राजन् m. a king.

राज्ञि voc. sin. of राज्ञी f. a queen.

राज्ञी nom. sin. f. a queen.

राज्ञे dat. sin. of राजन् m. a king, 148.

राज्ञो for राज्ञस gen. sin. m. of a king.

राज्यं nom. or acc. sin. of राज्य n. a kingdom.

राज्यपरिश्वष्ट: Tat. or Dep. comp. 742; राज्य cr. kingdom, परिश्वष्ट: nom. sin. m. fallen from, deprived of; past p.p.ofrt श्रेश् 544.a.

राज्यान् (for राज्यात् by 47) abl. sin. of राज्यं n. a kingdom, 1st cl. 104.

राज्यापहरणं Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; राज्य cr. kingdom, अपहरणं acc. sin. of अपहरण n. taking away, deprivation.

राज्येन ins. sin. of राज्य n. a kingdom.

राविं acc. sin. of रावि f. the night.

पांतर nom. sin. of पांत f. the night.

राहुग्रस्तिशाकराम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; राहु cr. Ráhu, a demon with the tail of a dragon, who was translated to the stellar sphere, and became the author of eclipses by occasionally swallowing the

sun and moon; युक्त cr. seized, swallowed; निशाकराम् acc. sin.f. from निशाकर m. the moon, 108. The origin of the hostility of Ráhu to the sun and moon is this. When the gods were drinking the amrita (see note under अमृतोपमां) produced at the churning of the ocean, Ráhu, a demon, assumed the form of a god, and began to drink also, when the sun and moon, in friendship to the gods, revealed the deceit. His head was then cut off by Vishnu, but being immortal by having tasted the amrit, the head and tail retained their separate existence, and were transferred to the sky. The head became the cause of eclipses by its animosity to the sun and moon, and the tail became Ketu or the descending node. Compare Málati-Mádhava (p. 115, Wilson): '-and now thou fall'st a prey to death, like the full moon to Ráhu's jaws consigned.'

रिपुनिपातिनम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; रिपु cr. an enemy, निपातिनम् acc. sin. m. of निपातिन् m.f. n. causing to fall, a destroyer, agt. of rt पत् in caus. 582. a.

हिचरानना BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; हिचर cr. beautiful, sweet, आनना nom. sin. f. from आनन n. face, 1st cl. 108.

हिचापाङ्गी having beautiful eyes, (lit. the outer corners of whose eyes were beautiful,) BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; हिचर cr. beautiful, अपाङ्गी acc. sin. f. from अपाङ्ग n. the outer corner of the eye, 1st cl. 108.

हदती nom. sin. f. of हदत् m. f. n. weeping, crying; pres. p. par. of rt हद 524, 141. c.

हदतीं acc. sin. f. of हदत् m. f. n. weeping; pres. p. par. of rt हद्द 524, see also 141. c.

रूदत्यय for रूदती अय by 34.

हदन्तीं acc. sin. f. of हदत्त m. f. n. weeping; pres. p. par. of rt हद 524. The more usual form is हदतीं.

हदन्याः gen. sin.f. of हदत् m.f.n. weeping; pres. p. par. of rt हद 524.

हदन्यो nom.du.f.of हदत् m.f.n. weeping, 524. हदिते he or she weeps; 3d sin. pres. átm.

(more usually par.) of rt & 2d cl. 653.

रुदित्वा having wept; past ind.p.ofrt रुद् 556.

हद्रा for हद्रास nom. pl. of हद्र m. a Rudra, one of a group of semi-divine beings, (eight in number,) usually regarded as manifestations of Siva, but in the earlier ages of Hindú mythology connected with the worship of Váyu or the wind. The eight Rudras are thus enumerated in the Vishnu Purána (p. 58), -Rudra, Bhava, Sarva, Iśána, Paśupati, Bhíma, Ugra, Mahádeva, most of which are merely other names for Siva. 'Brahmá assigned to them as their respective stations, the sun, water, earth, air, fire, ether, the ministering Bráhman, and the moon.' These are their types or representatives in this world. See the opening verse of Sakuntalá. In other places the Rudras are described as eleven in number, and as children of Kasyapa and Surabhi.

हरोद he or she wept; 3d sin. perf. of rt हद्द 364, 653.

रुपान्विता nom. sin. f. filled with anger, full of wrath; (from रूपा cr. anger, rage, and सन्वित m. f. n. possessed with.)

To n. form, figure, beauty, 1st cl. 104.

हपं nom. or acc. sin. of हप n. form.

हपतः for हपतस् ind. in form; (from हप with affix तस्.)

हपमात्वियोजितः TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; हप cr. form, मात merely, only, वियोजितः nom. sin. m. deprived of, separated from.

हपवती nom. sin. f. of हपवत् m. f. n. beautiful, endowed with (a beautiful) form, ist cl. 105; see 140. b.

हपवान् nom. sin. m. of हपवन् m. f. n. possessed of (a beautiful) form, 140.

er. form, figure, सम्पदा ins. sin. of सम्पद f. perfection, excellence, 5th cl. 136. हपसम्पन्ना Tat. or Dep. comp. 740; हप cr. beauty, सम्पन्ना nom. sin. f. of सम्पन्न m.f.n. endowed with, past p. p. of rt पह with prep. सम्, 540.

हपे loc. sin. of हप n. form.

रूपेण ins. sin. of रूप n. form, shape, beauty. रूपेणाप्रतिमाम् for रूपेण अप्रतिमाम् by 31. रूपेणाप्रतिमेन for रूपेण अप्रतिमेन by 31.

रुपौदार्थगुणोपेताम् Complex comp. 771; रूप cr. beauty, खौदार्य cr. generosity, गुण cr. quality, उपेताम् acc. sin. f. of उपेत m. f. n. endowed with.

रेमे he enjoyed bliss, he took pleasure; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt रम्, see 375. a.

रोदिति he or she weeps; 3d sin. pres. of rt रह 2d cl. 322.

रोदिम I weep for, I sorrow for; ist sin. pres. रोमहर्षेश् nom. sin. m. erection of the hair of the body, either from a thrill of horror or delight; (रोम hair, and हर्षे q. v.)

रोमतासाञ्चस् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; रोप cr. anger, तास cr. red, coppery, अञ्चस् nom. sin. of अञ्च m. for अञ्च the eye, see 778.

रोहिसो nom. sin. f. the fourth Lunar asterism personified as the moon's favourite wife, the moon being always a male deity in Hindú mythology.

रौद्रो for रौद्रस् nom. sin. of रौद्र m. f. n. fierce, ferocious.

## ल

लक्षणेर् for लक्षणेस् ins. pl. of लक्षण n. a mark, a spot, a characteristic.

लक्षणेश ins. pl. of लक्षण n. a mark, indication.

লক্ষ্ম observe thou, take note of; 2d sin. imp. of rt লক্ষ্ 10th cl. 283.

लक्ष्यन्ती nom. sin. f. of लक्ष्यत् m. f. n. observing; pres. p. of rt लक्ष्य 10th cl. 524.

लक्षियत्वा having observed or noticed; past ind. p. of rt लक्ष् 10th cl. 558.

लक्ष्मे I observe, I see; 1st sin. pres. átm. of rt लक्ष्म 10th cl. 283.

लिस्ति nom.sin.n.of लिख्ति m.f.n.observed, perceived; past p. p. of rt लख् 538.

लिश्वितः nom. sin. m. of लिश्वित m. f. n. seen, observed.

लिखाता nom.sin.f.of लिखात m.f.n. perceived. लिखातेषं for लिखाता इयं by 32.

लिखानो for लिखानस् nom. sin. m. of लिखान m.f.n. seen, perceived; past p. p. of rt लख.

लक्ष्मा ins. sin. of लक्ष्मी f. fortune, the goddess of fortune, 124; see note under श्री.

लक्ष्मते he or it is perceived or seen; 3d sin. pres. of rt लख in pass. 463.

लघुश nom. sin. m. of लघु m. f. n. light, of little weight, 187.

लज्जां acc: sin. of लज्जा f. shame, modesty. लज्जावत्यो nom. pl. of लज्जावती f. bashful, filled with shame, 1st cl. 106, see 140.

लभ्यान nom. sin. m. of लभ्यान m.f. n. he obtained; past act. p. of rt लभ् 553.

লভ্যা having received, having obtained, having regained; pastind. p.ofrt লেশ্ 556.

ਲਮਜੇ they receive, they take, they undertake (?); 3d pl. pres. átm. of ਲਮ੍-

ललारे loc. sin. of ललार n. the forehead.

लायनं nom. or acc. sin. n. lightness, contempt, disrespect.

लाभाय dat. sin. of लाभ m. gain, see 811.

लिङ्गधारणे Тат. ов Dep. сомр. 743; लिङ्ग cr. mark, badge, characteristic, धारणे loc. sin. of धारण n. bearing, holding, possessing, wearing, 1st cl. 104.

লিক্লানি nom. or acc. pl. of লিক্ল n. a sign, a mark, characteristic, attribute, 1st cl. 104. নুমনা nom. sin. of নুমন m. a hunter.

लेखा nom. sin. f. a streak, a line, a digit (of the moon).

ਲੇਮੇ he recovered; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt ਲਮ 375. a.

लोक m. the world, people, mankind, 1st cl. 103.

लोककानाम् acc. sin. f. loved by the world, dear to all mankind; (comp. of लोक cr. the world, and काना beloved.)

लोक कृताम् gen. pl. of लोक कृत् m. creator of the world or worlds; (comp. of लोक the world, and कृत् 580.)

लोकपाल m. guardian of the world, ist cl.
103; (comp. of लोक the world, and पाल
guardian, 743.) The guardians of the
world are the eight deities next below
the Hindú Triad. They are, i. Indra;
2. Agni or fire; 3. Súrya, the sun; 4. Candra, the moon; 5. Pavana, the wind; 6.
Yama, the god of justice and lord of the
infernal regions; 7. Varuṇa, the god of
water; and 8. Kuvera, the god of wealth.
In the Nala only four are introduced, viz.
Indra, Agni, Varuṇa, and Yama. See
Hindú Theatre I. 219.

लोकपालसमे Anom. comp. 777; लोकपाल er., see last, समे loc. sin. m. of सम m. f. n. like, resembling, 1st cl. 187.

लोकपाला for लोकपालास् nom. pl. m. guardians of the world. See लोकपालः

लोकपालाः nom. pl. m. guardians of the world. लोकपालानां gen. pl. m. of the guardians of the world.

लोकपालाश्वाका.pl.m.guardians of the world. लोकपालास् nom.pl.m.guardians of the world.

लोकपालेषु loc. pl. of लोकपाल, q. v. लोकस्प gen. sin. of लोक m. the world.

लोकान् acc. pl. of लोक m. the world.

लोके loc. sin. of लोक m. the world.

लोकेषु loc. pl. of लोक m. the world.

लोको for लोकस् nom. sin. of लोक m. the world.

लोचने nom. du. of लोचन n. the eye. लोभाच for लोभात abl. sin. of लोभ m. eager desire.

लोभोपहतचेतसः nom. pl. m. having minds perverted by covetousness; (लोभ, उपहत, चेतस, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767.)

लोष्टभि: ins. pl. of लोष्टन् m. n. a clod, lump of earth, 6th cl. 147.

## **a**.

वंशभोज्यं nom. sin. n. to be possessed by a family, hereditary; (comp. of वंश cr. a family, and भोज्य to be enjoyed, 740.)

वः for वस् (same as युष्मान् or युष्माकं) you, of you; acc. or gen. pl. of न्वत् 219.

वक्तव्यं nom. sin. n. of वक्तव्य m.f. n. to be said, to be spoken; fut. pass. p. of rt वच् 569.

वक्तुं to speak, to say; inf. of rt वच 459, 650. वक्तं acc. sin. of वक्त n. the face, the mouth.

वद्यसि loc. sin. of वदास n. the breast.

वस्यिन they will bear, they will carry; 3d pl. 2d fut. of rt वह 414.

वस्पितिthou shalt say; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt चच् वचः for वचस् nom. or acc. sin. of वचस् n. speech, word, 7th cl. 164.

वचनं nom. or acc. sin. of वचन n. word, speech, 1st cl. 104.

वचनाह् for वचनात् abl. sin. of वचन n. order, injunction, 1st cl. 104.

वचने loc. sin. of वचन n. a word, 1st cl. 104. वचस nom. or acc. sin. of वचस n. speech, 7th cl. 164.

वचो for वचस nom. or acc. sin. of वचस n. speech.

वत interj. Ah! Oh! Alas!

वत्सि thou shalt dwell; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt वस 607.

वत्सामि I will dwell; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt वस् 607, 304. a.

वत्याम्यहमसंश्यं for वत्यामि श्रहम् श्रसंश्यं by 34.

बद say thou, tell thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt बद्ध 1st cl. 599.

वदति he speaks, he describes; 3d sin. pres. of rt वद.

वदरीविल्यसञ्चनं Complex comp.771; वदरी cr. the jujube, a kind of tree or plant,

विख cr. the vilva or bel-tree, सञ्चलं acc. sin. n. of सञ्चल m. f. n. covered, concealed; past p. p. of rt छह with सं, 540.

बद्ध speak thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt बद्ध 1st cl. 599.

विद्यानि they will speak; 3d pl. 2d fut. of rt वह.

वदेह for चदे त he or she may speak; 3d sin. pot. of rt चह 1st cl. 599.

वन for वने loc. sin. of वन n. a wood, see 36.

वनं nom. or acc. sin. of वन n. a wood.

वनगजान् KARM. or Des. comp. 755; वन cr. a wood, a forest, गजान् acc. pl. of गज m. an elephant.

वनगुल्मांश् for वनगुल्मान् (53) TAT. OR DEP. comp. 743; वन cr. the forest, गुल्मान् acc. pl. of गुल्म m. a bush, a shrub.

वनपन्नगान् Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; वन er. wood, पन्नगान् acc. pl. of पन्नग m. a snake, 1st cl. 103.

वनस्यया ins. sin. f. of वनस्य m. f. n. staying in the wood, a forester; (from वन cr. a wood, and स्य staying, 580. b.)

वनस्यास्य for वनस्य अस्य by 31.

वनानि acc. pl. of वन n. a wood.

वनानारे TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; वन cr. wood, सनारे loc. sin. of सनार n. midst, middle space, other, 1st cl. 104.

वने loc. sin. of वन n. a wood.

वनेषु loc. pl. of वन n. a wood, 1st cl. 104.

वनेषूपवनेषु for वनेषु उपवनेषु by 31.

वनोड़वै: ins. pl. of वनोड़व m. that which is produced in a forest, a tree, bough, bush, &c.; (comp. of वन, q.v., and उड़व produced.)

वपु: nom. or acc. sin. of वपुस् n. body, form, 165. a.

वपुमेलसमाचितम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; वपुस् cr. the body, 65, मल cr. dirt, समा-चितम् nom. sin. n. covered over.

वपुषा ins. sin. of वपुस् n. form, body, figure, 7th cl. 165. a.

वयं we; nom. pl. of अस्मत, q.v.

वयः for वयस् nom. sin. n. age.

वय:प्रनाणं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; वय: cr. age, प्रनाणं nom. sin. n. measure, quantity, length, proof.

वयस् nom. sin. n. age, period of life, 164.

वयसा ins. sin. of वयस् n. age, time of life, 7th cl. 164.

वयसि loc. sin. of वयस् n. age, period of life. वरं acc. sin. of वर् m. a boon, a gift, 1st cl. 103.

यर nom. sin. m. of यर m. f. n. best, most excellent, 1st cl. 103, see 187.

वरनारीणां KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; वर cr. best, most excellent, नारीणाम् gen. pl. of नारी f. a woman, 1st cl. 106.

वर्ष choose thou; 2d sin. imp. par. of rt वृ in caus. with sense of the simple verb, 675.

वरयस्व choose thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt वृ in caus. with sense of the simple verb, 675; there is also a root वर् 10th cl.

वरपामास he or she chose; 3d sin. perf. of rt वृ 10th cl. 283.

वरियमिति he or she will choose; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt वृ 10th cl. 283.

वरियणामि I will choose; ist sin. 2d fut. par. of rt वृ, see 283.

वरियपे I will choose; 1st sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt वृ 10th cl. 283.

वर्षेत् she would choose; 3d sin. par. of rt वृ 10th cl. 283.

वरपेद for वरपेत् he or she may choose.

वरवर्णिन O excellent lady; voc. sin. of वरवर्णिनी f. an excellent or beautiful woman, 1st cl. 106.

वरवर्णिनो nom. sin. f. an excellent woman; (वर best, and वर्ण class, caste, colour, with affix इन.)

वरवर्णिनों acc. sin. f. an excellent or lovely woman.

वरिस्त्रयः nom.pl.f. excellent women; (comp. of वर excellent, and स्त्रो 123.b.)

वराङ्गना Karm. or Des. comp. 755; वर

cr. excellent, best, স্থানা nom. sin. f. a woman, see 743. b.

वराङ्गनाः nom. pl.f. best of women, 743. b.

वरान् acc. pl. of वर m. a blessing, a gift, a boon, 1st cl. 103.

वरारोहा nom. sin. f. an elegant or graceful woman; (comp. of वर excellent, and खारोह waist or hip.)

वरारोहां acc. sin. of वरारोहा f. a beautiful woman.

वराहांश् for वराहान् acc. pl. of वराह m. a hog, a boar, 1st cl. 103.

विरिष्मिति he or she will choose; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt व 398.

वहणं acc. sin. of वहण Varuna. See next.

वहणों for वहणस् nom. sin. of वहण m. Varuna, the god of the waters. In the later mythology he is a kind of Hindú Neptune. He is regent of the west, and lord of punishment, in which latter capacity he resembles Yama, and, like him, holds a snaky cord or noose with which he binds incorrigible offenders under the water. His váhana or vehicle is the fabulous fish called Makara.

वर्चेखिनी nom. sin. f. of वर्चेखिन् m. f. n. bright, brilliant, 6th cl. 159.

वर्जितं nom. sin. n. of वर्जित m. f. n. deprived of, destitute of, (governing instrumental case.)

वर्जिताँल् for वर्जितान् (by 56) acc. pl. m. of वर्जित m.f. n. free from, destitute of, void of.

वर्ग्यमाने पु loc. pl. of वर्ग्यमान being extolled, being described; pres.p. pass.of rt वर्गे 528.

वर्ततां let it abide, let it remain, let it proceed; 3d sin. imp. átm. of rt वृत् 1st cl. 598.

वर्तते he lives or exists, he abides; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt नृत् 1st cl. 598.

वर्तमाने loc. sin. m. of वर्तमान m. f. n. existing, taking place, going on, extant; pres. p. átm. of rt वृत् 598.

वतेयन् nom. sin. m. of वतेयत् m. f. n. sup-

porting existence; pres. p. par. of rt 71 in caus. 598, 525.

वतेयामास he lived, he passed (his days); 3d sin. perf. of rt वृत् in caus. 490.

वर्धयिस thou dost increase, thou augmentest; 2d sin. pres. of rt वृथ in caus. 481.

वर्धयस्यमरोपम for वर्धयास समरोपम by 34. वर्षायुतं acc. sin. n. for ten thousand years; (comp. of वर्ष a year, and स्रयुत्त n. ten

(comp. of वम a year, and अयुत n. ten thousand.)

वर्षे loc. sin. of वर्षे m. n. year, 1st cl. 103.

वस्कलाजिनसंवीतेर Complex comp. 771; वस्कल cr. bark, अजिन cr. a skin, a hide, संवीतेर ins. pl. of संवीत m.f. n. clothed.

वयन्दे he or she saluted; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt वन्द 364.

वनुभे it increased, he increased; 3d sin. perf. átm. of rt नृथ 364.

वर्षों he or it blew; 3d sin. perf. of rt वा 373. वर्श acc. sin. of वश m. power, influence.

वश्वितन: acc. pl. m. of वश्वित m. f. n. obedient, submissive to authority, acting in obedience to (another's) will; (from वश्व will, authority, and वित् behaving, being, abiding in.)

विश्वष्टभृग्वित्तसमैस् like to Vasishtha, Bhrigu, and Atri, Complex comp. 771; विश्वष्ट cr. Vasishtha, भृग्व for भृग् (34) cr. Bhrigu, खित cr. Atri, समेस् ins. pl. m. of सम m. f. n. equal to, like. Vasishtha, Bhrigu, and Atri are three of the great saints or sages called Prajapatis or Brahmadikas, that is, mind-born sons of Brahma. They belong to the highest order of saints, and are also called Brahmarshis. They are variously described as seven, nine, ten, and even twenty-one in number. See Vishnu Purana, p. 49.

वस् of you; gen. pl. (= युक्साकं) 219.

वस dwell thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt वस् 1st cl. 607.

वसतस् they two dwell; 3d du. pres. of rt वस् 1st cl. 607. वसित he or she dwells; 3d sin. pres. of rt वस् वसती nom. sin. f. of वसत् m. f. n. dwelling; pres. p. of rt वस् 524.

चसतो gen. sin. of चसत् m.f.n. dwelling, residing; pres. p. of rt चस्.

वसत्यनहेंस् for वसति अनहेंस् by 34.

यसवो nom. pl. of वसु m. a Vasu, a name of eight semi-divine beings, personifications of natural phenomena, whose names are variously enumerated. In the Vishnu Purána (p. 120, Wilson) they are thus given: 1. Apa, water, or according to others Ahar, day; 2. Dhruva, the Polestar; 3. Soma, the moon; 4. Dava, fire; 5. Anila, the wind; 6. Anala or Pávaka, fire; 7. Pratyúsha, dawn; 8. Prabhása, light. They are represented as always attendant on their leader Fire, and in their relationship to this deity and to the worship of the Sun and Light, seem to belong to the Vedic period of Hindú mythology.

वसस्व dwell thou; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt वस् 1st cl. 607.

बसु nom. or acc. sin. n. wealth, property, substance, 3d cl. 114.

वसुधां acc. sin. of वसुधा f. the earth, 1st cl. 105. वसुधाधिप O lord of the earth; (from वसुधा the earth, and ऋधिप m. a lord.)

वसुधाधिषं acc. sin. m. sovereign of the earth. वसुधाधिषः nom. sin. m. lord of the earth.

वसुन्धरा nom. sin. f. the earth.

वसुन्धरां acc. sin. of वसुन्धरा f. the earth.

वसुसम्पूर्णां TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; वसु cr. wealth, सम्पूर्णां acc. sin. f. of सम्पूर्ण m. f. n. filled with, 1st cl. 105.

वसूनि acc. pl. of वसु n. wealth, substance, 3d cl. 114.

चसेतां irregularly for अवसेतां they two dwelt; 3d du. impf. átm. of rt वस् वसेतां may also be the 3d du. pot. par.

वस्तुं to dwell; inf. of rt वस् 607, 459.

वस्त्रं acc. sin. n. of वस्त्र n. a garment.

वस्त्राने TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; वस्त्र cr. garment, अने loc. sin. of अन n. end, 1st cl. 104.

यस्त्राधं acc. sin. n. the half of a garment; (comp. of यस्त्र cr. a garment, and सर्ध n. half.)

वस्त्रार्थप्रावृताम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; वस्त्र cr. garment, अर्थ cr. half, प्रावृताम् acc. sin. f. of प्रावृत m. f. n. covered.

वस्त्रार्थसंवीता Tat. or Dep. comp. 745; वस्त्र cr. garment, अर्थ cr. half, संवीता nom. sin. f. of संवीत m. f. n. clothed.

वस्त्रार्थसंवृता TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; वस्त्र cr. a garment, अर्थ cr. half, संवृता nom. sin. f. of संवृत m. f. n. clothed.

चस्त्रार्थस्य of half (her) garment; (from चस्त्र cr., q.v., and अर्थस्य gen. sin. of अर्थ n. half, 743.)

वस्त्रार्थस्यावकर्तनं for वस्त्रार्थस्य अवकर्तनं by 31.

वस्त्रार्धेन ins. sin. n. See वस्त्रार्धे.

यस्त्रार्थेनाभिसंवृता for यस्त्रार्थेन स्निसंवृता by 31.

वस्त्रावकर्तेन Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; वस्त्र cr. a garment, अवकर्तेन ins. sin. of अवकर्त m. a part cut off, a strip, a fragment.

वहींत he or it flows or is borne onwards; 3d sin. pres. of rt वह 1st cl. 261.

वहतो acc. pl. m. of यहत् m. f. n. bearing, conveying; pres. p. of rt यह 524.

वा ind. or, 728.

वाकं acc. sin. of वाक n. speech, words, ist cl. 104.

वाक्यानि acc. pl. of वाक्य n. speech, words.

वाक्ये loc. sin. of वाक्य n. speech, words.

वाक्येन ins. sin. of वाक्य n. speech, words.

वाग्भिर ins. pl. of वाच् f. a word, 176.

वाम्मी nom. sin. m. of वाग्मिन् m. f. n. eloquent, 6th cl. 159.

वाच f. speech, a word, words, 8th cl. 176.

वाचं acc. sin. of वाच् f. a speech, a word. वाचा ins. sin. of वाच् f. speech, a word, 176. वाचो for वाचस acc. pl. of वाच् f. speech. वाजिनाम् gen. pl. of वाजिन् m. a horse, 159. वाञ्छति he wishes, he desires; 3d sin. pres. of rt वाञ्छ 1st cl. 261.

বাস্ক্রমি thou desirest, thou wishest; 2d sin.
pres. of rt বাস্ক্.

वाढं ind. very well; (particle of assent.)

वातजवैर ins. pl. m. fleet as the wind; (comp. of वात cr. the wind, जवैर ins. pl. of जव fleet.)

वातरंहस: BAH. or REL. comp. 761; वात cr. the wind, रहस: acc. pl. m. from रहस् n. speed, velocity, 164. a.

वाष for वा अष by 31.

वान्यत for वा अन्यत by 31.

वापीश् acc. pl. of वापी f. a pool, ist cl. 106. वामलोचना Bah. or Rel. comp. 766; वाम cr. beautiful, लोचना nom. sin. f. from लोचन n. an eye.

वायुना ins. sin. of वायु m. the wind, 110.

वायुभक्षेश् for वायुभक्षेस् ins. pl. of वायुभक्ष m.f.n. living on air; (comp. of वायु cr. air, and भक्षेश् ins. pl. of भक्ष feeding on.)

वायुर् for वायुस् nom. sin. of वायु m. the wind, the air, 3d cl. 110.

वायौ loc. sin. of वायु m. the wind, 110.

वारणाः nom. pl. of वारण m. an elephant. वारियन्वा having driven off, having expelled, having prohibited; past ind. p. of rt व in caus. 558.

वारि nom. sin. n. water, tears, 2d cl. 114. वारिणा ins. sin. of वारि n. water, moisture, tears.

वार्षोप voc. sin. m. O Várshņeya! O descendant of Vṛishṇi! name of Nala's charioteer, also a name of Kṛishṇa. (Vṛishṇi, son of Madhu, of the family of Yadu, was the ancestor of Kṛishṇa.)

वार्णीयं acc. sin. m. Várshņeya, Nala's charioteer.

वार्ष्णियजीवली nom. du. m. Várshneya and Jívala, DVAN. or AGG. COMP. 751.

वार्षोयश् nom. sin. m. Várshneya.

वार्षोयसहिते TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; वार्षोय cr. Várshneya, सहिते loc. sin. of सहित m. f. n. accompanied by.

वार्णोयसारिष: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; वार्षोय cr. Várshņeya, सारिष: nom. sin. n. a charioteer.

वार्षोंचे loc. sin. of वार्षोंच m. Várshneya. वार्षोंचेन ins. sin. of वार्षोंच m. Várshneya. वार्षोंचो for वार्षोंचस् nom. sin. m. Várshneya. वार्षातीम् acc. sin. f. of वार्षात् m. f. n. scream-

ing, crying; pres. p. of rt वाज्ञा 1st cl.
524. This root more usually belongs to
the 4th cl.

वाष्पं acc. sin. of वाष्प m. tears.

वाप्पकलया Tat. or Dep. comp. 740; वाप्प cr. tears, suppressed tears, कलया ins. sin. f. of कल m.f.n. low in tone, 1st cl. 105.

वाष्पसन्दिग्धया TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; वाष्प cr. tears, suppressed tears, सन्दिग्धया ins. sin. f. of सन्दिग्ध m. f. n. doubtful, indistinct.

वाष्पाकुलां TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; वाष्प cr.tears, moisture of the eye, साकुलां acc. sin.f.of साकुल m.f.n.confused,1st cl.105. वाष्पा ins. sin. of वाष्प m. tears. (only used

वाष्पेश ins. sin. of वाष्प m. tears, (only used in the singular.)

वाष्पेणापिहिता for वाष्पेण ऋपिहिता by 31. वासञ् for वासस् (62) acc. sin. of वासस् n. a garment, 7th cl. 164.

नाससञ्ज्ञा for नाससस् of the garment; gen. sin. of नासस् n. a garment.

वाससा ins. sin. of वासस् n. a garment, vest. वाससां gen. pl. of वासस् n. a garment.

वाससान्छनः for वाससा आन्छनः by 31.

वाससो for वाससस् gen. sin. of वासस् n. a garment, dress, 7th cl. 164.

वासांसि acc. pl. of वासस् n. clothes, a garment, 164.

वासो for वासस् nom. sin. of वास m. dwelling, abode.

वासो for वासस् acc. sin. n. a garment.

वासोयुगं acc. sin. n. a pair of garments; (comp. of वासो for वासस् n. a garment, and युग a pair, a couple, 743.) The dress of a Hindú consists of two pieces of cloth, one, the lower garment, fastened round the waist, and one, the upper garment, thrown loosely and gracefully over the shoulders.

वाहने loc. sin. of वाहन n. the act of driving (horses &c.); lit. causing to carry or draw.

वाहिना ins. sin. of वाहिन् m. a vehicle, a chariot, 6th cl. 159.

वाहुक voc. sin. of वाहुक m. Váhuka, name of a charioteer.

वाहकं acc. sin. m. Váhuka. See last.

वाहुक ऋसिनं acc. sin. m. in the disguise of Váhuka; (from चाहुक Váhuka, and छसिन् m. f. n. possessed of a disguise, 159.)

वाहुक रूपिणम् acc. sin. m. in the form of Váhuka; (comp. of वाहुक, and रूपिन् having a form, 85. VI, 159.)

याहुकस्य gen. sin. of याहुक m. Váhuka. याहके loc. sin. of याहक m. Váhuka.

वाहुक ins. sin. of वाहुक m. Vahuka.

वाह्को for वाह्कस nom. sin. m. Váhuka.

वासनः for वासनस् (63) ind. outside, out-of-doors, 719. b.

fa prep. implying disjunction, distinction, dispersion, &c.

विंश्रातितमः nom. sin. m. twentieth, 211.

বিন্ধতা nom. sin. of বিন্ধত m. f. n. without a mat (to rest on); (from বি 726. e, and নত m. a mat made of grass or straw.)

विकम्पितुम् to hesitate, to shrink, to waver; inf. of rt कम्प् with वि.

विकर्तेयं I may cut off; 1st sin. pot. of rt कृत with वि, here used as a verb of the 1st cl., but properly of the 6th cl., see 281. विकार acc. sin. of विकार m. emotion, feeling. विकृत acc. sin. m. of विकृत m. f. n. changed in form, deformed; past p. p. of rt क् with वि, 532.

विकृतकारा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; विकृत cr. distorted, mis-shaped, आकारा nom. sin. f. from आकार m. form, shape.

विकृतो for विकृतस् nom. sin. m. of विकृत m.f. n. deformed.

विकोप acc. sin. m. of विकोप m. f. n. unsheathed; (from वि 726. e, and कोप m. a sheath, a scabbard.)

विक्रान voc. sin. m. of विक्रान m. f. n. valiant. विक्रानः nom. sin. of विक्रान m. f. n. valiant, brave.

विख्यातं acc.sin.f. of विख्यात m.f. n. called, named, known as; past p. p. of rt ख्या with वि; 530.

विख्यातो for विख्यातस् nom. sin. of विख्यात m. f. n. celebrated.

विगणयन् nom. sin. m. of विगणयन् m. f. n. weighing, pondering, thinking on; pres. p. of rt गण् with वि, 10th cl. 525.

विगतचरम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; विगत cr. freed from, चरम् acc. sin. of चर m. trouble, feverishness, distress of mind.

विगतसङ्ख्या for विगतसङ्ख्यास् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; विगत cr. devoid of, सङ्ख्यास् nom. pl. of सङ्ख्या m. purpose, resolution, design, 1st cl. 103.

বিম্ন acc. sin. of বিম্ন m. an obstacle, a difficulty.
বিম্ন কুলি আন্ gen. pl. of বিম্ন কা m. the causer of obstacles; (comp. of বিম্ন cr. an obstacle, and কর্ a doer, 4th cl. 127.) The deity Ganesa is worshipped at the commencement of all undertakings as both creating and removing obstacles.

विचरतां of them roaming or flying about; gen. pl. m. of विचरत. See विचरन्.

विचरित he or she roams about; 3d sin. pres. of rt चर् with वि, 1st cl. 261.

विचरत्येका for विचरति एका by 34.

विचरन् nom.sin.m. of विचरत्m.f.n. roaming about; pres. p. par. of rt चर with वि, 524. विचरामि I wander about; 1st sin. pres. of

rt चर् with वि, 1st cl. 261.

विचरामीह for विचरामि इह by 31.

विचरितं acc. sin. of विचरित n. wandering, roaming.

বিষলিন্তুম্ to move; inf. of rt বল্ with বি, 459.

विचारणा nom. sin. f. doubt, hesitation.

विचार्य having deliberated, having considered, having debated; past ind. p. of rt चर् in caus. with वि, 566.

विचित्तमास्याभरणैर for विचित्तमास्याभरणैस् Complex comp. 771; विचित्त cr. variegated, मास्य cr. garland, ज्ञाभरणैर ins. pl. of ज्ञाभरण n. an ornament, 1st cl. 103.

विचिन्य having reflected, having thought; past ind.p.ofrt चिन् with वि,10th cl. 566.

विचिन्यानो for विचिन्यानस् nom. sin. m. of विचिन्यान m.f. n. seeking for, searching through; pres. p. átm. of rt चि with वि, 5th cl. 524.

विचेष्टितम् acc. sin. of विचेष्टित n. action, act, conduct.

विचुति: nom. sin. f. severance, separation.

विजने loc. sin.m. or n. of विजन m.f. n. lonely, deserted; (from वि726.e, and जनव person.)

विजने loc. sin. n. in private, in a private place, in the desert.

विजयं acc. sin. of विजय m. victory.

विजहार he rambled, he roamed; 3d sin.
perf. of rt ह with वि, 593.

विज्ञहारामरोपम: for विज्ञहार अमरोपम: by 31. विज्ञानीत know ye; 2d pl. imp. of rt ज्ञा 9th cl. with वि, 688.

विजानीहि know thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt ज्ञा 9th cl. with वि.

विज्ञित: nom. sin. m. of विज्ञित m. f. n. conquered; past p. p. of rt जि with वि, 532.

विज्ञाते loc. sin. m. of विज्ञात m. f. n. known; past p. p. of rt ज्ञा with वि, 532.

বিরাম having known, having ascertained;
past ind. p. of rt রা with বি, 559.

विज्ञेयो nom. du.m. of विज्ञेय m.f.n. to be perceived; fut. pass. p. of rt जा with वि, 571. a.

वितर्सि thou dost grant; 2d sin. pres. See next.

वितरामि I bestow, I grant; 1st sin. pres. of rt त् with वि, 1st cl. 261.

वितिमराम् acc. sin. f. of वितिमर m. f. n. devoid of gloom; (comp. of वि 726. e, and तिमर darkness.)

वित्रं nom. sin. n. wealth, property.

विज्ञवनाम् acc. sin. of विज्ञवत् m. f. n. possessed of riches, 140.

विदासितविहङ्गमाम् BAH.ORREL.COMP.767; विदासित er. frightened away, विहङ्गमाम् acc. sin. f. from विहङ्गम m. a bird.

विदर्भ m., generally declined in pl. विदर्भास nom. Vidarbha, a district and city to the S. W. of Bengal, also called Kundina. It is supposed to be the same as the modern Berár or Nágpúr. Some take Vidarbha as the name of the country and Kundina as its capital. Mention is made of both Vidarbha and its capital Kundina in the Málatí-Mádhava (Act I) विदर्भराजमन्तिणा देवरातेन as follows: माधवं पुतम् ज्ञान्वीिख्की श्रवणाय कुरिह-नपुराद इमां पद्मावतीं प्रहिखनता सुविहितं 'It has been well done by Devaráta, the minister of the king of Vidarbha, (in) sending his son Mádhava from the city of Kundina to this Padmávatí to study logic.' According to Prof.H.H.Wilson, Kundina corresponds to the modern district of Kondavir.

विद्भेतनया TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; विद्भे cr. Vidarbha, तनया nom. sin. f. daughter. विद्भेनगरीं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; विद्भे cr. Vidarbha, नगरीं acc. sin. of नगरी f. a city, 1st cl. 106.

विदर्भपतये dat. sin. of विदर्भपति m. lord of Vidarbha; (comp. of विदर्भ and पति lord, 121.)

विदर्भराजतनयां TAT. OR. DEP. COMP. 743; विदर्भ cr. Vidarbha, राज for राजन cr. king, 57, तनयां acc. sin. of तनया f. a daughter.

विदर्भेराजस् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; विदर्भे cr. Vidarbha, राजस् nom. sin. m. for राजा a king, by 151.

विदर्भराजाधिपति: for विदर्भराजा अधिपति by 31.

विदर्भराजो for विदर्भराजस् nom. sin. m. king of Vidarbha.

विदर्भराज्ञो TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; विदर्भ cr. Vidarbha, राज्ञो for राज्ञस gen. sin. of राजन् 148.

विदर्भराइ nom. sin. m. king of Vidarbha; (comp. of विदर्भ and राइ for राट 41, nom. sin. of राज् m., 8th cl. 176. e.)

विदर्भसरसस् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; विदर्भ cr. Vidarbha, सरसस् abl. sin. of सरस् n. a lake, 7th cl. 164.

विदर्भस्य gen. sin. of विदर्भ m. Vidarbha.

विदर्भी acc. sin. of विदर्भी f. the city of Vidarbha.

विदभीम् for विदभीम् acc. pl. of विदभी Vidarbha.

विदर्भाणां gen. pl. of विदर्भ m. Vidarbha.

विदभीधिपति: nom. sin. m. the sovereign of Vidarbha.

विद्भीधिपतेर् for विद्भीधिपतेस् gen. sin. m. of the lord of Vidarbha; (comp. of विद्भी and अधिपति m. lord, sovereign.)

विदर्भाधिपनिन्दिनी TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; विदर्भ cr. Vidarbha, खिषप cr. king, निन्दिनी f. a daughter.

विदर्भान् acc. pl. of विदर्भ m. Vidarbha.

विद्भीभिमुखो nom. sin. m. having his face towards Vidarbha, facing Vidarbha; (comp. of विद्भे Vidarbha, and অभिमुख 761.)

विदर्भेषु loc. pl. of विदर्भ m. Vidarbha.

विदितं nom. sin. n. of विदित m. f. n. known; past p. p. of rt विद 538.

विदिता nom. sin. f. of विदित m.f. n. known.

विदित्वा having known, knowing; past ind. p. of rt विद.

विद्धि know thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt विद् 2d cl. 308, 583.

विद्यस्हिदयज्ञं for विद्यि सञ्च<sup>°</sup> by 34.

विद्यः we know; ist pl. pres. of rt विद् 2d cl. विद्यते he or it exists, there exists or is found; 3d sin. pres. of rt विद् 6th cl. in pass. 463.

विद्या nom. sin. f. science.

विद्यां acc. sin. of विद्या f. science, knowledge, skill.

विद्यां I may know; 1st sin. pot. of rt विद् 2d cl. 583.

विद्युत् nom. sin. f. lightning, 5th cl. 136.

Beautiful women are often compared in Hindú poetry to lightning, which, as the forerunner of the rainy season, is regarded as an object of desire and admiration.

विद्युद् for विद्युत् nom. sin. f. lightning.

विद्युर for विद्युस they may know, they may recognise; 3d pl. pot. of rt विद् 2d cl. 583.

विद्योतयित he or she causes to shine, he or she illuminates; 3d sin. pres. of rt द्युत in caus. with वि, 481.

विद्रविन they run away, they fly; 3d pl. pres. of rt हु with वि, 1st cl. 502.

विद्वान् nom. sin. m. of विद्वस् m. f. n. wise, prudent, 168. e.

विद्वेषणेन ins. sin. of विद्वेषण n. enmity, ist cl. 104.

विभास्त do thou ordain, do thou act; 2d sin. imp. átm. of rt भा 3d cl. with नि, 664.

विधिदृष्टेन TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; विधि cr. rule, दृष्टेन ins. sin. n. of दृष्ट m. f. n. seen, prescribed, approved.

विधिना ins. sin. of विधि m. manner, mode, action, 110.

विधिर nom. sin. of विधि m. fate, destiny, fated event, rule.

विधिवच् for विधिवत् ind. according to rule, 48, 724. a.

विधियह for विधियत ind. according to rule. विधीयतां let it be managed, let it be done; 3d sin. imp. pass. of rt धा with वि, 465.

विधे: gen. sin. of विधि m. fate, destiny, 2d cl. 110.

विध्वस्तपर्णेकमलां Complex comp. 771; वि-ध्वस्त fallen off, पर्णे leaf, कमलां acc. sin. f. from कमल n. a lotus.

विनंद्यामि I shall perish; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt नश् with वि, 415. k.

विनमते he bows himself; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt नम् with वि, 1st cl. 261.

विनयावनता nom. sin. f. modestly bending or bowing low with modesty; (comp. of विनय cr. modesty, and ञ्चवनत bent, 740.)

विनशेंद्र he may perish; 3d sin. pot. of rt नश् here ist cl., but properly 4th cl. 620. विनश्येंद्र would be more usual.

विनष्टा nom. sin. f. of विनष्ट m. f. n. lost; past p. p. of rt नश् 539.

विना ind. without, (governing ins. 731, 917.) विनाशं acc. sin. m. of विनाश m. destruction.

विनि: श्वस्य having sighed; past ind. p. of rt श्वस् with निर् and वि, 559.

विनि:सृत: nom. sin. m. of विनि:सृत m. f. n. come out, issued forth; past p. p. of rt सृ with निर् and वि, 896.

বিনিয়িম having given in charge, having delivered over; past ind. p. of rt ষ্মিম্ with নি and বি, 559.

विनिर्दिष्टं nom. sin. n. of विनिर्दिष्ट m. f. n. pointed out; past p. p. of rt दिश with निर् and वि, 539.

विनिर्मित: nom. sin. m. of विनिर्मित m. f. n. formed, made; past p. p. of rt मा with निर्वात वित् 533.

विनिमुक्ता: nom. pl. m. of विनिमुक्त m. f. n.

escaped, set free; past p.p. of rt मुच् with निर् and नि, 539.

विनिष्क्रम्य having gone forth from; past ind. p. of rt क्रम् with निर् and वि, 559.

विनिश्चित having deliberated, having weighed; past ind. p. of rt चि with निर and वि (71. b), see 560.

विनिश्वस्य having sighed; past ind. p. of rt श्वस् with नि and नि, 559.

विनिहतं nom. sin. n. of विनिहत m. f. n. destroyed, slain; past p. p. of rt हन् with नि and नि, 545.

विनोते: ins. pl. m. of विनोत m. f. n. submissive, well-conducted.

विन्दित he incurs; he or she finds or meets with; he perceives or discovers; 3d sin. pres. of rt विद् 6th cl. 281.

विन्दामि I find; 1st sin. pres. of rt विद 6th cl. 281.

विन्दे I find; 1st sin. pres. átm. of rt विद 6th cl. 281.

विन्देत she may find; 3d sin. pot. átm. of rt विद् 6th cl. 281.

विन्देतापि for विन्देत अपि by 31.

विन्ध्यो for विन्ध्यस nom. sin. of विन्ध्य m. the Vindhya mountain, a chain which divides Hindústán from the Dekhan or South country. These mountains, sometimes called Bindh, hold an important position both in the mythology and geography of India. According to some authorities they are called Bindhya, because they appear to obstruct the progress of the sun. The course of the Nerbudda (Narmadá) river falls in with the direction of the principal range; but the mountainous tract called Bindhya spreads much more widely, meeting the Ganges in several places to the North, whilst the Godavarí is held to be its Southern limit.

विन्यस्य having laid, having placed; past ind. p. of rt अस with वि and नि, 559.

विषरीतं nom. sin. n. of विषरीत m.f.n. adverse, reverse, contrary.

विषरीतानि acc. pl. n. adverse, unfavourable. विषरीतास् nom. pl. m. of विषरीत adverse.

विषयेय: nom. sin. of विषयेय m. contrariety, difference.

विषयेपश् nom. sin. of विषयेप m. the contrary, the reverse.

विपन loc. sin. of विपन n. a wood, a forest. विपुलश्रोणि BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; विपुल cr. large, श्रोणि voc. sin. of श्रोणी f. the hip, 106; (O lady with swelling hips! O round-limbed!)

विपुले loc. sin. m. of विपुल m. f. n. large, vast, ist cl. 187.

विप्र O Bráhman! voc. sin. of विप्र m. a Bráhman.

विप्रयुक्तः nom. sin. m. separated; past p. p. of rt युज् with प्र and वि, 539.

विप्रसमागमम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; विप्र cr. a Bráhman, समागमम् acc. sin. of समागम m. concourse.

विमा for विमास nom.pl.of विम m.a Bráhman. विमा for विमास O Bráhmans! voc. pl. of विम m. a Bráhman.

विभिन्नं acc. sin. of विभिन्न n. offence, anything disagreeable; (comp. of वि 726. e, and भिन्न agreeable.)

विबुधा for विबुधास O gods! voc. pl. of विबुध m. a god.

विबुधान् acc. pl. of विबुध m. a god.

विबुधास voc. pl. of विबुध m. a god, 1st cl. 103. विबुध न्याः O lords of the immortals! TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; विबुध cr. a god, an immortal, ईश्वराः voc. pl. of ईश्वर m. a lord, 1st cl. 103, see 32.

विद्युवन्तु let them speak out; 3d pl. imp. of rt द्यू with वि, 649.

विभावसो gen. sin. of विभावस् m. the sun. विभोतकं acc. sin. of विभोतक m. the Vibhítaka-tree (Beleric myrobalan). विभीत कश् nom. sin. m. the Vibhítaka-tree. विभु: for विभुस् nom. sin. of विभु m. a lord, a master, 3d ol. 110.

विभूत्यर्थम् ind. through (his) omnipotence, for the sake of (displaying) his creative power; (comp. of विभूति superhuman power, and अर्थ 760. d, 791.)

विभो voc. sin. of विभु m. a lord, a master.

विश्वमन् nom. sin. m. of विश्वमन् m. f. n. wandering over; pres. p. of rt भ्रम् with वि, 524, (governing acc.)

विमनास् nom. sin. m. of विमनस् out of one's mind, out of one's senses; (comp. of वि 726. e, and मनस्, see 164. a.)

विमानानि acc. pl. of विमान n. a vehicle, a car; usually a self-moving aerial chariot of the gods.

विमुक्तं acc. sin. m. or n. of विमुक्त m. f. n. freed, released, free from; past p. p. of rt मुच with वि, 539.

विमुक्तः nom. sin. m. of विमुक्त m.f. n. released, set free.

विमुच्य having released, having quitted; past ind. p. of rt मुच with वि, 559.

विमुखनो for विमुखनस् nom. pl. m. of वि-मुखन् m. f. n. uttering, emitting; pres. p. par. of rt मुच् with वि, 524.

विमृश्य having considered, having pondered; past ind. p. of rt मृश् with वि, 559.

विमोह्यति he will release; 3d sin. 2d fut. of rt मुच् with वि, 628.

विमोचनात abl. sin. of विमोचन n. liberation, setting free, 1st cl. 104; see also 814. b. विमोचय do thou release; 2d sin. imp. of rt मुच with वि, 10th cl. 283.

वियोगं acc. sin. of वियोग m. separation.

वियोगञ्ज for वियोगस् nom. sin.m. separation. विर्जासि acc. pl. n. of विरजस् m. f. n. free from dust, 7th cl. 164; (comp. of वि 726.e,

and रजस dust.)
विरहिता nom. sin. f. of विरहित m. f. n. deserted by, separated from; past p. p. of rt रह with वि, 538.

विराजिद्धि ins. pl. of विराजित् m. f. n. brilliant, splendid, shining, glittering; pres. p. par. of rt राज् with वि, 524.

विराजितम् acc. sin. m. of विराजित m. f. n. splendid, radiant.

विरूपोnom. sin. m. of विरूप m.f. n. deformed; (comp. of वि 726. e, and रूप.)

विलज्जमाना nom. sin. f. of विलज्जमान m.f. n. being modest; pres. p. átm. of rt लज्ज् with वि, 526.

विलपनी nom. sin. f. of विलपत् m. f. n. lamenting, wailing.

विलपनों acc. sin. f. of विलपत् m. f. n. lamenting, mourning; pres. p. of rt लप् with वि, 524.

विलपमाना nom. sin. f. of विलपमान m. f. n. lamenting; pres. p. átm. of rt लप with वि, 526.

विलिपतम् acc.sin.of विलिपतn.lamentation. विलिप lamenting, bewailing; past ind. p. of rt लप with वि, 559.

विलिश्चितुम् to delay; inf. of rt लच्च with वि, 1st cl. 261, see 459.

বিললাম he or she lamented or uttered lamentations; 3d sin. perf. of rt লম্ with বি, 364.

विललापाश्रुपूर्णाञ्ची for विललाप सश्रुपूर्णाञ्ची by 31.

विवरो nom. sin. of विवर m. expansion, widening, dilatation.

विवर्णेयदना BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; विवर्णे cr. colourless, pale, वदना nom. sin. f. from वदन n. face, 108.

विवर्णा nom. sin. f. pale, colourless.

विवर्णों acc.sin.f.of विवर्णेm.f.n. pale, colourless; (comp. of वि 726. e, and वर्णे colour.)

विवस्तं acc. sin. m. of विवस्त m. f. n. without clothes; (from वि 726. e, and वस्त q. v.)

विवस्त्रो nom. sin. of विवस्त्र m.f. n. unclothed, without a garment.

विवाससम् acc. sin. m. of विवासस् m. f. n.

without clothes, 7th cl. 163; (from वि 726. e, and वासस्.)

विवासाह abl. sin. of विवास m. banishment from home; (in consequence of her exile.)

विवाहं acc. sin. of विवाह m. marriage, 1st cl. 103.

विविधांश for विविधान acc. pl. m. various. विविधान acc. pl. m. of विविध m. f. n. various. विविधेषु loc. pl. n. of विविध m. f. n. various, different, 1st cl. 103.

विविधे: ins. pl. n. of विविध m. f. n. various. विविधे र ins. pl. m. of विविध m. f. n. various. विविधोपलभूषितम् Complex comp.771; वि-विध cr. various, उपल cr. gem, jewel, भूषि-तम् acc. sin. m. of भूषित m. f. n. adorned.

বিবিয়ান they two entered; 3d du. perf. átm. of rt বিয় with prep. বি, 364.

विविशुर् for विविशुस् they entered; 3d pl. perf. of rt विश् with वि, 364.

विविशुस they entered; 3d pl. perf. of rt विश् with वि, 364.

विवेश he or she entered; 3d sin. perf. of rt विश् with वि, 364.

विवेशाश्रमपदं for विवेश आश्रमपदं by 31.

विशक्कां acc.sin. of विशक्का f. suspicion, doubt. विशस्य having cut in two, having cut open; past ind. p. of rt शस with वि, 559.

विशाम्पति: nom. sin. m., lit. lord of (many) men of the Vaisya caste, i. e. either peasants or men engaged in trade. See next.

विशाम्पति O lord of men! voc. sin. of वि-शाम्पति Tat. or Dep. comp., in which the case of the first member is retained, see 743. c; विशाम gen. pl. of विश् m. a man, especially one of the commercial or agricultural class, 181; पते voc. sin. of पति 121. According to the original constitutions of Hindú society, as described in Manu, the population was divided into four castes or classes: 1. Bráhmans or priests; 2. Kshatriyas or soldiers; 3. Vaisyas or working-men, such as peasants or agricultural labourers and men in trade; 4. S'údras or slaves.

विज्ञारदम् acc. sin. m. of विज्ञारद m. f. n. skilled, skilful.

বিয়ালাম্ব: nom.sin.m. large-eyed; (comp. of বিয়াল cr. large, and সম্ম for সমি 778.)

विज्ञालासीम् acc. sin. f. See last.

विश्वित ins. sin. n. of विश्वित m.f. n. sharp, sharpened, 1st cl. 104.

বিহিছে m. f. n. illustrious, distinguished, excellent, 1st cl. 103.

विशिष्टाया for विशिष्टायास् gen. sin. f. of विशिष्ट illustrious.

বিগিছন ins. sin. m. of বিগিছ illustrious, distinguished.

विशिशों for विशिश्येष nom. sin. m. of विशिशेष m.f. n. crushed, trampled on, broken; past p. p. of rt शृ with वि, 534.

विशेषतः for विशेषतस् ind. excellently, especially, particularly, 719. b. In Book XV. 3 it governs an instrumental case, and must be translated more excellently than, or in an especial manner compared with (others), 830; (formed from विशेष by affix तस्.)

विशेषतो for विशेषतस् ind. especially, 719. b. विशेषण ins. sin. of विशेष, used adverbially, especially, particularly.

विशोका nom. sin. f. free from sorrow.

বিয়ানা acc. sin. f. of বিয়ান m. f. n. free from sorrow, without sorrow; (comp. of বি 726. e, and য়ান m. sorrow.)

विश्रमं acc. sin. m. of विश्रम m. f. n. confidential, faithful, trusty, 1st cl. 103.

বিস্থান acc. sin. m. of বিস্থান m.f.n. rested. বিস্থানা nom. sin. f. of বিস্থান m.f. n. rested, reposed; past p. p. of rt স্থাম with বি, 546.

विश्राम्यताम् let it be rested, let repose be taken; 3d sin. imp. of rt श्रम् in pass. with वि, 463.

विश्रुत voc. sin. m. See विश्रुत:.

विश्रुत: nom.sin.m.of विश्रुत m.f.n. celebrated, known; past p. p. of rt श्रु with वि, 532.

विश्वता nom. sin. f. of विश्वत m.f. n. celebrated, known.

विश्रतां acc. sin. f. known, celebrated.

विषं acc. sin. of विष n. poison, bane.

विपानिमित्ता nom. sin. f. caused by the poison; (comp. of विष n. poison, and निमित्त cause, 761.)

विषमस्य: nom. sin. of विषमस्य m.f.n. being in difficulty or misfortune; (comp. of विषम cr. difficulty, misfortune, and स्य remaining, 580.)

विषमस्य gen. sin. m. of विषमस्य m. f. n. being in trouble. See last.

विषमस्थेन ins. sin. m. involved in calamity.

विषमे loc. sin. of विषम n. difficulty, trouble, calamity.

विषमेषु in rough places; loc. pl. n. of विषम m.f. n. rough, uneven; (comp. of वि 726.e, and सम even.)

विषिवमुक्तात्मा BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; विष cr. poison, विमुक्त cr. released from, श्रात्मा nom. sin. m. of श्रात्मन् soul, 146.

विषीदन् nom. sin. m. of विषीदन् m. f. n. sorrowing, grieving; pres. p. of rt सद to despond, with वि.

विषीदन्तम् acc.sin.m.of विषीदत् m.f.n. sorrowing, desponding; pres.p. of rt सद with वि.

विषेण ins. sin. of विष n. poison.

विष्टभ्य having stopped, having made to stand still; past ind: p. of rt स्तम्भ with वि, 70.

विष्ठितं acc. sin. of विष्ठित m.f. n. abiding, staying; past p. p. of rt स्या with वि, 70, 896. a.

विसर्जने loc. sin. of विसर्जन n. desertion.

विससृप: they flew about, they fluttered hither and thither; 3d pl. perf. of rt सुप with prep. वि, 364.

विसृज्य having let fall, having loosed or let go; past ind. p. of rt सृज् with वि.

विस्तरेण ind. at full length, 714.

विस्तरेगाभिधास्यानि for विस्तरेग न्निभधा-स्यानि by 31.

चिस्तीयीं acc. sin. f. of विस्तीयें m. f. n. spread out; broad, wide.

विस्पष्टां acc. sin. f. of विस्पष्ट m. f. n. clear, distinct.

विसमयं acc. sin. of विसमय m. astonishment.

विस्मयान्विताः TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; विस्मय cr. wonder, admiration, अन्विताः nom. pl. of अन्वित m. f. n. possessed of.

विस्तयाविष्टो TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; विस्तय cr. astonishment, wonder, आविष्टो for आविष्टस् nom. sin. affected by, filled with.

विस्मयो for विस्मयस् nom. sin. of विस्मय m. admiration, wonder, astonishment.

विस्मितस् nom. sin. m. of विस्मित m.f.n. astonished; past p. p. of rt स्मि with वि, 532.

विस्मिता nom. sin. f. of विस्मित m. f. n. astonished, surprised.

विस्मिता for विस्मितास् nom. pl. of विस्मित m.f.n. surprised, astonished, dismayed; past p. p. of rt स्मि with वि, 530.

विस्मिताननः BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; विस्मित cr. astonished, surprised, आननः nom. sin. m. from आनन n. face, 108.

विस्मिताज्ञ nom. pl. f. of विस्मित m. f. n. astonished.

विस्मितेर ins.pl. of विस्मित m. f.n. surprised, astonished; past p.p. of rt सि with वि, 532.

विहमेर ins. pl. of विहम m. a bird.

विहम्नेर by birds; ins. pl. of विहम्न m. a bird. विहर्ग् for विहरन् nom.sin. of विहरत् m.f.n. roaming, sauntering about, taking pleasure; pres. p. par. of rt ह with वि, 593.

विहातुम् to abandon; inf. of rt हा with वि, .459, 665.

विहाय having abandoned; past ind. p. of rt हा with वि.

विहायसा ind. in the sky, aloft, 714.

विहितश् nom. sin. m. of विहित m. f. n.

planned, devised; past p. p. of rt u with fa, 533. a.

विह्ता nom. sin. f. of विह्त m. f. n. performed, enacted, committed.

विहितो for विहितस् nom. sin. m. of विहित m.f.n. appointed, destined, decreed; past p. p. of rt धा with वि, 533. a.

विहीनो nom.du.m.of विहीन m.f.n. deprived of, separated from.

विद्धलं acc. sin. m. of विद्धल m. f.n. agitated.

বিহলা nom. sin. f. of বিহল m. f. n. agitated (with grief).

विद्धलां acc. sin. f. of विद्धल m. f. n. disturbed, agitated.

वीश्चितुम् to see, to be seen; inf. of rt ईख with वि, 459, 869.

বীনয়াক voc. sin. m. O Víta-śoka! lit. O free from sorrow; another name for the Aśokatree, 1st cl. 103.

वीर voc. sin. of वीर m. a hero.

वीरं acc. sin. of वीर m. a hero, 1st cl. 103.

वीरः nom. sin. of वीर m. a hero, heroic.

वीरप्रजायिन voc. sin.f. O mother of heroes! (comp. of वीर, q.v., and प्रजायिनी f. a mother, one who brings forth, gives birth.)

वीरचाहोर् for वीरचाहोस् gen. sin. of वीरचाहु name of a prince.

वीरश् nom. sin. m. a hero, heroic.

वीरसेन for वीरसेनस् nom. sin. m. Vírasena.

वीरसेन तृपसुपा TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; वीरसेन cr. Vírasena, नृप cr. a king, सुपा nom. sin. f. a daughter-in-law.

वीरसेनसुतिष्रया nom. sin. f. beloved by the son of Vírasena, TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; वीरसेन cr. Vírasena, सुत cr. a son, प्रिया nom. sin. f. of प्रिय m.f. n. beloved, dear.

वीरसेनसुतो Тат. оह Dep. comp. 743; वीरसेन cr. Vírasena, सुतो for सुतस् nom. sin. of सुत m. a son.

वीरस्य gen. sin. of वीर m. a hero.

बीरा: for बीरास् O heroes! voc. pl. of बीर m. a hero.

चीरे loc. sin. of वीर m. a hero.

वीरेण ins. sin. of वीर m. a hero, heroic.

वोरो for वोरस् nom. sin. m. a hero, heroic.

वीर्यसत्त्ववतो gen. sin. m. of वीर्यसत्त्ववत् m.f.n. possessed of valour and worth; (comp. of वीर्य cr. valour, सत्त्व cr. strength, worth, वत् affix, 84.VII, 140.)

वीर्यसम्पन्न: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; वीर्य cr. valour, सम्पन्न: nom. sin. of सम्पन्न m. f. n. endowed with.

वृक्षमूलेषु Тат. он Dep. comp. 743; वृक्ष cr. a tree, मूलेषु loc. pl. of मूल n. a root, ist cl. 105.

वृक्षे loc. sin. of वृक्ष m. a tree.

वृक्षेषु loc. pl. of वृक्ष m. a tree, 1st cl. 103.

वृद्येष्वारुद्य for वृद्येषु सारुद्य by 34.

वृष्णीते he or she chooses; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt वृ 9th cl. 675 note.

वृषे I choose; 1st sin. pres. átm. of rt वृ 9th cl. 675 note.

वृतं acc. sin. m. of वृत m. f. n. surrounded; past p. p. of rt वृ 675.

वृतः nom. sin. of वृत m. f. n. elected, selected, chosen; past p. p. of rt वृ 675.

वृतस् nom. sin. m. chosen, elected.

वृतां acc. sin. f. of वृत m. f. n. covered, overspread, surrounded; past p. p. of rt वृ 675.

वृते loc. sin. m. of वृत m.f.n. chosen, elected; past p. p. of rt वृ 675.

वृतो for वृतस् nom. sin. m. of वृत m. f. n. chosen; past p. p. of rt वृ 675.

वृत्तानं acc. sin. of वृत्तान m. tidings, news, ist cl. 103.

वृद्धानाम् gen. pl. of वृद्ध m. an old man, a sage.

वृद्धानुशासनम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; वृद्ध cr. an old man, a seer, छनुशासनम् nom. sin. n. precept.

वृषेण ins. sin. of वृष m. See वृषो. वृषेणीत for वृषेण इति by 32. वृषों for वृषस nom. sin. of वृष m. a bull, 1st cl.
103; used in Book VII. 6 as the name of
the principal die in a game with dice.

वृहत्सेनां acc. sin. of वृहत्सेना f. Vrihatsená, the name of Damayantí's nurse.

वृहत्सेने voc. sin. f. See last.

वृहदश्च for वृहदश्चस् nom. sin. of वृहदश्च m. Vrihadasva, the name of the sage who relates the story of Nala to Yudhishthira.

वेग: nom. sin. m. onset, impetus.

वेगतः (by 63. a) for वेगतस् ind. quickly, speedily; (from वेग with affix तस, 719.)

वेगेन ins.sin.of वेग m. impetuosity, 1 st cl. 103. वेतनं nom. sin. n. wages, hire, salary, pay.

वेतसेर for वेतसेस ins. pl. of वेतस m. a cane, a ratan, 1st cl. 103.

वेत्रि he knows; 3d sin. pres. of rt विद.

बेत्य thou knowest, thou mayest know; 2d sin. of a contracted perf. (used for pres.) of rt चिद्ध, see 308. a.

वेस्यामि I shall know; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt चिद्र 404.

वेद he knows, he comprehends; 3d sin. of a contracted form of the perf. of rt चिद्र used as a present, see 308. a.

वेदपारगै: ins. pl. m. of वेदपारग m. f. n. thoroughly conversant with the Vedas; (comp. of वेद and पारग, q.v.)

वेदविच् for वेदविद् by 49. See next.

वेदिवह nom. sin. m. knowing the Vedas, see note under वेदाः; (comp. of वेद cr. the Veda, and विद m. a knower, 137.)

वेदवेदाङ्गपारगः nom. sin. m. well-read in the Vedas and Vedángas, see next; (comp. of वेद cr. the Vedas, see next; वेदाङ्ग the Vedángas or sciences subordinate to the Vedas, such as grammar, prosody, pronunciation, etymology, &c., see note under साङ्गोपाङ्गाः; पारगः nom. sin. of पारग m. f. n. well-versed in, lit. going right through, going to पार, the opposite side.)

वेदाः nom. pl. of वेद m. the Veda or sacred scripture of the Hindús, ist cl. 103. The four Vedas are the Rig-veda, the Yajur-veda, the Sáma-veda, and the Atharva-veda. Of these the Rig-veda is the oldest. It consists of metrical hymns or prayers termed súktas or mantras, each stanza of which is called a ric, addressed to the gods of the elements, and especially to Indra, god of the atmosphere, and Agni, fire. The composition of the principal mantras of the Rig-veda is supposed to have taken place about thirteen or fourteen centuries B, C.

वेदाक्षनैपुणं for वेद अक्षनैपुणं by 31.

वेदान acc. pl. of वेद m. the Veda or sacred writings of the Hindús.

वेदितुम् to know; inf. of rt विद् 459.

वेपयुश् nom. sin. m. tremor, trembling.

वेपमान: nom. sin. of वेपमान m. f. n. trembling; pres. p. átm. of rt वेप् 526.

वेपमाना nom. sin. f. of वेपमान m. f. n. trembling; pres. p. átm. of rt वेप् 526.

वेपमानां acc. sin. f. of वेपमान m. f. n. trembling.

वेपमानेदम् for वेपमाना इदम् by 32.

वेपमानो for वेपमानस् nom. sin. m. of वेपमान m.f.n. trembling; pres. p.átm.of rt वेप 526.

वेलाम् acc. sin. of वेला f. time.

वेड्म nom. or acc. sin. of वेड्मन् n. a house, a dwelling, 153.

वेश्मान loc. sin. of वेश्मन् n. a house, 153. वेश्मानि acc. pl. n. of वेश्मन् n. a house, a dwelling, 153.

वे ind. indeed, truly. Often a mere expletive. वैज्ञान्यम् acc.sin.of वैज्ञान्य n. agitation of mind. वैदर्भि voc. sin. of वैदर्भी O daughter of the king of Vidarbha! i. e. Damayantí.

वैदर्भी nom. sin. f. Damayantí, daughter of the sovereign of Vidarbha.

वैदर्भी acc. sin. of वैदर्भी f. Damayantí, 1st cl.

वैदर्भीजननी nom. sin. f. the mother of Damayanti (see जननी).

वैदर्भी त्येव for वैदर्भि इति एव by 32, 34.

वैदर्भा ins. sin. of वैदर्भी f. Damayantí.

वैदर्भी for वैदर्भीस् gen. sin. of वैदर्भी f. Damayantí.

वैदर्भी loc. sin. of वैदर्भी f. Damayantí.

वैदर्भी: gen. sin. of वैदर्भी f. Damayantí, 1st cl. 106.

वैश्रमं acc. sin. of वैश्रम n. slaughter, destruction.

वैश्रवण: nom. sin. m. Vaiśravaṇa, a name of Kuvera, the god of wealth, (so called from his father विश्रवस्.)

वैषस्यं acc. sin. of वैषस्य n. calamity, misfortune, evil condition.

वो for वस् you, for you, to you, of you; acc., dat. or gen. pl. from युस्तत, q.v.

यकं ind. plainly, evidently, certainly, 713.

व्यथते he or it grieves or suffers pain; 3d sin. pres. of rt व्यथ् 1st cl. 261.

च्यपयिन they afflict, they pain; 3d pl. pres. of rt च्यम् 10th cl.

चाचितं nom. sin. n. of व्यचित m. f. n. agitated; past p. p. of rt व्यच् 538.

व्याचिता: nom. pl. m. of व्याचित m. f. n. disturbed, troubled.

व्यदीर्घत he or it was torn asunder; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt हू in pass. with चि, 468.

व्यदीर्यतेव for व्यदीर्यंत इव by 32.

व्यपनीय having laid aside, having put away; past ind. p. of rt नी to lead, with खप and वि, 559.

च्यपाकपेंद्र he removed; 3d sin. impf. of rt कृप् with अप and वि, 606.

यभे loc. sin. n. of यभ m. f. n. cloudless; (from वि 726. e, and सभ q. v.)

व्ययुज्यत he was separated; 3d sin. impf. of rt युज् in pass. with चि, 702.

व्यरोचत he or it shone forth or appeared; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt रूच with वि, 261. चवर्षत he or it grew stronger or increased; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt वृथ् with वि, 1st cl. 261.

व्यवसायन ins. sin. of व्यवसाय m. effort, exertion.

व्यवसिता for व्यवसितास् nom. pl. m. of व्यव-सित m. f. n. resolved, determined.

यसने acc. sin. of यसन n. calamity, misfortune. This word is especially applied to a king's neglect of his duty for the pleasures of the chase, gambling, &c.

च्यसनान्विताम् acc. sin. f. involved in calamity; च्यसन cr. calamity, misfortune, च्यन्विताम् acc. sin. of चन्वित m. f. n. possessed of, 1st cl. 104.

च्यसनाञ्जतम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; च्यसन cr. calamity, आञ्जतम् acc. sin. m. overwhelmed with.

यसनिनं acc. sin. m. of यसनिन् m. f. n. afflicted, fallen into calamity, 159.

यसनेन ins. sin. of यसन n. calamity. यसनेनाहितं for यसनेन ऋहितं by 31.

व्यसनेयत he left, he lost, he dismissed; 3d sin. impf. of rt सून in caus. with वि,

व्यमु: nom. sin. m. of व्यमु m. f. n. lifeless; (from वि 726. e, and असु m. breath.)

चानुलाम् acc. sin. f. of चानुल m.f.n. agitated.

ब्याग्नेर ins. pl. of ब्याग्र m. a tiger, 1st cl. 103. ब्याजहार he uttered; 3d sin. perf. of rt ह with prep. आ and वि, 593.

वाज्ञास्यो BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; व्याज्ञ cr. open, जास्यो for जास्यस् nom. sin. m. from जास्य n. mouth, 108.

च्यापः nom. sin. m. a hunter, 1st cl. 103.

व्याहरसे thou dost talk jestingly, thou dost rail; 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt ह with आ and वि, 593.

चाहरिषमि thou wilt talk jestingly, thou wilt rail; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt ह with सा and चि, 593.

याहर्तुम् to utter, to say; inf. of rt ह with ष्या and वि, 459, 593.

युगितो for युगितस् nom. sin. m. of युगित m. f. n. lodged, (having lodged, 896); past p. p. of rt वस् with वि, 607.

चुष nom. sin. f. of चुष m.f. n. lodged, having lodged; past p. p. of rt चस् with चि. N. B. The regular past passive participle of this root is उपित, see 607, 543.

यूढोरस्त voc. sin. m. O broad-chested one! 766; (from यूढ cr. broad, and उरस् n. the breast, with affix क, see 80. LVI.)

व्योमि loc. sin. of व्योमन् n. sky, heaven, 6th cl. 152.

রন go thou, depart thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt রন 1st cl. 261.

वनामात्यान् for वन सामात्यान् by 31.

ब्रजामि I go; ist sin. pres. of rt ब्रज्.

व्रजाम्येनम् for व्रजामि एनम् by 34.

ब्रजेत he or it may go; 3d sin. pot. of rt ब्रज् 1st cl. 261.

ब्रन्द he or she may go; 3d sin. pot. of rt ब्रन्. ब्रतम nom. sin. of ब्रत n. a vow.

न्नीडिता nom. sin.f. of न्नोडित m.f. n. ashamed; past p. p. of rt नीइ 538.

त्रीडिता for त्रीडितास् nom. pl. of त्रीडित m.f.n. ashamed.

### जा.

शंस tell thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt शंस. शंसत tell ye; 2d pl. imp. of rt शंसाst cl. 261. शंसति he tells, he relates, he announces; 3d sin. pres. of rt शंसाst cl. 261.

शंसिंस thou declarest, thou makest known; 2d sin. pres. of rt शंस् 1st cl. 261.

शकुना for शकुनास nom. pl. of शकुन m. a bird.

शकुनानाम् gen. pl. of शकुन n. an omen.

शकुनैर ins. pl. of शकुन m. a bird.

शक्तो for शक्त स nom. sin. of शक्त m.f.n. able, capable; past p. p. of rt शक् 679, 539.

शक्तुवन्ति they are able; 3d pl. pres. of rt शक् 5th cl. 679.

য়ন্ত্ৰাদি I am able; 1st sin. pres. of rt মাৰ্ক্ 5th cl. 679.

शकाते he or it is able; 3d sin. pres. of rt शक् in pass. 679 note, 869.

शक्मसे thou art able; 2d sin. pres. útm. of rt शक् 4th cl. 679 note, 869.

शक्ता nom. sin. f. of शक्त m. f. n. able; fut. pass. p. of rt शक् 573.

शक्याव for शक्यों nom. du. m. of शक्य m. f. n. able.

शक्त m. a name of Indra, 1st cl. 103.

शक्तं acc. sin. of शक्त m. Indra.

য়ার nom. sin. of মার m. Sakra, a name of Indra, 1st cl. 103.

शक्रेण ins. sin. of शक्र m. Indra.

शक्रो for शक्रस nom. sin. of शक्र m. Indra.

शङ्कमाना nom. sin. f. of शङ्कमान m.f. n. suspecting, fearing; pres.p.átm.of rt शङ्क 526.

शङ्कसे thou dost fear, thou dost doubt; 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt शङ्का 1st cl. 261.

शङ्का nom. sin. f. doubt, suspicion.

য়াই I suspect, I fancy; 1st sin. pres. átm. of rt যাহ্য 1st cl. 261.

शक्त he might suspect; 3d sin. pot. átm. of rt शक्क 1st cl. 261.

श्चीपति: Тат. ок Dep. сомр. 743; श्ची cr. Saci, wife of Indra, पति: nom. sin. of पति m. a husband, 2d cl. 121.

श्रमा ins. sin. of श्रमी f. the wife of Indra,

शच्येव for शच्या इव by 32.

शत n. a hundred, 206, 835. c.

श्रतं nom: or acc. sin. n. a hundred, 206, 835.b.

शत ऋतुम् acc. sin. of शत ऋतु m. Indra; (from शत a hundred, and ऋतु a sacrifice; 'lord of a hundred sacrifices.')

शतपत्नायतेष्र्णाम् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; शतपत cr. a lotus, आयत cr. long, ईश्व-णाम् acc. sin. f. from ईश्वण n. the eye. शतयोजनयायिभिः COMPLEX COMP. 771; शत cr. a hundred, योजन cr. a yojana, यायिभिः ins. pl. of यायिन् m. f. n. going, travelling, 159.

शानशो for शानशस् (64) ind. by hundreds; (शान 206, with affix शस 725.)

সানা: nom. pl. of সান m. a hundred; used in Book XV. 6 for সানানি, as denoting a hundred suvarnas or gold coins. সানা: may be translated ten thousand gold coins.

शतुकर्षेण voc. sin. m. O destroyer of (thy) foes; (comp. of शतु er. an enemy, and कर्षेण one who tears.)

ম্বুম voc. sin. O killer of your enemies! (comp. of ম্বু cr. an enemy, and ম a killer, from rt হন 580. b.)

शतुनो for शतुनम् from an enemy, for शतोम् abl. of शतु, see affix तम् 719. a.

शनके for शनकेस ind. slowly, by degrees. शनकेर for शनकेस ind. slowly.

शनकेंस् ind. slowly, softly, gently, for शनेस 714.

शनै: for शनैस ind. by degrees, 714.

श्रमेन (for श्रमेत by 47) let him or he should curse; 3d sin. pot. of rt श्रम 1st el. 261.

शर्भ to curse; inf. of rt शप 459.

श्रमों for श्रमस् nom. sin. m. of श्रम m. f. n. cursed; past p. p. of rt शप् 539.

श्रप्समे thou wilt curse; 2d sin. 2d fut. útm. of rt श्रप् 408.

श्रदं acc. sin. of श्रद m. sound, cry.

शब्दः nom. sin. of शब्द m. sound.

श्रदो for श्रद्ध nom. sin. of श्रद m. a sound.

য়ম for য়মন্ nom. sin. of য়ম m. calmness of mind, tranquillity, equanimity.

ज्ञयानं acc. sin. m. of ज्ञायान m. f. n. lying down; pres. p. átm. of rt ज्ञी 646, 526.a.

श्रय्यासनभोगेषु DVAN. OR AGG. COMP. 749; श्रय्या cr. a bed, a couch, lying down, सासन cr. a seat, sitting down, भोगेषु loc. pl. of भोग m. a meal, eating, 1st cl. 103.

মার্ট acc. sin. of মারে n. a refuge, one who acts as a protection or defence; also taking refuge.

য়াব্যাঘিন: nom. pl. m. of য়াব্যাঘিন্ m. f. n. seeking a refuge, seeking for protection; (comp. of যাবে cr. refuge, and স্থাঘিন্ seeking, 6th cl. 159.)

श्राणाचिनी nom. sin. f. seeking a refuge.

शास्य voc. sin. m. of शास्य m. f. n. that which or who affords refuge or protection, 1st cl. 103.

भारतः acc. pl. of भारत f. a year, (properly autumn.)

श्रादां gen. pl. of श्राद् f. autumn.

शरीराणि acc. pl. of शरीर n. the body.

श्रारीपान् for श्रारीपान् (47) abl. sin. of श्रारीप n. the body.

शरीरान्तकरो for शरीरान्तकरस् Тат. ов Dep. comp. 743; शरीर cr. the body, अन्तकरस् nom. sin. of अन्तकर m. the destroyer.

ज्ञारीरिण: gen. sin. of ज्ञारीरिन् m. the (embodied) spirit.

शरीर loc. sin. of शरीर n. the body.

মামাদ he or she cursed; 3d sin. perf. of rt মাদ 364. The terrific power of a curse, according to Indian ideas, is well illustrated by Southey's 'Curse of Keháma,' and by 'The Death of Yajna-datta' in the Rámáyaṇa, translated into English verse by the late Dean Milman.

शशापैनं for शशाप एनं by 33.

श्राम he ruled, he governed; 3d sin. perf. of rt शास 658.

शशिन: gen. sin. of शशिन m. the moon, 6th cl. 159.

शशिनो for शशिनस gen. sin. of शशिन m. the moon, 6th cl. 159.

श्राप्त for श्राप्तत् (48) ind. always, perpetually.

शस्त्र n. a weapon, (lit. the instrument of hurting, from rt शस् 80. XX), 1st cl. 104.

शस्त्रपाणपः nom. pl. m. armed, having wea-

pons in (their) hands; (शस्त्र a weapon, पाणि a hand; BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767.)

शस्त्राणि nom. pl. of शस्त्र n. a weapon.

शस्त्रण ins. sin. of शस्त्र n. a weapon, an arrow, 1st cl. 104.

शाखयो: loc. du. of शाखा f. a branch, 105.

शासामृगगणायुतम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; शासामृग cr. a monkey, गण cr. a troop, सायुतम् acc. sin. n. of सायुत m. f. n. filled with, possessed of.

शालायाः gen. sin. of शाला f. a branch, 105.

शाखे acc. du. of शाखा f. a branch, 105.

शातयामास he cut, he clove, he severed; 3d sin. perf. of rt शह in caus.

शातियता having cut down, having cloven, having severed; past ind. p. of rt शह in caus. 558.

शातियणे I will cut down or off, I will cleave, I will tear; 1st sin. 2d fut. átm. of rt शह in caus. 481.

য়ানল্বটো Bah. or Rel. comp.767; য়াল cr. allayed, alleviated, assuaged, ল্বটো nom. sin. f. from ল্বটো m. fever, pain, suffering, 108.

शानिस् nom. sin. of शानि f. settlement of difference, satisfaction.

शापानित: Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; शाप cr. curse, जानिः nom. sin. m. fire, 110.

शापान् or शापाद् for शापात् abl. sin. of शाप (47) m. a curse, 1st cl. 103.

शापेन ins. sin. of शाप m. a curse.

शारदी nom. sin. f. of शारद m.f.n. autumnal.

शाहूँल मृगसेवितम् Complex comp. 771; शाहूँल cr. a tiger, मृग cr. a deer, सेवितम् acc. sin. n. of सेवित m. f. n. infested by, resorted to, inhabited.

शार्दूलो for शार्दूलस् nom. sin. of शार्दूल m. a tiger.

शालवेगुधवाश्वत्यतिन्दुकेङ्गुदिकंशुकै: Dvan. or Agg. comp. 748; शाल cr. the Sálatree, वेगु cr. a bambu, धव cr. Dhava, a kind of tree, अश्वत्य cr. the holy fig-tree, तिन्द्रक Tinduka, a kind of ebony-tree, इङ्गद Inguda, a kind of tree or plant, किंश्व के: ins. pl. of किंश्वक m. the Kinsukatree, 1st cl. 103. The S'al-tree is the Shorea-robusta, which yields a resinous exudation; the Dhava is the Grislea tomentosa; the Asvattha is the Ficus religiosa or holy fig-tree, also called Pippala. There are two other celebrated fig-trees in India, the Ficus glomerata, called Udumbara in this list, and the Ficus Indica, called Nyagrodha or Vata, or in English the Banyan-tree. The Ingudí, commonly called Ingua or Jiyaputa, is a tree from the fruit of which necklaces of a supposed prolific efficacy were made (Jíva-putraka). In the Raghu-vansa (XIV. 81) there is an allusion to the fruit being used by hermits to supply oil, and in the S'akuntalá (Act II) to its furnishing them with ointment. Kinsuka is the Butea frondosa, a tree bearing beautiful red blossoms.

য়ান্তাম্থায় nom. pl. m. standing in the stables; (comp. of য়ান্তা a stable, and ম্থ staying, 580.)

शालिहोत्रो for शालिहोत्सम् nom. sin. m. S'álihotra, name of a personage skilled in horses.

hotra,name of a personage skilled in horses. আখনা: nom. pl.m. of সামন m.f.n. eternal.

शायतो for शायतस् nom. sin. m. of शायत m.f. n. everlasting.

शासनं nom. sin. n. a precept, a maxim.

शासनात् abl. sin. of शासन n. order, command, decree, 104.

शास्त्रतः for शास्त्रतम् ind. according to rule, (lit. according to the S'astras; from शास्त्र and affix तम् 719.)

शिबरेश ins. pl. of शिखर m. n. a peak, ist cl. 103.

হিছিল: nom.pl. of হিছিল m. apeacock, 159. হিছিল ন্দ nom. pl. of হিছিল m. apeacock, 159. হিছিল acc. sin. of হিছিল n. the head, 164. शिलातलं Тат. or Dep. comp. 743; शिला cr. a rock, तलम् acc. sin. of तल n. surface.

शिलोचयम् acc. sin. of शिलोचय m. a mountain, 1st cl. 103.

शिल्पानि nom. pl. of शिल्प n. an art, craft.

গ্নিব: nom. sin. m. of গ্নিব m. f. n. auspicious, propitious, safe.

গিছা nom. sin. f. of গিছ m. f. n. left; past p. p. of rt গিছ 672, 539.

शिष्यस् nom. sin. m. a disciple, scholar, pupil. शीग्रं ind. quickly.

शीध्रयाने KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; शीध्र cr. rapid, याने loc. sin. of यान n. motion, going, driving, 1st cl. 104.

शीघ्रयानेषु loc. pl. n. See last.

शोधा for शोधास् nom. pl. m. of शोध m.f. n. fast, rapid, fleet.

श्रीतांशुना ins. sin. of श्रीतांशु m. the moon; (from श्रीत cold, and अंशु a ray, beam.)

श्रीणानां gen. pl. of शीर्ण m. f. n. broken off; past p. p. of rt श 534.

शीलनिधि: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; शील cr. virtue, निधि: nom. sin. m. treasure.

शीलवान nom. sin. of शीलवन m. f. n. of a good disposition, amiable, 5th cl. 140.

शुच: for अशुच: 2d sin. aor. of rt शुच to grieve, see 889.

शुचिर for शुचिस nom. sin. of शुचि m. Sući, the name of the captain of the caravan.

शुचिस्ता smiling serenely or sweetly, ВАН. OR REL. COMP. 761; शुचि cr. serene or white (showing the teeth), स्मिता nom. sin. f. from स्मित n. a smile, 108, or from स्मित past p. p. of rt स्मि 896. b.

शुचिस्मिताम् acc. sin. f. smiling sweetly. शुचिस्मिते voc. sin. f. O sweetly smiling (maiden)!

शुच्यपचारों BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; शुचि cr. holy, pure, उपचारों for उपचारस nom. sin. m. from उपचार practise, action, usage. मुद्धान् acc. pl. m. of मुद्ध m. f. n. correct, faultless, pure.

भुष्यते is cleared (from blame &c.), is acquitted; 3d sin. pres. pass. of rt भुष् 463.

गुभ m.f.n. beautiful, happy, good, 1st cl. 187.

যুশা nom. sin. f. of যুশ m. f. n. good, beautiful, auspicious, happy.

शुभानना Bah. or Rel. comp. 766; शुभ cr. beautiful, आनना nom. sin. f. from आनन n. face.

शुभे loc. sin. of शुभ m.f. n. auspicious, 1st cl. 187.

शुभे voc. sin. f. of शुभ m. f. n. beautiful.

शुभेण ins. sin. m. of शुभ m. f. n. bright, splendid.

মুম্মাৰ he or she heard; 3d sin. perf. of rt স্থু 369.

शुश्रुदु: they heard; 3d pl. perf. of rt श्रु 369, 676.

गुश्रुव्स they heard; 3d pl. perf. of rt श्रु. गुण्कस्रोतां Bah. or Rel. comp. 761; गुण्क cr. dried up, स्रोतां acc. sin. of स्रोता f. substituted for स्रोतस् n. a stream.

शून्यं acc. sin. n. of शून्य m. f. n. deserted, desert, lonely, empty, void, hollow.

श्रून्य loc. sin. n. of श्रून्य m.f.n. deserted, lonely. श्रूर m. a hero, 1st cl. 103.

शूरः for शूरस् (63) nom. of शूर m. a hero.

श्रा for श्रास (66. a) nom.pl.of श्रा. a hero.

शृक्षशतेर ins. pl. with (thy) hundred peaks, or with hundreds of peaks; शृक्त cr. a peak, शतेर for शतेस ins. pl. from शत n. a hundred, 743. a.

মূদ্ধাতা gen. pl. of মৃদ্ধ n. a peak, a crag. মৃদ্ধী for মৃদ্ধী ins. pl. of মৃদ্ধ n. the peak of a mountain, a horn.

ज्यु Hear! Listen! 2d sin. imp. of rt यु 5th cl. 676.

श्रुगत hear ye; 2d pl.imp.ofrt श्रु 5th cl. 676. श्रुगोति he hears; 3d sin. pres. of rt श्रु 5th cl. 676. श्वानती: of (those) two hearing; gen. du. of श्वानत् pres. p. par. of rt भ्रु to hear, 5th cl. 676, see 524.

शते he or she sleeps or lies down; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt शी 2d cl. 315, see 646.

श्रेषे ind. as to the rest, in regard to what remains; (loc. sin. of श्रेष m. remainder, used adverbially.)

शोकं acc. sin. of शोक m. sorrow, 1st cl. 103. शोक कर्षिता Tat. or Dep. comp. 740; शोक cr. sorrow, कर्षिता nom. sin. f. of कर्षित m. f. n. harassed, past p. p. of rt कृष्.

शोककर्षिताम् acc. sin. f. See last.

शोकनं nom. sin. n. of शोकन m. f. n. produced by sorrow, lit. sorrow-born; (from शोक grief, and न 580. b.)

शोकनेन ins. sin. n. of शोकन caused or produced by grief; (comp. of शोक and न 580.)

शोकजेनाथ for शोकजेन खय by 31.

शोकदुः समन्विता Complex comp. 771; शोक cr. sorrow, दुः ख cr. pain, समन्विता nom. sin. f. of समन्वित m. f.n. affected by.

शोकदु:खाभ्याम् Dvan. or Agg. comp. 752; शोक cr. sorrow, दु:खाभ्याम् ins. du. of दु:ख n. pain, grief.

शोकनाशन TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; शोक cr. sorrow, and नाशन voc. sin. of नाशन m. remover, destroyer, agt. of rt नश् 582. c.

शोकनाशनम् acc. sin. m. See last.

शोकपरायणा nom. sin. f. given up to grief; (comp. of शोक cr. sorrow, and परायण wholly addicted to.)

शोकपरिमृत: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; शोक cr. sorrow, परिमृत: nom. sin. m. overwhelmed.

शोकविनाशिनीम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; शोक cr. sorrow, विनाशिनीम् acc. sin. f. of विनाशिन् m. f. n. destroying, removing, agt. from rt नश् with वि, 582,6th cl. 159.

शोकविवर्धन TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; शोक cr. sorrow, विवर्धन voc. sin. of विवर्धन m. one who increases, from rt वृथ् with वि, 582. c.

शोकविवर्धनः nom. sin. m. See last.

शोकसंविग्नमानसः nom. sin. m. having his heart distracted with grief; (शोक sorrow, संविग्न agitated, मानस mind, see 771.)

श्रोकसन्तमा TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; शोक cr. sorrow, सन्तमा nom. sin. f. of सन्तम m.f.n. burned, inflamed, consumed, past p. p. of rt तप् with सं, 539.

शोकात् abl. sin. of शोक m. sorrow.

शोकाता nom. sin. f. of शोकात m.f.n. afflicted with grief; (comp. of शोक cr. sorrow, and आते pained, 542.)

शोकातीम् acc. sin. f. afflicted, grieved. शोकाती nom. du. m. afflicted.

शोके loc. sin. of शोक m. sorrow.

शोकन ins. sin. of शोक m. grief, anguish.

शोकेनावसीदित for शोकेन अवसीदित by 31.

शोकोन्मियतिचित्रात्मा Complex comp.771; शोक cr. sorrow, उन्मियत cr. agitated, चित्र cr. mind, thought, आत्मा nom. sin. of आत्मन् m. soul, 146.

शोकोपहतचेतना BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; शोक cr. sorrow, उपहत cr. affected, चेतना f. mind, soul.

शोचित he or she sorrows for or grieves for; 3d sin. pres. of rt शुच 1st cl. 261.

शोचन grieving for, lamenting; nom. sin. m. of शोचन m.f.n.; pres. p. of rt शुच 524. शोचनों acc. sin.f. of शोचन m.f.n. grieving,

sorrowing; pres. p. par. of rt 3 524.

शोचनो they grieve for, they mourn over; 3d pl. pres. átm. of rt शुच् 1st cl. 261.

शोचन्या ins. sin. f. of शोचत् m.f. n. grieving, sorrowing; pres. p. of rt शुच 141. b, 524.

शोचसे thou dost bewail, thou grievest for; 2d sin. pres. átm. of rt शुच् 1st cl. 261.

शोचामि I grieve, I sorrow for; 1st sin. pres. of rt शुच् 1st cl. 261.

शोचाम्यहम् for शोचामि अहम् by 34.

शोचितुम् to mourn, to lament; inf. of rt शुच् शोधयामास he or she cleared or wiped away; 3d sin. perf. of rt शुध् in caus. 385. a.

शोभते he or she shines; 3d sin. pres. átm. of rt शुभ् 1st cl. 261.

शोभने O beautiful one l-voc. sin. of शोभना f. of शोभन m.f. n. beautiful, 1st cl. 105.

शोभने they look beautiful, they shine; 3d pl. pres. átm. of rt शुभ् 1st cl. 261.

शोभमाना nom. sin. f. of शोभमान m. f. n. being beautiful, shining; pres. p. átm. of rt शुभ् 526.

शोषयति he or it dries; 3d sin. pres. of rt शुप् in caus. 481.

शोचं nom. or acc. sin. of शोच n. purity, purification, cleansing, 1st cl. 104.

इयाम: nom. sin. of इयाम m.f. n. black, 1st cl. 187.

ज्यामा nom. sin. f. of ज्याम m.f. n. dark.

इयामां acc. sin. f. of इयाम m. f. n. dark.

इयामाया: gen. sin. f. of इयाम m.f. n. dark.

इयाला: nom. pl. of इयाल m. a wife's brother, brother-in-law.

प्रमं acc. sin. of श्रम m. fatigue, weariness. श्रमकर्षित: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; श्रम cr. fatigue, toil, कर्षित: nom. sin. of कर्षित

m.f.n. worn out.

न्यममोहिताम् Тат. ок Dep. comp. 740; स्नम cr. fatigue, मोहिताम् acc. sin. f. of मोहित m. f. n. bewildered, paralysed, stupefied.

স্থানা: nom. sin. m. of স্থানা m.f. n. wearied;
past p. p. of rt সৃদ্ 546.

म्रानस्य gen. sin. of प्रान m. f. n. wearied, fatigued; past p. p. of rt श्रम् 546.

प्रान्ता nom. sin. f. of प्रान्त m. f.n. wearied; past p. p. of rt प्रम् 546.

न्नावपाचित्रिरे they caused to be heard, they proclaimed; 3d pl. perf. átm. of rt शु in caus. 490.

स्राचित ज्ञाता nom. sin. m. of स्राचित m. f. n. made to hear; past p. p. of rt स्रु in caus. 549.

श्चियं acc. sin. of श्री f. the goddess of

fortune or beauty, prosperity, 123. See below.

খিমা ins. sin. of স্বী f. beauty, fortune, happiness, 123.

स्रो f. beauty, prosperity; a name of the goddess of beauty and abundance, also called Lakshmí. She is the wife of Vishņu, and was produced at the churning of the ocean; see note under अमृतोपमां.

स्रोभगवान् nom. sin. m. of स्रोभगवत् Krishna. स्रोमतों acc. sin. f. of स्रोमत् m. f. n. fortunate, happy, 140.

श्रीमनं acc. sin. m. of श्रीमत् fortunate.

स्रोमांज् for स्रोमान् nom. sin. m. of स्रोमत् m.f. n. fortunate, illustrious, 5th cl. 140.

श्रीमान् nom. sin. m. of श्रीमत् m. f. n. prosperous, fortunate, 5th cl. 140.

प्रोर् for प्रोस् nom. sin. f. the goddess of fortune or beauty.

भुत m. f. n. heard; past p. p. of rt भु 676. भुतं nom. sin. n. of भुत m. f. n. heard.

श्रुत: nom. sin. m. of श्रुत m. f. n. heard, called; past p. p. of rt श्रु 532.

श्रुता nom. sin. f. of श्रुत m. f. n. heard.

श्रुतानि acc. pl. n. of श्रुत m. f. n. heard, heard of; past p. p. of rt श्रु to hear, 532.

म्रुतो for म्रुतस् nom. sin. m. of म्रुत heard. म्रुत्वा having heard; past. ind. p. of rt म्रु. म्रुत्वाराखे for म्रुत्वा सराखे by 31.

श्रेय: nom. sin. n. of श्रेयस् m. f. n. better, preferable; irreg. comparative of प्रशस्य good, excellent, see 194, 167.

श्रेयस् acc. sin. of श्रेयस् n. felicity, eternal happiness, 7th cl. 164.

श्रेयसा ins. sin. of श्रेयस् n. eternal happiness, happiness, a state of felicity, 7th cl. 164.

श्रेयो for श्रेयस् nom. sin. n. of श्रेयस् m. f. n. better, preferable, 164.

श्रेयो for श्रेयस् acc. sin. of श्रेयस् n. felicity, eternal happiness, welfare, prosperity.

श्रेष्ठं acc. sin. m. of श्रेष्ठ m. f. n. best.

श्रेष्ठ: for श्रेष्ठस् nom. sin. m. of श्रेष्ठ m. f. n. best, most eminent, 1st cl. 103.

त्रोतुं to hear; inf. of rt श्रु 459.

श्रोष्णिम I shall hear; 1st sin. 2d. fut. of rt श्रु 676.

श्रहण्या ins. sin. f. of श्रहण m. f. n. smooth, bland, soft, gentle.

योकम् acc. sin. of योक m. a verse, a couplet. य for यस ind. to-morrow.

श्रशुराः nom. pl. of श्रशुर m. a father-in-law. श्रशुरान् acc. pl. of श्रशुर m. a father-in-law.

श्वशुरो for श्वशुरस nom. sin. of श्वशुर m. a father-in-law.

म्बापदसेविते Tat. on Dep. comp. 740; म्बा-पद cr. a beast of prey, सेविते loc. sin. n. of सेवित m. f. n. infested by, frequented by.

म्बापदाचरिते TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; म्बा-पद cr. a beast of prey, आचरिते loc. sin. n. of आचरित m. f. n. infested, overrun.

श्वोभूते loc. sin. on its being to-morrow, at to-morrow's dawn; (comp. of श्वस to-morrow, and भूत been, appeared.)

#### ч.

पट्यातेश ins. of पट्यात m. six hundred, 103; (comp. of पप six, 43. f, and शत a hundred, 206. The latter word, when used by itself, is declined in the singular.)

पष्ट: nom. sin. m. of पष्ट sixth, 209. पोडश: nom. sin. m. sixteenth, 210.

#### स.

स a contraction of सह with, which often appears at the beginning of adverbial and of relative compounds.

स for सस् (by 67) he, that; nom. sin. m. of तत् m. f. n. he, she, it, 220.

सं prep. with, together, altogether.

संयद्ध restrain thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt यम् with सं, 270.

संयताहारेर BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; संयत

cr. restrained, strict, temperate, আহাথৈ ins. pl. of আহাথ m. food, 1st cl. 103.

संयतेन्द्रियः BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; संयत cr. restrained, इन्द्रियः nom. sin. m. from इन्द्रिय n. an organ of sense, 1st cl. 108. संपतेन्द्रिये: ins. pl. m. See last.

संरभा: nom. pl. m. of संरभ m. f. n. agitated. संरभा for संरम्भस् nom. sin. m. anger, fury. संरथ having obstructed, having blocked up; past ind. p. of rt रूथ with सम्, 559.

संचिग्ना nom. sin. f. of संचिग्न m. f. n. distracted, agitated, terrified.

संविधीयताम् let it be arranged or managed, let it be decided; 3d sin. imp. of धा in pass. with वि and सं, 465.

संवीता nom. sin. f. of संवीत m. f. n. clothed, clad,covered; past p.p.of rt चो with सं, 535.

संवृता nom. sin. f. of संवृत m. f. n. covered; past p. p. of rt वृ with सं.

संवृतां acc. sin. f. of संवृत m. f. n. covered. संवृतेर for संवृतेस ins. pl. of संवृत m. f. n. filled with, surrounded or pervaded by.

संवृतो for संवृतस् nom. sin. of संवृत m. f. n. covered; past p. p. of rt वृ with सं, 532.

संवृत्तः nom. sin. m. of संवृत्त m. f. n. become, (in Book XX. 41 became, see 896;) past p. p. of rt वृत्त with सं, 539.

संवृत्तो for संवृत्तस् nom. sin. m. become.

संवद्यो for संवद्यस् nom. sin. m. to be made known; fut. pass. p. of rt विद् in caus. with सं, 571, (governing loc. by 861.)

संशय: nom. sin. of संशय m. uncertainty, doubt.

संशयस् nom. sin. m. doubt.

संश्रुत having heard, having promised; past ind. p. of rt श्रु with सं, 560, 676.

संसक्तवदनाश्वासा BAH. or REL. comp. 767; संसक्त cr. adhering to, sticking, वदन cr. mouth, आश्वासा nom. sin. f. from आश्वास m. breath, 108. Lit. with breath adhering to (her)mouth, i.e. with suppressed breath. संसुप्तम् acc.sin.m.of संसुप्त m.f.n. asleep, sleeping, sound asleep, fast asleep. See सुप्त.

संस्पृत्र्य having touched; past ind. p. of rt स्पृत्र् with सं, 559.

संस्मतेत्र्यस् to be remembered, to be thought upon; fut. pass. p. of rt स्मृ with सं, 594, 569.

संस्मृत्य having called to mind; past ind. p. of rt स्मृ with सं, 560.

संहत्तें to restrain; inf. of rt ह with सं,459,593. सकातरा: voc. pl. m. of सकातर m. f. n. cowardly, dastardly.

सका ind. into the presence of, near, 731. सका nom. sin. f. of सकm. f. n. fixed, intent; past p. p. of rt सञ्च to adhere, 597. a.

सक्ताभून् for सक्ता अभूत् by 31, 47.

सखा nom. sin. of सांख m. a friend, 120.

संखापं acc. sin. of सिंख m. a friend, see 120. संखो nom. sin. f. a female friend, 1st cl. 106.

संखोंस for संखीन acc. pl. of सिख m. a friend.

सखीगणसमावृतां TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; सखी cr. a female friend, गण cr. a company, समावृताम् acc. sin. f. of समावृत m.f. n. surrounded by, 1st cl. 103; (past p. p. of rt व with आ and सम्, 531.)

सखी गणावृता TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; सखी cr. a female friend, गण cr. a crowd, a number, आवृता nom. sin. f. of आवृत m. f. n. surrounded, past p. p. of rt वृ with आ, 675.

सवीजनं acc. sin. m. a female friend, a number of female friends.

सखीजनः nom. sin. m. a female friend, a number or company of female friends.

सखीनां gen. pl. of सखी f. a female friend, 1st cl. 106.

संखोभिः ins. pl. of संखी f. a female friend. संखोमध्ये Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; संखी cr. a friend, मध्ये loc. sin. of मध्य n. the middle, midst, 1st cl. 104.

संस्था for संस्थास nom. pl. of संखी f. a female friend, 1st cl. 106.

- सस्यस nom. pl. of सखी f. a female friend.
- सगणा: with companies of attendants, BAH.
  OR REL. COMP. 769; स for सह with,
  गणा: nom. pl. m. from गण m. a company,
  a troop, a host, 1st cl. 103.
- सङ्गरे loc. sin. of सङ्गर n. a narrow passage.
- सङ्गरों for सङ्गरस् nom. sin. m. confusion, mixture of caste or tribe, proceeding from indiscriminate intercourse.
- सङ्गल्पं acc. sin. of सङ्गल्प m. resolution, resolve, plan, ist cl. 103.
- सङ्गीर्त्यमानेषु being proclaimed, being celebrated; loc. pl. of सङ्गीर्त्यमान m. f. n., pres. pass. p. of rt कृत with सं, 528.
- संधिप having compressed; past ind. p. of rt धिप with सं, 559, 635.
- संख्यातुम् to calculate, to enumerate; inf. of rt स्था with सं, 459.
- संख्याने loc. sin. of संख्यान n. numbering, numeration, arithmetic.
- संख्याय having counted, having numbered; past ind. p. of rt स्या with सं, 559.
- संख्यास्यानि I will number or count; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt स्था with सं, 394.
- संख्ये loc. sin. of संख्य n. battle, war.
- सङ्गच्छ be thou united, unite thyself; 2d sin. imp. of rt गम् with सं, 1st cl. 602.
- सङ्गत्या by chance, haply ; ins. sin. of सङ्गति.
- सङ्गत्येह for सङ्गता इह by 32.
- सङ्गमो for सङ्गमस् nom. sin. of सङ्गम m. union.
- सङ्गम्य having come together, having become united; past ind. p. of rt गम् with सं, 559.
- सङ्गृहीतेषु loc. pl. m. of सङ्गृहीत m. f. n. restrained, curbed.
- सङ्ग्रामं acc. sin. of सङ्ग्राम m. war, battle.
- सङ्ग्रामजिह् nom. sin. m. a conqueror in battle; (comp. of सङ्ग्राम cr. war, and जिन् a conqueror, victorious, 84. III.)
- सङ्ग्रामेषु loc. pl. of सङ्ग्राम m. war, battle, 1st cl. 103.

- सदारं acc. sin. of सदार m. a passage, way, entrance, doorway.
- सिंबन्तयन्ती thinking; nom.sin.f. of सिंबन्त-यत् m.f. n., pres. p. of rt चिन्त् 10th cl. 524.
- सचेष्टमानस्य gen. sin. m. of सचेष्टमान m. f. n. acting; pres. p. álm. of rt चेष्ट् with सं, 526.
- संचोदयामास he urged on; 3d sin. perf. of rt चुद with सं, 10th cl. 385.
- सञ्जय voc. sin. m. Sanjaya, the name of the charioteer of king Dhrita-ráshṭra.
- सञ्जीय live thou; 2d sin. imp. of rt जीव with सं, 603.
- सतः gen. sin. of सत् m.f. n. existing, being; pres. p. of rt अस्.
- सततं ind. always, ever, perpetually, 713.
- सतस् gen. sin. m. of सत् m. f. n. being; pres. p. of rt अस् 524.
- सति loc. sin. m. of सत् m. f. n. being; pres. p. of rt सस्, see 840.
- सती nom. sin. f. a virtuous woman.
- सती nom. sin. f. of सत् m.f.n. being; pres. p. of rt सस् 2d cl. 524.
- सन्तारं acc. sin. of सन्तार m. hospitality, ist cl. 103.
- सत्ताराहों for सत्ताराहम् worthy of hospitable treatment; (from सत्तार, q.v., and खहैस् nom. sin. m. of खहै m.f. n. worthy.)
- सन्तारेण ins. sin. of सन्तार m. hospitable treatment, hospitality, 1st cl. 103.
- सल्तः nom.sin.m. of सल्त m.f.n. honoured, hospitably treated.
- संस्कृता nom. sin. f. of संस्कृत m. f. n. well-treated.
- सत्कृतो for सत्कृतस् nom.sin.m. of सत्कृत m.f.n. honoured, treated with hospitality.
- सन्तर having honoured, having treated courteously, having entertained hospitably; past ind. p. from सन्द 560.
- सत्यं nom. or acc. sin. of सत्य n. truth, troth, an oath.
- सत्यद्शिन: gen. sin. m. or nom. pl. m. of सत्य-द्शिन् m. f. n. foreseeing the truth, truth-

discerning; (comp. of सत cr. the truth, and दिश्चिन agt. one who sees, 582. a.)

सत्यधनेपरायणः Complex comp. 771; सत्य cr. truth, धर्ने cr. virtue, परायणः nom. sin. m. of परायण m.f. n. devoted, attached to.

सत्यनामा Bah. or Rel. comp. 766; सत्य cr. true, नामा nom. sin. m. from नामन् n. a name, 6th cl., see 154.

सत्यपराक्रमः nom. sin. m. truly brave, (BAH. or Rel. comp. 766; सत्य cr. true, पराक्रम m. valour.)

सत्यग् nom. sin. m. of सत्यगच् m. f. n. truthful, speaking the truth; (comp. of सत्य true, and वाच् 176, 766.)

सत्यवादी TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; सत्य cr. truth, वादी nom. sin. m. of वादिन् m. f. n. a speaker, 582. a.

सत्यवान् nom. sin. m. of सत्यवत् m. f. n. truthful, 5th cl. 140.

सत्यविक्रमं BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; सत्य cr. true, विक्रमम् acc. sin. of विक्रम m. valour. सत्यविक्रम: nom. sin. m. See last.

सत्यव्रतो for सत्यव्रतम् nom. sin. of सत्यव्रत m. f. n. strict in the observance of duty, true to a promise or vow, faithful, (BAH. OR Rel. comp. 766; from सत्य true, and व्रत a religious duty, promise, vow.)

सत्यसन्य voc. sin. m. O thou that art true to thy engagements! BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; (सत्य cr. true, सन्धा f. agreement.)

सत्यसन्धो nom. sin. m. See last.

सत्याः acc.pl.f. of सत्य m.f.n. true, 1st cl. 105. सत्येन ins. sin. of सत्य n. truth, 1st cl. 104.

सत्यो for सत्यस् nom. pl. of सती f. a virtuous woman, 106.

सदम्बांश for सदम्बान् (53) acc. pl. m. good horses; (comp. of सन् good, and अम्ब.)

सदा ind. always, ever, continually, 722.

सदागितः m. the wind, the air; (from सदा always, and गित motion.)

सदारो for सदारस nom. sin. m. along with

(thy) wife; (comp. of H for HE and दार a wife, see 769.)

सदृश m. f. n. like, similar, resembling. सदृशं acc. sin. m. of सदृश m. f. n. like.

सदृशी nom. sin. f. of सदृश m. f. n. like.

सदृशो for सदृशस् nom. sin. m. of सदृश, q.v. सनातनः nom. sin. m. of सनातन m.f. n. eternal.

सनातनाः nom.pl.m.of सनातन m.f.n.eternal.

सन्तस्ता nom. sin. f. of सन्तस्त m. f. n. terrified, affrighted; past p. p. of rt तस् with सं, 539.

सन्दिश he charged, he enjoined; 3d sin. perf. of rt दिश with सं, 364.

सन्दिश्य having instructed, having pointed out; past ind. p. of rt दिश् with सं, 559.

सन्देहाइ for सन्देहात् abl. sin. of सन्देह m. doubt, 1st cl. 103.

सन्धान acc. sin. of सन्धा f. morning and evening devotions, ist cl. 105. There are properly three daily devotional services performed by pious men, termed Sandhyás, either from the word Sandhi 'junction,' because they take place at 'the joinings' of the day, as it were, that is, at dawn, noon, and twilight; or, as the term is otherwise derived, from sam 'with' and dhyai 'to meditate religiously.'

सन्निधौ loc. sin. of सन्निधि f. presence, 2d cl. 112.

सिन्नपातिता: nom. pl. m. of सिन्नपातित m. f. n. assembled, collected together; past p. p. of rt पत् in caus. with सं and नि, 549.

सिन्नमन्त्रयामास he invited; 3d sin. perf. of rt मन्त् with prep. सं and नि, 10th cl. 385.a.

सन्यासस् nom. sin. m. a stake, that which is laid down as a wager, a deposit.

सपत्नानाम् gen. pl. of सपत्न m. an enemy.

सपरीवारों for सपरीवारस् nom. sin. m. along with (thy) retinue, with thy family and dependants; (comp. of स for सह and परीवार or परिवार retinue, 769.)

सपुतायां loc. sin. f. accompanied by (her)

children, along with (her) children; (comp. of स for सह with, and पुत्र a son, 769.)

सप्तद्शः nom. sin. m. seventeenth, 210.

सप्तमः nom. sin. m. of सप्तम m.f. n. seventh, 209. सप्त लं acc. sin. n. of सप्त ल m. f. n. fruitful, 1st cl. 103, see 769.

सभां acc. sin. of सभा f. an assembly, a meeting; a house, a cabin, a cottage, 1st cl. 105.

सभामधे in the middle of the cottage, in the cottage; (from सभा cr., q. v., and मधे loc. sin. of मध्य n. the midst, 743.)

सभापाय with his wife; dat. sin. m. of सभापे BAH: OR REL. COMP., see 769.

सभायें BAH. OR REL. COMP. 769; स for सह with, along with, भार्ये loc. sin. m. from भार्या f. a wife, 1st cl. 108.

सभोहेश in the neighbourhood or precincts of the cottage; (from सभा cr., and उद्देश loc. sin. of उद्देश m. spot, 743.)

सम् prep. with, together, altogether. Observe
— सं, सङ्, and सञ् are forms assumed
according to the nature of the following
consonant.

सम m.f.n. equal, similar, 1st cl. 103, see 187. समङ्गले:ins.pl.m.of समङ्गल m.f.n.auspicious.

समिचनयत् he reflected; 3d sin. impf. of rt चिन्त with सम्, 10th cl. 641.

समितिक्रम्य having passed by; past ind. p. of rt क्रम् with जाति and सम्, 559.

समितिकान्ता nom. sin. f. of समितिकान्त m. f. n. excelled, surpassed, (has surpassed, surpasses, 896, 896. a;) past p. p. of rt क्रम् with खति and सम्, 546.

समितिक्रान्ते loc. sin. m. of समितिक्रान्त m. f. n. passed onwards, gone beyond; past p. p. of rt क्रम् with चाति and सम्, 546.

समितिकान्तो for समितिकान्तस् nom. sin. m. passed beyond, gone beyond; past p. p. of rt क्रम् with जाति and सम्, 546.

समधित्रित्य having gone forth, having advanced; past ind. p. of rt न्नि with अधि and सम, 560.

समनुज्ञाते loc. sin. of समनुज्ञात m. f. n. permitted, permitted to depart; past p. p. of rt ज्ञा with अनु and सं, 532.

समनुज्ञातो for समनुज्ञातस् nom. sin. m. permitted to depart. See last.

समनुप्रामो for समनुप्रामस् nom. sin. m. of सम-नुप्राम m.f.n. obtained, assumed; past p.p. of rt जाए with प्र, जनु, and सम, 539.

समनुवनां acc. sin. of समनुवना f. entirely devoted (as a wife to a husband); governing accusative case.

समनुशास्ति he rules; 3d sin. pres. of rt शास with अनु and सम्, 2d cl. 658.

समन्ताद for समन्तात् (45) ind. all around, on all sides, 715.

समपूजयत् he honoured; 3d sin. impf. of rt पूज with सं, 10th cl. 283.

समभिक्रम्य having approached; past ind. p. of rt क्रम् with जभि and सम्, 559.

समभिज्ञाय having recognised; past ind. p. of rt ज्ञा with ज्ञभि and सम्, 559.

समयं acc. sin. of समय m. a compact, an agreement, 1st cl. 103.

समयेन on condition or conditionally; ins. sin. of समय m. a condition, agreement.

समयेनोत्सहे for समयेन उत्सहे by 32.

समहत्वाों with the company of the Maruts, Bah. or Rel. comp. 769; स for सह ind., महद् cr. Marut, a personification of the wind, गणी nom. du. m. from गण m. a troop, a class, a company. The Maruts are the forty-nine winds personified. In the Vishņu Purana (p. 151) they are described as the children of Diti, by Kasyapa, or rather as the child, divided by Indra into forty-nine portions, and afterwards addressed by him in the words má rodiņ weep not, whence the name Marud.

समर्थांस् for समर्थान् by 53. See next.

समर्थान् acc. pl. of समर्थ m. f. n. powerful. समर्थो for समर्थस् nom. sin. m. of समर्थे m. f. n. able. समलङ्कातं nom. sin. n. of समलङ्कात m. f. n. adorned; past p. p. of rt कृ with खलम् and सम्, 682, 787. a.

समलङ्कार nom. sin. f. of समलङ्कृत m. f. n. adorned.

समवाप्तकामा Bah. or Rel. comp. 767; समयाप्त cr. obtained, gained, कामा nom. sin. f. from काम m. wish, desire.

समवेतान् acc.pl.m.of समवेत m.f.n.assembled. समस्तलोकस्य KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; समस्त cr. all, the whole, लोकस्य gen. sin. of लोक m. the world.

समाकुलं acc. sin. m. or n. of समाकुल m.f.n. crowded, filled with.

समागतं acc. sin. m. of समागत m. f. n. arrived. समागता: nom. pl. of समागत m. f. n. united, joined together; past p. p. of rt गम् with चा and सम्, 545.

समागतान् acc. pl. of समागत m. f. n. assembled, come together, congregated.

समागमं acc. sin. of समागम m. assembling, coming together, assembly, 1st cl. 103.

समागमात् abl. sin. of समागम m. union.

समागम्य having approached, having come to meet, having gone to meet; past ind. p. of rt गम् with आ and सम्, 559.

समाद्धात he held out; irregular form for समाद्धात; 3d sin. impf. of rt धा with खा and सम्, 664.

समादाय having taken; past ind. p. of rt दा with आ and सम्, 559.

समादायेहि for समादाय एहि by 33.

समादिष्टं acc. sin. m. of समादिष्ट m. f. n. pointed out; past p. p. of rt दिश् with खा and सम, 539.

समादिष्टा nom. sin.f. of समादिष्ट m.f. n. commanded, ordered.

समाद्रवन they rushed on to the attack; 3d pl. impf. átm. of rt दु with जा and सम, 261, 592.

समानीता nom. sin. f. of समानीत m. f. n. brought, conducted; past p. p. of rt नी with या and सम्, 532.

समानेतुं to bring, to conduct; inf. of rt नी with आ and सम्, 459.

समाञ्जताभ्यां ins. du. n. of समाञ्जत m. f. n. moistened, overflowing with moisture; past p. p. of rt ञ्च with जा and सम्, 530.

समायान्ति they are arrived, they are come; 3d pl. pres. of rt या with आ and सम, 317, 644.

समायुक्तं acc. sin. m. of समायुक्त m.f. n. joined to, united with; past p. p. of rt युन् with आ and सम, 539.

समारोहत he ascended; 3d sin. impf. of rt रह with सा and सम्, 1st cl. 261.

समाविश्वत he entered; 3d sin. impf. of rt विश्व with स्ना and सम्, 6th cl. 278.

समाविश्य having entered; past ind. p. of rt विश् with सा and सम, 559.

समावृणोत् he covered; 3d sin. impf. of rt वृ with आ and सम्, 5th cl. 675.

समावृता nom. sin. f. of समावृत m. f. n. protected, guarded; past p. p. of rt वृ with आ and सम, 532.

समायसत् he or she revived or took courage, (lit. he or she took breath;) 3d sin. impf. of rt यस with या and सम्, 322. a.

समाश्वीसिंह take thou courage, cheer up! 2d sin. imp. of rt श्वस् with श्वा and सम्, 322.a.

समाधासयत he consoled, he comforted; 3d sin. impf. átm. of rt श्वस् in caus. with आ and सम, 481.

समाधासिवतुम् to console; inf. of rt श्वस् in caus. with जा and सम्, 459.

समाधास्य having cheered, having encouraged or refreshed, having fondled or caressed; past ind. p. of rt श्रम् with श्रा and सम्.

समास् nom. pl. m. of सम the same, equal.

समासाद्य having met with, having obtained; past ind. p. of rt सह in caus. with आ and सम्, 566.

समास्थित: nom. sin. m. of समास्थित m. f. n. having recourse to, practising; past p. p. of rt स्था with सा and सम्, 533, 896. a.

समाहितं nom. sin. n. of समाहित m. f. n. placed, imposed, composed; past p. p. of rt था with जा and सम्, 533.

समाहित: nom. sin. of समाहित m. f.n. having the mind fixed or intent, intent upon.

समाहिता nom. sin. f. of समाहित m.f.n. composed in mien.

समाह यान they rejoiced; 3d pl. impf. átm. of rt हुप् with सा and सम, 4th cl. 272.

समाद्धानं acc. sin. of समाद्धान n. a challenge.

समोद्ध्य having perceived, having observed, having beheld, having examined; ind. p. of rt ईस with prep. सम, 605, 564.

समीप m. f. n. near, contiguous, at hand.

समीपं ind. near to, into the presence of, (governing genitive case, 713, 731.)

समीपस्था nom. sin. f. standing near, adjacent; (from समीप near, and स्थ staying, 580.b.)

समीपे ind. in the presence of, in the neighbourhood of; (loc. sin. of समीप 716.)

समुत्पत्म having flown upwards, having flown away; ind. p. of rt पत् with उत् and सम्, 564.

समुत्पनः nom.sin.m. excited, produced; past p. p. of rt पद with उत् and सम्, 540.

समुत्पेतुर they leaped up or sprang; 3d pl. perf. of rt पत् with उत् and सम्, 375. a.

समुत्पेतुस् they jumped up; 3d pl. perf. See last.

समुद्यम्य having restrained, having curbed; past ind. p. of rt यम with उत् and सम्,559.

समुद्रगा nom. sin. f. of समुद्रग m. f. n. flowing towards the ocean; (from समुद्र the sea, and ग going, 580. b.)

समुपद्दिश्यते is pointed out; 3d sin. pres. of rt दिश् in pass. with उप and सम्, 463, 583.

समुपस्थितं acc. sin. m.or n.of समुपस्थित m.f. n. assembled, standing near together; arrived, happened, overtaken. See next.

समुपस्थिताः (are) present together, (have) approached together; nom. pl. m. of समु-

पस्थित m. f. n., past p. p. of rt स्था with उप and सम्, 533.

समुपानम्मुर् they came together, collected together; 3d pl. perf. of rt गम् with जा, उप, and सम्, 376.

समुपाद्रवन् they ran after, they pursued; 3d pl. impf. of rt हु (1st cl. 592) with prep. उप and सं.

समुपाधावह (she) ran after, (she) ran towards; 3d sin. impf. of rt धाव (1st cl. 261) with prep. उप and सं.

समुपेतं acc.sin.m.orn.of समुपेत m.f.n.come near to, approached, resorted to, visited.

समृद्धं nom. sin. m. or n. of समृद्ध m. f. n. wealthy, flourishing.

सन्दः nom. sin. m. of सन्द m. f. n. rich, affluent, opulent, prosperous.

सनृडो for सनृडस् nom. sin. of सनृड m. f. n. prosperous, happy.

समे acc. du. n. of सम m.f. n. equal, the same.

समेतो for समेतस nom. sin. m. of समेत m.f.n. united to, come together, joined; past p. p. of rt इ with आ and सम्, 532.

समेत्र having come together, having had a meeting, having met; past ind. p. of rt इ with आ and सम्, 645, 560.

समेप्पिस thou shalt meet, thou shalt be united with; 2d sin. 2d fut. of rt इ with सम्, 645.

समेष्यामि I shall meet; 1st sin. 2d fut. of rt इ with सम्, 645.

सन्पतन्तीं acc. sin. f. of सम्पतत् m. f. n. flitting, going backwards and forwards; pres. p. of rt पत् with सं, 524.

सम्पतन् for सम्पतन् nom. sin. m. of सम्पतन् m. f. n. alighting, arriving; pres. p. of rt पत् with सं, 524.

सम्पन्ने loc. sin. n. of सम्पन्न m. f. n. completed, achieved; past p. p. of rt पद with सं, 540.

सम्पूर्णाम् acc. sin. f. of सम्पूर्ण m.f.n. full.

सम्प्रणष्टे loc. sin. m. of सम्प्रणष्ट m. f. n.

vanished, disappeared; past p. p. of rt नश् with प्र and सम्, 539.

सम्प्रवृत्ते loc. sin. m. of सम्प्रवृत्त m.f.n. passed, gone by; past p. p. of rt वृत् with प्र and सम्, 539.

सम्प्रहण्डा: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; सम्प्रहण्टा: erect, erected (as when thrilling with pleasure), तनूरह m. the hair of the body.

सम्प्रहृष्टस्य gen. sin. m. of सम्प्रहृष्ट् m.f. n. rejoiced, joyful; past p. p. of rt हृष् with प्र and सम्.

सम्प्राप्तं acc. sin. m. of सम्प्राप्त m.f. n. reached, arrived at. See next.

सम्प्राप्ता nom. sin. f. of सम्प्राप्त m. f. n. obtained, arrived at; past p. p. of rt आप with प्र and सं, 539.

सम्प्राप्ते loc. sin. of सम्प्राप्त m. f. n. arrived. सम्प्राप्तो for सम्प्राप्तस् nom. sin. obtained, met with.

सम्प्रेक्ष having seen, having observed; past ind. p. of rt ईख with प्र and सं.

सञ्चन्धिनस् nom. pl. of सञ्चन्धिन् m. a relation. सञ्चन्धी nom. sin. of सञ्चन्धिन् m. a kinsman, relative, connexion, 159.

सम्भारं acc. sin. of सम्भार m. collection of goods, goods and chattels.

सम्भावनीयस् nom. sin. m. (agreeing with स्वयंवर m. a bridal, understood) to be honoured with the presence (of any one); fut. pass. p. of rt भू in caus. with सं.

सम्भावितस्य gen. sin. m. of सम्भावित m. f. n. honoured, honourable.

सम्भाना: nom. pl. m. or f. of सम्भाना m.f. n. bewildered, agitated; past p. p. of rt भ्रम् with सं, 546.

सम्मते loc. sin. of सम्मत n. assent, consent, approval; 'with the consent.'

सम्यक् ind. fitly, properly, entirely, truly.

सम्पक्क हैं to make true; inf. of सम्पक्क; (from सम्पक् and rt कृ.)

सम्यग् for सम्यक् (41) ind. wholly, altogether, in a friendly manner, well, 713.

सम्यग्गोन्ना nom. sin. m. a good protector, a true guardian; (from सम्यक् and गोमृ.)

सम्पानृतः altogether relying, well-abiding; (comp. of सम्पान् ind. altogether, and नृत m. f. n. fixed, abiding.)

सरांसि acc. pl. of सरस् n. a lake, a pool, 7th cl. 164.

सराष्ट्राणि acc. pl. n. with the kingdoms; (comp. of स for सह with, and राष्ट्र n. a kingdom, see 769.)

सरितस् acc. pl. of सरित् f. a river, 5th cl. 136. सरितो for सरितस् acc. pl. See last.

सरिद्धि: ins. pl. of सरित् f. a river, 136.

सर्ग: nom. sin. of सर्ग m. a chapter, a section. सर्व m.f. n. all, every, 237.

सर्वे nom. or acc. sin. n. or acc. sin. m. of सर्व all.

सर्वे: nom. sin. m. of सर्वे m. f. n. all.

सर्वेकामै: KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; सर्वे cr. all, कामै: ins. pl. of काम m. wish, desire, want.

सर्वेगतं nom. or acc. sin. n. of सर्वेगत m. f. n. universally diffused, all-pervading, (TAT. or Dep. comp. 739; सर्वे all, and गत gone.)

सर्वेगत: nom. sin. m. going everywhere, all-pervading; (सर्वे, गत.)

सर्वगातिभ्यो KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; सर्व cr. all, गातिभ्यो for गातिभ्यस् abl. pl. of गात n. a limb, 1st cl. 104.

सर्वगुणैर for सर्वगुणैस KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; सर्व cr. all, गुणैर ins. pl. of गुण m. quality, excellence.

सर्वगुणोपेतं Complex comp. 771; सर्वे cr. all, गुण virtue, good quality, उपेतं acc. sin. m. of उपेत m. f. n. endowed with.

सर्वज्ञो for सर्वज्ञस् nom. sin. m. of सर्वज्ञ m. f. n. all-knowing, omniscient; (comp. of सर्व all, and ज्ञ knowing, 580. b.)

सर्वतः for सर्वतस् ind. in every direction.

सर्वतो for सर्वतस् ind. in every direction.

सर्वेतोदिशं acc. sin. to every quarter, in every direction; (comp. of सर्वेतो for सर्वेतस् ind. 64, every way, and दिशम् acc. sin. of दिश् f. a quarter, 181.)

सर्वतोदिशः acc. pl. in all directions. See last. सर्वतोभद्रम् acc. sin. n. everywhere auspicious; (comp. of सर्वतस् 64, on every side, and भद्र m. f. n. good.)

सर्वेत ind. everywhere, in every place.

सर्वेति for सर्वेत इति by 32.

सर्वेषा ind. by all means, at all, in every way, in every respect, altogether, 721.

सर्वदु: लेपु KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; सर्व cr. all, दु: लेपु loc. pl. of दु:ल n. grief, pain, sorrow.

सर्वदेवानां KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; सर्व cr. all, देवानां gen. pl. of देव m. a god, ist cl. 103.

सर्वपापेभ्यः KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; सर्व cr. all, पापेभ्यः abl. pl. of पाप n. sin, . 1st cl. 104.

सर्वभूतानाम् KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; सर्वे cr. all, भूतानाम् gen. pl. of भूत n. a created being.

सर्वम् nom. or acc. sin. n. or acc. sin. m. of सर्व m. f. n. all, every.

सर्वयोषितः KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; सर्वे cr. all, योषितः acc. pl. of योषित् f. a woman, 136.

सर्वेदल्लसमन्वितम् Complex comp. 771; सर्वे cr. all, दल cr. gems, jewels, समन्वितम् acc. sin. m. of समन्वित m. f. n. possessed of.

सर्वराष्ट्रेषु KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; सर्व cr. all, राष्ट्रेषु loc. pl. of राष्ट्र n. a kingdom, 104.

सर्वेलोकभयङ्करम् Complex comp. 771; सर्वे cr. all, लोक cr. the world, भयङ्करम् acc. sin. n. causing fear, formidable, see 739. c.

सर्वेशः for सर्वेशस् ind. altogether, entirely, wholly, on all sides, 725-

सर्वेग्रस् ind. entirely, altogether, one and all, 725.

सर्वसम्मारं acc. sin. m. all (thy) goods; (comp. of सर्व all, and सम्भार q. v.)

सवा for सवास nom. or acc. pl. f. of सर्व all. सर्वा acc. sin. f. of सर्व m. f. n. all, every. सर्वा: nom. or acc. pl. f. of सर्व m. f. n. all. सर्वाणि nom. or acc. pl. n. of सर्व all.

सर्वान् acc. pl. m. of सर्व m. f. n. all.

सवानवद्याङ्ग O thou of altogether faultless form! (BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; सर्व cr. all, अनवद्य cr. faultless, not to be found fault with, अङ्ग voc. sin. m. from अङ्ग n. body, limb, member, ist cl. 108.)

सर्वानवद्याङ्ग voc. sin. f. O faultless in every limb; (सर्व cr. all, अनवद्य cr. faultless, not to be spoken against, अङ्गि voc. sin. of अङ्गी f. from अङ्ग n. a limb, 771, 106.)

सर्वाभरणभूषिता Complex comp. 771; सर्व cr. all, साभरण cr. ornament, भूषिता nom. sin. f. of भूषित m. f. n. adorned, past p. p. of rt भूष 538.

सवीर्षकुशलाम् Complex comp.771; सर्वे er. all, सर्चे er. business, affair, कुशलाम् acc. sin.f. of कुशल m.f.n. skilful, 1st cl. 105.

सर्वे nom. pl. m. of सर्वे m. f. n. all. सर्वेभ्य: dat. or abl. pl. m. or n. of सर्वे m. f. n. all. सर्वे धाम् gen. pl. of सर्वे m. f. n. all. सर्वे for सर्वेस ins. pl. of सर्वे all, 65. a.

सैवर् for सैवस् ins. pl. of सब m.f. n. all.

सर्वेस् ins. pl. of सर्व m. f. n. all.

सिलिलेनins.sin.of सिलिल n.water,1st cl.104. सवासिस loc. sin. m. of सवासम् m. f. n. having a garment, clothed, see 769.

सवितुस gen. sin. of सवितृ m. the sun, 127, (towards the sun.)

सविदिशो for सविदिशस acc. pl. f. with the intermediate quarters, 769; (comp. of स for सह with, 778, and विदिश् f. an intermediate point of the compass.)

- सविस्तरा: nom. pl. m. with the details, in detail, 'in extenso;' (comp. of स for सह + विस्तर detail, extension, see 769.)
- सविहङ्गाभि: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 769; स for सह with, विहङ्गाभि: ins. pl. f. from विहङ्ग m. a bird, 1st cl. 105.
- संग्रं acc. sin. m. with (its) arrow; (स for सह with, and भार an arrow.)
- संशास्त्रले: Bah. or Rel. comp. 769; स for सह with, 778, and शास्त्रले: ins. pl. of शास्त्रल m. the silk-cotton tree (Bombax heptaphyllum).
- सखने he embraced; 3d sin. perf. of rt खन्न 364.
- सह ind. (governing instrumental case) with, along with. Often contracted into स.
- सहन: nom. sin. m. of सहन m. f. n. born with one, produced at birth, congenital, natural; (from सह with, and न 580. b.)
- सहवाणीयजीवल: nom. sin. m. along with Várshneya and Jívala. In these and similar compounds सह is generally contracted into स, see 769.
- सहवार्णोयवाहुकं BAH. OR REL. COMP. 769; सह for the contracted form स with, वार्णोय Várshņeya, वाहुकं acc. sin. m. Váhuka.
- सहवार्षोयसारिय: nom. sin. m. along with the charioteer Várshņeya; (comp. of सह, anomalously used for the contracted form स with, वार्षोय, and सारिय, 769.)
- सहवाहनाः with their vehicles, BAH. or Rel. comp. 769; सह with, वाहनाः nom. pl. m. from वाहन n. a vehicle.
- सहसा ind. quickly, suddenly, 714.
- सहसाभ्यागताम् for सहसा खभ्यागताम् by 31.
- सहस्रं acc. sin. of सहस्र n. a thousand; governing genitive case, see 206, 835. c.
- सहागम्य for सह ज्ञागम्य by 31.
- सहायेन ins. sin. of सहाय m. a companion, ist cl. 103.
- सहित: nom. sin. m. of सहित m.f. n. accompanied by.

- सहितां acc. sin. f. of सहित m. f. n. associated, accompanied.
- सहिता: nom. pl. m. of सहित m. f. n. associated together, united, joined.
- सहिता (by 37) for सहिती nom. du. m. of सहित m.f. n. associated together, in each other's company.
- सहितो for सहितस् nom. sin. m. of सहित m.f.n. accompanied by, together with; assisted.
- सहिती nom. sin. du. m. of सहित m. f. n. united, joined together.
- सहैकानो for सह एकानो by 33.
- सा she; nom. sin. f. of तत, q.v.
- साक्षाह for साक्षात ind. before the eyes, in sight, in presence, openly, in public.
- साञ्चिणो for साञ्चिणस् nom. pl. of साञ्चिन् m. a witness, 159.
- साधिवत ind. like a witness; (comp. of साधि for साधिन a witness, 57, and वत 724.)
- सागरक्रमां acc. sin. f. flowing to the ocean; (comp. of सागरं acc. sin. of सागर m. the ocean, and गमां acc. f. of गम m.f. n. going, 580. a; see 739. c.)
- सारिनका: accompanied by Agni, BAH. OR REL. COMP. 769; स for सह with, खरिन-का: nom. pl. m. of खरिनक for खरिन fire, see 769. a.
- सारिनहोताश्रमास् BAH.OR REL. COMP. 769; स for सह with, खरिनहोत cr. a sacred fire, जाश्रमास् nom. pl. m. of जाश्रम m. a hermitage.
- साङ्गोपाङ्गाः nom. pl. m. along with the Angas and Upángas, i. e. the sciences and secondary sciences subordinate to the Vedas; the Angas are usually called Vedángas. Six are enumerated, viz. I. Pronunciation, शिक्षा; 2. Guide to the performance of sacrifices, जन्म; 3. Grammar, न्याकरणं; 4. Metre, इन्ट्स; 5. Astronomical calendar, ज्योतिषं; 6. Explanation of difficult words, etymology, निरुद्धः. (Comp. of स + अङ्ग + उपाङ्ग, see 769.)

साचिराह for सा खिचरात् by 31, 45.

साद्योपतिष्ठति for सा खद्य उपतिष्ठति by 31, 32.

साधु interj. Well done! Bravo! Well!

साधुवृत्तञ् nom. sin. of साधुवृत्त m. f. n. virtuous in conduct; (comp. of साधु good, and वृत्त practice, 766.)

साध्वी nom. sin. f. of साधु m.f.n. good, virtuous, 187.

सानुक्रोशो for सानुक्रोशस् nom. sin. m. compassionate, merciful; (comp. of स for सह with, and अनुक्रोश pity, 769.)

सान्त्वयन् nom. sin. m. of सान्त्वयन् m. f. n. flattering, coaxing, conciliating; pres. p. of rt सान्त्व 10th cl. 524, 141. In Book VIII. 12 the nominative masculine is used irregularly for the feminine सान्त्वयन्ती.

सान्त्रयानास he flattered, he soothed, he encouraged or cheered; 3d sin. perf. of rt सान्त्र 10th cl. 385. a.

सान्त्वीयत्वा having consoled; past ind. p. of rt सान्त्व 10th cl. 558.

सान्तिकतो for सान्तिकतस् nom. sin. of सान्तिकत m. f. n. consoled, comforted.

सापता nom. sin. f. having children, having offspring; (comp. of स for सह with, and अपत्य offspring, 769.)

सापर्यह for सा खपर्यह by 31.

साबवीत् for सा सबवीत् by 31.

साबवीद् for सा खबवीद् by 31.

साभिकामां acc. sin. f. of साभिकाम m. f. n. loving; (from स and अभिकाम love.)

साभिवाद्य for सा खभिवाद्य by 31.

सामध्ये acc. sin. of सामध्ये n. power, prowess.

सामात्यप्रमुखा for सामात्यप्रमुखास nom. pl. m. with the chief ministers; (comp. of स for सह with, अमात्व a minister, and प्रमुख chief, principal, 769.)

सामान्यम् nom. sin. n. of सामान्य m.f. n. common, general.

सायं ind. in the evening.

सायाहे loc. sin. of सायाह m. the evening, 716.

सार्यः nom. sin. m. a charioteer.

सार्थ voc. sin. of सार्चि m. a charioteer.

सारच्ये loc. sin. of सारच्य n. the office of a charioteer.

सारयोन ins. sin. of सारय n. the office of a charioteer, ist cl. 104.

साचे acc. sin. of साचे m. a caravan.

सार्थः nom. sin. m. a caravan.

सार्थेमीं acc. sin. of सार्थमी f. a destroyer of a caravan.

सार्यज्ञान् acc. pl. m. of सार्यज्ञ m. f. n. reared in the caravan; (comp. of सार्थ q. v., and ज 580. b.)

सार्थमगडलम् Тат. or Dep. comp. 743; सार्थ cr. caravan, मगडलम् nom. sin. n. circle, assembled body.

सार्पवाहं acc. sin. of सार्पवाह m. the leader or commander of a caravan.

सार्थवाह: nom. sin. m. a leader of a caravan.

सार्यवाहवचस् acc. sin. n. the words of the captain of the caravan; see सार्यवाह and वचस् 743.

सार्थेवाहस्य gen. sin. m. of the leader of a caravan.

सार्थस्य gen. sin. of सार्थ m. a caravan.

साचात abl. sin. of सार्थ m. a caravan.

सार्थिका: nom. pl. of सार्थिक m. a merchant, a trader, a travelling merchant.

सार्थे loc. sin. of सार्थ m. a caravan.

सार्थन ins. sin. of सार्घ m. a caravan.

सार्थ ind. with, along with, in company with, 731.

साशोकवृद्धं for सा अशोकवृद्धं by 31.

साहं for सा खहं I myself, see 220. a.

साहाय्यं acc. sin. of साहाय्य n. assistance, help. सिंहडोपिरुरु व्याघमहिपक्षगरीर Сомрьех

comp. 770; सिंह cr. a lion, होपि for होपिन् (57) cr. a panther, रूर cr. a deer, व्याप्र cr. a tiger, महिष cr. a buffalo, शुक्ष

cr. a bear, गरौर ins. pl. of गर्ण m. a troop, a herd, a multitude, 1st cl. 103.

सिंहिवक्रान्तो nom. sin. m. valiant as the lion; (सिंह cr. a lion, and विक्रान्त valiant.)

सिंह व्याप्रनिषेषिते Complex comp. 771; सिंह cr. a lion, व्याप्र cr. a tiger, निषेषिते loc. sin. of निषेषित m. f. n. infested by, inhabited by, frequented by, past p. p. of rt सेव् with नि, 70.

सिंह्शादूँ लमात क्रवराह खेमृगायुतम् COMPLEX COMP. 771; सिंह cr. a lion, शादूं ल cr. a tiger, मातक cr. an elephant, वराह cr. a boar, सुख cr. a bear, मृग cr. a deer, आयुतम् acc. sin. m. of आयुत m. f. n. frequented by, past p. p. of rt यु with आ, 532. Note—वराह + सृष्य becomes वराह खे by 32.

सिक्ता: nom. pl. m. of सिक्त m. f. n. watered, sprinkled; past p. p. of rt सिच् 539.

सिन्धुजान् acc. pl.m. bred or reared in Sindh; (comp. of सिन्धु the country along the Indus, and ज 580.) Sindhu is the Indian name of the river Indus or of the country along its banks, now called Sindh.

सोदित he sinks, he pines away; 3d sin. pres. of rt सद्ध 1st cl. 270, see 599. a.

सीदिन्त they sink, they give way, they quail; 3d pl. pres. of rt सह.

सोदनयङ्गानि for सोदिना अङ्गानि by 34.

सु a prefix meaning good, well, very, 726.f. सुकुचा nom. sin.f. having beautiful breasts, 1st cl. 105, see 726.f.

मुकुमारतनुत्वचं having very soft and delicate skin, Complex comp. 771; मुकुमार cr. very soft, 726. f, तनु cr. delicate, त्वचं acc. sin. of त्वच f. skin.

मुकुमाराङ्गी BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; सुकु-मार cr. very delicate, 726. f, अङ्गी acc. sin. f. from अङ्ग n. a limb, 1st cl. 108.

मुकुमारानवद्याङ्गीम् Complex comp. 771; मुकुमार cr. very delicate, 726. f, अनवद्य cr. irreproachable, faultless, blameless, अङ्गीम् acc. sin. f. from अङ्ग n. a limb, member, see 108. मुकुमारी nom. sin. f. very tender, very delicate; (from मु very, 726. f, and कुमारी f. of कुमार young.)

सुजुमारों acc. sin. f. of सुजुमार m. f. n. very delicate.

सुकेशानानि nom. pl. n. of सुकेशान m. f. n. having beautiful locks of hair or ringlets; (comp. of सु good, 726. f, केश hair, and अन m. the end.)

मुकेशी nom. sin. f. having beautiful hair, ist cl. 106, see 726. f.

मुखं acc. sin. of मुख n. happiness, bliss.

सुखं ind. happily, joyfully, pleasantly, 713. b. सुखतरो for सुखतरस nom. sin. m. more plea-

sant; comparative degree of मुख, q.v.,191.

मुखदु: खे acc. du. n. pleasure and pain; (DVAN. or Agg. comp. 752.)

सुखात abl. sin. m. or n. of सुख m. f. n. pleasant, happy.

मुखानि nom. or acc. pl. of मुख n. pleasure. मुखाहीं acc. sin. f. of मुखाहें m. f. n. deserving of happiness; (comp. of मुख joy, and ष्रहें worthy of.)

मुखास्पर्शे acc. sin. n. pleasant to the touch, thrilling; (from मुख pleasant, and सास्पर्श touch.)

मुखिन: nom. pl. m. of मुखिन m.f. n. happy. मुखी nom. sin. m. of मुखिन m.f. n. happy.

मुखोपविष्ट nom. sin. m. pleasantly seated; (comp. of मुख pleasant, and उपविष्ट.)

सुलोपितं acc. sin. m. comfortably lodged; (comp. of सुख pleasant, and उपित lodged, past p. p. of rt वस 607.)

सुगन्धीन nom. pl. n. of सुगन्धिन m. f. n. fragrant; (from सु good, 726. f, गन्ध odour, smell, affix इन् 159.)

सुचिरं nom. sin. n. of सुचिर m.f. n. very long; (comp. of सु 726.f, and चिर long while.)

सुचिरं ind. for a very long time.

सुजाताङ्गों Bah. or Rel. comp. 767; सुजात cr. well-formed, अङ्गों acc. sin. f. from अङ्ग n. a limb, 108. सुतं acc. sin. of सुत m. a son, 1st cl. 103.

मुता f. a daughter, 1st cl. 105.

सुतां acc. sin. of सुता f. a daughter.

सुते nom. du. of सुता f. a daughter, 1st cl. 105.

सुतेयं for सुता इयं by 32.

मुतो for मुतस् nom. sin. m. a son.

मुती acc. du. of मुत m. a child.

सुदासञ् gen. sin. of सुदामन् m. Sudáman, name of a king, 153, 154.

मुदारणम् acc. sin. n. very terrible; (comp. of मु 726. f, and दारण q. v.)

सुदुः खं ind. very sorrowfully, in great pain.

सुदु: खित: nom. sin. m. of सुदु: खित m. f. n. very grieved; (comp. of सु 726. f, and दु: खित grieved, afflicted.)

सुदु: खिता nom. sin. f. greatly afflicted.

सुदु बुँड O very foolish! voc. sin. m. of सुदु बुँडि m. f. n., 2d cl. 110; (from सु 726.f, दुर 726.d, and बुँडि mind.)

मुद्रध्करम् nom. sin. n. of मुद्रध्कर m. f. n. very difficult to be done; (comp. of मु 726. f, दूर 726. d, 72, and कर doing.)

सुदेव voc. sin. of सुदेव m. name of a Brahman.

सुदेवं acc. sin. m. Sudeva.

मुदेवस्य gen. sin. m. of Sudeva.

मुदेवेन ins. sin. m. by Sudeva.

मुदेवो for मुदेवस् nom. sin. m. Sudeva, name of a Bráhman.

मुडिजानना BAH. OR REL. COMP. 761; सु ind. good, beautiful, 726. f, डिज cr. a tooth, जानना nom. sin. f. from जानन n. a mouth, 1st cl. 108.

सुनन्दा nom. sin. f. Sunandá, name of a woman:

मुनन्दां acc. sin. of मुनन्दा f. Sunandá, name of a woman.

सुनन्दासहितां acc. sin. f. in company with Sunandá; (comp. of सुनन्दा and सहित accompanied by.)

सुनन्दे voc. sin. f. O Sunandá! See सुनन्दा.

मुनासाधिभुवाणि BAH. OR REL. COMP. 765; मु good, well, well-formed, 726. f, नासा cr. the nose, सधि cr. the eye, भुवाणि nom. pl. n. from भू f. the eyebrow, see 125. a. b.

मुन्दर m. f. n. beautiful, lovely, 1st cl. 187.

मुन्दरी nom. sin. f. of मुन्दर beautiful, 106.

सुपरिश्रान्तवाहास् BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; सुपरिश्रान्त cr. very wearied, 726. f, बाहास् nom. pl. of बाह m. a horse, a bearer.

सुप्रचेर ins. pl. m. of सुप्रच m. f. n. having beautiful flowers; (comp. of सु 726. f, and पुच्च n. a flower.)

सुपूजिती nom. du. m. of सुपूजित m. f. n. much honoured, 1st cl. 103; (comp. of सु 726.f, and पूजित past p. p. from rt पूज्.)

सुभां acc. sin.f. of सुभ m.f.n. asleep, sleeping.

मुप्तायाँ loc. sin. f. (see 840) of मुप्त m. f. n. asleep, sleeping; past p. p. of rt खप् 543.

सुन्ने loc. sin. m. of सुन्न m. f. n. asleep.

सुमतिष्ठा nom. sin. f. of सुमतिष्ठ m. f. n. very glorious, very celebrated; (comp. of सु 726. f, and मतिष्ठा f. fame, renown.)

सुमोता for सुमोतास nom. pl.f.of सुमोत m.f.n. well-pleased, 1st cl. 105, see 726. f.

मुबहून acc. pl. m. of मुबहु m. f. n. very numerous; (comp. of मु 726. f, and बहु many, 3d cl. 187.)

सुवाहो: gen. sin. of सुवाहु m. Subáhu, the king of Ćedi.

सुभाषिताम् acc. sin. f. of सुभाषित m. f. n. speaking well, eloquent; (comp. of सु 726. f, and भाषित n. speech.)

सुभू: nom. sin. f. having beautiful eyebrows, 125. b.

मुमध्यमा nom. sin. f. slender-waisted. See next.

सुमध्यमे O slender-waisted! voc. sin. of सुमध्यमा f. a woman with a beautiful or slender waist; (from सु good, 726.f, and मध्यम the middle;) 1st cl. 105.

सुमहत् acc. sin. n. of सुमहत् m. f. n. very

great, very important; (comp. of सु very, 726.f, and महत्त great, 142.)

मुमहद for मुमहत् nom. sin. n. very great.

मुमहांश् for मुमहान् nom. sin. m. of सुमहत् very great; (comp. of सु 726.f, and महत् q.v.)

मुमहाकक्षं the very great gate, the large court-yard, KARM. OR DES. COMP. 755; मु very, 726.f, महा for महत्त great, 778, कक्षं acc. sin. of कक्ष m. a gate, an enclosure.

सुमहान nom. sin. m. of सुमहत् m. f. n. very large, very great.

मुमहामनाः nom. sin. m. very high-minded; (comp. of मु 726.f, and महामनस् q. v.)

सुनृष्टपुष्पाद्धा Bah. or Rel. comp. 767; सु well, 726. f, नृष्ट clean, bright, washed, पुष्प cr. a flower, आद्धा for आद्धास nom. pl. m. of आद्ध abounding, filled with.

सुर m. a god, an inhabitant of heaven, ist cl. 103.

मुरिश्चनं nom. sin. n. of मुरिश्चन m.f. n. wellguarded; (comp. of मु well, 726. f, and रिश्चन past p. p. of rt रश्च 538.)

सुरिखतः nom. sin. m. well-preserved.

मुरिश्चतानि acc. pl. n. of मुरिश्चत m. f. n. well-guarded.

सुरिभसम्धराः Complex comp. 770; सुरिभ cr. fragrant, सग् for सज् cr. a garland (43. d), धराः nom. pl. of धर m.f. n. wearing, bearing, holding, 1st cl. 103.

मुरसत्तमे: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; सुर cr. a god, सत्तमे: ins. pl. of सत्तम best, 1st cl. 103, see 191.

मुरमुतोपमी Anom. comp. 777; सुर cr. a god, सुत cr. a child, a son, उपमी acc. du. m. of उपम m. f. n. like, resembling.

सुरा: nom. pl. of सुर m. a god.

सुराङ्गना nom. sin. f. a celestial nymph, a divine female; (comp. of सुर cr. a god, and अङ्गना f. a woman.)

सुराणां gen. pl. of सुर m. a god, a deity.

सुरोत्तमाः O best of the gods! TAT. OR DEP. comp. 743. b; सुर cr. a god, उत्तमाः voc. pl. m. of उत्तम m.f. n. best, 1st cl. 103.

मुरोत्तमान् acc. pl. m. best of the gods.

मुलोचनां acc. sin. f. of मुलोचन m. f. n. having beautiful eyes, fine-eyed, 726.f.

सुवर्चसं acc. sin. m. of सुवर्चस् m. f. n. very bright, very glorious; (comp. of सु ind. very, and वर्चस् n. light, glory, 7th cl. 164. a.)

मुवर्णस्य gen. sin. of मुवर्ण n. gold, 1st cl. 104.

सुविपुलां acc. sin. f. of सुविपुल m.f.n. very great; (from सु very, 726. f, and विपुल.)

सुचिहिता nom. sin. f. of सुचिहित m.f.n. wellsupplied; (comp. of सु 726. f, and चिहित furnished, fixed.)

सुविहितै: ins. pl. of सुविहित m. f. n. well-appointed, well-furnished, well-arranged.

मुशान्ततोयां Bah. or Rel. comp. 767; मुशान्त cr. very placid, very calm, 726.f, तोयां acc. sin. f. from तोय n. water.

सुशीतलं acc. sin. n. very cool; (comp. of सु 726. f, and शीतल m. f. n. cool.)

मुश्रोणि voc. sin. of मुश्रोणी f. a woman who has beautiful hips; (from मु 726.f, and श्रोणी a hip; 'O slender-waisted one!')

सुश्रोणी nom. sin. f. having beautiful swelling hips or loins.

सुञ्चरूणाः nom. pl. m. of सुञ्चरूण m. f. n. very smooth, 1st cl. 103, see 726. f.

सुम्बाप he slept; 3d sin. perf. of rt खप 655. सुसंद्रियस nom. sin. m. greatly enraged or incensed; (comp. of सु 726. f, and संद्रिय q.v.)

मुसदूशं nom. sin. n. of मुसदूश m. f. n. very like; (comp. of मु 726. f, and सदृश like; governing genitive case, see 827. b.)

सुसमाहित: nom. sin. of सुसमाहित m.f.n. very intent, i. e. having the mind anxiously fixed on an object; (comp. of सु ind. very, and समाहित past p. p. of rt था with आ and सम्, 533. a.)

मुसिडापों for मुसिडापेंस् nom. sin. m. one whose object is completely effected; (from मु well, 726.f, सिड cr. accomplished, अर्थ object, 767.) In Book XXIV. 51, 'completely supplied with.'

मुस्तिग्धगम्भीरां very soft and deep-toned; मुस्तिग्ध cr. very soft, very kind, 726.f, गम्भीरां acc. sin. f. of गम्भीर m. f. n. deep, deep-toned.

मुखरम् ind. in a loud, sonorous voice; (comp. of मु 726.f, and खर voice, 713.)

मुह च्रोकविवर्धन: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; मुह च् for मुह द (49) cr. a friend, छोक for शोक (49) cr. grief, विवर्धन: nom. sin. m. of विवर्धन m.f.n. making great, augmenting, making to increase, 582. c.

मुहत्त्यागं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; मुहत् cr. a friend, त्यागं acc. sin. of त्याग m. desertion.

मुहृत्स्वजनवाकानि Complex comp. 770; सुहृत् for सुहृद् (46) cr. a friend, स्वजन cr. kindred, वाक्यानि nom. pl. of वाक्य n. a word, 1st cl. 104.

सुहृद: acc. pl. of सुहृद्द m. a friend, 138.

मुहृदश् acc. pl. of मुहृद् m. a friend.

सुहृदां gen. pl. of सुहृद् m. a friend, 138.

मुहृह्वाक्यम् TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; मुहृद् cr. a friend, वाक्यम् acc. sin. of वाक्य n. a speech, a word, 1st cl. 104.

मूचित: nom. sin. of सूचित m. f. n. revealed; indicated; past p. p. of rt सूच 538.

सूचिता nom. sin. f. of सूचित m. f. n. indicated, revealed.

सूत for सूतस nom. sin. of सूत m. a charioteer.
The सूत or charioteer in Hindú poetry is always one of the great officers of state, corresponding, in a manner, to the English 'Master of the Horse.'

सूत voc. sin. m. O charioteer!

सूतं acc. sin. of सूत m. a charioteer.

सूतने loc. sin. of सूतन n. the business of a charioteer.

सृतपुर्व TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; सूत cr. a charioteer, पुत्रं acc. sin. of पुत्र m. a son.

सूतस् nom. sin. m. a charioteer.

सूतो for सूतम् nom. sin. m. a charioteer.

सूर्य acc. sin. of सूर्य m. the sun.

सूर्योदये loc. sin. at sunrise; (from सूर्य the sun, and उदय m. rise.)

मृत्वा having approached; past ind. p. of rt मृ 556.

सेनया ins. sin. of सेना f. an army, a host. सेनयोइ gen. du. of सेना f. an army.

सेयम् or सेयं for सा इयम् by 32, she the same; see 221. a.

सेरन्ध्री or सेरिन्ध्री nom. sin. f. a handmaiden, attendant, workwoman, needlewoman.

सैरन्ध्रीं acc. sin. of सैरन्ध्री f. a handmaiden. सैवं for सा एवं by 33.

सोचिता for सा उचिता q. q. v. v.

सोद्रम् to bear, to endure; inf. of rt सह 459. सोमपो for सोमपस nom. sin. of सोमप m. one who drinks the juice of the Soma-plant or Asclepias acida (at a sacrifice). The offering and drinking the juice of this plant was an important part of all Vedic sacrifices. Professor H. H. Wilson (Introduction to the Rig-veda, p. xxxvi) says, 'The great importance attached to the juice of this plant is a singular part of the ancient Hindú ritual. Almost the whole of the Sama-veda is devoted to its eulogy, and this is no doubt little more than a repetition of the Somamandala of the Ric. The only explanation of which it is susceptible is the delight which the discovery of the exhilarating properties of the fermented juice of the plant must have excited in simple minds on first becoming acquainted with its effects.' The veneration of the Soma-plant does not appear to have been connected with any worship of the moon or planets, which are not;

like the sun, objects of special adoration in the Veda. The Soma is mentioned in the following passages of Manu: III.85, 158, 180, 197, 257; V. 96; VII.7; IX. 129; X. 88; XI. 7, 12. All the ancestors of the Bráhmans are Soma-pas 'moon-plant drinkers.'

सौदामिनी f. a name of lightning, 1st cl. 106. See note under विद्युत्.

सीभाग्येन ins. sin. of सीभाग्य n. good fortune, 1st cl. 104.

सौहार्द nom. sin. n. friendship.

सौहदेन ins. sin. of सौहद n. affection, love, ist cl. 104.

सौहदेनावकृष्यते for सौहदेन अवकृष्यते by 31. स्कन्धदेशे on the shoulders, TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; स्कन्ध cr. the shoulder, and देशे loc. sin. of देश m. region, part.

स्तम्भा त्रांचनान् Bah. or Rel. comp. 766; स्तम् cr. rigid, motionless, लोचनान् acc. pl. m. from लोचन n. an eye, 1st cl. 108. The gods are supposed by the Hindús to be exempt from the necessity of winking their eyes. Hence a deity is called Animisha one whose eyes do not twinkle. There are other marks which distinguish divine from mortal bodies. They cast no shadow, they are exempt from perspiration, they remain unsoiled by dust, they float on the earth without touching it, and the garlands they wear stand erect, the flowers remaining unwithered.

स्तिपं acc. sin. of स्ती f. a woman, 123. b. स्ती f. a woman, a female, 123. b.

स्त्रीमन्तं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; स्त्री cr. a woman, मन्तं acc. sin. of मन्त m. counsel, plot, stratagem.

स्त्रोषु loc. pl. of स्त्री f. a woman.

स्त्रीखभावश् Тат. ов Dep. comp. 743; स्त्री cr. a woman, खभावश् nom. sin. m. nature, disposition.

स्य (at the end of compounds) denotes stay-

ing, abiding, being, existing; (agt. of rt EU, see 580.)

स्थविरेभ्य: abl. pl. m. of स्थविर m. f. n. old, an elder, 1st cl. 187.

स्यविरेर् for स्यविरेस् ins. pl. m. of स्यविर m. f. n. old, 1st cl. 103.

स्यागुर for स्यागुस् nom. sin. m. of स्यागु m. f. n. steadfast, firm.

स्थापयामास he placed, he fixed; 3d sin. perf. of rt स्था in caus.

स्थापिया having made to stand, having drawn up (as a chariot); past ind. p. of rt स्था in caus.

स्थावर for स्थावरस् nom. sin. m. a fixed or immovable object.

स्थितं acc. sin. m. or n. of स्थित m. f. n. standing; past p. p. of rt स्था 533, 587, 896. a. स्थिता nom. sin. f. of स्थित m. f. n. standing.

स्थितां acc. sin. f. of स्थित m.f. n. standing, 896. a.

स्थिता: nom. pl. f. of स्थित m. f. n. standing. स्थितान् acc. pl. of स्थित m. f. n. standing; past p. p. of rt स्था 533, see also 896. a.

स्थिति acc. sin. of स्थिति f. steadfastness. स्थिता ins. sin. of स्थिति f. constancy, 2d cl. 112.

सुपां acc. sin. of सुपा f. a daughter-in-law,

स्पृशेषं I may touch, let me touch; 1st sin. pot. of rt स्पृश् 6th cl.

स्पृष्ट्स nom. sin. m. of स्पृष्ट m. f. n. touched or influenced by; past p. p. of rt स्पृष्ठ 539.

स्कीतो for स्कीतस् nom.sin.m.of स्कीत m.f.n. great, bulky; (in Book XXIV. 37 it may mean in all its fulness, in all its integrity.)

**H** ind. A redundant particle which often gives a past signification to the present tense.

सा for सास् we are; 1st pl. pres. of rt घर्स 584. In सोह the dropping of स is a violation of the rules of Sandhi, and a poetic license peculiar to the Mahá-bhárata. स्मयन् nom. sin. m. of समयत् m. f. n. smiling; pres. p. of rt स्मि 524.

स्मयमानं acc. sin. of स्मयमान m. f.n. smiling; pres. p. átm. of rt स्मि 526, 591.

स्मर्स् for स्मरन् (53) calling to mind, recollecting; pres. p. of rt स्मृ 524.

स्मरनो nom. sin. f. of स्मरत् m. f. n. calling to mind, thinking of; pres. p. of rt स्म 524.

सारन्या for स्मरन्यास् gen. sin. f. of सारत् m. f. n. remembering.

स्मराभि I remember, I call to mind; 1st sin. pres. of rt स्मृ 1st cl. 594.

साराम्यशुभं for सारामि खशुभं by 34.

स्मतुम् to call to mind, to remember; inf. of rt स्म 459.

स्मितपूर्वा smiling first, ANOM. COMP. 777; स्मित cr. smiling, 896. a, पूर्वा nom. sin. f. of पूर्व m. f. n. first, before, 1st cl. 103.

स्मितपूर्वाभिभाषिणी for स्मितपूर्वा ऋभिभा-षिणी by 31.

स्मेत्यपानुवन् for स्म इति ष्यय खनुवन् by 32, 34, 31. The स् of स्मस् is irregularly dropped. See स्म.

सोह for सा इह by 32. See सा.

स्यन्दतां gen.pl. of स्यन्दत् m.f.n. moving on, rushing on; pres. p. par. of rt स्यन्द् 524.

स्यन्दनं acc. sin. of स्यन्दन m. a chariot, ist cl. 103.

स्यन्दनेश ins. pl. of स्यन्दन m. the Syandana, a kind of tree (Dalbergia Ougeinensis), 1st cl. 103.

स्यान् for स्यात् he or it may be; 3d sin. pot. of अस् 48.

स्याद he or it may be; 3d sin. pot. of rt अस्.

स्थान् for स्थान् he or it may be; 3d sin. pot. of rt सस्.

स्याम we may be; ist pl. pot. of rt सस्.

संसते it falls, it slips; 3d sin. pres. of rt संस् 1st cl.

सर्ग acc. sin. of सन् f. a garland.

सनश् acc. pl. of सन् f. a garland, 8th cl. 176.

समयोत्तमगन्धादाः for सन्तर् च उत्तमगन्धा-दाः, q. q. v. v.

सनस् acc. pl. of सन् f. a garland.

ख m.f. n. own, his own, her own, my own, &c., 232. b.

सं acc. sin.m. or n. of ख m.f. n. own, 232.b.

खकं acc. sin. m. n. of खक m. f. n. own, one's own, his own, (same as ख 232. b.)

खकां acc. sin. f. of खक m.f. n. own.

खनान् acc. pl. m. of खन m. f. n. own, for ख 232. b.

खगृहे loc. sin. n. in (one's) own house; (comp. of ख 232. b, and गृह n. a house.)

खननं acc. sin. of खनन m. own kindred, own people.

खजनाच् for खजनात् (48) abl. sin. of खजन m. a kinsman; (comp. of ख own, and जन man, q. v.)

खनावृत: nom. sin. m. accompanied by his own people; (comp. of खनन own people, kindred, आवृत surrounded, attended, 740.)

खचैव for सं च एव by 60 and 33.

खधमें acc.sin.m.own duty; (from ख 232.b, and धमें duty.)

स्वधमांचरणेषु in (your) own duties and actions; in the practising of (your) own duties; (comp. of स्वधमें cr. own duty, आचरणेषु loc. pl. of आचरण n. conduct.)

खधीता for खधीतास nom. pl. of खधीत well read; (comp. of सु 726.f, and खधीत 311.)

खनः nom. sin. m. sound.

खपाम I sleep; 1st sin. pres. of rt खप् This root is properly conjugated like रुद्ध 2d cl. 322. a, making its present खिपमि, खिपिम, &c., see 655.

खपुरं acc. sin. n. to his own city; (comp. of ख own, 232. b, and पुर n. a city.)

खप्रो for खप्रस् nom. sin. of खप्र m. a dream.

स्वान्धवान् acc. pl. m. (our) own relations; (स्व own, and वान्धव a relative.)

खर्य ind. self, himself, she herself, I myself; of one's own accord, of one's self.

खयंबर m. the public choice of a husband by a princess from a number of suitors assembled for the purpose; (comp. of खयं of one's self, 713. b, and बर selecting.) In former times the princesses of India appear to have enjoyed this singular privilege. In Manu, Book III, ver. 27 &c., eight different forms of marriage are mentioned, but the खयंबर is not one of them. In the 9th Book, ver. 9, there is an allusion to it, but it is doubtful whether this has reference to any but the commercial and servile classes. Three years let a damsel wait though she be marriageable. After that time let her choose for herself a bridegroom of equal rank.' In Kálidása's celebrated poem, called Raghu-vansa, there is a beautiful description of the Svayamvara of Indumatí, sister of the king of Vidarbha, in which she chooses Aja, the son of Raghu, out of a large assemblage of royal suitors, In the Mahá-bhárata we have an account of the Svayamvara of Draupadí, the daughter of Drupada king of Pańcála, and afterwards the common wife of the five Pándu princes.

खयंवरं acc. sin. of खयंवर, q. v.

खयंबर: nom. sin. of खयंबर a bridal ceremony in which the bride chooses her own husband.

खयंवरकथां Тат. ов Dep. сомр. 743; खयंवर cr. a Svayamvara, कथां acc. sin. of कथा f. talk, declaration.

खयंवरकृते ind. for the Svayamvara; (comp. of खयंवर q. v., and कृते for the sake of, on account of, 731, 917.)

खयंवरे loc. sin. of खयंवर, q.v.

स्वयंवरो for स्वयंवरस् nom. sin. m. See

खयम् ind. self, himself, herself; of one's self, of one's own accord.

खर्षं acc. sin. n. thy own form; (comp. of ख own, 232. b, and हप form.)

सक्ष्यभारिणं acc. sin. m. having his own form; (comp. of स cr. own, रूप cr. form, and थारिन possessing, 6th cl. 159.)

सहिपाँ acc. sin. m. having his own form; (from स own, 232.b, and हिपन् possessed of form, 159.)

संगे acc. sin. of खर्ग m. heaven.

खर्गमार्गीददृष्ठ्यभि: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; खर्ग cr. heaven, मार्ग cr. road, दिदृष्ठ्यभि: ins. pl. of दिदृष्ठ्य m.f. n. desirous of seeing, from rt दृश् in des. 82. VII, 502. a, 604.

ৰাল ক্লুনে: nom. sin. m. well adorned; (comp. of মু 726.f, and স্বলঙ্কুন adorned, 787.a.)

खलङ्काः nom.pl.m. well adorned. See last.

खलङ्गतै: ins. pl. n. of खलङ्गत m. f. n. beautifully adorned; (comp. of सु well, 726. f, 34, and खलङ्गत past p. p. of rt कृ with खलं, 787. a.)

खिं acc. sin. m. of खिंचा m. f. n. very little; (comp. of सु very, 726. f, 34, and अस small.)

सितायतलोचना having beautiful black and long eyes, Complex comp. 771; सु ind. very, 726. f, असित cr. black, आयत cr. long or large, लोचना nom. sin. f. from लोचन n. the eye.

खसुतौ acc. du. m. his own children; (comp. of ख own, 232. b, and सुत m. a child, 103.)

खस्ति ind. welfare, benediction.

खस्य m. f. n. in health, lit. self-staying; (from ख one's own, 232.b, स्य staying, 580.b;) न खस्या बभूव she was not herself.

खस्या nom. sin. f. of खस्य in health.

खां acc. sin. f. of ख m. f. n. own.

खागतं nom. sin. n. salutation, welcome; (from मु well, 726.f, and आगत m.f. n. come.)

खानि acc. pl. n. of ख m. f. n. own, 232.b.

स्वामिन् voc. sin. of स्वामिन् m. a master, 6th cl. 159.

सार्यम् own cause, (my) own cause; acc. sin. of सार्य m., 1st cl. 103; (comp. of स own, 232. b, and अर्थ an object.)

खेन ins. sin. of ख own, 232.b.

स्रीर for स्रेस ins. pl. m. of ख own.

स्वैरवृत्ता nom. sin. f. following her own inclinations; (from स्वैर self-willed, and वृत्त practice.)

स्रोपु loc. pl. n. of स्री m. f. n. free, unrestrained.

स्रोर्स loc. sin. n. on (his or her) own breast; (comp. of स own, 232. b, and उरस् n. breast, 164.)

₹.

ह ind. indeed, an expletive.

colour with golden wings, something between a swan and a flamingo. It must be a graceful bird, as the bearing, gait, and even voice of a beautiful woman is often compared by Hindú poets to that of a hansa. It serves the god Brahmá as a vehicle, and hence the hansa-náda or cry of this bird has a sacred character, just as the cry of the swan with the Greeks.

हंसं acc. sin. of हंस m. a swan.

हंसस्य gen. sin. of हंस m. a swan.

हंसा for हंसास nom. pl. of हंस m. a swan. हंसा: for हंसास nom. pl. of हंस m. a swan, goose.

हंसान acc. pl. of हंस m. a swan.

हंसानां gen. pl. of हंस m. a swan.

हंसेन ins. sin. of हंस m. a swan.

हंसै: ins. pl. of हंस m. a swan.

हतं acc. sin. m. of हत m. f. n. killed, slain.

हतकाएकं BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; हत cr. destroyed, removed, काएकं nom. sin. n. from काएक m. a thorn, a foe, 108. हतिशष्टजनास् nom. pl. the men left or remaining out of the slain.

हतिशास for हतिशास nom. pl. m. those left or remaining out of the slain; (comp. of हत cr. killed, and शिष्ट left, remained.)

हतिश्रष्टे: ins. pl. m. of हतिश्रष्ट left or remaining out of the slain.

हतश्रेपै: ins. pl. m. of हतश्रेष left or remaining out of the killed, escaped; (comp. of हत cr. killed, and श्रेष remainder.)

हता nom. sin. f. of हत m. f. n. killed, slain; past p. p. of rt हन् 545: हतास्मि I am lost, I am undone.

हता for हतास nom. pl. of हत m.f. n. killed. हतो for हतस nom. sin. m. of हत m. f. n. killed, slain.

हत्वा having slain; past ind. p. of rt हन्.

हन्तव्यो for हन्तव्यस् nom. sin. of हन्तव्य m.f. n. to be killed; fut. pass. p. of rt हन् 654.

हना nom. sin. m. of हन्तृ m. a killer, 4th cl.127. हन्ति he or it kills; 3d sin. pres. of rt हन् to kill, 2d cl.

हन्तुं to slay; inf. of rt हन्.

हन्यते he or it is killed; 3d sin. pres. of rt हन to kill, in pass.

हन्याद् let him slay, he may kill; 3d sin. pot. of rt हन् 654.

हन्याम we would kill; ist pl. pot. of rt हन 2d cl.

हन्युस् they should slay; 3d pl. pot. of rt हन् 2d cl.

हयकोविद voc. sin. m. O skilled in horses! (comp.of हयcr. horses, and कोविद skilful.)

हयज्ञताम् acc. sin. of हयज्ञता f. knowledge of horses; (abstract noun from हयज्ञ skilled in horses, see 80. LXII.)

हयज्ञस्य gen. sin. of हयज्ञ m. one skilled in horses.

हयज्ञानं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; हय cr. horses, ज्ञानं nom. sin. n. knowledge, skill.

हयज्ञानस्य TAT. or DEP. comp. 743; हय cr. horses, ज्ञानस्य yen. sin. of ज्ञान n. knowledge.

ह्यतस्त्रज्ञ Tat. or Dep. comp. 745; हय cr. a horse, तस्त्र cr. nature, truth, ज्ञ voc. sin. m. of ज्ञ a knower, 580. b.

हयतत्वज्ञः nom. sin. m. See last.

हयनिर्घोषम् Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; हय cr. a horse, निर्घोषम् acc. sin. of निर्घोष m. sound, noise.

ह्यसङ्ग्रहणं Tat. or Dep. comp. 743; ह्य cr. a horse, सङ्ग्रहण n. restraining, curbing, checking.

हयसङ्ग्रहणे loc. sin. See last.

हया for हयास nom. pl. of हय m. a horse.

ह्यांस् for ह्यान् (53) acc. pl. of हय m. a horse, 1st cl. 103.

ह्या: nom. pl. of हय m. a horse.

हयान् acc. pl. of हय m. a horse.

हयाज् for हयास् nom. pl. of हय m. a horse. हयै: ins. pl. of हय m. a horse.

हमैर् for हमैस ins. pl. of हम m. a horse. हमैश् for हमैस ins. pl. of हम m. a horse.

ह्योत्तमा: nom. pl. m. best of horses; (comp. of ह्य cr. a horse, and उत्तम m. f. n. best, 743. b.)

ह्योत्रमान् acc. pl. m. the best of horses, the noblest of horses.

हरिणीम् acc. sin. of हरिणी f. a female deer, a doe, 106.

हपैज: nom. sin. m. arising from joy; (comp. of हपे joy, and ज produced, 580. b.)

हमैविवर्धन: TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; हमें er. joy, विवर्धन: nom. sin. m. of विवर्धन m. f. n. increasing, an increaser, from rt वृध् with वि, 582. c.

हमैनिवृद्धसत्ता Complex comp. 771; हमें joy, निवृद्ध increased, सत्ता nom. sin. f. from सत्त्व n. vigour, energy.

हव्यवाहन: nom. sin. m. fire; (from हव्य an oblation, and वाहन what carries.)

हस्त m. the hand, the proboscis or trunk of an elephant.

हस्तात् abl. sin. of हस्त m. the hand.

हस्ताभ्याम ins. du. of हस्त m. the hand.

हिस्तिभ: ins. pl. of हिस्तिन् m. an elephant.

हस्तियूषं TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; हस्ति for हस्तिन् (57) cr. an elephant, यूपम् nom. sin. n. a herd. The mischief caused by the trampling of rushing elephants is a frequent subject of description in Hindú poetry; compare the end of Act I of the Sakuntalá and Book V. 43-49 of the Raghu-vansa.

हिस्तियूचेन ins. sin. n. See last.

हिस्त हस्त परामृष्टां TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 745; इस्ति for हिस्तिन् (57) cr. an elephant, इस्त cr. the trunk of an elephant, परामृष्टां acc. sin. f. of परामृष्ट m. f. n. touched, struck, ruffled, chafed.

हस्तयप्राथमेण Complex comp. 770; हस्त्य (by 34) for हस्ति (by 57. b) for हस्तिन् cr. an elephant, अग्र cr. a horse, एय cr. a chariot, योगेण ins. sin. of घोप m. noise, rattle, roar, 1st cl. 103.

हस्तम्बर्यसङ्खलम् Сомр. 771; हस्ति cr. elephants (34), अन्न cr. horses, रथ cr. chariots, सङ्कलम् acc. sin. m. of सङ्कल m.f. n. crowded, filled, choked up.

El interj. Alas! Ah! Oh! 732.

हाहाकारम् acc. sin. of हाहाकार m. lamentation, cries for help; (comp. of हाहा interjection of pain, and कार making.)

हाहाभूतम् nom. sin. n. of हाहाभूत m. f. n. making lamentations; (comp. of हाहा Alas! and भूत become, being.)

हि ind. for, because, 727. d.

हितं acc. sin. n. of हित m. f. n. beneficial, for the good of, 1st cl. 103.

हितां acc. sin. f. of हित m. f. n. friendly, salutary, 1st cl. 104.

हित्वा having abandoned; past ind. p. of rt हा 557.

हिरायस्य gen. sin. of हिराय n. gold, bullion, plate, 1st cl. 104.

होनं acc. sin. m. of होन m. f.n. deprived of; governing instrumental case, 825.

होनां acc. sin. f. of होन m.f.n. deprived of, separated from.

होने: ins. pl. n. of हीन m. f. n. bad, inferior. होनो for होनस nom. sin. n. See होनां.

हुताशं acc. sin. of हुताश m. a name of the god Agni or fire, (lit. eater of the burnt-offering.)

हुताशनं acc. sin. of हुताशन m. fire. See next.

हुताशन: nom. sin. of हुताशन Hutásana, a form of the god of fire; (comp. of हुत a burnt-offering, and खशन: nom. sin. eater, 743.)

हुच्चयं acc. sin. of हुच्चय m. love.

ह खप: nom.sin. of ह खप m. love, 1st cl. 103; (comp. of हृद the heart, and शप who lies or reclines, see 49.)

हुन्ज्यपोडिताः TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 740; हन्ज्य cr. love, पोडिताः nom. pl. m. of पोडित m.f.n. tormented, suffering pain, ist cl. 103.

हु ख्रयवर्धन TAT. OR DEP. COMP. 743; हु ख्रय cr. love, वर्धन voc. sin. m. of वर्धन m. f. n. increaser, 1st cl. 103.

हुज्जयाविष्टचेतना Complex comp. 771; हुज्जय cr. love, passion, जाविष्ट cr. affected by, penetrated by, चेतना nom. sin. f. of चेतना f. the heart, 1st cl. 108.

हतं nom. sin. n. of हत m. f. n. taken, carried away; past p. p. of rt ह, 539, 593.

हतद्रयं BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; हत cr. taken away, robbed, द्रयं acc. sin. m. from द्रय n. property, 108.

हतराज्यं acc. sin. m. of हतराज्य m. f. n. deprived of his kingdom, BAH. or REL. comp. 766; हत cr. taken, राज्यं acc. sin. m. from राज्य n. kingdom, 1st cl. 108.

हतराज्ये loc. sin. m. or n. See last.

हृतराज्यो for हृतराज्यस् nom. sin. m. See हृतराज्यं.

हतवासस: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; हत cr. taken away, carried off, वासस: gen. sin. m. from वासस n. dress, 164. a.

हतसर्वेखम् Bah. or Rel. comp. 761; हत cr. deprived of, robbed of, सर्वे cr. all, खं acc. sin. of ख n. own property, 1st cl. 104.

हतां acc. sin. f. of हत m. f. n. seized, taken, overcome.

हुद्द n. the heart, the mind, 5th cl. 139.

हृद्यं nom. or acc. sin. of हृद्य n. the heart; knowledge.

हृदयस्य gen. sin. of हृदय n. the heart.

हृद्ये loc. sin. of हृद्य n. the heart.

हृदयेन ins. sin. of हृदय n. the heart.

हृदा ins. sin. of हृद n. the heart, the mind.

हृदि loc. sin. of हृद n. the heart, 5th cl. 139.

हरं acc. sin. m. of हर m. f. n. pleasant, agreeable, captivating the heart.

ह्याः nom. pl. m. of ह्य m. f. n. pleasant, agreeable.

हिपितस्यामोहोनान् Complex comp., see 771. a; हिपित cr. standing erect, not drooping, सन् for सग् (by 43. d) cr. a garland, रनो for रनस् (by 64) cr. dust, होनान् acc. pl. m. of होन m. f. n. free from, past p. p. of rt हा 533. b.

हिपितानि nom. sin. n. of हिपित m. f. n. erect and fresh looking (applied to flowers just gathered).

हुए: nom. sin. m. of हुए m. f. n. rejoiced.

हृष्टसङ्कल्पी BAH. OR REL. COMP. 767; हृष्ट cr. pleased, rejoiced, सङ्कल्पी nom. du. m. of सङ्कल्प m. mind, soul.

हृष्टा nom. sin. f. of हृष्ट m. f. n. joyful, pleased.

हृषा for हृषास् nom. pl. m. of हृष m. f. n. rejoiced, joyful; past p. p. of rt हृष् 539.

हुए loc. sin. of हुए m. f. n. rejoiced, pleased.

ह्या being delighted; ind. p. of rt हुए to be pleased, 556.

हेति for हा इति by 32.

हेतुभिर् ins. pl. of हेतु: m. a cause, a reason, an argument.

हेतो: ind. for the sake of; governing genitive case or preceded by the crude stem.

ह्यदैवं for हि ऋदैवं by 34.

द्यनुरक्तेव for हि चनुरक्ता एव by 34 and 33. द्यनपानपरिच्छदां for हि चन्नपा<sup>°</sup> by 34. सुन्मतद्शेना for हि उन्मत्तद्शेना by 34. हिंदनी acc. sin. of हिंदनी f. a river (either as feeding a lake (हद) or flowing out of one.) हदे loc. sin. of हद m. a lake, 1st cl. 103. हस्सं acc. sin. m. of हस्स m. f. n. low (as a doorway, passage), short, dwarfish. हस्साहुक: BAH. OR REL. COMP. 766; हस्स cr. short, चाहुक: nom. sin. m. an arm; (from बाहु with क added, 80. LVI.) होता nom. sin. f. of होत m.f. n. ashamed.

### CORRECTIONS.

Page 88, line 19, for देश्वयात् read रेश्वयात् Page 207, line 5, for '565' read '565. b.' Dele 556 note. WORKS by PROFESSOR MONIER WILLIAMS, M. A., D. C. L.,

Boden Professor of Sanskrit in the University of Oxford.

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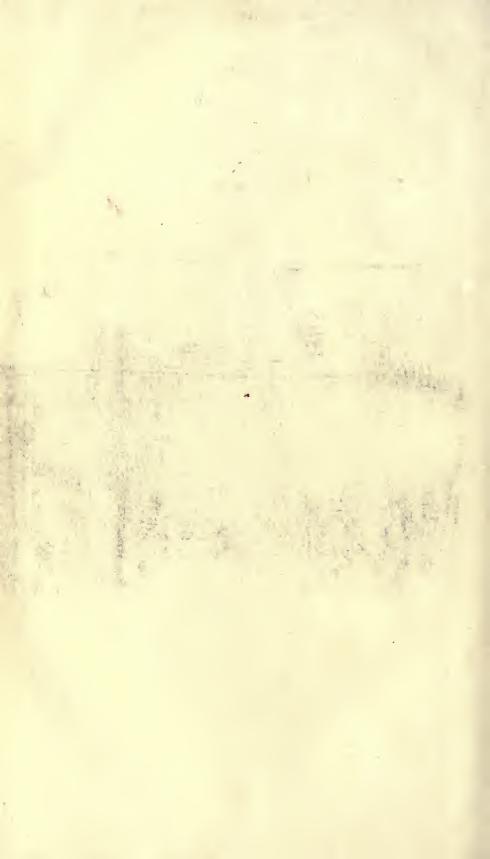
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